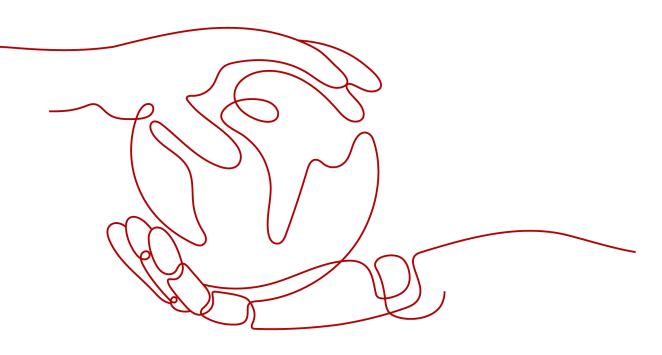
# SmartLogger3000

# **User Manual**

 Issue
 24

 Date
 2025-03-30





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# Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

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# **About This Document**

# Purpose

This document introduces the SmartLogger3000 (SmartLogger for short) and SmartModule1000 (SmartModule for short) in terms of installation, electrical connections, system operation and maintenance, and troubleshooting. Understand the SmartLogger and SmartModule features, functions, and safety precautions provided in this document before installing and operating the SmartLogger and SmartModule.

# **Intended Audience**

This document is intended for operating personnel and qualified electricians of photovoltaic (PV) and energy storage plants.

# Symbol Conventions

The symbols that may be found in this document are defined as follows:

Symbol	Description	
A DANGER	Indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.	
	Indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.	
	Indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.	
ΝΟΤΙϹΕ	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in equipment damage, data loss, performance deterioration, or unanticipated results.	
	NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.	

Symbol	Description
	Supplements the important information in the main text.
	NOTE is used to address information not related to personal injury, equipment damage, and environment deterioration.

# Change History

Changes between document issues are cumulative. The latest document issue contains all the changes made in earlier issues.

#### Issue 24 (2025-03-30)

Updated 4.1.11 Installing a SIM Card and a 4G Antenna.

Updated 6.3 Parameter Settings.

Updated 6.3.8 Setting GOOSE Communications Parameters.

Updated 6.3.10.1 Running Parameters.

Updated 6.3.12 Setting PCS Parameters (213KTL-H0).

Updated 6.3.14 Setting ESS Parameters (Model 2).

Updated 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters.

Updated 6.6.2 On-grid/Off-grid (VSG).

Updated 6.8.2 Setting Active Power Control.

Updated 7.4.6 License Management.

Updated 7.4.12 Device Replacement.

Updated 8.1 How Do I Connect the SmartLogger to the SUN2000 App or FusionSolar App?

#### Issue 23 (2024-12-30)

Updated 4.1.11 Installing a SIM Card and a 4G Antenna.

Updated 4.1.4 Connecting an MBUS Cable.

Updated 4.2.3 Connecting the Ethernet Cable.

Updated 6.2.4 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V300R023 and Later Versions).

Updated 6.3.3 Setting Parameters for Connecting to the Management System.

Updated 6.3.6 Setting Parameters for the Slave SmartLogger.

Updated 6.3.7 Setting HTTPS Parameters.

Updated 6.3.8 Setting GOOSE Communications Parameters.

Updated 6.3.11 Setting PCS Parameters (100KTL and 200KTL Series).

Updated 6.3.19 Setting STS Parameters.

Updated 6.6.1 On-grid/Off-grid (PQ/VSG).

Updated 6.6.2 On-grid/Off-grid (VSG).

Updated 6.6.3 Off-Grid.

Updated 6.8.2 Setting Active Power Control.

Updated 7.4.14 SOC One-Click Balancing.

Updated 7.4.15 Wire Sequence Detection.

Updated 7.4.5 Starting an Onsite Test.

Updated 7.4.6 License Management.

Updated 7.4.16 Batch Startup/Shutdown.

Updated 7.4.17 IEC104 Test.

#### Issue 22 (2024-09-30)

Updated 4.1.4 Connecting an MBUS Cable.

Updated 6.1.3 WebUI Menus.

Updated 6.2.4 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V300R023 and Later Versions).

Updated 6.3.10.1 Running Parameters.

Updated 6.3.12 Setting PCS Parameters (213KTL-H0).

Updated 6.3.15 Setting ESS Parameters (Model 3).

Updated 6.3.20 Setting IEC103 Device Parameters.

Deleted section "Setting IEC 104 Device Parameters."

Updated 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters.

Updated 6.6.1 On-grid/Off-grid (PQ/VSG).

Updated 6.6.2 On-grid/Off-grid (VSG).

Updated 6.6.3 Off-Grid.

Updated 6.8.2 Setting Active Power Control.

Updated 7.4.4 Exporting Device Logs.

Updated 7.4.6 License Management.

Added 7.4.14 SOC One-Click Balancing.

Updated 8.13 Which Models of Power Meters and EMIs Are Supported by the SmartLogger?

Updated 8.15 How Do I Use Mobile Network Sharing?

Updated C Port No. List.

#### Issue 21 (2024-07-30)

Updated 6.1.3 WebUI Menus.

Updated 6.2.4 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V300R023 and Later Versions).

Added 6.3.12 Setting PCS Parameters (213KTL-H0).

Added 6.3.14 Setting ESS Parameters (Model 2).

Updated 6.3.16 Setting PID Module Parameters.

Updated 6.3.23 Setting IMD Parameters.

Updated 7.4.1 Upgrading the Device Firmware Version.

Updated 7.4.2 Setting Security Parameters.

Updated 7.4.4 Exporting Device Logs.

Updated 7.4.10 Adjusting the Total Energy Yield.

Updated D Certificate Management and Maintenance.

#### Issue 20 (2024-04-15)

Updated 2.1.1 Model.

Updated 6.1.1 WebUI Layout.

Updated 6.1.3 WebUI Menus.

Updated 6.2.4 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V300R023 and Later Versions).

Updated 6.3.3 Setting Parameters for Connecting to the Management System.

Updated 6.3.10.1 Running Parameters.

Updated 6.3.10.3 Characteristic Curves.

Updated 6.3.11.1 Running Parameters.

Updated 6.3.13.4 Setting ESR Parameters.

Added 6.3.24 Setting Relay Parameters.

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Updated 6.6.1 On-grid/Off-grid (PQ/VSG).

Added 6.6.2 On-grid/Off-grid (VSG).

Updated 6.6.3 Off-Grid.

Updated 6.6.4 Black Start.

Updated 6.8.9 Setting Feed-in at Limited Current.

Updated 7.4.4 Exporting Device Logs.

Updated 7.4.11 Force Start.

Updated 7.4.2 Setting Security Parameters.

Updated 7.4.3 Sending a System Maintenance Command.

Added 7.4.13 Communication Records.

Updated 8.13 Which Models of Power Meters and EMIs Are Supported by the SmartLogger?.

#### Issue 19 (2024-02-23)

Updated 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters.

#### Issue 18 (2024-01-30)

Updated 6.1.3 WebUI Menus.

Updated 6.3.13.5 Setting HVAC Parameters.

Added 6.8.9 Setting Feed-in at Limited Current.

Updated 7.4.4 Exporting Device Logs.

#### Issue 17 (2023-12-15)

Updated 6.2.4 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V300R023 and Later Versions).

Updated 6.3.10.1 Running Parameters.

Updated 6.3.17 Setting Meter Parameters.

Added 6.6 Setting Microgrid Control Parameters.

#### Issue 16 (2023-11-07)

Updated 4.1.11 Installing a SIM Card and a 4G Antenna.

Updated 6.2.1 Preparations and WebUI Login.

Updated 6.2.4 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V300R023 and Later Versions).

Updated 6.3.9.1 Setting Parameters for a Built-in MBUS Module.

Updated 6.3.9.2.1 Setting SmartMBUS CCO01A Parameters.

Updated 6.3.11 Setting PCS Parameters (100KTL and 200KTL Series).

Updated 6.3.13.1 Setting CMU Parameters.

Added 6.3.23 Setting IMD Parameters.

Updated 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters.

Updated 6.7 Setting Feature Parameters.

Updated 7.4.6 License Management.

Updated 7.4.11 Force Start.

Updated A Product User Lists.

Added E Contact Information.

Added F Digital Power Customer Service.

#### Issue 15 (2023-10-11)

Updated 6.3.17 Setting Meter Parameters.

Updated 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters.

Updated 6.8.7 Setting DRM Parameters.

Added 7.4.12 Device Replacement.

#### Issue 14 (2023-08-18)

Updated 2.1.2 Networking.

Updated 6.2.4 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V300R023 and Later Versions).

Added 6.3.5 Setting SPPC Communications Parameters.

Updated 6.3.16 Setting PID Module Parameters.

Updated 6.3.16.2 Setting SmartPID2000 Parameters.

Updated 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters.

Updated 6.7 Setting Feature Parameters.

Updated 6.8.6 Setting Parameters for Smart Reactive Power Compensation.

Updated 6.8.7 Setting DRM Parameters.

Updated 7.4.6 License Management.

Updated 8.3 How Do I Set Email Parameters?

Updated 9.1 Technical Specifications of the SmartLogger.

#### Issue 13 (2023-06-12)

Updated **2.1.3 Appearance**.

Updated 2.2.3 Appearance.

Updated 6.2.1 Preparations and WebUI Login.

Updated 6.3.3 Setting Parameters for Connecting to the Management System.

Updated 6.3.9 Setting MBUS Parameters.

Updated 6.8.2 Setting Active Power Control.

#### Issue 12 (2023-04-20)

Updated **2.1.2** Networking.

Updated 4.1.10 Connecting Fiber Jumpers.

Updated 6.2.4 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V300R023 and Later Versions).

Updated 6.3.3 Setting Parameters for Connecting to the Management System.

Updated 6.3.9 Setting MBUS Parameters.

Updated 6.3.16 Setting PID Module Parameters.

Deleted "Setting Capacity Limit".

Updated 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters.

Updated 6.5 Setting EMS Control Parameters.

Added 6.7 Setting Feature Parameters.

#### Issue 11 (2023-01-20)

Updated 1 Safety Information.

Updated 6.3.13.2 Setting ESU Parameters.

Updated 6.3.17 Setting Meter Parameters.

Updated 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters.

Updated 6.8.8.2 Setting NS Protection Remote Shutdown.

Updated 7.4.11 Force Start.

Updated 7.5 Device Replacement.

Added 8.18 Resetting Password.

Updated 8.13 Which Models of Power Meters and EMIs Are Supported by the SmartLogger?

Updated G Acronyms and Abbreviations.

#### Issue 10 (2022-08-20)

Updated 6.1.3 WebUI Menus.

Updated 6.2.1 Preparations and WebUI Login.

Added 6.2.4 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V300R023 and Later Versions).

Updated 6.3.6 Setting Parameters for the Slave SmartLogger.

Added 6.3.8 Setting GOOSE Communications Parameters.

Updated 6.3.10 Setting Inverter Parameters.

Updated 6.3.11 Setting PCS Parameters (100KTL and 200KTL Series).

Updated 6.3.13.1 Setting CMU Parameters.

Updated 6.3.13.2 Setting ESU Parameters.

Updated 6.3.13.5 Setting HVAC Parameters.

Updated 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters.

Updated 6.3.19 Setting STS Parameters.

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Updated 6.8.3 Setting Reactive Power Control.

Updated 7.3 Alarm Reference.

Updated 7.4.4 Exporting Device Logs.

Added 7.4.11 Force Start.

#### Issue 09 (2022-01-07)

Updated **2.1.2** Networking. Updated 2.2.2 Networking. Updated 6.1.1 WebUI Layout. Updated 6.1.3 WebUI Menus. Added 6.3.3 Setting Parameters for Connecting to the Management System. Updated 6.3.11 Setting PCS Parameters (100KTL and 200KTL Series). Updated 6.3.13.1 Setting CMU Parameters. Updated 6.3.13.2 Setting ESU Parameters. Updated 6.3.13.5 Setting HVAC Parameters. Updated 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters. Added "Setting Capacity Limit". Updated 6.5 Setting EMS Control Parameters. Updated 6.8.2 Setting Active Power Control. Updated 6.8.3 Setting Reactive Power Control. Updated 6.8.5 Setting Export Limitation Parameters. Updated 7.4.1 Upgrading the Device Firmware Version. Updated 7.4.3 Sending a System Maintenance Command. Updated 7.4.4 Exporting Device Logs. Added 7.4.8 Managing Users. Updated 7.4.9 Collecting Performance Data. Updated 7.4.10 Adjusting the Total Energy Yield.

Updated 8.13 Which Models of Power Meters and EMIs Are Supported by the SmartLogger?.

#### Issue 08 (2021-10-15)

Updated **2.1.2 Networking**.

Updated 2.2.2 Networking.

Updated 6.1.1 WebUI Layout.

Updated 6.1.3 WebUI Menus.

Updated 6.2 Device Commissioning.

Updated 6.2.1 Preparations and WebUI Login.

Added 6.2.3 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V800R021C10).

Updated 6.3.1 Setting User Parameters.

Updated 6.3.2 Setting Parameters for Connecting to the Management System (V300R001C00).

Added 6.3.11 Setting PCS Parameters (100KTL and 200KTL Series).

Added 6.3.13.1 Setting CMU Parameters.

Added 6.3.13.2 Setting ESU Parameters.

Added 6.3.13.3 Setting ESC Parameters.

Added 6.3.13.4 Setting ESR Parameters.

Added 6.3.13.5 Setting HVAC Parameters.

Added 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters.

Updated 6.8.2 Setting Active Power Control.

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Updated 7.2 Troubleshooting.

Updated 7.3 Alarm Reference.

Updated 7.4.1 Upgrading the Device Firmware Version.

Updated 7.4.4 Exporting Device Logs.

Updated C Port No. List.

Updated G Acronyms and Abbreviations.

#### Issue 07 (2021-06-30)

Updated 6.1 Introduction to WebUI.

Updated 6.1.3 WebUI Menus.

Updated 6.3.10.1 Running Parameters.

Added 6.3.10.4 Battery.

Added 6.5 Setting EMS Control Parameters.

Updated 6.8.2 Setting Active Power Control.

Updated 7.4.4 Exporting Device Logs.

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Updated 8.13 Which Models of Power Meters and EMIs Are Supported by the SmartLogger?.

#### Issue 06 (2021-03-20)

Updated 6.3.2 Setting Parameters for Connecting to the Management System (V300R001C00).

Updated 6.3.10.1 Running Parameters.

Updated 6.3.10.2 Tracking System.

Updated 6.3.17.1 Setting DL/T645 Meter Parameters.

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Added 6.3.22 Smart Tracking Algorithm.

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Added 6.8.8 Setting Remote Shutdown.

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Added 6.8.8.2 Setting NS Protection Remote Shutdown.

Added 7.4.3.1 Exporting Full Configuration Files.

Added 7.4.3.2 Importing Full Configuration Files.

Updated 8.15 How Do I Use Mobile Network Sharing?

Added 8.16 WebUI Allows Login Only in Chinese or Prompts to Switch to Chinese After Login.

#### Issue 05 (2020-09-30)

Updated 6.3.2 Setting Parameters for Connecting to the Management System (V300R001C00).

Updated 6.3.9 Setting MBUS Parameters.

Added 8.15 How Do I Use Mobile Network Sharing?

Added C Port No. List.

#### Issue 04 (2020-03-11)

Updated 6.2.1 Preparations and WebUI Login.

#### Issue 03 (2020-01-10)

Added the description about the SmartModule.

#### Issue 02 (2019-12-18)

Updated 6 WebUI Operations.

Updated 9.1 Technical Specifications of the SmartLogger.

#### Issue 01 (2019-09-24)

This issue is used for first office application (FOA).

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# Safety Information

#### Statement

Before transporting, storing, installing, operating, using, and/or maintaining the equipment, read this document, strictly follow the instructions provided herein, and follow all the safety instructions on the equipment and in this document. In this document, "equipment" refers to the products, software, components, spare parts, and/or services related to this document; "the Company" refers to the manufacturer (producer), seller, and/or service provider of the equipment; "you" refers to the entity that transports, stores, installs, operates, uses, and/or maintains the equipment.

The Danger, Warning, Caution, and Notice statements described in this document do not cover all the safety precautions. You also need to comply with relevant international, national, or regional standards and industry practices. The Company shall not be liable for any consequences that may arise due to violations of safety requirements or safety standards concerning the design, production, and usage of the equipment.

The equipment shall be used in an environment that meets the design specifications. Otherwise, the equipment may be faulty, malfunctioning, or damaged, which is not covered under the warranty. The Company shall not be liable for any property loss, personal injury, or even death caused thereby.

Comply with applicable laws, regulations, standards, and specifications during transportation, storage, installation, operation, use, and maintenance.

Do not perform reverse engineering, decompilation, disassembly, adaptation, implantation, or other derivative operations on the equipment software. Do not study the internal implementation logic of the equipment, obtain the source code of the equipment software, violate intellectual property rights, or disclose any of the performance test results of the equipment software.

# The Company shall not be liable for any of the following circumstances or their consequences:

- The equipment is damaged due to force majeure such as earthquakes, floods, volcanic eruptions, debris flows, lightning strikes, fires, wars, armed conflicts, typhoons, hurricanes, tornadoes, and other extreme weather conditions.
- The equipment is operated beyond the conditions specified in this document.

- The equipment is installed or used in environments that do not comply with international, national, or regional standards.
- The equipment is installed or used by unqualified personnel.
- You fail to follow the operation instructions and safety precautions on the product and in the document.
- You remove or modify the product or modify the software code without authorization.
- You or a third party authorized by you cause the equipment damage during transportation.
- The equipment is damaged due to storage conditions that do not meet the requirements specified in the product document.
- You fail to prepare materials and tools that comply with local laws, regulations, and related standards.
- The equipment is damaged due to your or a third party's negligence, intentional breach, gross negligence, or improper operations, or other reasons not related to the Company.

# **1.1 Personal Safety**

#### ▲ DANGER

Ensure that power is off during installation. Do not install or remove a cable with power on. Transient contact between the core of the cable and the conductor will generate electric arcs or sparks, which may cause a fire or personal injury.

#### A DANGER

Non-standard and improper operations on the energized equipment may cause fire, electric shocks, or explosion, resulting in property damage, personal injury, or even death.

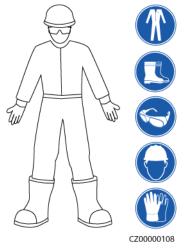
#### **DANGER**

Before operations, remove conductive objects such as watches, bracelets, bangles, rings, and necklaces to prevent electric shocks.

#### A DANGER

During operations, use dedicated insulated tools to prevent electric shocks or short circuits. The dielectric withstanding voltage level must comply with local laws, regulations, standards, and specifications.

#### Figure 1-1 Personal protective equipment



#### **General Requirements**

- Do not stop protective devices. Pay attention to the warnings, cautions, and related precautionary measures in this document and on the equipment.
- If there is a likelihood of personal injury or equipment damage during operations, immediately stop, report the case to the supervisor, and take feasible protective measures.
- Do not power on the equipment before it is installed or confirmed by professionals.
- In the case of a fire, immediately leave the building or the equipment area and activate the fire alarm or call emergency services. Do not enter the affected building or equipment area under any circumstances.

#### Personnel Requirements

- Only professionals and trained personnel are allowed to operate the equipment.
  - Professionals: personnel who are familiar with the working principles and structure of the equipment, trained or experienced in equipment operations and are clear of the sources and degree of various potential hazards in equipment installation, operation, maintenance
  - Trained personnel: personnel who are trained in technology and safety, have required experience, are aware of possible hazards on themselves in certain operations, and are able to take protective measures to minimize the hazards on themselves and other people
- Personnel who plan to install or maintain the equipment must receive adequate training, be able to correctly perform all operations, and understand all necessary safety precautions and local relevant standards.
- Only qualified professionals or trained personnel are allowed to install, operate, and maintain the equipment.
- Only qualified professionals are allowed to remove safety facilities and inspect the equipment.
- Personnel who will perform special tasks such as electrical operations, working at heights, and operations of special equipment must possess the required local qualifications.

- Only authorized professionals are allowed to replace the equipment or components (including software).
- Only personnel who need to work on the equipment are allowed to access the equipment.

# **1.2 Electrical Safety**

#### 

Non-standard and improper operations may result in fire or electric shocks.

#### 

Prevent foreign matter from entering the equipment during operations. Otherwise, equipment short-circuits or damage, load power derating, power failure, or personal injury may occur.

#### 

For the equipment that needs to be grounded, install the ground cable first when installing the equipment and remove the ground cable last when removing the equipment.

#### General Requirements

- Follow the procedures described in the document for installation, operation, and maintenance. Do not reconstruct or alter the equipment, add components, or change the installation sequence without permission.
- Obtain approval from the national or local electric utility company before connecting the equipment to the grid.
- Before installing or removing power cables, turn off the switches of the equipment and its upstream and downstream switches.
- If any liquid is detected inside the equipment, disconnect the power supply immediately and do not use the equipment.
- Before performing operations on the equipment, check that all tools meet the requirements and record the tools. After the operations are complete, collect all of the tools to prevent them from being left inside the equipment.
- Before installing power cables, check that cable labels are correct and cable terminals are insulated.
- When installing the equipment, use a torque tool of a proper measurement range to tighten the screws. When using a wrench to tighten the screws, ensure that the wrench does not tilt and the torque error does not exceed 10% of the specified value.

- If the equipment has multiple inputs, disconnect all the inputs and wait until the equipment is completely powered off before performing operations on the equipment.
- Check equipment connections periodically, ensuring that all screws are securely tightened.
- Only qualified professionals can replace a damaged cable.
- Do not scrawl, damage, or block any labels or nameplates on the equipment. Promptly replace labels that have worn out.
- Do not use solvents such as water, alcohol, or oil to clean electrical components inside or outside of the equipment.

#### Grounding

- Ensure that the grounding impedance of the equipment complies with local electrical standards.
- Ensure that the equipment is connected permanently to the protective ground. Before operating the equipment, check its electrical connection to ensure that it is reliably grounded.
- Do not work on the equipment in the absence of a properly installed ground conductor.
- Do not damage the ground conductor.
- For the equipment that uses a three-pin socket, ensure that the ground terminal in the socket is connected to the protective ground point.
- If high touch current may occur on the equipment, ground the protective ground terminal on the equipment enclosure before connecting the power supply; otherwise, electric shock as a result of touch current may occur.

#### Cabling Requirements

- When selecting, installing, and routing cables, follow local safety regulations and rules.
- When routing power cables, ensure that there is no coiling or twisting. Do not join or weld power cables. If necessary, use a longer cable.
- Ensure that all cables are properly connected and insulated, and meet specifications.
- Ensure that the slots and holes for routing cables are free from sharp edges, and that the positions where cables are routed through pipes or cable holes are equipped with cushion materials to prevent the cables from being damaged by sharp edges or burrs.
- Ensure that cables of the same type are bound together neatly and straight and that the cable sheath is intact. When routing cables of different types, ensure that they are away from each other without entanglement and overlapping.

# **1.3 Environment Requirements**

#### ▲ DANGER

Do not expose the equipment to flammable or explosive gas or smoke. Do not perform any operation on the equipment in such environments.

#### 

Do not place the equipment near heat sources or fire sources, such as smoke, candles, heaters, or other heating devices. Overheat may damage the equipment or cause a fire.

#### 

Install the equipment in an area far away from liquids. Do not install it under areas prone to condensation, such as under water pipes and air exhaust vents, or areas prone to water leakage, such as air conditioner vents, ventilation vents, or feeder windows of the equipment room. Ensure that no liquid enters the equipment to prevent faults or short circuits.

#### **General Requirements**

- Ensure that the equipment is stored in a clean, dry, and well ventilated area with proper temperature and humidity and is protected from dust and condensation.
- Keep the installation and operating environments of the equipment within the allowed ranges. Otherwise, its performance and safety will be compromised.
- Do not install, use, or operate outdoor equipment and cables (including but not limited to moving equipment, operating equipment and cables, inserting connectors to or removing connectors from signal ports connected to outdoor facilities, working at heights, performing outdoor installation, and opening doors) in harsh weather conditions such as lightning, rain, snow, and level 6 or stronger wind.
- Do not install the equipment in an environment with direct sunlight, dust, smoke, volatile or corrosive gases, infrared and other radiations, organic solvents, or salty air.
- Do not install the equipment in an environment with conductive metal or magnetic dust.
- Do not install the equipment in an area conducive to the growth of microorganisms such as fungus or mildew.
- Do not install the equipment in an area with strong vibration, noise, or electromagnetic interference.

• After installing the equipment, remove the packing materials such as cartons, foam, plastics, and cable ties from the equipment area.

# **1.4 Mechanical Safety**

#### 1 DANGER

When working at heights, wear a safety helmet and safety harness or waist belt and fasten it to a solid structure. Do not mount it on an insecure moveable object or metal object with sharp edges. Make sure that the hooks will not slide off.

#### 

Ensure that all necessary tools are ready and inspected by a professional organization. Do not use tools that have signs of scratches or fail to pass the inspection or whose inspection validity period has expired. Ensure that the tools are secure and not overloaded.

#### 

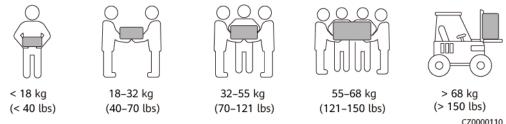
Do not drill holes into the equipment. Doing so may affect the sealing performance and electromagnetic containment of the equipment and damage components or cables inside. Metal shavings from drilling may short-circuit boards inside the equipment.

#### General Requirements

- Do not perform operations such as arc welding and cutting on the equipment without evaluation by the Company.
- Do not install other devices on the top of the equipment without evaluation by the Company.
- Use correct tools and operate them in the correct way.

#### **Moving Heavy Objects**

• Be cautious to prevent injury when moving heavy objects.



• If multiple persons need to move a heavy object together, determine the manpower and work division with consideration of height and other conditions to ensure that the weight is equally distributed.

- If two persons or more move a heavy object together, ensure that the object is lifted and landed simultaneously and moved at a uniform pace under the supervision of one person.
- Wear personal protective gears such as protective gloves and shoes when manually moving the equipment.
- To move an object by hand, approach to the object, squat down, and then lift the object gently and stably by the force of the legs instead of your back. Do not lift it suddenly or turn your body around.
- Move or lift the equipment by holding its handles or lower edges. Do not hold the handles of modules that are installed in the equipment.
- Do not quickly lift a heavy object above your waist. Place the object on a workbench that is half-waist high or any other appropriate place, adjust the positions of your palms, and then lift it.
- Move a heavy object stably with balanced force at an even and low speed. Put down the object stably and slowly to prevent any collision or drop from scratching the surface of the equipment or damaging the components and cables.
- When moving a heavy object, be aware of the workbench, slope, staircase, and slippery places. When moving a heavy object through a door, ensure that the door is wide enough to move the object and avoid bumping or injury.
- When transferring a heavy object, move your feet instead of turning your waist around. When lifting and transferring a heavy object, ensure that your feet point to the target direction of movement.

# **2** Product Overview

# 2.1 SmartLogger

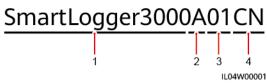
# 2.1.1 Model

#### **Model Description**

This document covers the following SmartLogger models:

- SmartLogger3000A01CN
- SmartLogger3000B01CN
- SmartLogger3000B03CN
- SmartLogger3000A01EU
- SmartLogger3000A03EU
- SmartLogger3000B02EU
- SmartLogger3000A01NH
- SmartLogger3000B00NH
- SmartLogger3000A01KR
- SmartLogger3000A01AU
- SmartLogger3000A00GL
- SmartLogger3000C01

Figure 2-1 Model



No.	Meaning	Description
1	Product family	SmartLogger3000: data collector
2	Hardware ID	<ul> <li>A: does not support fiber networking and can connect to a maximum of 80 solar inverters.</li> <li>B: supports fiber networking and a maximum of 150 solar inverters.</li> <li>C: supports SmartLogger-based microgrid control.</li> </ul>
3	Feature ID	<ul> <li>00: does not support 4G networking or MBUS communication.</li> <li>01: supports 4G networking, but not MBUS communication.</li> <li>02: supports MBUS communication, but not 4G networking.</li> <li>03: supports 4G networking and MBUS communication.</li> </ul>
4	Region	<ul> <li>CN: China</li> <li>EU: Europe</li> <li>NH: Japan</li> <li>KR: South Korea</li> <li>AU: Australia</li> <li>GL: Global</li> </ul>

Table 2-1 Model description

### **Model Identification**

You can view the SmartLogger model and communication mode on the nameplate.

HUAWEI	型号 Model: SmartLogger3000A01CN 名称 Name: 太阳能数据采集器 Solar Smart Monitor & Data Logger 电源额定值 POWER RATING: == 12 V; 1 A or == 24 V; 0.8 A	1
通 <u>讯方</u> 式_	Communication: ETH/4G/RS485	2
		3
	<b>50</b> X	
	公司 HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. 中国制造 MADE IN CHINA el, Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C	4W00002
1) Trac	lemark, product model, and power	(2) Comr

Figure 2-2 Nameplate

(2) Communications mode

(3) Compliance symbols

(4) Company name and place of manufacture

#### **NOTE**

rating

The nameplate figure is for reference only.

## 2.1.2 Networking

#### Functions

The SmartLogger monitors and manages PV systems and energy storage systems (ESSs). It converges all ports, converts protocols, collects and stores data, and centrally monitors and maintains the devices in the systems.

#### **Networking Application**

The SmartLogger is applicable to PV systems and ESSs. It supports the following:

- Local operations on the SmartLogger using the mobile app through the builtin WLAN.
- RS485 networking, which enables the SmartLogger to connect to:
  - Devices such as Huawei inverters and PID modules.

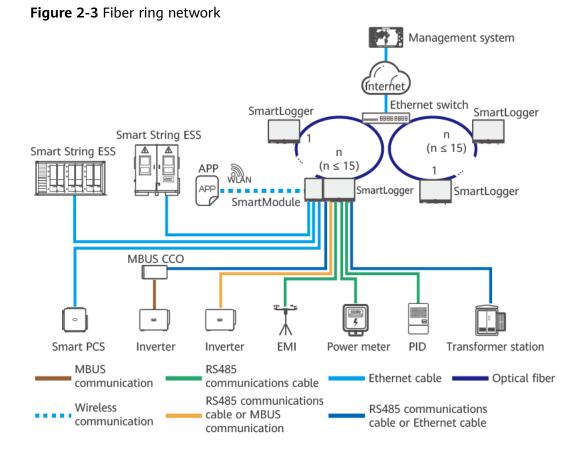
- Third-party inverters, environment monitoring instruments (EMIs), Smart Transformer Stations (STSs), and power meters that use the Modbus RTU protocol.
- Power meters that use the DL/T645 protocol.
- Devices that use the IEC 103 protocol.
- Ethernet networking, which enables the SmartLogger to connect to the inverters, Smart Power Control System (Smart PCS), Smart String ESSs, MBUS CCO, and STSs.
- MBUS networking, which enables the SmartLogger to connect to Huawei inverters and PID-PVBOXs that support MBUS communication.
- Dual-plane redundancy networking to provide reliable transmission.
- Connection to management systems:
  - Connects to a management system or third-party device that uses the Modbus TCP protocol over a wired or wireless network.
  - Connects to a management system or a third-party device that uses the IEC 104 protocol in the LAN over a wired network.
  - Connects to a management system or a third-party device that uses the GOOSE protocol over a wired network.

#### **NOTE**

- The SmartLogger cannot be connected to a management system that uses the IEC 104 protocol over a 4G/3G/2G or LTE dedicated network.
- The export+import meter needs to be connected to the grid over a separate RS485 communication line which is not connected to other devices in series.

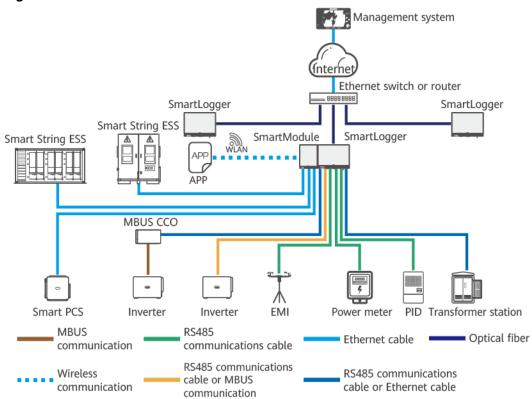
#### **Typical Networking Scenarios**

• The SmartLogger supports the following northbound wired networks: fiber ring network, fiber star network, and Ethernet star network.



#### **NOTE**

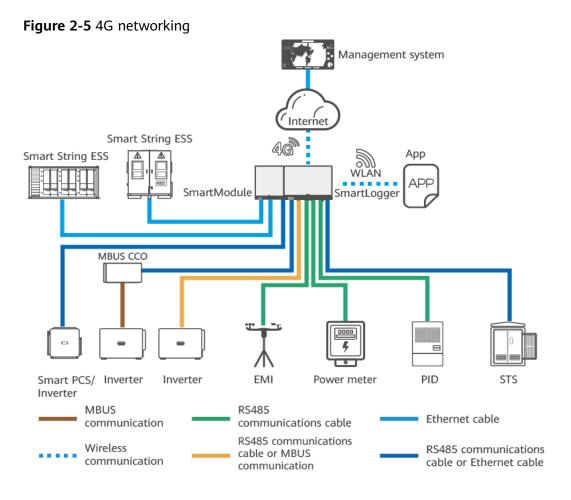
- A maximum of 15 SmartLoggers can be connected to form a fiber ring network. Each SmartLogger can connect to devices such as inverters, EMIs, and power meters.
- The fiber channel switch must support and enable the standard RSTP, and the bridge priority of the switch must be higher than 0x8000 of the SmartLogger (recommended value: 0x7000; a smaller value indicates a higher bridge priority). For details about how to configure the RSTP and bridge priority of the switch, contact the vendor. If the switch does not support the RSTP, the fiber ring topology must be changed to a chain or star topology.
- Multiple fiber ring networks can be connected to the management system over Ethernet switches.

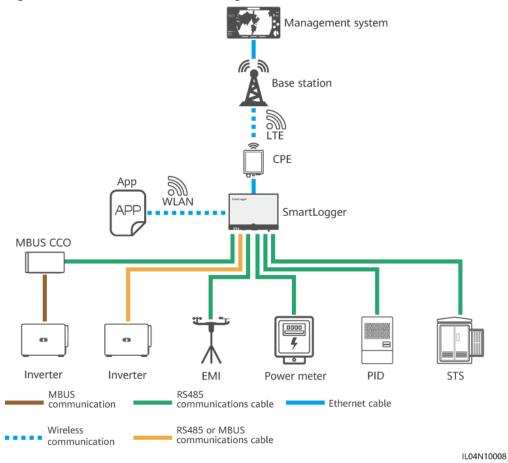


#### **Figure 2-4** Fiber or Ethernet star network

#### 

- Multiple SmartLoggers can be connected to the management system over Ethernet switches.
- When the SmartLogger connects to an Ethernet switch over optical fibers, the maximum communication distance is 12 km (with the 100M optical module) or 10 km (with the 1000M optical module). The maximum communication distance is 100 m when an Ethernet cable is used for connection.
- The SmartLogger supports the following wireless networks: 4G/3G/2G networking and LTE dedicated networking.





#### Figure 2-6 LTE dedicated networking

D NOTE

- The WAN port of the SmartLogger connects to the customer-premises equipment (CPE) through the power over Ethernet (PoE) module and PoE surge protective device (SPD).
- The IP addresses of the SmartLogger and CPE must be on the same network segment.

# 2.1.3 Appearance

#### Appearance

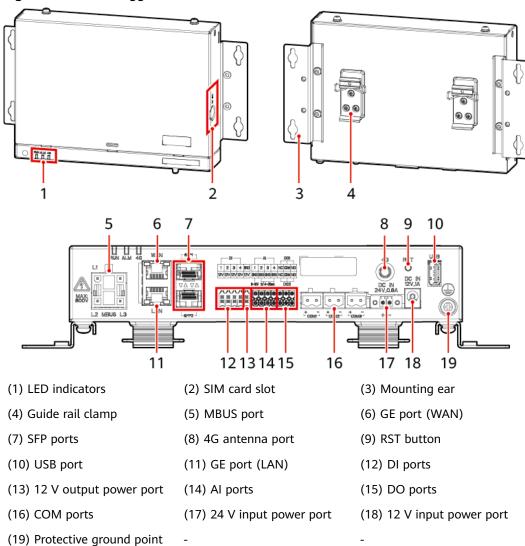


Figure 2-7 SmartLogger

### Indicators

Table 2-2 Indicators

Indicator	Status		Description
Running indicator (RUN) RUN	Green off		The SmartLogger is not powered on.
	Blinking green slowly (on for 1s and then off for 1s)		The communication with the management system is normal.
	Blinking green fast (on for 0.125s and then off for 0.125s)		The communication with the management system is interrupted.
Alarm/	Alarm	Red off	No system alarm is raised.
Maintenance indicator (ALM) ALM	status	Blinking red slowly (on for 1s and then off for 4s)	The system raises a warning alarm.
		Blinking red fast (on for 0.5s and then off for 0.5s)	The system raises a minor alarm.
		Steady red	The system raises a major alarm.
	Maint enanc e status	Green off	No local maintenance is in progress.
		Blinking green slowly (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	Local maintenance is in progress.
		Blinking green fast (on for 0.125s and then off for 0.125s)	Local maintenance fails or the connection to the app is to be set up.
		Steady green	Local maintenance succeeds.
4G indicator (4G) 4G	Green off		The 4G/3G/2G networking function is not enabled.
	Blinking green slowly (on for 1s and then off for 1s)		Dial-up through the 4G/3G/2G network is successful.
	Blinking green fast (on for 0.125s and then off for 0.125s)		The 4G/3G/2G network is not connected or the communication is interrupted.

#### 

- Local maintenance refers to the operations performed by connecting a USB flash drive to the SmartLogger USB port, such as full data import and export using a USB flash drive, and by connecting the SmartLogger to the FusionSolar app or SUN2000 app over the built-in WLAN hotspot.
- If an alarm and local maintenance happen concurrently, the alarm/maintenance indicator shows the local maintenance state first. After local maintenance ends, the indicator shows the alarm state.

## **Communications Ports**

• GE ports: Ethernet ports, including one WAN port and one LAN port

Appearance	GE Port		Description
WAN	Pins	PIN1	1+
		PIN2	1-
		PIN3	2+
		PIN4	3+
LAN		PIN5	3-
		PIN6	2-
		PIN7	4+
		PIN8	4-
	Indicators	Green indicator	If the indicator is steady green, the line is normal.
		Yellow indicator	If the indicator blinks yellow, data communication is normal.

• SFP ports: include two Ethernet optical ports (SFP1 and SFP2), support access of 100M/1000M SFP or eSFP optical modules, and implement ring networking using RSTP or STP.

**NOTE** 

- If RSTP is used, fiber ring protection can be completed within 10 seconds. If STP is used, fiber ring protection can be completed within 60 seconds.
- The SFP1 and SFP2 ports are Ethernet optical ports and work on the same network segment as the WAN port.

Appearance	SFP Port		Description
	SFP1	TX1	Transmit port
		RX1	Receive port
	SFP2	RX2	Receive port
RX2 TX2 SFP2		TX2	Transmit port
	Indicators	Green indicator	If the indicator is steady green, the line is normal.
		Yellow indicator	If the indicator blinks yellow, data communication is normal.

• DI ports: digital input ports, which are used to connect to DI power grid scheduling commands or alarm signals.

Appearance	DI Port		Description
	DI1	1	Can connect to four passive
1 2 3 4 12V 12V 12V 12V		12V	dry contact signals.
	DI2	2	
		12V	
	DI3	3	
		12V	
	DI4	4	
		12V	

• Al ports: analog input ports, which are used to connect to Al power grid scheduling commands or environment monitoring sensors.

Appearance	Al Port		Description
	AI1	1	Supports one channel of
0-10V 0/4-20mA		GND	voltage-type (0–10 V) Al signals.
	AI2	2	Support three channels of
		GND	current-type (0–20 mA or 4– 20 mA) AI signals.
	AI3	3	
		GND	
	AI4	4	
		GND	

• DO ports: digital output ports, supporting two relay outputs. A DO port supports a maximum of 12 V signal voltage.

Appearance	DO Port		Description
D01	DO1	NC	• The NC/COM is a normally
NC COM NO		СОМ	<ul><li>closed contact.</li><li>The NO/COM is a normally</li></ul>
		NO	open contact.
	DO2	NC	
		СОМ	
		NO	

• USB port: supports USB2.0 for connecting to a USB flash drive.

Appearance	USB Port	Description
USB	USB	After a USB flash drive is inserted into the USB port, you can perform local maintenance operations on the SmartLogger, such as software upgrade and data export.

• COM ports: RS485 communications port, supporting three independent RS485 channels and the access of devices that comply with the Modbus RTU, IEC 103, or DL/T645 protocol.

Appearance	COM Port		Description
	COM1, COM2, and	+	RS485A, RS485 differential signal+
+ -	COM3	-	RS485B, RS485 differential signal–

#### **Power Ports**

• Input power ports: There are two input power ports.

Appearance	Input Power Po	ort	Description
DC IN 12V,1A	12 V input power port	DC IN 12 V, 1 A	DC2.0 input port, which supports 12 V DC input and is used to connect to a power adapter.
DC IN 24V,0.8A 0 6 6 0 + -	24 V input power port	DC IN 24 V, 0.8 A	2-pin cord end terminal, which supports 24 V DC input. When the device connects to the power supply through the 12 V input power port, this port can be used as the 12 V output power port.

• 12 V output power port: There is one 12 V output power port. Its maximum output capability is 0.1 A. The port is used to drive the coil of the intermediate relay in the export limitation or audible and visual alarm scenario.

#### NOTICE

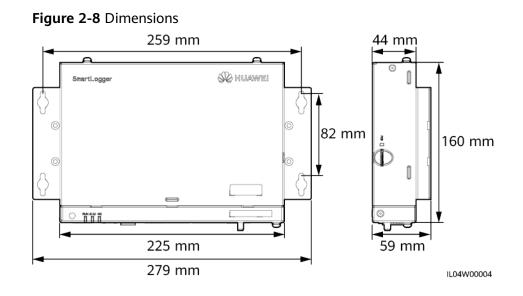
Select the intermediate relay with a free-wheeling diode in the coil. Otherwise, the device may be damaged.

Appearance	Output Power Port		Description
GND	12 V output	GND	Power supply-
12V	power port	12V	Power supply+

## Button

Button	Operation	Function Description
RST button RST O	Hold down the button for 1s to 3s.	When <b>WLAN</b> is set to <b>OFF</b> in idle state, hold down the RST button for 1s to 3s to power on the WLAN module. The alarm/maintenance indicator (ALM) then blinks green quickly for 2 minutes (other indicators are off) and the SmartLogger waits for connecting to the app. If the app is not connected, the WLAN module is automatically powered off after it is powered on for 4 hours.
	Hold down the button for 10s to 20s.	If you hold down the RST button for 10s to 20s, the SmartLogger enters the safe mode. In this case, the device configuration parameters are retained, but personal privacy and sensitive data, including the login password and email address, are cleared.
	Hold down the button for more than 60s.	Within 3 minutes after the SmartLogger is powered on, wait until the RUN indicator blinks slowly and hold down the RST button for more than 60s. When the RUN indicator is on again, the SmartLogger restarts and restores its factory settings.

# Dimensions



# 2.2 SmartModule

# 2.2.1 Model

## **Model Description**

This document covers the following SmartModule model:

• SmartModule1000A01

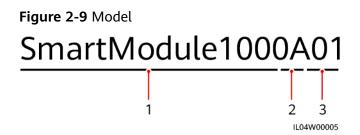


Table 2-3 Model description

No.	Meaning	Description
1	Product family	SmartModule1000: expansion module
2	Hardware ID	A: version A
3	Feature ID	01: SmartLogger scenario

## Model Identification

You can view the SmartModule model on the nameplate.

Fiaure	2-10	Nameplate
inguic	~	runicplate

型号 Model: SmartModule1000A01 名称 Name: 智能数据采集扩展模块 Smart Data Acquisition Expansion Module 电源额定值 POWER RATING: == 12 V; 0.4 Aor == 24 V; 0.2A	1
通讯方式 Communication: ETH//RS485	2
<b>50</b> X	3
华为技术有限公司 HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. 中國創造 MADE IN CHIN HQ of Huawei, Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C	4
	IL04W00006
(1) Trademark, product model, and power rating	(2) Communications mode
(3) Compliance symbols	(4) Company name and place of manufacture

#### D NOTE

The nameplate figure is for reference only.

# 2.2.2 Networking

## Functions

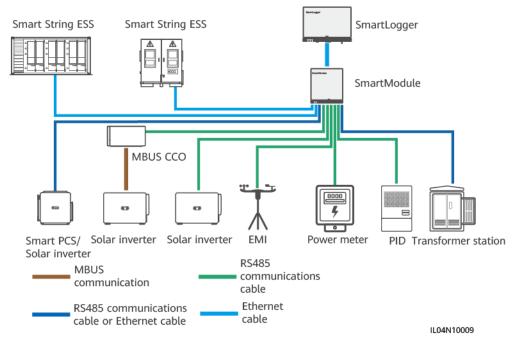
The SmartModule monitors and manages PV systems and ESSs. It converges ports, converts protocols, and collects data for devices in the systems, and extends ports for the SmartLogger.

## Networking

The SmartModule is applicable to PV systems and ESSs. It supports the following:

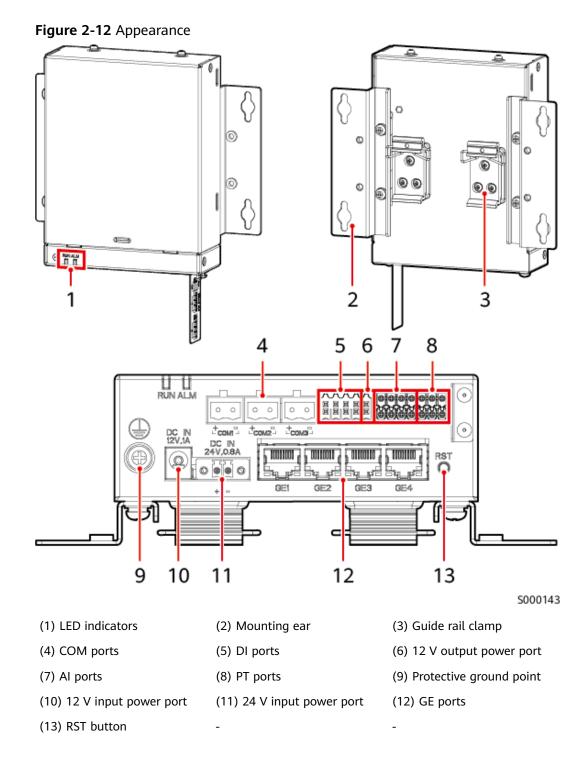
- RS485 networking, which enables the SmartModule to connect to:
  - Devices such as Huawei inverters and PID modules.
  - Third-party solar inverters, EMIs, STSs, and power meters that use the Modbus RTU protocol.
  - Power meters that use the DL/T645 protocol.
  - Devices that use the IEC 103 protocol.
- Ethernet networking, which connects to the solar inverter, Smart PCS, Smart String ESS, and STS.
- The SmartLogger can be connected over Ethernet.

#### Figure 2-11 Networking



# 2.2.3 Appearance

## Appearance



## Indicators

Indicator	Status		Description
Running indicator	Green off		The SmartModule is not powered on.
(RUN) RUN □	Blinking green slowly (on for 1s and then off for 1s)		The communication with the SmartLogger is normal.
	Blinking green 1 0.125s and ther	fast (on for າ off for 0.125s)	The communication with the SmartLogger is interrupted.
Alarm/ Maintenance indicator (ALM) ALM	Alarm status	Red off No alarm is raised for the SmartModule.	
		Blinking red slowly (on for 1s and then off for 4s)	The SmartModule is running in non-encryption status.
	Blinking red fast (on for 0.5s and then off for 0.5s)	The SmartModule digital certificate is invalid.	
		Steady red	Reserved.

## **Communications Ports**

• GE ports: four Ethernet electrical ports. Connect the LAN port of the SmartLogger to one GE port of the SmartModule using an Ethernet cable. The SmartModule obtains an IP address from the DHCP server and automatically registers with the SmartLogger.

Appearance	GE Port		Description
1 8	Pins	PIN1	1+
		PIN2	1-
		PIN3	2+
		PIN4	3+
		PIN5	3-
		PIN6	2-
		PIN7	4+
		PIN8	4-
	Indicators	Green indicator	If the indicator is steady green, the line is normal.
		Yellow indicator	If the indicator blinks yellow, data communication is normal.

• DI ports: digital input ports, which are used to connect to DI power grid scheduling commands or alarm signals.

Appearance	DI Port		Description
	DI1	1	Can connect to four passive
1 2 3 4 12V 12V 12V 12V		12V	dry contact signals.
нанан	DI2	2	
		12V	
	DI3	3	
		12V	
	DI4	4	
		12V	

• Al ports: analog input ports, which are used to connect to Al power grid scheduling commands or environment monitoring sensors.

Appearance	Al Port		Description
AI	AI1	1	Supports one channel of
0~10V 0/4~20mA		GND	voltage-type (0–10 V) Al signals.
	AI2	2	Support three channels of
		GND	current-type (0–20 mA or 4– 20 mA) AI signals.
	AI3	3	
		GND	
	AI4	4	
		GND	

• PT ports: can connect to two PT100/PT1000 temperature sensors.

Appearance	PT Port		Description	
PT1 + • OND	PT1	+	Can connect to a three-wire or	
+ - GND		-	two-wire PT100/PT1000 temperature sensor.	
PT2		GND	<ul> <li>Three-wire: cable length &lt; 2 m for PT100; cable length</li> </ul>	
	PT2	+	< 20 m for PT100, Cable length < 20 m for PT1000	
		-	• Two-wire: cable length < 2 m for a PT temperature	
		GND	sensor	

• COM ports: RS485 communications port, supporting three independent RS485 channels and the access of devices that comply with the Modbus RTU, IEC 103, or DL/T645 protocol.

Appearance	COM Port		Description	
	COM1, COM2, and	+	RS485A, RS485 differential signal+	
+ =	СОМ3	-	RS485B, RS485 differential signal–	

## **Power Ports**

• Input power ports: There are two input power ports.

Appearance	Input Power Port		Description
DC IN 12V,1A	12 V input power port	DC IN 12 V, 1 A	DC2.0 input port, which supports 12 V DC input and is used to connect to a power adapter.
DC IN 24V,0.8A	24 V input power port	DC IN 24 V, 0.8 A	2-pin cord end terminal, which supports 24 V DC input. When the device connects to the power supply through the 12 V input power port, this port can be used as the 12 V output power port.

• 12 V output power port: There is one 12 V output power port. Its maximum output capability is 0.1 A. The port is used to drive the coil of the intermediate relay in the export limitation or audible and visual alarm scenario.

## NOTICE

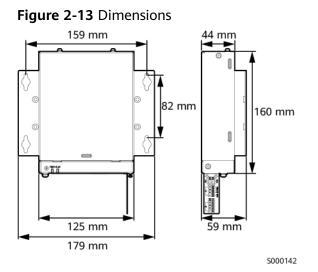
Select the intermediate relay with a free-wheeling diode in the coil. Otherwise, the device may be damaged.

Appearance	Output Power Port		Description
GND	12 V output	GND	Power supply-
127	power port	12V	Power supply+

## Button

Button	Operation	Function Description
RST button RST O	Hold down the button for 3s to 10s.	If the <b>Communication using expired</b> <b>certificate</b> function is disabled for the SmartLogger and the digital certificate of the SmartModule becomes invalid, after enabling the function, press the RST button for 3s to 10s to enable the SmartModule to enter the mode of ignoring digital certificate expiration and restore the communication with the SmartLogger. The alarm/maintenance indicator (ALM) blinks red slowly. After the digital certificate of the SmartModule
		is reloaded through the SmartLogger, the SmartModule communication can recover.
	Hold down the button for more than 60s.	Within 3 minutes after the SmartLogger is powered on, wait until the RUN indicator blinks slowly and hold down the RST button for more than 60s. When the RUN indicator is on again, the SmartLogger restarts and restores its factory settings.

# Dimensions



# **3** Device Installation

# 3.1 Checking Before Installation

Check Item	Criteria
Outer packaging	The outer package is intact. If it is damaged or abnormal, do not unpack it and contact your dealer.
Deliverables	Check the quantity of deliverables against the <i>Packing List</i> in the packing case. If any component is missing or damaged, contact your dealer.

# 3.2 Tools

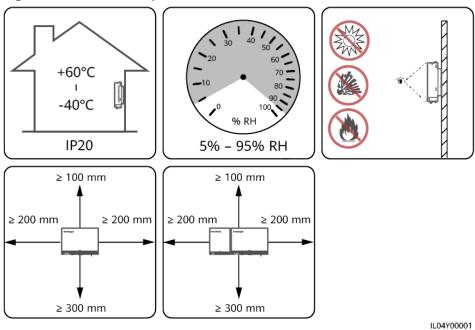
Туре	Tool			
	Hammer drill	Diagonal pliers	Wire stripper	Crimping tool
Installation				
	RJ45 crimping tool	Flat-head screwdriver	Phillips insulated torque screwdriver	Flat-head insulated torque screwdriver

Туре	Tool			
		C.	A	◀
	Utility knife	Cable cutter	Vacuum cleaner	Marker
		0>		
	Measuring tape	Cable tie	Heat gun	Multimeter
	Heat shrink	Level	Rubber mallet	-
	tubing	Level	Rubber mallet	
PPE				
	Insulated gloves	Safety goggles	Dust mask	Insulated shoes

# **3.3 Installation Requirements**

## NOTICE

- Do not install the SmartLogger in areas with flammable and explosive materials and direct sunlight.
- The SmartLogger should be installed at a proper height to facilitate operation and maintenance.



#### Figure 3-1 Installation position

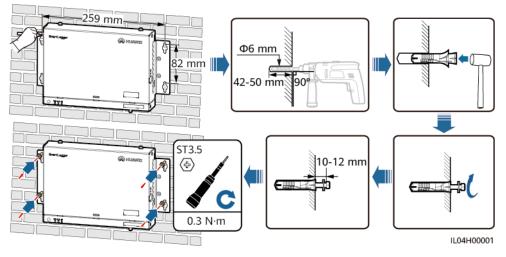
# 3.4 Installing the SmartLogger

The SmartLogger can be wall-mounted or guide rail-mounted.

## Wall-mounted Installation

#### 

- Avoid drilling holes into the water pipes and power cables buried in the wall.
- Install a SmartLogger on a flat and secure interior wall.
- When wall-mounting the SmartLogger, ensure that the cable connection area faces downwards for ease of cable connection and maintenance.
- You are advised to use the tapping screws and expansion tubes delivered with the SmartLogger.



#### Figure 3-2 Wall-mounted installation

# **Guide Rail-mounted Installation**

Prepare a 35 mm standard guide rail by yourself. Ensure that the guide rail:

- Has sufficient length for securing the SmartLogger. The recommended effective length is 230 mm or greater.
- Has been secured before you install the SmartLogger.

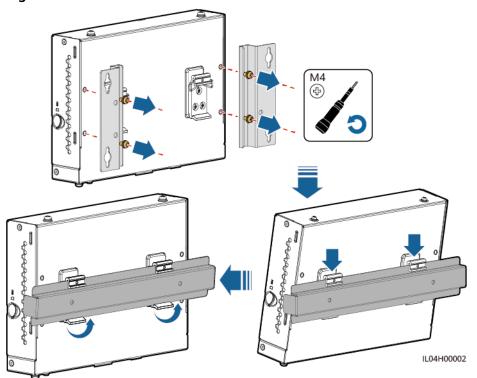


Figure 3-3 Guide rail-mounted installation

# 3.5 Installing the SmartLogger and SmartModule

Combine the SmartLogger and SmartModule and install them on a wall or along a guide rail.

## Wall-mounted Installation

#### MARNING

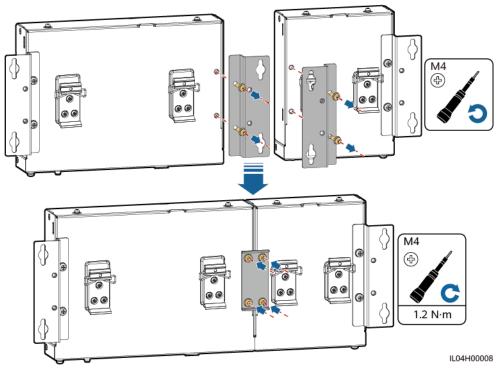
Avoid drilling holes into the water pipes and power cables buried in the wall.

**Step 1** Combine the SmartLogger and SmartModule.

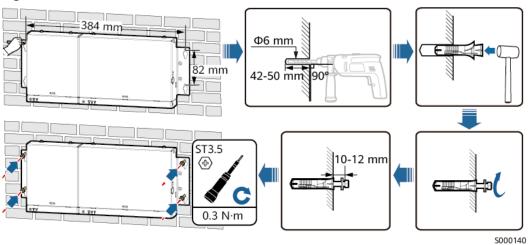
#### **NOTE**

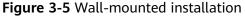
If the SmartLogger and SmartModule have been combined before delivery, skip this step.

Figure 3-4 Connecting the SmartLogger to the SmartModule using a connecting plate



Step 2 Install the SmartLogger and SmartModule.





----End

# Guide Rail-mounted Installation (Stand-alone)

Prepare a 35 mm standard guide rail by yourself. Ensure that the guide rail:

- Has sufficient length for securing the SmartLogger and SmartModule. The recommended effective length is 360 mm or greater.
- Has been secured before you install the SmartLogger and SmartModule.

**NOTE** 

Ensure that the SIM card slot on the SmartLogger is not blocked.

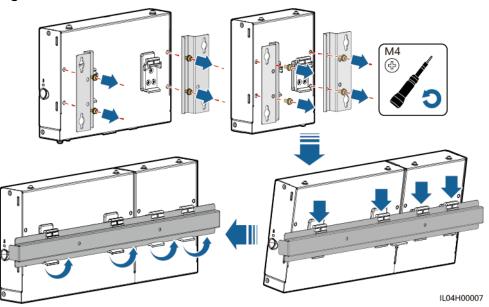


Figure 3-6 Guide rail-mounted installation

# Guide Rail-mounted Installation (Combined)

Prepare a 35 mm standard guide rail by yourself. Ensure that the guide rail:

- Has sufficient length for securing the SmartLogger and SmartModule. The recommended effective length is 360 mm or greater.
- Has been secured before you install the SmartLogger and SmartModule.

**NOTE** 

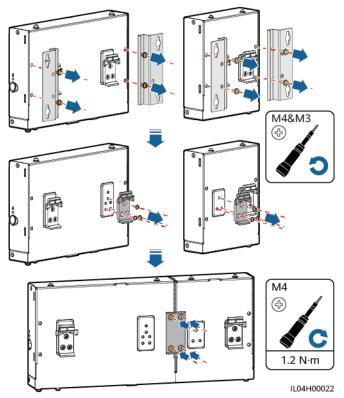
Ensure that the SIM card slot on the SmartLogger is not blocked.

**Step 1** Combine the SmartLogger and SmartModule.

**NOTE** 

If the SmartLogger and SmartModule have been combined before delivery, you only need to remove the mounting ears and guide rail clamps in the middle. You do not need to use a connecting plate to connect the SmartLogger and SmartModule.

**Figure 3-7** Connecting the SmartLogger to the SmartModule using a connecting plate



**Step 2** Install the SmartLogger and SmartModule.

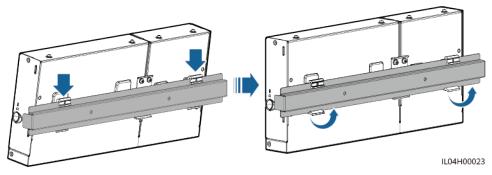


Figure 3-8 Guide rail-mounted installation

----End

# 3.6 Installing a Power Adapter

A power adapter can be installed on a wall or flat surface.

If the SmartLogger requires a power adapter for power supply, install a power adapter.

## Wall-mounted Installation

It is recommended that the power adapter be installed on the right side of the SmartLogger. Keep the AC power cable port upward.

## **WARNING**

Avoid drilling holes into the water pipes and power cables buried in the wall.

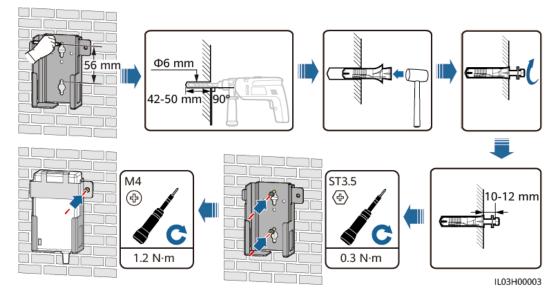


Figure 3-9 Wall-mounted installation (mode 1)

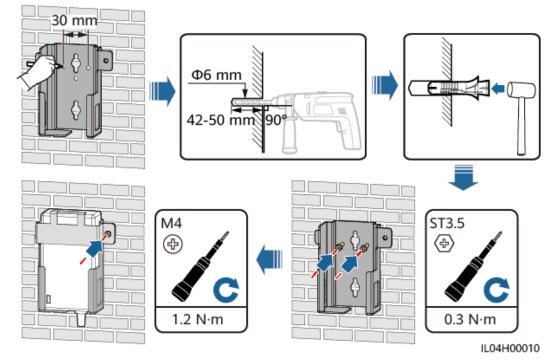


Figure 3-10 Wall-mounted installation (mode 2)

## Flat Surface-mounted Installation

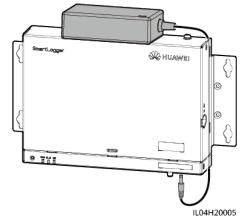
Install the power adapter on a flat surface. This section describes how to install the power adapter on the top of the SmartLogger.

**Step 1** Place the power adapter horizontally on the top of the SmartLogger.

#### NOTICE

- Ensure that the power adapter indicator faces upward or outward.
- Ensure that the adapter is securely installed.
- **Step 2** Plan the cable route of the power adapter to ensure that the SIM card can be installed properly.

## Figure 3-11 Flat surface-mounted installation



----End

# **4** Cable Connections

# 4.1 Connecting Cables to the SmartLogger

# 4.1.1 Preparing Cables

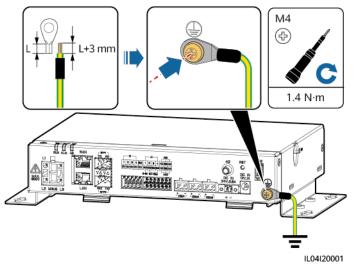
Туре	Recommended Cable Specifications		
PE cable	Outdoor copper-core cable with a cross-sectional area of 4–6 mm <sup>2</sup> or 12–10 AWG		
RS485 communications cable	Two-core or multi-core outdoor shielded cable with a cross-sectional area of 0.2–2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> or 24–14 AWG		
(Optional) MBUS cable	Delivered with the SmartLogger, 1.5 m long		
DI signal cable	Two-core or multi-core cable with a cross-sectional area of 0.2–1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> or 24–16 AWG		
Output power cable			
AI signal cable			
DO signal cable			
Network cable	Delivered with the SmartLogger, 2.2 m long. If the delivered network cable is too short, you are advised to prepare a network cable of Cat 5e or higher specifications and shielded RJ45 connectors.		
(Optional) 24 V input power cable	Two-core cable with a cross-sectional area of 0.2–1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> or 24–16 AWG		

# 4.1.2 Connecting a PE Cable

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect a PE cable.

#### Figure 4-1 Connecting a PE cable



----End

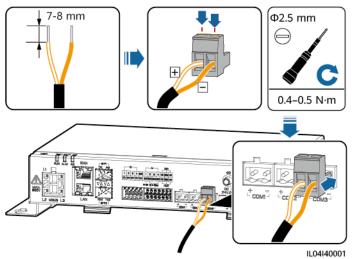
# 4.1.3 Connecting an RS485 Communications Cable

## Context

- The SmartLogger can connect to RS485 communications devices, such as a solar inverter, an EMI, a power meter, and a PID module over the COM port.
- Ensure that RS485+ is connected to COM+ of the SmartLogger and RS485- is connected to the COM- of the SmartLogger.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect an RS485 communications cable.



#### Figure 4-2 Connecting an RS485 communications cable

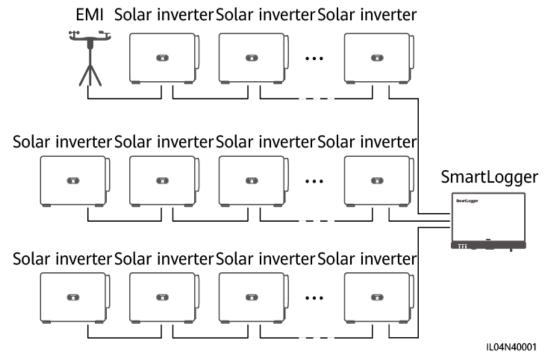
Port	Silk Screen	Description
COM1, COM2, and COM3	+	RS485A, RS485 differential signal+
	-	RS485B, RS485 differential signal–

**Step 2** If devices need to be cascaded, cascade the devices and then connect them to the SmartLogger.

#### NOTICE

- You are advised to connect fewer than 30 devices to each RS485 route.
- The baud rate, communications protocol, and parity mode of all devices on an RS485 cascading link must be the same as those of the COM port on the SmartLogger.

#### Figure 4-3 Cascading connection



----End

# 4.1.4 Connecting an MBUS Cable

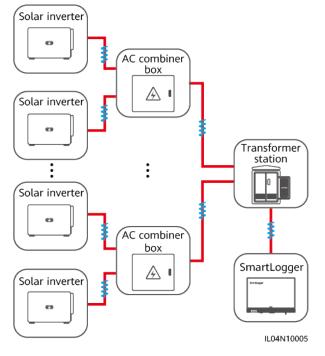
#### Context

- If both the SmartLogger and the inverter support MBUS, the SmartLogger can be connected to the inverter through an AC power cable. In this case, you do not need to connect the RS485 communications cable to the inverter.
- If the SmartLogger uses an AC power cable as the communications cable, a miniature circuit breaker (MCB) and a fuse switch disconnector need to be installed to prevent device damage in the case of short circuits.

#### NOTICE

- If the inverter uses both MBUS and RS485 for communication, choose Settings
   > Comm. Param. > RS485, and set Protocol to Modbus-Control. If this step is not performed, the power grid dispatching function will be affected.
- The total rated power of the PV system connected to the MBUS port of the SmartLogger must be greater than 75 kW. The distance between the device and the residential area must be greater than 30 m. Overhead cabling is prohibited.

#### Figure 4-4 MBUS networking



## Procedure

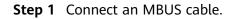
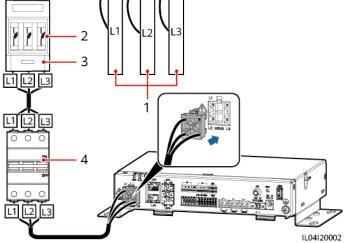




Figure 4-5 Connecting an MBUS cable



#### Table 4-1 Components

No.	Component	Specifications	Quantity
1	Busbar L1/L2/L3	-	1

No.	Component	Specifications	Quantity
2	Fuse	<ul> <li>When the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is less than or equal to 500 V, the rated voltage of the fuse shall be greater than or equal to 500 V; when the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is greater than 500 V and less than or equal to 800 V, the rated voltage of the fuse shall be greater than or equal to 800 V.</li> <li>When the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is less than or equal to 500 V, the rated voltage of the fuse shall be greater than or equal to 800 V.</li> <li>When the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is less than or equal to 500 V, the rated current of the fuse shall be greater than or equal to 6 A; when the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is greater than 500 V and less than or equal to 800 V, the rated current of the fuse shall be greater than 500 V and less than or equal to 800 V, the rated current of the fuse shall be greater than 500 V and less than or equal to 800 V, the rated current of the fuse shall be greater than 500 V.</li> </ul>	3
3	Fuse switch disconnector	<ul> <li>When the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is less than or equal to 500 V, the rated voltage of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than or equal to 500 V; when the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is greater than 500 V and less than or equal to 800 V, the rated voltage of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than or equal to 800 V.</li> <li>When the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is less than or equal to 500 V.</li> <li>When the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is less than or equal to 500 V, the rated current of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than or equal to 500 V, the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is greater than or equal to 6 A; when the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is greater than 500 V and less than or equal to 800 V, the rated current of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is greater than 500 V and less than or equal to 800 V, the rated current of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is greater than 500 V and less than or equal to 800 V, the rated current of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated Current of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated Current of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated Current of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated Current of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated Current of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated Current of the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated Current the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated Current the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated Current the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than the rated Current the fuse switch disconnector shall be greater than</li></ul>	1

No.	Component	Specifications	Quantity
4	MCB	• When the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is less than or equal to 500 V, the rated voltage of the MCB shall be greater than or equal to 500 V; when the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is greater than 500 V and less than or equal to 800 V, the rated voltage of the MCB shall be greater than or equal to 800 V.	1
		• When the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is less than or equal to 500 V, the rated current of the MCB shall be greater than or equal to 32 A; when the rated AC voltage on the low-voltage side of the STS is greater than 500 V and less than or equal to 800 V, the rated current of the MCB shall be 32 A.	

----End

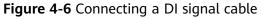
# 4.1.5 Connecting a DI Signal Cable

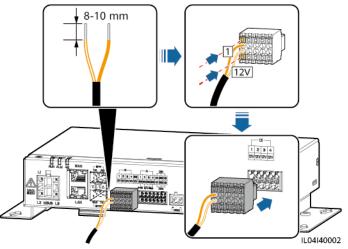
## Context

The SmartLogger can receive DI signals such as remote power grid scheduling commands and alarms over DI ports. It can only receive passive dry contact signals. It is recommended that the signal transmission distance be less than or equal to 10 m.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect a DI signal cable.





Port		Silk Screen	Description
DI	DI1	1	Can connect to four passive
		12V	dry contact signals.
	DI2	2	
		12V	
	DI3	3	
		12V	
	DI4	4	
		12V	

----End

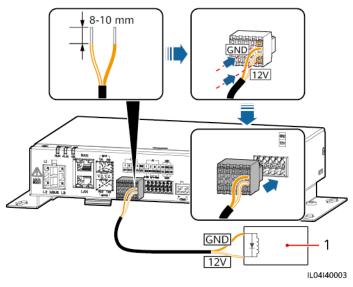
# 4.1.6 Connecting the Output Power Cable

#### Context

In the export limitation or audible and visual alarm scenario, the SmartLogger can drive the coil of the intermediate relay through the 12 V output power port. It is recommended that the transmission distance be less than or equal to 10 m.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the output power cable.



#### Figure 4-7 Connecting the output power cable

(1) Intermediate relay

----End

# 4.1.7 Connecting the AI Signal Cable

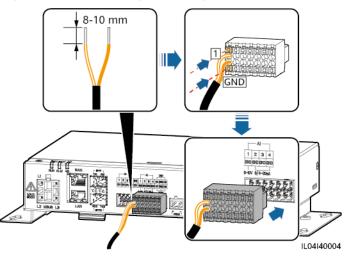
## Context

The SmartLogger can receive AI signals from EMIs over AI ports. It is recommended that the signal transmission distance be less than or equal to 10 m.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the AI signal cable.

Figure 4-8 Connecting the AI signal cable



Port		Silk Screen	Description
AI	AI1	1	Supports 0–10 V input voltage.
		GND	
	AI2	2	Support 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA
		GND	input current.
	AI3	3	
		GND	
	AI4	4	
		GND	

#### **NOTE**

AI ports 1, 2, 3, and 4 are for AI+ signals, and the GND port is for AI- signals.

----End

# 4.1.8 Connecting the DO Signal Cable

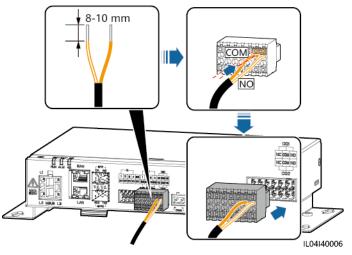
## Context

The DO port supports a maximum of 12 V signal voltage. The NC/COM is a normally closed contact, while the NO/COM is a normally open contact. It is recommended that the signal transmission distance be less than or equal to 10 m.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the DO signal cable.





----End

# 4.1.9 Connecting the Ethernet Cable

#### Context

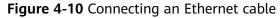
- The SmartLogger can connect to an Ethernet switch, router, or PC over a WAN port.
- The SmartLogger can be connected to the SmartModule or a PC over the LAN port.

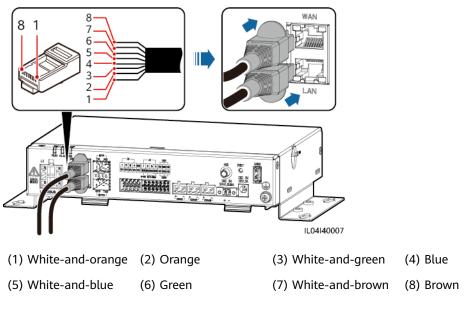
## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the Ethernet cable.

#### **NOTE**

When crimping the network cable, ensure that the shielding layer of the cable is securely connected to the metal shell of the RJ45 connectors.





----End

# **4.1.10 Connecting Fiber Jumpers**

#### Context

The SmartLogger can connect to devices such as the ATB through optical fibers.

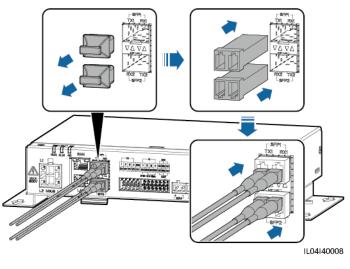
#### Procedure

**Step 1** Insert optical modules into the SFP1 and SFP2 ports of the SmartLogger.

#### NOTICE

- Optical modules are optional. Configure the 100M or 1000M optical module based on the peer port of the optical switch. SFP or eSFP optical modules should be used. The transmission distance supported by the 100M optical module should be less than or equal to 12 km, and the transmission distance supported by the 1000M optical module should be less than or equal to 10 km.
- When inserting an optical module into the SFP1 port, verify that the side with a label faces upward. When inserting an optical module into the SFP2 port, verify that the side with a label faces downward.
- In dual-plane redundancy networking, SFP1 and SFP2 can connect to the northbound monitoring system (IEC104) of the SmartLogger at the same time.
- **Step 2** Connect the fiber jumpers delivered with the optical modules to the ports on the optical modules.

#### Figure 4-11 Connecting fiber jumpers



----End

#### **Follow-up Procedure**

Disconnection can be performed in reverse order.

#### **NOTE**

- When removing a fiber jumper, press down the clip first.
- When removing an optical module, pull it out by the handle. Ensure that the interval between removing and inserting an optical module is greater than 0.2s.

# 4.1.11 Installing a SIM Card and a 4G Antenna

#### Context

The SmartLogger provides the 4G wireless communication function. A SIM card of the local carrier can be inserted for dial-up access.

Prepare a standard SIM card (dimensions: 25 mm x 15 mm; capacity  $\ge$  64 KB) Monthly data package of the SIM card  $\ge$  Monthly data of the inverters + Monthly data of the EMIs + Monthly data of the optimizers + Monthly data of the ESSs + Monthly data of the power meters If other devices are connected to the SmartLogger in the network, the monthly data package of the SIM card needs to be increased as required.

#### NOTICE

To ensure that the device runs properly, you need to set the domain name of the management system in the SIM card whitelist (add the domain name to the carrier whitelist). If the setting is incorrect, the functions of the device may be restricted or the communication may fail.

Manageme nt System		mmended Mo Package	onthly SIM Card	Data Baseline
FusionSolar Smart PV Manageme nt System	lnve rter	Without power meters or batteries	10 MB + 4 MB x Number of inverters	<ul> <li>Device performance data can be updated every 5 minutes.</li> <li>Logs of the inverters</li> </ul>
(SmartPVM S)		With power meters	10 MB + 7 MB x Number of inverters	and I-V diagnosis can be exported monthly. The inverters can be upgraded monthly.
		With LUNA2000- (5-30)-S0 batteries	13 MB + 7 MB x Number of inverters + 5 MB x Number of power control modules	
	monit	onmental toring Iment (EMI)	3 MB x Number of EMIs	
	Optin	nizer	2 MB + 0.2 MB x Number of optimizers	

**Table 4-2** SIM card data package recommendation (residential scenario)

Table 4-3 SIM card data package recommendation (C&I scenario)

Manageme nt System	Recommended Monthly SIM Card Data Package			Data Baseline
FusionSolar SmartPVMS	Inverte	r	3 MB + 15 MB x Number of inverters	<ul> <li>Device performance data can be updated every 5 minutes.</li> </ul>
	EMI		3 MB x Number of EMIs	<ul> <li>Logs of the inverters, PCSs, ESSs, and I-V diagnosis can be</li> </ul>
	Optimi	zer	2 MB + 0.3 MB	exported monthly.
		x Number of optimizers		• The inverters, PCSs, and ESSs can be upgraded
	ESS (inclu ding	LUNA200 0-200KW H-2H1	80 MB + 80 MB x Number of ESSs	monthly. If the SmartLogger needs to be upgraded monthly, an addition of 80 MB
	PCS)	LUNA200 0-2.0MW H-2H1	80 MB + 650 MB x Number of ESSs	data is required.

Manageme nt System		mended Mo ackage	onthly SIM Card	Data Baseline
		LUNA200 0-215-2S 10	80 MB + 120 MB x Number of ESSs	
		LUNA200 0-215-2S 11	80 MB + 120 MB x Number of ESSs	
		LUNA200 0-215-2S 12	80 MB + 120 MB x Number of ESSs	
		LUNA200 0-161-2S 11	80 MB + 120 MB x Number of ESSs	
		LUNA200 0-107-1S 11	80 MB + 120 MB x Number of ESSs	
	Power	meter	3 MB x Number of power meters	

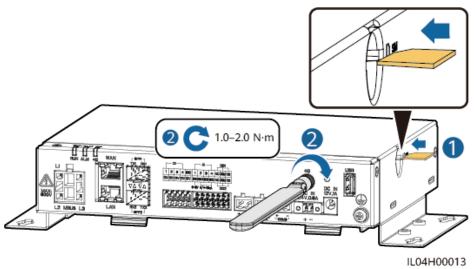
## Procedure

**Step 1** Insert a SIM card into the SIM card slot.

NOTICE

- When installing the SIM card, determine its installation direction based on the silk screen.
- Press the SIM card in place to lock it. In this case, the SIM card is correctly installed.
- When removing the SIM card, push it inward to eject it.

Step 2 Install an antenna.



#### Figure 4-12 Installing a SIM card and antenna

----End

## 4.1.12 Connecting the 24 V Input Power Cable

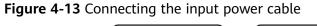
## Context

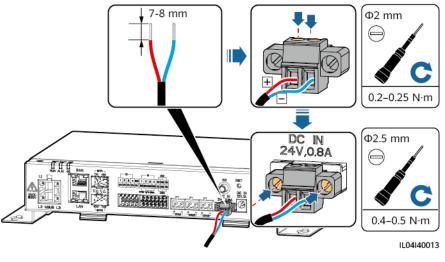
The 24 V input power cable needs to be connected in the following scenarios:

- Scenario 1: The 24 V DC power supply is used.
- Scenario 2: The SmartLogger connects to the power supply through the 12 V input power port, and the 24 V input power port functions as the 12 V output power port to supply power to devices.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the input power cable.





----End

# 4.2 Connecting Cables to the SmartModule

# 4.2.1 Preparing Cables

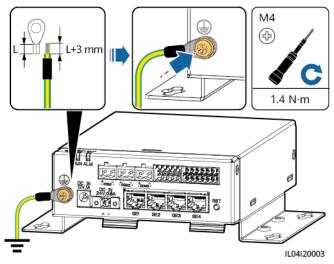
Туре	Recommended Cable Specifications
PE cable	Outdoor copper-core cable with a cross-sectional area of 4–6 mm <sup>2</sup> or 12–10 AWG
Network cable	The cable is delivered with the SmartModule and is 0.35 m long. If the delivered network cable is too short, you are advised to prepare a network cable of Cat 5e or higher specifications and shielded RJ45 connectors.
12 V input power cable	The cable is delivered with the SmartModule and is 0.5 m long.
RS485 communications cable	Two-core or multi-core outdoor shielded cable with a cross-sectional area of 0.2–2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> or 24–14 AWG
DI signal cable	Two-core or multi-core cable with a cross-sectional area of 0.2–1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> or
Output power cable	24–16 AWG
AI signal cable	
PT signal cable	For details about the cables and cable connection operations, see the documents delivered with the PT100/PT1000.
(Optional) 24 V input power cable	Two-core cable with a cross-sectional area of 0.2–1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> or 24–16 AWG

# 4.2.2 Connecting the PE Cable

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the PE cable.

#### Figure 4-14 Connecting a PE cable



#### D NOTE

If the SmartLogger is connected to the SmartModule over a connecting plate, connect a PE cable to the ground point of the SmartLogger or SmartModule based on site requirements.

#### ----End

## 4.2.3 Connecting the Ethernet Cable

#### Context

- The SmartModule can be connected to the SmartLogger and a PC over the GE port.
- Connect the LAN port of the SmartLogger to one of the GE ports (GE1 and GE4 recommended) of the SmartModule through an Ethernet cable. The IP address can be obtained through DHCP and the registration can be completed automatically.
- If the SmartModule is connected to devices such as the Smart PCS in a ring network in hand-in-hand mode using Ethernet cables, the GE2 and GE3 ports of the SmartModule must be used. Otherwise, the SmartLogger cannot communicate with the devices such as the Smart PCS.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the Ethernet cable.

#### **NOTE**

When crimping the network cable, ensure that the shielding layer of the cable is securely connected to the metal shell of the RJ45 connectors.

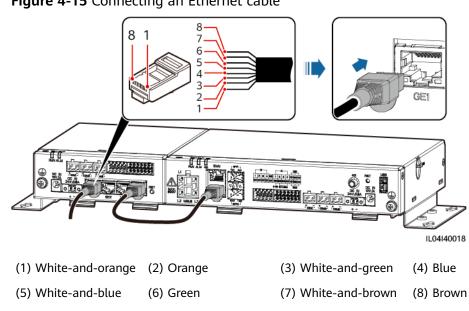


Figure 4-15 Connecting an Ethernet cable

----End

# 4.2.4 Connecting the 12 V Input Power Cable

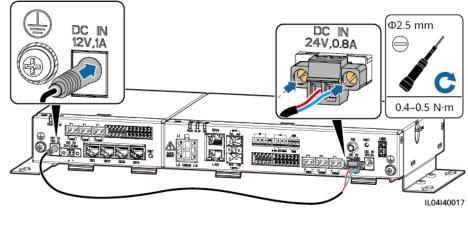
## Context

The SmartLogger connects to the power supply through the 12 V input power port, and the 24 V input power port of the SmartLogger functions as the 12 V output power port to supply power to the SmartModule.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the 12 V input power cable.

Figure 4-16 Connecting the 12 V input power cable



----End

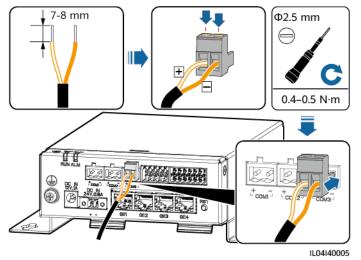
# 4.2.5 Connecting the RS485 Communications Cable

## Context

- The SmartModule can connect to RS485 communications devices, such as a solar inverter, an EMI, a power meter, and a PID module over the COM port.
- Ensure that RS485+ is connected to COM+ of the SmartModule and RS485- is connected to the COM- of the SmartModule.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the RS485 communications cable.



#### Figure 4-17 Connecting an RS485 communications cable

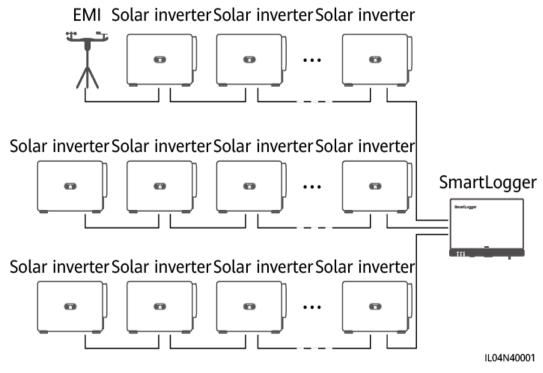
Port	Silk Screen	Description
COM1, COM2, and COM3	+	RS485A, RS485 differential signal+
	-	RS485B, RS485 differential signal–

**Step 2** If devices need to be cascaded, cascade the devices and then connect them to the SmartModule.

## NOTICE

- You are advised to connect fewer than 30 devices to each RS485 route.
- The baud rate, communications protocol, and parity mode of all devices on an RS485 cascading link must be the same as those of the COM port on the SmartModule.





----End

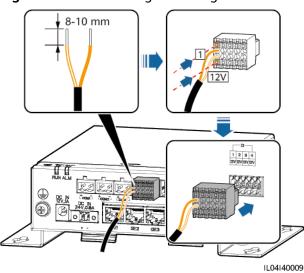
## 4.2.6 Connecting the DI Signal Cable

### Context

The SmartModule can receive DI signals such as remote commands and alarms over DI ports. It can only receive passive dry contact signals. It is recommended that the signal transmission distance be less than or equal to 10 m.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the DI signal cable.



#### Figure 4-19 Connecting the DI signal cable

Port		Silk Screen	Description
DI	DI1	1	Can connect to four passive
		12V	dry contact signals.
	DI2	2	
		12V	
	DI3	3	
		12V	
	DI4	4	
		12V	

----End

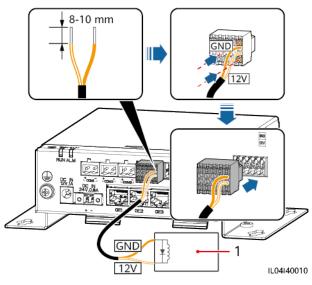
## 4.2.7 Connecting the Output Power Cable

## Context

In the export limitation or audible and visual alarm scenario, the SmartModule can drive the coil of the intermediate relay through the 12 V output power port. It is recommended that the transmission distance be less than or equal to 10 m.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the output power cable.



#### Figure 4-20 Connecting the output power cable

(1) Intermediate relay

----End

# 4.2.8 Connecting the AI Signal Cable

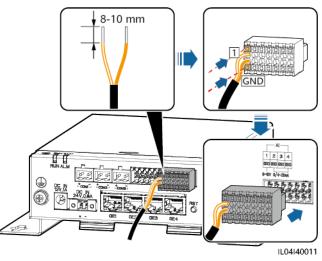
## Context

The SmartModule can receive AI signals from EMIs over AI ports. It is recommended that the signal transmission distance be less than or equal to 10 m.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the AI signal cable.





Port	Port		Description
AI	AI1	1	Supports 0–10 V input voltage.
		GND	
	AI2	2	Support 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA
		GND	input current.
	AI3	3	
		GND	
	AI4	4	
		GND	

## **NOTE**

AI ports 1, 2, 3, and 4 are for AI+ signals, and the GND port is for AI- signals.

----End

# 4.2.9 Connecting the PT Signal Cable

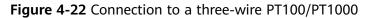
## Context

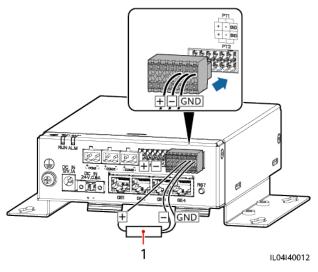
The SmartModule provides two PT ports, which can be used to connect to threewire or two-wire PT100/PT1000 temperature sensors.

When a PT port needs to be connected to a two-wire PT100/PT1000, use a short-circuit cable to short-circuit **GND** and – of the port.

## Procedure

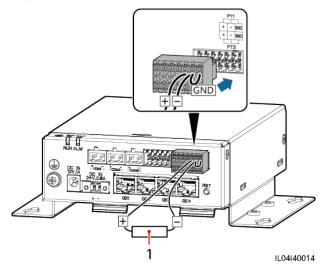
**Step 1** Connect the PT signal cable.





(1) PT100/PT1000 temperature sensor

Figure 4-23 Connection to a two-wire PT100/PT1000



(1) PT100/PT1000 temperature sensor

----End

## 4.2.10 Connecting the 24 V Input Power Cable

## Context

The 24 V input power cable needs to be connected in the following scenarios:

- Scenario 1: The 24 V DC power supply is used.
- Scenario 2: The SmartModule connects to the power supply through the 12 V input power port, and the 24 V input power port functions as the 12 V output power port to supply power to devices.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Connect the input power cable.

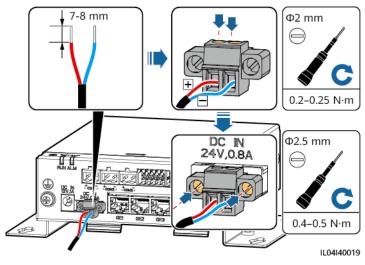


Figure 4-24 Connecting the input power cable

----End

# **5** System Operation

# 5.1 Check Before Power-on

No.	Check That
1	The SmartLogger and SmartModule are installed correctly and securely.
2	All cables are connected securely.
3	Routing for the power cables and signal cables meets the requirements for routing strong-current and weak-current cables and complies with the cable routing plan.
4	Cables are bound neatly, and cable ties are secured evenly and properly in the same direction.
5	There are no sundries such as unnecessary adhesive tape or cable ties on cables.

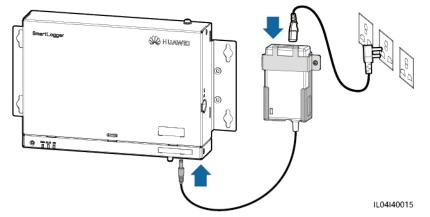
# 5.2 Powering On the System

Step 1 Connect the power supply.

• **Method 1**: When a power adapter is used, connect the power adapter cable and turn on the switch on the AC socket side.

### D NOTE

- The rated input voltage of the power adapter is 100–240 V AC, and the rated input frequency is 50/60 Hz.
- Select an AC socket that matches the power adapter.



#### Figure 5-1 Power supply through the power adapter

- **Method 2**: When a DC power supply is used, check that the cable between the DC power supply and the SmartLogger as well as the SmartModule is connected properly, and turn on the upstream power switch of the DC power supply.
- **Step 2** When MBUS is used for communication, turn on all the upstream switches of the MBUS port.

----End

# **6** WebUI Operations

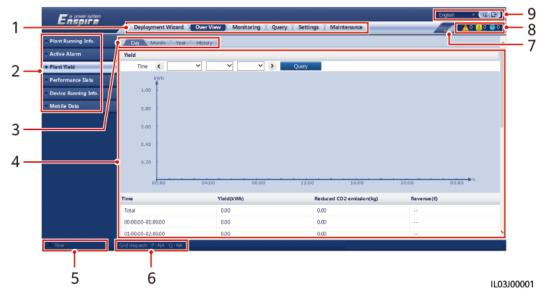
# 6.1 Introduction to WebUI

## NOTICE

- The web user interface (WebUI) figures in this document are for reference only. The actual WebUI may vary.
- The parameter names, value ranges, and default values are subject to change. The actual display may vary.
- Delivering a reset, shutdown, or upgrade command to the inverter and Smart PCS may cause the inverter and Smart PCS to disconnect from the grid, which affects the energy yield.
- Only professionals are allowed to set the grid parameters, protection parameters, feature parameters, and power adjustment parameters of the inverter and Smart PCS. If the power grid parameters, protection parameters, and feature parameters are incorrectly set, the inverter and Smart PCS may disconnect from the power grid. If the power adjustment parameters are incorrectly set, the inverter and Smart PCS may fail to connect to the power grid as required. In these cases, the energy yield will be affected.
- Only professionals are allowed to set the power grid scheduling parameters of the SmartLogger. Incorrect settings may cause the plant to fail to connect to the power grid as required, which affects the energy yield.

# 6.1.1 WebUI Layout

## Figure 6-1 WebUI layout



No.	Function	Description
1	First-level menu	Choose the corresponding first-level menu before you perform any operation over the WebUI.
2	Second-level menu	Under the first-level menu, choose the device to be queried or the parameter to be set under the second-level menu.
3	Third-level menu	<ul> <li>After choosing a second-level menu, choose a third-level menu to access the query or setting page.</li> <li>There are no third-level menus under certain second-level menus.</li> </ul>
4	Details page	Displays details of the queried information or parameter setting.
5	System time	Displays the current system time.
6	Power grid scheduling status	Displays the current power grid scheduling mode and scheduling value of the system.
7	Icon for SIM card signal strength	Displays the signal strength of the SIM card.
8	Alarm icon	Displays the severities and number of active system alarms. You can click a number to access the alarm page.
9	Display language	Selects the display language or chooses to log out.

Enspire	Deployment Wizard Ove	rview Monitoring Query S	Gettings Maintenance		English v 🕡
ant Running Info.	Power Station Information				
ctive Alarm		Plant name			
ant Yield		Plant address			
formance Data	HHATT	1-1-1-1			
vice Running Info.		Quantity of inverters		3	
bile Data	7	Total rated power		101.000kW	
	Active power	Energy yield of current day	Total energy yield	Reduced CO2 emission	Revenue
	96.00kW	0.03kWh	0.03kWh	0.00kg	
	/ Ac 200.0 - 160.0 - 120.0 - 80.0 - 40.0 -	tive power(kW)			
	0.0 00:	00 04:00 08:0	0 12:00 10	5:00 20:00 00:00	h

Figure 6-2 Plant running information (without battery or power meter)

No.	Parameter	Description
1	Active power	Total active power of inverters
2	Energy yield of current day	Total energy yield of inverters on the current day
3	Total energy yield	Total energy yield of inverters
4	Reduced CO2 emission	(Total energy yield – Total power supply from grid) x $CO_2$ emission reduction coefficient. If the result is negative, the value is zero.
5	Revenue	(Total energy yield – Total power supply from grid) x Revenue coefficient. If the result is negative, the value is zero.

Enspire					English 🗸 🔞 🖪
Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over	view Monitoring Query	Settings Maintenance		l 🛕 💷 🛛
Plant Running Info.	Power Station Information				
Active Alarm		Plant name			
lant Yield	Incom Intitis	Plant address			
erformance Data		All A			
evice Running Info.		Quantity of inverters		3	
lobile Data	A CALL AND	Total rated power		101.000kW	
	Active power	Reactive power	Load power	Grid-tied active power	Grid-tied reactive power
	96.00kW	0.00kVar	97.01kW	1.01kW	1.01kVar
	Energy yield of current day	Daily consumption	Daily feed-in to grid	Daily supply from grid	Total energy yield
	0.03kWh	1.02kWh	0.00kWh	0.99kWh	0.03kWh
	Acti 200.0 - 150.0 - 120.0 - 80.0 - 40.0 -	ve power(kW)			
	0.0 00:0	0 04:00 08:0	00 12:00 16	:00 20:00 00:0	▶ 0h

Figure 6-3 Plant running information (with power meter but without battery)

No.	Parameter	Description
1	Active power	Total active power of inverters
2	Reactive power	Vector sum of the reactive power of inverters: Positive value indicates that power is transmitted to the grid and negative value indicates that power is transmitted from the grid.
3	Load power	Vector sum of the active power and grid-tied active power
4	Grid-tied active power	Active power of the feed-in meter: Positive value indicates purchasing electricity and negative value indicates selling electricity.
5	Grid-tied reactive power	Reactive power of the feed-in meter: Positive value indicates that power is transmitted from the grid and negative value indicates that power is transmitted to the power grid.
6	Energy yield of current day	Total energy yield of inverters on the current day
7	Daily consumption	Energy yield of current day + Daily supply from grid – Daily feed- in to grid – Today's power supply from grid
8	Daily feed-in to grid	Current total negative active energy of the feed-in meter – Total negative active energy at 00:00 on the current day
9	Daily supply from grid	Current total positive active energy of the feed-in meter – Total positive active energy at 00:00 on the current day
10	Total energy yield	Total energy yield of inverters

				English 🗸 🔞 🖪
Enspire	Deployment Wizard Overview	Monitoring Query Settings M	aintenance	
Plant Running Info.	Power Station Information			
Active Alarm		Quantity of PCSs	1	
Plant Yield		Total rated power	3254845.439kW	v
Performance Data			0.000111	
Device Running Info.		Battery rated capacity	0.000kWh	
Mobile Data	7 Luci Luci Luci Luci Luci Luci Luci Luci	SOC	0%	
	Active power	Reactive power	Energy yield of current day	Today's power supply from grid
	0.00kW	0.00kVar	0.00kWh	0.00kWh
	200.0 - 160.0 - 120.0 - 80.0 - 40.0 -			
	0.0 00:00	04:00 08:00	12:00 16:00 20:00	00:00 <sub>h</sub>

Figure 6-4 Plant running information (with battery but without power meter)

No.	Parameter	Description
1	Active power	Vector sum of the active power of inverters and Smart PCSs: Positive value indicates that energy is generated through the inverter and negative value indicates that energy is stored through the rectifier.
2	Reactive power	Vector sum of the reactive power of inverters and Smart PCSs: Positive value indicates that power is transmitted to the grid and negative value indicates that power is transmitted from the grid.
3	Energy yield of current day	Total energy yield of inverters and Smart PCSs of the current day
4	Today's power supply from grid	Total power supplied from the grid to inverters and Smart PCSs of the current day

Enspire					English Y 🔞
	Deployment Wizard Overvi	ew Monitoring Query Settin	gs Maintenance		( <u>A</u> . <u>1</u> .
Plant Running Info.	Power Station Information				
ctive Alarm lant Yield		Quantity of PCSs		1	
erformance Data		Total rated power		3254845.439kW	
rformance Data		Battery rated capacity		0.000kWh	
obile Data	Heleter	SOC		0%	
	Active power	Reactive power	Load power	Grid-tied active power	Grid-tied reactive power
	0.00kW	0.00kVar	1.01kW	1.01kW	1.01kVar
	Energy yield of current day	Today's power supply from		aily consumption	Daily supply from grid
	• 0.00kWh	0.00kWh		0.99kWh	0.99kWh
	Active				

Figure 6-5 Plant running information (with power meter and battery)

No.	Parameter	Description
1	Active power	Vector sum of the active power of inverters and Smart PCSs: Positive value indicates that energy is generated through the inverter and negative value indicates that energy is stored through the rectifier.
2	Reactive power	Vector sum of the reactive power of inverters and Smart PCSs: Positive value indicates that power is transmitted to the grid and negative value indicates that power is transmitted from the grid.
3	Load power	Vector sum of the active power and grid-tied active power
4	Grid-tied active power	Active power of the feed-in meter: Positive value indicates purchasing electricity and negative value indicates selling electricity.
5	Grid-tied reactive power	Reactive power of the feed-in meter: Positive value indicates that power is transmitted from the grid and negative value indicates that power is transmitted to the power grid.
6	Energy yield of current day	Total energy yield of inverters and Smart PCSs of the current day
7	Today's power supply from grid	Total power supplied from the grid to inverters and Smart PCSs of the current day
8	Daily consumption	Energy yield of current day + Daily supply from grid – Daily feed- in to grid – Today's power supply from grid
9	Daily supply from grid	Current total positive active energy of the feed-in meter – Total positive active energy at 00:00 on the current day

# 6.1.2 Icon Description

lcon	Description	lcon	Description
	Click the About icon to query the WebUI version information.	~	Click the Drop-down icon to select a parameter or time.
C	Click the Exit icon to log out.		Alarms are classified into major, minor, and warning ones. Click the Alarm icon to query an alarm.
< <	Click the Increase/ Decrease icon to adjust time.		Black start icon. You can click this icon to perform the black start operation.
	The Select icon indicates that a parameter is selected.		Click the Start icon to start the device.
	The Select icon indicates that a parameter is not selected. Click the icon to select a parameter.		Click the Stop icon to shut down the device.
* ≪	Hide icon and Display icon.		Click the Reset icon to reset the device.
	The device is in <b>Disconnection</b> state. If a device is in <b>Disconnection</b> state, its parameters cannot be set.		<ul> <li>The inverter and Smart PCS are in <b>Running</b> state.</li> <li>The device such as the EMI, power meter, slave SmartLogger, or MBUS is in <b>Online</b> state.</li> <li>The PID is in <b>Running</b> state.</li> </ul>

lcon	Description	lcon	Description
•	<ul> <li>The inverter and Smart PCS are in abnormal grid-tied power generation state, such as Initializing, Power- off, and Idle.</li> <li>The PID device is in Power-off, Idle or other state in which it is not running properly.</li> </ul>		The inverter and Smart PCS are in <b>Loading</b> state.
A <table-cell-rows> 🛅 🖉 🚠</table-cell-rows>	Icons during deployment, including <b>Cable connection</b> <b>alarm, Add Devices,</b> <b>Remove Devices,</b> <b>Modify Device Info,</b> and <b>Topology view</b> .	•	Ascending order or descending order icon. Click the icon to sort the items in ascending or descending order for the corresponding column.

# 6.1.3 WebUI Menus

Table 6-1 WebUI menus

First-Level Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
Deployment Wizard	-	-	Supports the deployment wizard function. You can set deployment parameters, connect devices, and connect to the management system according to the wizard.
Overview	Plant Running Info.	-	Queries plant information.
	Active Alarm	-	Queries active alarms.

First-Level Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
	Plant Yield	-	Queries the energy generated, consumed, purchased, and sold.
			• Daily data (at hourly granularity) can be stored for 30 days.
			• Monthly data (at daily granularity) can be stored for one year.
			<ul> <li>Yearly data (at monthly granularity) can be stored for 10 years.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Historical data (at yearly granularity) can be stored for 25 years.</li> </ul>
	Performance Data	-	Queries or exports performance data.
	Device Running Info.	-	Queries or exports device running information.
	Mobile Data	-	Queries mobile network data.
Monitoring	Logger	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		Active Alarm	Queries active alarms.
		Module(M1)	Queries the expansion module.
		About	Queries the version and communication information of the master SmartLogger.
	Inverter	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
	NOTE SUN2000 is displayed for	Active Alarm	Queries active alarms.
	V300R001C00.	Performance Data	Queries or exports performance data.
		Energy	Queries the energy yield.
		Running Param.	Sets running parameters.
		Tracking System	Sets tracking system parameters.
		Battery	Queries or sets battery parameters.
		Characteristic Curve	Sets the characteristic curve.
		About	Queries the version and communication information.

First-Level Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
	PCS	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		Active Alarm	Queries active alarms.
		Performance Data	Queries or exports performance data.
		Energy	Queries the energy yield.
		Running Param.	Sets running parameters.
		Characteristic Curve	Sets the characteristic curve.
		About	Queries the version information.
	СМИ	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		Active Alarm	Queries active alarms.
		Performance Data	Queries or exports performance data.
		Energy	Queries the energy yield.
		Running Param.	Sets running parameters.
		About	Queries the version information.
	ESU	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		Active Alarm	Queries active alarms.
		Running Param.	Sets running parameters.
		About	Queries the version information.
	ESC	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		Performance Data	Queries or exports performance data.
		Running Param.	Sets running parameters.
		About	Queries the version information.
	ESR	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		Performance Data	Queries or exports performance data.
		Energy	Queries the energy yield.

First-Level Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
		Running Param.	Sets running parameters.
		Optimizer status	Queries the working status of the battery pack optimizer.
	ESM	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		Running Param.	Sets running parameters.
		About	Queries the version information.
	HVAC	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		Running Param.	Sets running parameters.
		About	Queries the version information.
	TCU	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		Active Alarm	Queries active alarms.
		About	Queries the version information.
	MBUS	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		STA List	<ul> <li>Sets or synchronizes the baud rates of MBUS communication devices.</li> <li>Exports the STA list.</li> </ul>
		Networking Settings	<ul><li>Sets running parameters.</li><li>Manages the SN list.</li></ul>
		About	Queries the version and communication information.
	EMI	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		Performance Data	Queries or exports performance data.
		Running Param.	Sets running parameters.
		About	Queries communication information.
	Meter	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
	<b>NOTE</b> <b>Power Meter</b> is displayed for V300R001C00.	Performance Data	Queries or exports performance data.
		Running Param.	Sets the running parameters of the DL/T645 power meter.

Active AlarmQueries active alarms.AboutQueries communication informPIDRunning Info.Queries the running informationActive AlarmQueries active alarms.Performance DataQueries or exports performanceRunning Param.Sets running parameters.AboutQueries the version and communication information.STSTeleindicationQueries teleindication parameterTelecontrolSets telecontrol parameters.Performance Param.Queries teleindication parameterSTSTeleindicationQueries teleindication parameterTelecontrolSets telecontrol parameters.Performance DataQueries or exports performanceDataQueries teleindication parameters.TelecontrolSets telecontrol parameters.Performance DataQueries or exports performance	
PIDRunning Info.Queries the running informationActive AlarmQueries active alarms.Performance DataQueries or exports performanceRunning Param.Sets running parameters.AboutQueries the version and communication information.STSTeleindicationQueries teleindication parameterTelecontrolSets telecontrol parameters.PerformanceQueries telemetering parameterPerformanceQueries telemetering parameterPerformanceQueries telemetering parameterPerformanceQueries or exports performancePerformanceQueries or exports performance	
Active AlarmQueries active alarms.Performance DataQueries or exports performanceRunning Param.Sets running parameters.AboutQueries the version and communication information.STSTeleindicationQueries teleindication parameter TelemeteringQueries telemetering parameters.Performance Param.	ation.
Performance       Queries or exports performance         Data       Running         Param.       Sets running parameters.         About       Queries the version and communication information.         STS       Teleindication       Queries teleindication parameter         Telemetering       Queries telemetering parameter       Telecontrol         Sets telecontrol parameters.       Sets telecontrol parameters.         Performance       Queries or exports performance	n.
DataRunning Param.Sets running parameters.AboutQueries the version and communication information.STSTeleindicationQueries teleindication parameter TelemeteringTelecontrolSets telecontrol parameters.PerformanceQueries or exports performance	
Param.       Param.         About       Queries the version and communication information.         STS       Teleindication       Queries teleindication parameter         Telemetering       Queries telemetering parameter         Telecontrol       Sets telecontrol parameters.         Performance       Queries or exports performance	e data.
STS       Teleindication       Queries teleindication parameter         Telemetering       Queries telemetering parameter         Telecontrol       Sets telecontrol parameters.         Performance       Queries or exports performance	
Telemetering       Queries telemetering parameter         Telecontrol       Sets telecontrol parameters.         Performance       Queries or exports performance	
TelecontrolSets telecontrol parameters.PerformanceQueries or exports performance	ers.
Performance Queries or exports performance	rs.
	e data.
Running Sets running parameters. Param.	
About Queries communication inform	ation.
Custom Device, IEC103 Running Info. Queries the running informatio	n.
Device, and IEC104 Device Teleindication Queries teleindication parameter	ers.
Telemetering Queries telemetering paramete	rs.
Telecontrol Sets telecontrol parameters.	
Teleadjust Sets teleadjust parameters.	
QueryAlarm History-Queries historical alarms.	
Operation Log - Queries operation logs.	
Export Data-Exports historical alarms, energy operation logs, grid scheduling and xDR data (black box data), exports all data.	data,
Security Events - Queries security events.	
Settings User Param. Date&Time Sets the date and time.	
Plant Sets plant information.	
Revenue Sets the revenue parameters.	

First-Level Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
		Save Period	Sets the save period of performance data.
	Comm. Param.	Wireless Network	• Sets parameters for the built-in WLAN.
			<ul> <li>Sets mobile data (4G/3G/2G) parameters.</li> </ul>
		Wired Network	Sets wired network parameters.
		RS485	Sets RS485 parameters.
		Management System	Sets management system     parameters.
			Uploads a security certificate.
		Modbus TCP	Sets Modbus TCP parameters.
		IEC103	Sets IEC 103 parameters.
		IEC104	Sets IEC 104 parameters.
		FTP	Sets FTP parameters.
		Email	Sets email parameters.
		GOOSE	Sets GOOSE parameters.
		SPPC	Sets SPPC parameters.
		HTTPS	Sets the listening port.
	Power Adjustment	Active Power Control	Sets parameters for active power control.
		Reactive Power Control	Sets parameters for reactive power control.
		Shutdown at high feed-in power	Sets shutdown at high feed-in power.
		Export Limitation	Provides a wizard for export limitation. You can set parameters by following the wizard.
		Smart Reactive Power Compensation	Provides a wizard for smart reactive power compensation. You can set parameters by following the wizard.
		DRM	Sets DRM parameters.

First-Level Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
		Feed-in at limited current	Set parameters for feed-in at limited current.
	Microgrid Control	General Configuration	<ul><li>Sets microgrid configuration parameters.</li><li>Sets load switch parameters.</li></ul>
		Dispatch Control	Sets dispatch control parameters.
		Black Start	Performs black start.
	EMS Control	-	Sets the working mode of battery control.
	Battery Settings	Battery Settings	• Sets the working mode of battery control.
			<ul> <li>Set the power allocation parameter.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Sets automatic calibration parameters.</li> </ul>
			• Sets the array end-of-charge SOC and end-of-discharge SOC.
		Battery parameters	Enables or disables array parameter synchronization.
		Capacity Control	Sets peak shaving and power boost limit modes.
	Remote Shutdown	Dry Contact Remote Shutdown	Sets parameters for remote shutdown over dry contacts.
		NS Protection Remote Shutdown	Sets remote shutdown parameters for NS protection.
	DI	DI Port Configuration	Configures the DI port function.
		Startup Delay	Set the startup delay time.
	Alarm Output	-	Sets the mapping between inverter alarms and DO ports.
	Smart Tracking Algorithm	-	Sets the parameters related to the smart tracking algorithm.

First-Level Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
	Feature Parameters	-	<ul><li>Sets array MPPT parameters.</li><li>Sets the start time of the PCS insulation resistance detection.</li></ul>
	Other Parameters	Cooperate Mode Parameters	Sets the system type.

First-Level Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
Menu		Menu Other Parameters	<ul> <li>Enables or disables RS485 upgrade rate adaptation.</li> <li>Enables or disables data forwarding for unconnected devices.</li> <li>Sets the IEC 104 data push period.</li> <li>Enables or disables AI1 SPD alarm detection.</li> <li>Enables or disables STS overtemperature protection.</li> <li>Sets the reset control port of the external router.</li> <li>Enables or disables mobile</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Enables or disables mobile network sharing.</li> <li>Sets a third-party server.</li> <li>Sets target network.</li> <li>Enables or disables SSH.</li> <li>Sets collection interval of the built- in MBUS.</li> <li>Enables or disables no response from disconnected devices.</li> <li>Enables or disables local</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>a Enables of disables local maintenance through WAN port.</li> <li>Sets battery log printout interval.</li> <li>Enables or disables load tracking.</li> <li>Enables or disables battery export limitation.</li> <li>Sets maximum grid power during battery discharge.</li> <li>Sets adjustment deadband.</li> <li>Enables or disables DER-AVM access.</li> <li>Sets the system type.</li> <li>Enables or disables power</li> </ul>
Maintenance	Firmware Upgrade	-	<ul> <li>protection of the MCCB in the LV panel of the STS.</li> <li>Enables or disables mixed-flow fan control.</li> <li>Upgrades the firmware of the SmartLogger, inverter, MBUS, or PID.</li> </ul>
	Product Information	-	Queries product information.

First-Level Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
	Security Settings		<ul> <li>Changes the user password.</li> <li>Sets the automatic logout time.</li> <li>Uploads a WebUI security certificate.</li> <li>Updates the key.</li> <li>Sets the function of locking out a user upon login failures.</li> <li>Sets the certificate alarm time.</li> <li>Uploads a module security certificate.</li> <li>Enables or disables communication using an expired module certificate.</li> <li>Uploads a southbound device security certificate.</li> <li>Sets web TLS1.0, 1.1.</li> <li>Enables or disables intrusion detection.</li> <li>Starts or stops Modbus remote communication networking.</li> <li>Enables or disables anti-rollback.</li> </ul>
	System Maint.	-	<ul> <li>Resets the system.</li> <li>Restores factory settings.</li> <li>Clears data.</li> <li>Exports all configuration files.</li> <li>Imports all configuration files.</li> <li>Clears cache.</li> <li>Clears user data.</li> </ul>
	Device Log	-	Exports device logs.
	Onsite Test	Inspection	Starts the health check of inverters.
		Spot-check	Starts the spot-check of inverters.
		Alarm Test	Simulates or clears alarms of inverters.
	License Management	-	<ul> <li>Views the license information.</li> <li>Exports the license application file.</li> <li>Loads or revokes a license.</li> </ul>
	User Management	-	Add, modify, or delete a user.

First-Level Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
	Device Mgmt.	Connect Device	<ul><li>Adds or removes a device.</li><li>Imports or exports configurations.</li></ul>
		SmartModule	<ul><li> Removes the SmartModule.</li><li> Sets the authentication password.</li></ul>
		Device List	<ul> <li>Modifies device information.</li> <li>Imports or exports device information.</li> </ul>
		Export Param.	Exports device parameters.
		Clear Alarm	Clears device alarms.
		Data Re- collection	Re-collects historical performance data and energy yield of devices.
		Adjust total energy yield	Adjusts the total energy yield.
		Force Start	Sends a force start command to all devices in the array.
	Transparent Data Transmission	-	Uploads the file for transparent data transmission.
	Communication records	-	Starts or exports communication records.

### **NOTE**

The third-level menu varies with the device model and grid code. The displayed menu may vary.

# 6.2 Device Commissioning

## Prerequisites

- Device and cable installation has been checked according to the specifications and requirements of PV and energy storage plants.
- Devices in the PV and energy storage plants and SmartLogger are powered on.
- You have obtained the IP address of the SmartLogger as well as the user name and password used for logging in to the WebUI.

## Context

After installing or replacing a device or SmartLogger, you need to set device parameters and add the device.

# 6.2.1 Preparations and WebUI Login

## Prerequisites

- The operating system of Windows 7 or later is supported.
- Browser: Chrome 52, Firefox 113, or a later version is recommended.
- It is recommended that a maximum of two users log in to the WebUI at the same time.

## Procedure

- **Step 1** Connect the network cable between the network port of the PC and the WAN or LAN port of the SmartLogger. It is recommended that the PC be connected to the LAN port of the SmartLogger.
- **Step 2** Set the IP address for the PC on the same network segment as the SmartLogger IP address.

Connected Port	Item	SmartLogger Default Value	Example PC Setting
LAN port	IP address	192.168.8.10	192.168.8.11
	Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
	Default gateway	192.168.8.1	192.168.8.1
WAN port	IP address	192.168.0.10	192.168.0.11
	Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
	Default gateway	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.1

### 

- When the IP address of the WAN port is in the network segment from 192.168.8.1 to 192.168.8.255, set the default gateway to 192.168.8.1 and the IP address of the LAN port to 192.168.3.10. If the connected port is a LAN port, you need to adjust the network configuration of the PC.
- It is recommended that the PC be connected to the LAN port of the SmartLogger or the GE port of the SmartModule. When the PC is connected to the GE port of the SmartModule, adjust the network configuration of the PC to the configuration mode when the PC is connected to the LAN port of the SmartLogger.

**Step 3** Set LAN parameters.

### NOTICE

- If the SmartLogger is connected to a LAN and a proxy server has been configured, you need to cancel the proxy server configurations.
- If the SmartLogger is connected to the Internet and the PC is connected to the LAN, do not cancel the proxy server configurations.

- 1. Open Internet Explorer.
- 2. Choose **Tools** > **Internet Options**.
- 3. Click the Connections tab and then click LAN settings.
- 4. Clear Use a proxy server for your LAN.

#### Figure 6-6 LAN settings

Automatic configuration Automatic configuration may override manual settings. To ensure the use of manual settings, disable automatic configuration.		
Use autom	natic configuration <u>s</u> cript	
Proxy server		
	$\underline{x}y$ server for your LAN (These settings will not apply to VPN connections).	
Addr <u>e</u> ss:	Port: 80 Advanced	
	s proxy server for local addresses	

5. Click OK.

**Step 4** Log in to the SmartLogger WebUI.

1. In the address box of a browser, enter **https://XX.XX.XX.XX** (*XX.XX.XX.XX* is the IP address of the SmartLogger) and press **Enter**. The login page is displayed.

If you log in to the WebUI for the first time, a security risk warning is displayed. Click **Continue to this website** to log in to the WebUI.

#### **NOTE**

- It is recommended that users use their own certificates. If the certificate is not replaced, the security risk warning will be displayed during each login.
- After logging in to the WebUI, you can import a certificate under Maintenance > Security Settings > Network Security Certificate.
- The imported security certificate needs to be bound to the SmartLogger IP address.
   Otherwise, the security risk warning will still be displayed during login.
- If an error message "ERR\_INSUFFICIENT\_RESOURCES" is displayed for the browser during login, the browser resources are insufficient. Clear the cache and restart the browser.
- If an error message "ERR\_CONNECTION\_TIMED\_OUT" is displayed for the browser during login, perform the following troubleshooting operations:
  - Check whether the browser proxy is abnormal. If yes, set the browser proxy according to step 3.
  - Check whether the IP address of another device conflicts with that of the SmartLogger. If yes, assign a new IP address.

#### Figure 6-7 Security risk warning

8	There is a problem with this website's security certificate.				
	The security certificate presented by this website was not issued by a trusted certificate authority. The security certificate presented by this website was issued for a different website's address.				
	Security certificate problems may indicate an attempt to fool you or intercept any data you send to the server.				
	We recommend that you close this webpage and do not continue to this website.				
	Ø Click here to close this webpage.				
	S Continue to this website (not recommended).				

- 2. Select a desired language.
- 3. Select **User Name** and enter **Password** according to the following table, and then click **Log In**.

If	Then
On the login page, <b>User Name</b> is	<ol> <li>Enter the initial password Changeme in Password and click Log In.</li> </ol>
<b>admin</b> by default.	2. Change the initial password as prompted and use the <b>admin</b> user name and new password to log in again.
On the login page, <b>User Name</b> is empty by default.	Select <b>installer</b> in <b>User Name</b> , set the login password as prompted, and click <b>Log In</b> .

#### D NOTE

- Update the SmartLogger software as required.
- To ensure account security, protect the password by changing it periodically, and keep it secure. Your password might be stolen or cracked if it is left unchanged for extended periods. If you lose the password, the device must be restored to its factory settings. In these cases, the Company shall not be liable for any loss caused to the plant.
- You will be locked out for 10 minutes after five consecutive failed password attempts in 5 minutes.
- A dialog box with recent login information is displayed after login. Click **OK**.
- If the password of a non-administrator account is lost, you must reset the
  password using an administrator account. The administrator resets the password
  and enters the initial password. The non-administrator user logs in to the system
  using the initial password provided by the administrator. After the login, the user is
  forced to change the password.
- If the password of an administrator account is lost, hold down the RST button on the SmartLogger for 10–20s to enter the safe mode. After the SmartLogger enters the safe mode, the device parameter settings are retained. Personal privacy and sensitive data, including login passwords and email addresses, will be deleted. SmartLogger V300R023C00 and later versions support this function.
- 4. Choose **Monitoring** > **Logger(Local)** > **About** to view the SmartLogger software version and check whether software upgrade is needed.

5. (Optional) To upgrade the SmartLogger software version, contact the Company's engineers to obtain the upgrade package and guide and complete the upgrade accordingly.

#### **NOTE**

- After the software upgrade is complete, the SmartLogger automatically restarts. Log in to the SmartLogger WebUI again 3 minutes later.
- If the SmartLogger is upgraded from V300R001C00 to V800R021C00, the original administrator admin becomes an advanced user, and the login password remains unchanged. If administrator rights are required, log in to the SmartLogger as installer. The password is the same as that for logging in to the mobile app. If the SmartLogger is upgraded from V800R021C00 to V300R023C00, the login passwords of the advanced user admin and administrator installer remain unchanged.
- If the SmartLogger is upgraded from V300R001C00 to V300R023C00, the original administrator admin becomes an advanced user, and the login password remains unchanged. If administrator rights are required, log in to the SmartLogger as installer and set the login password as prompted.

----End

#### **Follow-up Procedure**

If any page is blank or a menu cannot be accessed after you log in to the WebUI, clear the cache, refresh the page, or log in again.

# 6.2.2 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V300R001C00)

#### Context

The deployment wizard allows you to set basic SmartLogger parameters, connect Huawei devices, power meters, and EMIs, configure Huawei NMS and third-party NMS, and implement interworking with third-party devices.

After the SmartModule communicates with the SmartLogger properly, the SmartLogger automatically identifies the SmartModule. The device name of the SmartModule is **Module(M1)**, and the corresponding port is **M1. port**.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Log in as user admin to access the deployment wizard page.
- **Step 2** Set parameters as prompted. For details, click **Help** on the page.

#### 

During parameter setting, click **Previous**, **Next**, or **Skip** as required.

#### Figure 6-8 Deployment wizard

Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring	Query Settings Maintenance	English	
Deployment Wizard Basic parameters	Deployment Wizard	3 4	- 5 - 6	- 7
Huawei Devices Power Meter EMI	Country/Region Local time zone	CN(China, People's Rev (JTC+08:00)Bejing	2 7 Help	e Help
Huawei NMS	- Date	(YYYY-MM-DD)		
Third-party NMS	Time	(HH:MM:SS)		
Third-party Devices	Clock source	Management System 🔽		
	Synchronization server	NA		
	Latest synchronization time			
				Next Skip

IL03J00003

Step 3 After setting parameters, click Finish.

----End

# 6.2.3 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V800R021C10)

#### Context

The deployment wizard allows you to set basic SmartLogger parameters, connect Huawei devices, power meters, and EMIs, configure Smart PCS, Huawei NMS, and third-party NMS, and implement interworking with third-party devices.

After the SmartModule communicates with the SmartLogger properly, the SmartLogger automatically identifies the SmartModule. The device name of the SmartModule is **Module(M1)**, and the corresponding port is **M1. port**.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the WebUI and access the deployment wizard page.
- Step 2 Set corresponding parameters as prompted. For details, see Help on the page.

**NOTE** 

During parameter setting, click **Previous**, **Next**, or **Skip** as required.

1. Set basic parameters.

#### Figure 6-9 Setting basic parameters

~ (() E)	English			e)	Maintenanc	Query Settin	Monitoring	Overview	Deployment Wizard		Enspire
		9		7	6			3	2	zard 🚺	Deployment Wizard
		Configuration Completed	Third-party Devices	Third-party NMS	Huawei NMS	Battery Contr	EMI	Power Meter	meters Huawei Devices	Basic Paran	Basic Parameters
										s	Huawei Devices
😮 Help									Time	▼ Date&	Power Meter
					People's Rej 🛩	y/Region CN(Ch	Count				EMI
					00) Beijing 💙	ime zone (UTC+	1			1	Battery Control
				YYY-MM-DD)	01	Date					Huawei NMS
				H:MM:SS)	(HI	Time				4S	Third-party NMS
					nent System 👻	k source Mana	Clo			vices	Third-party Devices
						on server NA	Synchronizat				Configuration Comple
						tion time	atest synchroniza	L		completed	comgaration comple
į						tion time	atest synchroniza	L		complexed	computer compe

2. After Huawei devices are connected, click **Search for Device** to check the cable connections and allocate addresses.

Deployment Wizard	0-		2	3	4	5	6					
	Basic paramet	ters Huav	vei Devices	Power Meter	EMI	Battery control	Huawei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Huawei Devices									Devices	completed		
			Nu	umber of PCS/Inve	erters: 2				Numbe	r of SmartESSs: 1		
												0 11 2
		No.	Device			port	Comm Address 🗢	SN 0			Device status	
		1	PCS			LAN						
		2	PCS(Ne	et.8.130)		LAN						
		3				LAN					•	
						Cable connection of	etection status					
	1											
							31% Cable connection of					
							Exit					

#### Figure 6-10 Searching for devices

#### **NOTE**

- During the process of **Search for Device**, do not perform upgrade operations (such as upgrading through the app, management system, or WebUI).
- When you click Search for Device, cable connections (DC and AC) will be checked before device search (not applicable to third-party devices), and device addresses will be automatically allocated.
- After the cable connection check and device search are complete, if a cable

connection alarm is generated, you can click the alarm icon 4 to view the corresponding alarm information.

- If an alarm is generated when the cable connection check fails, click the alarm icon

to view the alarm cause and handling suggestions. After the fault is rectified, check the cable connections again.

- After the cable connection check and device search are complete, click to view the corresponding topology information.
- After a device is added or deleted, you need to click **Search for Device** again in **Deployment Wizard**. Otherwise, the system topology will not be updated.
- 3. Connect to power meters.

Enspire	Durthe	yment Wizard	Over View M	onitoring Que	ry Settings	Maintenar				English	~ (@E
Deployment Wizard	Серію		Over view M	4	5	6	(7)	8			13 13 0
Basic parameters	Basic parameters	Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI E	lattery control	Huawei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Huawei Devices											
Power Meter	Modbus RTU										😮 Help
EMI				Po	cOM1	*					
Battery control				Protoc	ol Modbus	~					
Huawei NMS				Baud ra		~					
Third-party NMS				Pari		~					
Third-party Devices				Stop I		*					
Configuration Completed				Addre	ss 1	p.	247]				
					Add Device	es					
	Power Meter	Running Paramete	rs								
				Devi	ce Meter(COI	v11-1) 👻					
			Intellig	gent Power Meter Ty	Janitza-UN	1G604 ¥					
				Voltage change rat	io <sup>*</sup> 1.0	(0.	1, 65535.0]				
				Current change rat	io <sup>*</sup> 1.0	[0. <sup>-</sup>	(, 65535.0]				
				Meter usa	ge Export+im	iport meter 🛩					
					Submit						
	Power Meter	Running Informat	ion								
	Meter(COM1-1)	¥ 📋	Signal Name				Value			Unit	
			Device status				NA				
			Meter usage				NA				
			Line voltage bet	ween phases A and B			NA			v	
			Line voltage bet	ween phases B and C			NA			V	
			Line voltage bet	ween phases C and A			NA			v	

Figure 6-11 Setting power meter parameters

4. Connect to EMIs.

#### Figure 6-12 Setting EMI parameters

Ensorre									English	~ (0 B
Enspire	Deployment Wizard	Over View Monitoring	Query	Settings	Maintenar	nce				<u>A13</u> 🛄 3 🔮 0
Deployment Wizard	0 0	-0-0-		5				9		
Basic parameters	Basic parameters Huawei Devices	Power Meter EMI	Batter	y control	Huawei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Huawei Devices										
Power Meter	Modbus RTU									😮 Help
EMI			Port	COM1	*					
Battery control			Baud rate	9600	~					
Huawei NMS				None	~					
Third-party NMS			Stop Bit	1	~					
Third-party Devices			EMI model	Kipp&Zon	en SMPx 💌					
Configuration Completed			Address	1	]1	, 247]				
				Add Devic	es					
	<ul> <li>EMI Running Information</li> </ul>									
	Device	Signal Name				Value				Unit
									Previous	Next Skip

5. Set the battery working mode for battery control.

#### Figure 6-13 Working modes

Enspire	Deployment Wizard	Over View	Ionitoring Query	Settings Mainte				English	- @E
Deployment Wizard	1 2	Over View N	d Query	-Settings Mainte	7	8			<u>A13 13 00</u>
Basic parameters	Basic parameters Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI Batte	ry control Huawei N	MS Third-party NN	1S Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		🕑 Help
Huawei Devices									
Power Meter	Battery control								
	Battery control								
Battery control			Working Mode	Maximum self-use		-			
Huawei NMS			(null)	No control Maximum self-use		(0, 1000) W			
Third-party NMS			(null)	Time Of Use		[0, 100] W			
Third-party Devices			(null)	Dispatching charge an	d discharge				
Configuration Completed								Previous	Next Skip

6. Connect to the Huawei NMS.

#### Figure 6-14 Huawei NMS

Enspire	Deployment Wizard	Over View N	onitoring Query	Settings Maintenan	ice			English	× (0 E)
Deployment Wizard	0 0	-6	-0	6 0		8	9		
Basic parameters	Basic parameters Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI Batte	ry control Huawei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Huawei Devices									
Power Meter	<ul> <li>Management System</li> </ul>								😮 Help
EMI			Server	intl.fusionsolar.huawei.com					
Battery control			Port	27250		, 65535]			
Huawei NMS			Address mode	Logical address	~				
Third-party NMS			TLS encryption	Enable	~				
Third-party Devices			(null)	TLS 1.2 or later	~				
Configuration Completed			allenge authentication	Enable	~				
			NMS connection status	Domain name resolution fail	ed				
	•		4G module status	Card absent					
	2		Ethernet state	The DNS server cannot be o	onnected.				
			1	Submit					
									😸 More

7. Connect to a third-party NMS, select **IEC104**.

#### Figure 6-15 Third-party NMS

Enspire									English	~ (0 <b>e</b> )
Enspire	Deployment Wizard	Over View N	lonitoring	Query Settings	Maintenanc	e				<u>A 13</u> 🔝 3 😲 0
Deployment Wizard	0 0				6	-0		9		
Basic parameters	Basic parameters Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI	Battery control	Huawei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Huawei Devices										
Power Meter	Select the connection mode of the	third-party NMS								🕑 Help
EMI				Modbus TCP	Modbus RTU	IEC104				
Battery control										
Huawei NMS									Previous	Next Skip

8. Connect to third-party devices.

## Figure 6-16 Third-party devices

eployment Wizard	0-				-6		7		9		
Basic parameters	Basic paramete	rs Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI E	Battery control	Huawei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Huawei Devices								bernees	compreteu		
Power Meter	The SmartLogg	jer works in master	mode and connec	ts to third-party d	evices via Modi	ous RTU protoc	col.				😧 Hel
EMI											
Battery control	<ul> <li>Configurat</li> </ul>	ion Import/Export									
Huawei NMS					Import Co	nfig. Export	Config				
Third-party NMS	Modbus R										
Third-party Devices	Modbus R	10			ort COM1	~					
Configuration Completed				Proto		- -					
				Baud		•					
					rity None	~					
				Stop		~					
				Device T	ype Custom D	evice1 🗸					
				Addr	ess 1	1	, 247]				
	• Device Mg	mt.									
		. Device		port	Comm Address	Logica	il addr.	SN		Device status	
		. Device		port	Comm Address	Logica	ii addr.	514		Device status	
					Add Devic	es Remove	Devices				

9. Complete the configuration.

Enspire		Deployment Wizard	Over View N	Ionitoring Query	Settings Mai	ntenance	e)		English	~ (@)
Deployment Wizard	0-	-0-	-0	-0	-0	<u> </u>	- 7 - 8 -	9		
Basic parameters	Basic param	eters Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI Bat	tery control Huawe	i NMS	Third-party NMS Third-part Devices			
Huawei Devices								completed		
Power Meter	▼ Networ	king Configuration Details								
EMI				P.	IMS connection status	Domain r	name resolution failed			
Battery control				MO	DBUS TCP Link setting	Disable				
Huawei NMS					IEC104 Link setting	Disable				
Third-party NMS										
Third-party Devices	▼ Conne	ct Device								
Configuration Completed	Number of F	CS/Inverters:2	Num	ber of SmartESSs:1		Number o	of Meters:1			
4	No.	Device ©		Port	Comm Address	•	SN 0		Device statu	15 ÷
	1	Meter(COM1-1)		COM1					Θ	
	2	PCS		LAN					•	
	3	PCS(Net.8.130)		LAN					•	
	4			LAN					•	

Figure 6-17 Completing the configuration

----End

# 6.2.4 Commissioning Using Deployment Wizard (V300R023 and Later Versions)

#### Context

The deployment wizard allows you to set basic SmartLogger parameters, connect devices, power meters, and EMIs, configure battery control, management system, and third-party management system, third-party devices, and microgrid parameters.

After the SmartModule communicates with the SmartLogger properly, the SmartLogger automatically identifies the SmartModule. The device name of the SmartModule is **Module(M1)**, and the corresponding port is **M1.port**.

## Procedure

#### **NOTE**

- Microgrid is displayed only when the SmartLogger model is SmartLogger3000.
- During parameter setting, click **Previous**, **Next**, or **Skip** as required. For details, see **Help** on the page.

**Step 1** Click **Deployment Wizard** and set basic parameters.

• Set basic parameters.

										English	~ (OE
	Deploy	ment Wizard	Overview M	onitoring Qu	ery Setting	s Maintenance					A 28 🛄 1 🔋
Deployment Wizard	0	2				6	7				
Basic parameters	Basic parameters	Connect Device	Power Meter	EMI	Battery Settings	Management System	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Power Meter	▼ Date&Time										😮 He
EMI				Country/R	egion CN(Chir	na, People's Rep 🛩					
Battery Settings				Time		8:00) Beijing 👻					
Management System					Date 2024-09		YY-MM-DD)				
Third-party NMS					Time 10:15:		H:MM:SS)				
Third-party Devices				Clock s		ement System 👻					
Configuration Completed				Synchronization s		1.253 -18 22:49:15					

Figure 6-18 Setting basic parameters

• Select a communication mode based on the site requirements.

**Step 2** Connect devices.

- Set the startup authorization code of the ESS. Enter the startup authorization code and click is to complete the startup authorization for the ESS. Otherwise, the ESS cannot be started. Contact the device vendor or its authorized supervision service provider to apply for a startup authorization code through the Power Partner app. This function is supported in SmartLogger V300R024C00 and later versions, which shall be matched with the version of the ESS software.
  - C&I scenario: LUNA2000B V100R023C00SPC120 and later versions.
  - Utility-scale scenario: LUNA2000C V100R023C00SPC120 and later versions.
- Click Search for Device to search for devices.

										English	
	Deplo	yment Wizard	Overview M	onitoring Qu	ery Settings	Maintenance	)			4 <u>9.1</u>	<u> </u>
Deployment Wizard	0	-0-			- 5	6			9	10	
Basic parameters	Basic parameters	Connect Device	Power Meter	EMI	Battery Settings	Management System	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Microgrid	Configuration Completed	
Connect Device						-,					
Power Meter	<ul> <li>MBUS Config</li> </ul>	uration									😮 Help
EMI				MBUS-inside Tr	rustlist 选择文件	未选择任何文件		Upl	load SN List		
Battery Settings						Submit					
Management System						Number of ESSs: 1					
Third-party NMS						rumber of 2555. 1					) 🛍 🗹 💩
Third-party Devices	🗌 No. Devi	ce	Port Comm A	ddress SN	Startup	authorization verif	ication code Star	up authorization co	ode Startup autho	orization status D	levice status
Microgrid	0 1 ES	S(Net.17.12)	LAN	192.168.17.12	IBCUV2117018	3			Unauthorize	ed 🛛 🔍	*
Configuration Completed											
	,										
	4										
						Search for Device					
										Previous	Next Skip
Time 2024-09-19 15:53	Grid dispatch P: P	C. 1 000 Al and	ntrol : Disabled					Convictor	t © Huawei Technolo		
Time 2024-09-19 15:53	Grid dispatch P : P	F: 1.000 Al cor	ntrol : Uisabled					Copyright	t 🙄 Huawéi Technolo	ogies Co., Ltd. 2024.	All rights reserved.

Figure 6-19 Searching for devices

#### **NOTE**

- During the process of **Search for Device**, do not perform upgrade operations (such as upgrading through the app, management system, or WebUI).
- When you click Search for Device, cable connections will be checked before device search (not applicable to third-party devices), and device addresses will be automatically allocated. For the LUNA2000-4472-2S, device search and cable connection check are performed separately. Click Search for Device to start device search (not applicable to third-party devices) and address allocation. After the device search is complete, click Wiring inspection to check cable connections.
- After the cable connection check is complete, if a cable connection alarm is

generated, you can click the alarm icon 🗥 to view the corresponding alarm information.

- If an alarm is generated when the cable connection check fails, click the alarm icon

to view the alarm cause and handling suggestions. After the fault is rectified, check the cable connections again.

- If the cable connection check is complete and Are you sure you want to continue searching for devices? is displayed, the cable connection check is successful. If you click Yes and Failed to allocate the address. Try again. is displayed:
  - In the ESS-only scenario, click OK and go to the next step. You do not need to perform Search for Device.
  - In the PV-only or PV+ESS scenario, wait for 1 minute, choose Maintenance > Device Mgmt. > Connect Device, and click Auto Assign Address to allocate communication addresses again. You do not need perform Search for Device again.
- After the cable connection check and device search are complete, click to view the corresponding topology information.
- After a device is added or deleted, you need to click **Search for Device** again in **Deployment Wizard**. Otherwise, the system topology will not be updated.
- Set parameters such as Grid Code and Working mode.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Scenario under Arrays Operation Scenario	<ul> <li>In the on-grid scenario, set this parameter to <b>On-grid</b>.</li> </ul>	-
	<ul> <li>In the off-grid scenario, set this parameter to Off-grid.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>In the on/off-grid switching scenario, set this parameter to <b>On/Off-grid</b>.</li> </ul>	

Table 6-2 Setting	array	parameters
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Parameter	Description	Remarks
Standby mode under The subarray hot standby mode <sup>[1]</sup>	<ul> <li>When there is no scheduling, the Smart PCS enters the hot standby mode based on the battery status to reduce system loss.</li> <li>Zero-power operation: no hot standby</li> <li>Seam hot standby: After the Smart PCS enters the hot standby mode, the relay on the AC side will be disconnected.</li> <li>Seamless hot standby: After the Smart PCS enters the hot standby mode, the relay on the AC side will be disconnected.</li> <li>Seamless hot standby: After the Smart PCS enters the hot standby mode, the relay on the AC side will not be disconnected. The reactive power of the ports needs to be supplemented.</li> </ul>	Set this parameter based on site requirements in SmartLogger V300R023C10 and later versions.
Insulation resistance detection <sup>[1]</sup> under Periodic insulation resistance test	Specifies whether to enable insulation resistance detection.	-
Detection start time <sup>[1]</sup> under Periodic insulation resistance test	Specifies the start time for the insulation resistance detection function.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Periodic insulation</b> <b>resistance test</b> is set
Detection interval <sup>[1]</sup> under Periodic insulation resistance test	Specifies the insulation resistance detection interval.	to <b>Enable</b> .
[1]: This parameter is displ	ayed in utility-scale scenarios.	

Parameter	Description
Grid code	Set this parameter based on the grid code of the country or region where the device is used.
Working mode	Set the working mode of the inverter based on the actual scenario.
Microgrid compatibility	<ul> <li>The default value is Disable. The recommended settings are as follows:</li> <li>If Working mode is set to VSG for the inverter or Scenario is set to On-grid, set this parameter to Disable.</li> <li>If Working mode is set to PQ for the inverter and the inverter works in a microgrid that uses a diesel generator or other voltage sources, set this parameter to Enable.</li> </ul>

## Table 6-4 Setting ESS parameters

Parameter	Description	Remarks		
Grid code	Set the grid code of the country or region where the devices are used.	-		
Working mode	<ul> <li>If Scenario is set to On-grid, set this parameter to PQ or VSG.</li> </ul>	-		
	<ul> <li>If Scenario is set to Off-grid, set this parameter to VSG.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>If Scenario is set to On/Off-grid, set this parameter to PQ or VSG.</li> </ul>			
Microgrid compatibility	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . The recommended settings are as follows:	-		
	<ul> <li>If Working mode is set to VSG for the PCS or Scenario is set to On-grid, set this parameter to Disable.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>If Working mode is set to PQ for the PCS and the PCS works in a microgrid that uses a diesel generator or other voltage sources, set this parameter to Enable.</li> </ul>			
Auto switching between working	This parameter is applicable only in on- grid or on/off-grid mode.	-		
modes	<ul> <li>Disable: On/Off-grid switching cannot be performed automatically.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Enable: On/Off-grid switching can be performed automatically and the PCS does not need to be shut down before the switching.</li> </ul>			
Charge/discharge rate under Power Baseline <sup>[1]</sup>	Set <b>Charge/discharge rate</b> . Other parameters under <b>Power Baseline</b> will be automatically generated.	-		
Active power baseline (kW) <sup>[1]</sup> under Power Baseline	Set the lower limit of the maximum apparent power, which is also used as the baseline for active power scheduling.	Active power baseline shall be smaller than Apparent power baseline.		
Apparent power baseline (kVA) <sup>[1]</sup> under Power Baseline	Set the upper limit of the maximum active power, which is also used as the baseline for reactive power scheduling.	-		
Maximum Overload Active Power (kW) <sup>[1]</sup> under Power Baseline	Specifies the maximum overload active power for grid forming.	Set this parameter based on site requirements in SmartLogger V300R024C10 and later versions.		

Parameter	Description	Remarks		
Maximum Overload Apparent Power (kVA) <sup>[1]</sup> under Power Baseline	Specifies the maximum overload apparent power for grid forming.			
Rated power reference <sup>[1]</sup> under Power Baseline	Set the rated capacity of the device.	-		
[1]: This parameter is displayed in utility-scale scenarios.				

#### NOTICE

For PCSs on the same DC bus, ensure that the settings of **Working mode** and **Microgrid compatibility** under **Basic parameters** are the same.

• Load a license.

For details about how to load a license, see **7.4.6 License Management**.

#### **Step 3** Connect to power meters.

Figure 6-20 Setting meter parameters

	_									English	v 🕡
	Deploy	ment Wizard	Overview Mo	onitoring Query	Settings	Maintenance	)			and Q	<u>A</u> 28 <u>1</u> 1 (
Deployment Wizard	0	-0-			- 5	6			9		
Basic parameters	Basic	Connect Device	Power Meter	EMI	Battery Settings	Management System	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Connect Device							11110				
Power Meter	Modbus RTU										😮 Helj
EMI				Port	COM1	*					
Battery Settings				Protocol	Modbus	~					
Management System				Baud rate		~					
Third-party NMS				Parity		~					
Third-party Devices	h			Stop Bit		•					
Configuration Completed				Address	1	[1, 247	]				
					Add Devic	es					
	• Power Meter F	tunning Informa	ition								
	Device		Signal Name				Value			Uni	t
										Previous	Next SI
								Copyrig			

#### **Step 4** Connect to EMIs.

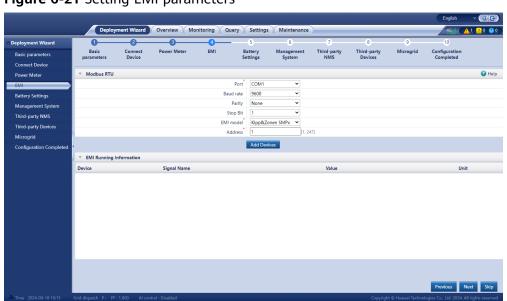


Figure 6-21 Setting EMI parameters

- **Step 5** Configure battery settings. This step is required only for the energy storage scenarios.
  - Set the battery control working mode.

#### Figure 6-22 Working mode

Deployment Wizard	0	-0			-6		7				
Basic parameters	Basic parameters	Connect Device	Power Meter	EMI	Battery Settings	Management System	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Microgrid	Configuration Completed	
Connect Device	parameters	Device			Settings	System	ININIS	Devices		Completed	
Power Meter	Battery Settings										
EMI	Battery Settings										
Battery Settings				Working mod	le No contre	ol	~	0			
Management System	Power distribution										
Third-party NMS		s	ubarray SOC fast equ	alization start difference	e 5		)	3, 10] %			
Third-party Devices	Automatic calibrati	on									
Microgrid			Au	itomatic SOC calibratic	n Enable		~	0			
Configuration Completed			Au	tomatic SOH calibratic	n Disable		•	0			
			Automatic	SOC calibration interv	al 5		)	1, 180] day			
	Subarray cut-off SC	с									
			4	Array end-of-charge SC			)	90, 100] %			
			Arra	iy end-of-discharge SO	C 5		)	0, 15] %			
	PCS insulation resis	tance detectio	'n								
				Detection start tim	e 00:00	(HH	:MM)				
	INV/PCS commit	inication exce	ption protection								
				unication disconnectio	n Disable	• <b>0</b>					
					Bat	ch configurations					

#### Table 6-5 Battery control working modes

Working Mode	Mode Description
No control	The SmartLogger directly delivers the external scheduling power limit. No other power scheduling control is performed. The power is automatically controlled by the device.

Working Mode	Mode Description
Maximum self-consumption	<ul> <li>This mode applies to areas where the electricity price is high, or areas where the FIT subsidy is low or unavailable. The PV +ESS system generates sufficient PV power for loads and uses the surplus PV power to charge the ESS (if the PV power is insufficient for loads, the TOU mode is recommended).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PV power is preferentially supplied to loads, and the surplus power is used to charge the ESS. If the ESS is fully charged or is being charged at full power, the surplus power is fed to the grid. When PV power is insufficient or no PV power can be generated at night, the ESS discharges power to loads. This improves the self-consumption rate and energy self-sufficiency rate, and reduces electricity costs. The grid cannot charge the ESS but can supply power to loads.</li> <li>The SmartLogger performs ESS scheduling based on the</li> </ul>
	external scheduling power limit and the preceding policies.
Fully fed to grid	<ul> <li>This parameter applies only to distributed scenarios.</li> <li>This mode maximizes the PV energy fed to the grid. When the PV output power in the daytime is greater than the maximum output capacity of the inverter, the surplus PV power is used to charge the ESS. When the PV output power is less than the maximum output capacity of the inverter, the ESS discharges energy to the inverter to maximize the energy fed from the inverter to the grid. The grid cannot charge the ESS.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The SmartLogger directly delivers the external scheduling power limit.</li> </ul>
	<b>NOTE</b> <b>Fully fed to grid</b> is displayed only in distributed energy storage scenarios.

Working Mode	Mode Description
ΤΟυ	<ul> <li>It is applicable to the PV+ESS system and ESS-only system where peak to valley electricity prices are different and power meters are available.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>You can manually set the charge and discharge time segments. For example, if you set the low electricity price period at night as the charge time, the system charges the batteries at the maximum power during the charge time. If you set the high electricity price period as the discharge time, batteries can discharge only during the discharge time based on the actual load power, reducing electricity costs.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Click Add to set the charge and discharge time segments. A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. During the charge time, the grid can charge the batteries. During the discharge time, the batteries can supply power to the loads. In other time segments, the batteries do not discharge. The PV system and grid supply power to loads, and the PV system can charge the batteries.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In some countries, the grid is not allowed to charge batteries.</li> <li>In such case, this mode cannot be used.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The SmartLogger performs ESS scheduling based on the external scheduling power limit and the preceding policies.</li> </ul>
TOU (fixed power) <sup>[1]</sup>	<ul> <li>This mode applies to the ESS-only system where electricity prices at peak and off-peak hours are different and power meters are unavailable.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>You can manually set the charge and discharge time segments. For example, if you set the low electricity price period at night as the charge time, the system charges the batteries at the fixed power during the charge time. If you set the high electricity price period as the discharge time, batteries can discharge only during the discharge time at the fixed power, reducing electricity costs.</li> </ul>
	- Click <b>Add</b> to set the charge and discharge time segments. A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. During the charge time, the grid can charge the batteries. During the discharge time, the batteries can supply power to the loads. In other time segments, the batteries do not discharge and are not charged.
	<ul> <li>In some countries, the grid is not allowed to charge batteries.</li> <li>In such case, this mode cannot be used.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The SmartLogger performs ESS scheduling based on the external scheduling power limit and the preceding policies.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Limited feed-in and TOU fixed power control cannot be used at the same time.</li> </ul>

Working Mode	Mode Description
Charge/Discharge based on grid dispatch	<ul> <li>This mode applies to scenarios where the northbound controller delivers active power scheduling commands. To use this function, set Active power control mode to Remote communication scheduling.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The purpose of scheduled discharge is to meet the active power scheduling target value at the grid access point. PV energy is preferred. If the generated PV energy is insufficient, the batteries discharge and the energy is fed to the grid based on the active power scheduling target value. If the generated PV energy is sufficient, the energy is fed to the grid based on the active power scheduling target value, and the surplus PV energy is used to charge the batteries.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The purpose of scheduled charge is to meet the active power scheduling target value at the grid access point. If the battery charge power is insufficient or the Smart PCS limits the power, the grid charges the batteries with the maximum capability. If the batteries are not fully charged when the scheduling target value is met, the PV power is used to charge the batteries.</li> </ul>
Custom <sup>[2]</sup>	<ul> <li>This mode applies to utility-scale plant (with ESSs) scheduling scenarios. Customers can control the battery discharge power.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Non-discharge period: The batteries cannot discharge and can be charged based on the scheduling command.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Discharge period: If Adaptive discharge power is enabled, the control logic is the same as that for scheduled charge and discharge. The battery charge and discharge power is determined by the upper-layer scheduling command. If</li> <li>Adaptive discharge power is disabled, the battery discharge power is fixed to the reference value set by the customer. In this case, the upper-layer scheduling command controls only the PV inverters but not the batteries.</li> </ul>
Note [1]: You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC150 and later versions. Note [2]: You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC120 and later versions.	

Table 6-6 Running parameters in each bat	ttery control working mode
--	----------------------------

Working Mode	Parameter	Description
Maximum self- consumption	Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge	Set the grid power threshold at the grid connection point for loads when the load power is greater than the PV power.

Working Mode	Parameter	Description
	Adjustment deadband	Set the precision of the grid power at the grid connection point. This parameter affects the power value range at the grid connection point. If the actual grid power threshold at the grid connection point is within this range, i.e. [Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge – Adjustment deadband, Maximum grid power during battery discharge + Adjustment deadband], the grid power requirement at the grid connection point is met.
ΤΟυ	Preferred use of surplus PV power	<ul> <li>Charge: When the PV power is greater than the load power, the surplus PV energy is used to charge the batteries. After the maximum charge power is reached or the batteries are fully charged, the surplus PV energy is fed to the grid.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Fed to grid: When the PV power is greater than the load power, the surplus PV energy is preferentially fed to the grid. When the maximum output power of the device is reached, the surplus energy is used to charge the batteries. This setting is applicable to the scenario where the FIT is higher than the electricity price. The grid cannot charge the batteries.</li> </ul>
	Maximum power for charging batteries from grid	Set the maximum power at which the grid charges the batteries.
	Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge	Set the grid power threshold at the grid connection point for loads when the load power is greater than the PV power.
	Adjustment deadband	Set the precision of the grid power at the grid connection point. This parameter affects the power value range at the grid connection point. If the actual grid power threshold at the grid connection point is within this range, i.e. [Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge – Adjustment deadband, Maximum grid power during battery discharge + Adjustment deadband], the grid power requirement at the grid connection point is met.
	Start time	Set the start time and end time of charge and discharge.
	End time	A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. You can set a cycle by week by clicking the buttons corresponding to
	Charge/Discharge	<b>Mon.</b> through <b>Sun.</b> in the <b>Repeat</b> box. The buttons are blue by default, indicating being selected. After you click
	Repeat	it, the button turns gray.

Working Mode	Parameter	Description
TOU (fixed power)	Start time	Set the start time, end time, and power of charge and
	End time	discharge. A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. You can set a cycle by week by clicking the buttons
	Charge/Discharge	corresponding to <b>Mon.</b> through <b>Sun.</b> in the <b>Repeat</b> box. The buttons are blue by default, indicating being
	Charge/Discharge power (kW)	selected. After you click it, the button turns gray.
	Repeat	
Charge/ Discharge based on grid dispatch	Array end-of- charge/discharge SOC derating	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required. After this parameter is enabled, the SmartLogger will be derated according to a certain slope to prevent sudden power changes of arrays at the cut-off SOC point.
Control charge/ discharge time window	discharge time	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required. You can set the time segment for charge forbidden, discharge forbidden, charge, and discharge only after the control charge/discharge time window is enabled.
	Start time	Set the start time, end time, and power of charge
	End time	forbidden, discharge forbidden, charge, and discharge. A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. You can set a
	Charge/Discharge	cycle by week by clicking the buttons corresponding to <b>Mon.</b> through <b>Sun.</b> in the <b>Repeat</b> box. The buttons are blue by default, indicating being selected. After you click it, the button turns gray.
	Charge/Discharge power (kW)	
	Repeat	
Custom	ESS discharge start time	Set the start time of battery discharge. During the period from the start time to the end time, the batteries can be charged and can discharge. Beyond the period, the batteries cannot discharge and can only be charged.
time Adar	ESS discharge end time	Set the end time of battery discharge. During the period from the start time to the end time, the batteries can be charged and can discharge. Beyond the period, the batteries cannot discharge and can only be charged.
	Adaptive discharge power	<ul> <li>Enable: PV power supply is preferred. If the PV power is insufficient, the batteries supply power to loads; if the PV power is sufficient, the system outputs at the target value and the surplus PV power is used to charge the batteries.</li> <li>Disable: Batteries discharge based on the discharge</li> </ul>
		power set on the GUI.
	Reference discharge power	Set the battery discharge power during the discharge period.

# • Set the power allocation parameter. You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C10SPC550 and later versions.

Parameter	Description
Difference threshold for starting array SOC rapid equilibrium	The default value is <b>5%</b> . The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required. When the SOC difference between racks in the array is greater than the value of <b>Difference threshold for starting array SOC rapid equilibrium</b> , the rapid equilibrium algorithm is enabled.

• Set the scheduling mode. The scheduling mode applies only to the C&I scenario and is displayed when the C&I ESS is connected. You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C10SPC550 and later versions.

Parameter	Description
Scheduling Mode	The default value is <b>Maximize energy</b> .
	<ul> <li>Maximize energy. If ESSs with different rates are used together in C&amp;I scenarios, the power is allocated based on the minimum rate.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Maximize power. If ESSs with different rates are used together in C&amp;I scenarios, the power is allocated based on the maximum power.</li> </ul>

#### • Set the automatic calibration functions.

Parameter	Description
Automatic SOC calibration	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable, automatic charge and discharge calibration is allowed for battery racks. The ESS periodically calibrates the SOC rack by rack. During the calibration, the end-of-charge SOC and end- of-discharge SOC settings will be overridden so that the ESS can be fully charged or discharged.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b>, automatic charge and discharge calibration is not allowed for battery racks.</li> </ul>

Parameter	Description
Automatic SOC calibration interval <sup>[1]</sup>	Set the automatic SOC calibration interval. This parameter is displayed when <b>Automatic SOC</b> calibration is set to <b>Enable</b> .
	If the battery SOC stays in the range of 10% to 90% most of the time, for example, in the microgrid scenario, the recommended online calibration interval is less than or equal to 30 days.
	If the battery SOC stays in the range of 40% to 60% most of the time, for example, in the frequency regulation scenario, the recommended online calibration interval is less than or equal to 180 days.
	If the battery SOC stays below 10% or at 100% most of the time, for example, in the peak shaving scenario, the recommended online calibration interval is less than or equal to 180 days.
Automatic SOH calibration	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable, the ESS periodically calibrates the SOH rack by rack. During the calibration, the end-of-charge SOC and end-of-discharge SOC settings will be overridden so that the ESS can be fully charged and discharged. Then, the battery capacity will be calculated. The charge and discharge response will be affected during the calibration. Suggestion: During SOH calibration, after the system is fully charged, maintain the charge command for 30 to 60 minutes.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b>, automatic SOH calibration is not allowed for battery racks.</li> </ul>

Note [1]: You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC172 and later versions.

# • Set the array end-of-charge SOC and end-of-discharge SOC. You can set these parameters in SmartLogger V300R023C10SPC500 and later versions.

Parameter	Description
Array end-of-charge SOC	The default value is 100%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.
Upper limit of SOC for array charge	The default value is 100%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.

Parameter	Description
SOC for array charge limit	The default value is 95%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.
SOC for array discharge limit	The default value is 10%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.
Lower limit of SOC for array discharge	The default value is 5%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.
Array end-of-discharge SOC	The default value is 5%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.

#### **NOTE**

- When submitting the parameters, ensure that: Array end-of-charge SOC ≥ Upper limit of SOC for array charge ≥ SOC for array charge limit and Array end-ofdischarge SOC ≤ Lower limit of SOC for array discharge ≤ SOC for array discharge limit
- Upper limit of SOC for array charge, SOC for array charge limit, SOC for array discharge limit, and Lower limit of SOC for array discharge are displayed only in utility-scale scenarios.
- Configure INV/PCS communication exception protection.

Parameter	Description
Protection against communication disconnection	Specifies whether to enable protection against communication disconnection.

#### • Set PCS insulation resistance detection.

#### Table 6-7 Setting parameters related to PCS insulation resistance detection

Parameter	Description			
Detection start time <sup>[1]</sup>	Specifies the start time for the PCS insulation resistance detection function.			
Note [1]: You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC153 and later versions.				

#### **Step 6** Configure the management system.

										English	· · @[
	Deploy	ment Wizard	Overview M	lonitoring Quer	Settings	Maintenance				46	1 10
Deployment Wizard	0	-0-		-0	-6				9	10	
Basic parameters	Basic parameters	Connect Device	Power Meter	EMI	Battery Settings	Management System	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Microgrid	Configuration Completed	
Connect Device						-,					
Power Meter	<ul> <li>Management</li> </ul>	System									😢 н
EMI				Ser		29	~				
Battery Settings					ort 27285			[1, 65535]			
Management System				Network p			~				
Third-party NMS				Address mo		iddress					
Third-party Devices		TLS encryption					* *				
Microgrid	TLS version Second challenge authentication					or later	* *				
Configuration Completed	4		second	NMS connection stal			•				
											S M
Time 2024-09-18 19:29	Grid dispatch P: PF		ntrol : Disabled							Previous Nogies Co., Ltd. 2024. A	lext Sk

#### Figure 6-23 Management system

- **Step 7** For third-party NMS access, select a protocol based on the actual third-party NMS protocol.
  - If the SmartLogger connects to a third-party management system over Modbus TCP, set Modbus TCP parameters and click **Next**.

Operations       O <tho< th=""><th></th><th>Deploy</th><th>nent Wizard</th><th>Overview Mo</th><th>nitoring Query</th><th>Settings</th><th>Maintenance</th><th>0</th><th></th><th></th><th><u>A 28</u> 🕛 1 🕚</th></tho<>		Deploy	nent Wizard	Overview Mo	nitoring Query	Settings	Maintenance	0			<u>A 28</u> 🕛 1 🕚
Ball parameters     Device     Settings     System     NMS     Devices     Completed       Connect Device     Select a protocol for connecting to the third-party NMS or device.     Select a protocol for connecting to the third-party NMS or device.     Select a protocol for connecting to the third-party NMS or device.     Select a protocol for connecting to the third-party NMS or device.     Select a protocol for connecting to the third-party NMS or device.     Select a protocol for connecting to the third-party NMS or device.     Select a protocol for connecting to the third-party NMS or device.       Management System     Modbus TCP     Modbus TCP     Modbus RTU     Select a protocol for connecting to the third-party NMS or device.       Third-party Devices     Modbus TCP     Modbus TCP     Select a protocol for connecting to the third-party Select a protocol for connecting to the thir	Deployment Wizard	· · ·	-0		-	-0	-6	-			
Connect Device   Power Meter   EMt   EMt   EMt   Battery Strings   Maagement System   Third-party NMS   Third-party NMS   Configuration Completed	Basic parameters			Power Meter	EMI						
EM     Modbus TCP     Modbus RTU     IEC104     GOOSE       Bartery Settings     Management System     Imid-party MMS     Imid-party MMS     Imid-party MMS       Third-party Devices     Configuration Completed     Client 1P Address     0     0     0       Configuration Completed     Client 3P Address     0     0     0     0       Imid-party Devices     Client 3P Address     0     0     0     0       Configuration Completed     Client 3P Address     0     0     0     0       Imid-party Devices     Client 3P Address     0     0     0     0       Configuration Completed     Client 3P Address     0     0     0     0       Imid-party Devices     Client 3P Address     0     0     0     0       Imid-party Devices     Display Address     0     0     0     0	Connect Device	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-,				
Management System         Machagement System           Third-party NMS         Inited-party NMS           Third-party NMS         Client 1P Address           Configuration Completed         Client 2P Address           Client 3 IP address         0         0         0           Client 4 IP address         0         0         0         0           Client 3 IP address         0         0         0         0         0           Client 3 IP address         0         0         0         0         0         0           Client 3 IP address         0 <t< td=""><td>Power Meter</td><td>Select a protocol f</td><td>or connecting</td><td>to the third-party N</td><td>MS or device.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>🕑 He</td></t<>	Power Meter	Select a protocol f	or connecting	to the third-party N	MS or device.						🕑 He
Maagement System         Medbus TCP           Third-party NMS         Link setting           Third-party Dovices         Configuration Completed           Configuration Completed         Client 11P Address           Client 11P Address         0, 0, 0, 0           Client 11P Address         0, 0, 0, 0           Client 11P Address         0, 0, 0, 0           Client 11P Address         0, 0, 0	EMI				Modbus 🗹	TCP Mod	Ibus RTU	IEC104 GOO	SE		
Third-party NMS     Link setting       Third-party Davkes     Client 1 IP Address       Configuration Completed     Client 2 IP Address       Configuration Completed     Client 3 Paddress       Client 4 IP Address     0, 0, 0, 0       Client 5 IP address     0, 0, 0, 0       Client 3 IP address     0, 0, 0, 0       Client 4 IP address     0, 0, 0, 0       Client 5 IP address     0, 0, 0, 0       Address mode     Licgater address v       Licgater address     0, 0, 0	Battery Settings										
Third-party Devices         Client 1 IP Address         0         0         0         0         0           Configuration Completed         Client 3 IP Address         0	Management System	Modbus TCP									
Configuration Completed Client 2 IP Address Client 3 IP address Client 4 IP address Client 4 Paddress Client 4 Paddress Client 4 Paddress Client 6 Padress Client 7 Padress Client 7 Padress Client 7 Padress Client 6 Padress Client 7 Padress Client 7 Padress Client 7 Padress Client 6 Padress Client 7 Padres Client 7 Padres Client 7 Padres Client 7 Padres Client 7	Third-party NMS				Link settin	g Enable(Lim	ited) 🗸				
Comparizon Compared         Client 3 IP address         0, 0, 0, 0         0           Client 3 IP address         0, 0, 0, 0         0         0           Client 3 IP address         0, 0, 0, 0         0         0           Client 3 IP address         0, 0, 0, 0         0         0           Address mode         Clogical address          0, 0, 247	Third-party Devices				Client 1 IP Addres	ss 0 <u></u>	0.0				
Client 4 IP address         0, 0, 0, 0           Client 5 IP address         0, 0, 0, 0           Address mode         Colpical address           Logger address         0, 0, 247	Configuration Completed				Client 2 IP Addres	ss 0 <u> </u>	0.0				
Client 5 IP address O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O		4									
Address mode         Logical address         •           Logger address         0         0.247]											
Logger address 0 0, 247]		1									
								247]			
Fast scheduling Disable V					Fast schedulin	g Disable	*				
										Previous	Next Ski

Paramete r	Description	Remarks
Link setting	<ul> <li>To use this function, set this parameter to</li> <li>Enable(Limited) or Enable(Unlimited).</li> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable(Limited), the SmartLogger can connect to a maximum of five third-party management systems for which IP addresses have been set.</li> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable(Unlimited), the SmartLogger can connect to a maximum of five valid IP address (third-party management systems) in the same network segment.</li> </ul>	-
Client N IP Address	Set this parameter based on the IP address of the third- party management system.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when Link setting is set to Enable(Limited).</li> <li>N is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.</li> </ul>
Address mode	The value can be <b>Communication address</b> or <b>Logical address</b> . If the communications address of the device connected to the SmartLogger is unique, you are advised to select <b>Communication address</b> . In other cases, you must select <b>Logical address</b> .	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when Link setting is set to Enable(Limited) or Enable(Unlimited).</li> <li>The fast scheduling</li> </ul>
Logger address	Set this parameter to the communications address of the SmartLogger.	function of the Modbus TCP interface is mutually exclusive with
Fast schedulin g	<ul> <li>Set this parameter to Enable to enable the fast scheduling function of the SmartLogger Modbus TCP interface.</li> <li>Set this parameter to Disable to disable the fast scheduling function of the SmartLogger Modbus TCP interface.</li> </ul>	the GOOSE fast scheduling function. The fast scheduling function of only one protocol takes effect at a time.

• If the SmartLogger connects to a third-party management system over Modbus RTU, set Modbus RTU parameters and click **Next**.



Figure 6-25 Setting Modbus RTU parameters

Parameter	Description
Port	Set the connected COM port based on the actual cable connections.
Baud rate	Set this parameter based on the baud rate of the connected device. The value can be <b>1200</b> , <b>2400</b> , <b>4800</b> , <b>9600</b> , <b>19200</b> , or <b>115200</b> .
Parity	Set this parameter based on the parity mode of the connected device. The value can be <b>None</b> , <b>Odd parity</b> , or <b>Even parity</b> .
Stop Bit	Set this parameter based on the stop bit of the connected device. The value can be <b>1</b> or <b>2</b> .

#### **NOTE**

If IEC104 or GOOSE needs to be used to connect to a third-party management system, choose **Settings** > **Comm. Param.** > **IEC104 or GOOSE** after completing the deployment wizard.

**Step 8** Connect to third-party devices.

				~		~				English	~ @E
		yment Wizard		nitoring Quer			/			uil 🔍	28 11
Deployment Wizard	0	-0-		-0	-6	6	-0		9		
Basic parameters	Basic parameters	Connect Device	Power Meter	EMI	Battery Settings	Management System	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Connect Device											
Power Meter	The Logger work	s in master mod	e and connects to th	ird-party devices	via Modbus R	TU protocol.					😮 He
EMI											
Battery Settings	Configuration	n Import/Export									
Management System					Import C	onfig. Export Co	onfig				
Third-party NMS	Modbus RTU										
Third-party Devices				P	ort COM1	~					
Configuration Completed				Proto		~					
	1			Baud r	ate 9600	~					
				Pa	rity None	~					
				Stop	Bit 1	~					
				Device Ty	/pe <sup>®</sup> Custom	Device1 💙					
				Addr	ess 1	[1, 2/	47]				
	<ul> <li>Device Mgmt</li> </ul>	t.									
		Device		Port	Comm Addre	ss Logical a	ddr	SN		Device sta	

Figure 6-26 Third-party devices

- **Step 9** If the microgrid control function is implemented by the SmartLogger, perform this step. Otherwise, skip this step.
  - 1. Select **Yes** or **No** in the **Do you want to connect the relay protection device?** dialog box based on the actual situation. If a relay protection device is connected, set **Yes** and set the relay protection device parameters.

**Table 6-8** Relay protection device parameters

Parameter	Description	
Port	Set the COM port connected to <b>Relay protection device</b> based on the actual cable connections.	
Baud rate	Set the baud rate, parity, stop bit, and address of Relay protection	
Parity	<b>device</b> to be consistent with the communications parameters of the relay protection device.	
Stop Bit		
Address		
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>Relay protection device</b> .	
Device model	Set this parameter to <b>Easergy P3U30</b> .	

2. Set microgrid parameters.

#### Figure 6-27 Microgrid

Deployment Wizard	0	-0-			-6		-0		-0-	10	
Basic parameters	Basic	Connect	Power Meter	EMI	Battery	Management	Third-party	Third-party	Microgrid	Configuration	
Connect Device	parameters	Device			Settings	System	NMS	Devices		Completed	
Power Meter	Microgrid										C F
EMI				MGCC Md	de Enable		~				
Battery Settings				Microgrid scena	rio Off-grid		~				
Management System				Grid Volta	ige 400			100, 35000] V			
Third-party NMS				Grid Frequer	ncy 50		•	z			
Third-party Devices	Load Switch										
Microgrid				Switch status p	ort No		~				
Configuration Completed				DI port sta	tus Open		~				
				Switch-off control p	ort No		~				
	1			Switch-on control p	ort No		~				
					Submit						

#### Table 6-9 Microgrid parameters

Parameter	Description	Remarks
MGCC Mode under Microgrid	<ul> <li>The default value is <b>Disable</b>.</li> <li>Enable: The MGCC mode is enabled.</li> <li>Disable: The MGCC mode is disabled.</li> </ul>	When MGCC Mode is enabled, Modbus TCP, IEC 104, and GOOSE settings are disabled and the SmartLogger does not respond to scheduling commands from the EMS. (Set Working mode to Charge/ Discharge based on grid dispatch on the Battery Control tab page and set Active power control mode to Remote communication scheduling on the Power Adjustment tab page.) Enable this function only when the EMS is not required. If you forcibly enable both the MGCC mode and the Modbus TCP, IEC 104, and GOOSE settings, the microgrid may be unstable.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Microgrid scenario under Microgrid	<ul> <li>Off-grid: In the off-grid scenario, set this parameter to Off-grid.</li> <li>On-grid/Off-grid (PQ/VSG): In the on/off-grid (PQ/VSG) scenario, set this parameter to On-grid/Off-grid (PQ/VSG).</li> <li>On-grid/Off-grid (VSG): In the on/off-grid (VSG) scenario, set this parameter to On-grid/Off- grid (VSG) only after the relay protection device is successfully connected.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when MGCC Mode is set to Enable.</li> <li>If Microgrid scenario is set to Off- grid, Scenario under Arrays Operation Scenario shall be set to Off-grid.</li> <li>If Microgrid scenario is set to On- grid/Off-grid (PQ/VSG) or On- grid/Off-grid (VSG), Scenario under Arrays Operation Scenario shall be set to On/Off-grid.</li> </ul>

# - If **Microgrid scenario** is set to **On-grid/Off-grid (PQ/VSG)**, refer to the following parameter description.

Parameter	Description
Switch status port under On/Off-grid switch	Set these parameters based on the actual cable connections. DI port status can be set to Open or Close. If the actual status of
DI port status under On/ Off-grid switch	the on/off-grid switch is inconsistent with the displayed status, change the setting of <b>DI port status</b> .
Switch-off control port under On/Off-grid switch	Set the DO port for turning off the on/off-grid switch.
Switch-on control port under On/Off-grid switch	Set the DO port for turning on the on/off-grid switch.
DI port under Grid Failure Detection	Set the DI port to which the the grid failure detection device is connected and the DI port status.
DI port status under Grid Failure Detection	
On/Off-grid switching mode under On/Off-grid switching	<ul> <li>No control: All the operations involved in the on/off-grid switching are manually performed. If the customer needs to repair the equipment, you are advised to set this parameter to No control.</li> </ul>
	Auto: The on/off-grid switching will be performed automatically based on the status of the mains power. When you set On/Off- grid switching mode to this mode, an immediate on/off-grid switching may be triggered, depending on the status of the mains power.
	<ul> <li>Manual: You need to manually turn on or off the on/off-grid switch at the grid connection point.</li> </ul>

Parameter	Description			
Genset start/stop control port under Genset	<ul> <li>If the genset is controlled by the SmartLogger, set the DO port that controls genset startup and shutdown based on the actual cable connections.</li> <li>If the genset is controlled by the ATS, set this parameter to No. It is recommended that the genset be controlled by the ATS.</li> </ul>			
Auto switching to on-grid under Automatic Off-grid to On-grid Switching	<ul> <li>Enable: Enable the function of automatic switching from off-grid to on-grid state.</li> <li>Disable: Disable the function of automatic switching from off-grid to on-grid.</li> </ul>			

- If **Microgrid scenario** is set to **On-grid/Off-grid (VSG)**, refer to the following parameter description.

If Microgrid scenario is set to Off-grid, refer to the following parameter

description.					
Parameter	Description				
Switch status port under Load Switch	Set these parameters based on the actual cable connections. If you need to modify the parameters after the settings are submitted, the automatic				
DI port status under Load Switch	<ul> <li>control function of the load switch may fail. This function can be restored only after Automatic load connection/shedding is set to</li> <li>Enable or the black start is successful.</li> </ul>				
	<b>DI port status</b> can be set to <b>Open</b> or <b>Close</b> . If the actual status of the load switch is inconsistent with <b>Status</b> , change the setting of <b>DI port status</b> .				
Switch-off control port under Load Switch	Set the DO port for turning off the load switch.				
Switch-on control port under Load Switch	Set the DO port for turning on the load switch.				

- After the microgrid parameter settings are complete, click **Submit**.
- **Step 10** Set **Array startup/shutdown** based on the site requirements. The configuration is complete.

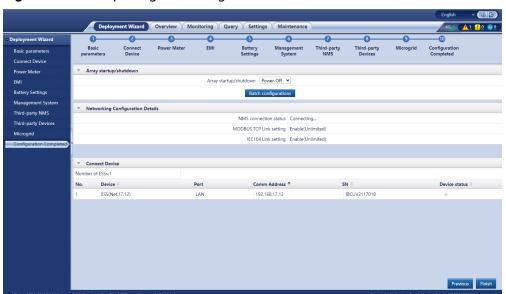


Figure 6-28 Completing the configuration

Step 11 (Optional) Perform wire sequence detection. This function applies only to the LUNA2000-215-2S10, LUNA2000-215-2S11, LUNA2000-215-2S12, LUNA2000-161-2S11, and LUNA2000-107-1S11 C&I liquid-cooled ESSs, and is displayed in multi-ESS scenarios. Tap Starting up to start wire sequence detection.

# 

In the off-grid scenario, ensure that the load has been disconnected and then click **Start**.

Parameter	Description				
Wire sequence detection status	<ul> <li>Specifies the status of wire sequence detection.</li> <li>Not detected</li> <li>Testing</li> <li>Detection failed: indicates that the wire sequence detection has failed. In this case, view the Abnormal Cable Sequence alarm and rectify the fault based on the handling suggestions.</li> <li>If the wire sequence is consistent, no action is required.</li> <li>If the wire sequence is inconsistent, rectify the cable connection.</li> <li>View the phase sequence detection result. The phase sequences of multiple ESSs must be Positive. If not, rectify the cable connection.</li> <li>If the phase sequences of multiple ESSs are Positive, check the phases. If the phase difference between ESSs is greater than 60°, rectify the cable connection.</li> </ul>				

Parameter	Description
Wire sequence detection time	Specifies the end time of wire sequence detection.
Wire sequence check progress	Specifies the progress of wire sequence detection.
Phase sequence	Check whether the phase sequence is <b>Positive</b> or <b>Negative</b> .
Phase	Check the phase detection result. The result ranges from 0° to 360°.

#### **NOTE**

In the on-grid scenario, cable sequence detection is required only in the zero feed-in scenario with phase-level power control for three-phase imbalance. For details, see **7.4.15 Wire Sequence Detection**.

----End

# **6.3 Parameter Settings**

#### NOTICE

- If the parameters listed in this section have been set in **Deployment Wizard**, ignore the corresponding settings.
- If the PV and energy storage plants do not contain certain devices, such as power meters, EMIs, IEC 103 devices, custom devices, and IEC 104 devices, ignore the corresponding settings.
- If you modify a parameter that may cause the device to restart, such as **Grid Code**, **Output mode**, or **Isolation settings**, wait about 20s after the device restarts and then set other parameters. Otherwise, the parameter setting may fail.

# 6.3.1 Setting User Parameters

Set user parameters and click Submit.

Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring Query	English v () () () () () () () () () () () () ()
🗆 User Param.	Date&Time	
Date&Time	Time zone	(UTC+08:00) Beljing 💙
Plant	Date	(YYYY-MM-DD)
Save Period	Time	(HH:MM:SS)
© Comm. Param.	Clock source	Management System 👻
-	Synchronization server	
Power Adjustment	Latest synchronization time	
<ul> <li>Battery control</li> </ul>		Submit

Figure 6-29 Setting user parameters

# Date&Time

Parameter	Description			
Local time zone	Select a time zone based on the region where the plant is located.			
DST enable	Set this parameter as required. <b>NOTE</b> This parameter is unavailable for zones without DST.			
Date	Set this parameter to the local date.			
Time	Set this parameter to the local time.			
Clock source	<ul> <li>Set this parameter as required.</li> <li>The value can be NTP, Management System, IEC104, or Modbus TCP. If there is no management system, ignore the corresponding setting.</li> </ul>			

#### NOTICE

- After the date and time are set, the date and time of all the inverters connected to the SmartLogger are updated accordingly. Ensure that the settings are correct.
- Changing the date and time affects the recording of system energy yield and performance data. Do not change the time zone or system time unless necessary.

## Plant

Parameter	Description			
Plant name	Set this parameter as required.			
Plant address	<b>NOTE</b> In the English half-width status, you cannot enter any of the following characters: <>:,`'?()#&\\$ %+;~^"			
Plant owner				
Plant owner address				
Country/Region	Select a country/region based on the region where the PV plant is located.			

#### Revenue

**NOTE** 

This parameter can be set only in the PV scenario.

Parameter	Description
Currency	Set this parameter as required. The value can be <b>EUR, GBP, USD, CNY</b> , or <b>JPY</b> .
Electricity price/kWh	Set this parameter to the local electricity price, which is used to calculate the converted revenue of the energy yield.
CO2 emission reduction coefficient	Set this parameter based on the local standard.

## **Save Period**

Parameter	Description		
Performance data save period	Set this parameter to the save period of performance data. After the setting, the data will be displayed accordingly on the performance data page.		

# 6.3.2 Setting Parameters for Connecting to the Management System (V300R001C00)

### Procedure

**Step 1** Set up a network connection.

• **Method 1**: When the SmartLogger connects to the management system over the 4G/3G/2G network, set mobile data parameters and click **Submit**.

Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over View Mo	nitoring	Query Setting		Settings
O User Param.	2		~	(	
Comm. Param.	Wireless Network	WLAN	OFF in Idle state	~	
Wireless Network	WITCIESS NELWOIK	SSID			
Wired Network		Password	•••••	a-1	z','A-Z','0-9'(8-19 characters, at least two types of characters)
RS485			Submit		
Power Meter	Mobile Data(4G/3G/2G)				
Management System	. Monthly tr	affic package	0.00		
Modbus TCP	N	letwork mode	4G/3G/2G autor	matic	
IEC103	1	APN mode	Automatic	~	
IEC104	Authe	ntication type	CHAP	¥	
FTP		APN			
Email	APN 0	lialup number			
Power Adjustment	Al	N user name			
Remote Shutdown	APN t	iser password	******		
• DI			Submit		
					11 0 4100000

Figure 6-30 Setting mobile data parameters

IL04J00002

Parameter	Description			
Monthly traffic package	Set this parameter based on the SIM card traffic package.			
Network mode	Set this parameter based on the SIM card network mode.			
APN mode	The default value is <b>Automatic</b> . Set this parameter to <b>Manual</b> if the dial-up connection cannot be set up in <b>Automatic</b> mode.			
Authentication type	When <b>APN mode</b> is set to <b>Manual</b> , you need to set			
APN	the parameters related to the SIM card. Obtain the information about the parameters from the SIM card			
APN dialup number	operator.			
APN user name				
APN user password				

• **Method 2**: When the SmartLogger connects to the management system over a wired network, set the wired network parameters and click **Submit**.

Figure 6-31	Setting	wired	network	parameters
-------------	---------	-------	---------	------------

E « power system		English v 🔞 🕞
Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring Query	Settings Maintenance
a User Param.	Wired Network Parameters	
- Comm. Param.	WAN/LAN port working mode	WAN+LAN 🗸
Wireless Network	WAN & SFP Port Parameters	
Wired Network	DHCP	Disable (Set it using the app.)
R\$485	IP address	192, 168, 0, 10
Management System	Subnet mask	255 255 255 0
Modbus TCP	Default gateway	192, 168, 0, 1
IEC103	Primary DNS server	192, 168, 0, 1
IEC104	Secondary DNS server	0. 0. 0. 0
FTP	LAN Port Parameters	
Email	IP address	192, 168, 8, 10
	Subnet mask	255, 255, 255, 0
Power Adjustment		Submit
EMS Control		
Remote Shutdown		
DI		
Alarm Output		
Smart Tracking Algorithm		
Other Parameters		
Time 2015-01-01 07:13	Grid dispatch P:Disable Q:Disable	st Copyright © Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. 2020. All rights reservi

Parameter	Description
WAN/LAN port working mode	Three working modes are supported: WAN+LAN, LAN +LAN, and WAN+WAN.
	• If <b>WAN+LAN</b> is selected, the functions and IP addresses of the SmartLogger WAN and LAN ports remain unchanged.
	• If LAN+LAN is selected, the SmartLogger WAN and LAN ports function as LAN ports, and the SmartLogger WAN and LAN ports share a LAN IP address.
	<ul> <li>If WAN+WAN is selected, the SmartLogger WAN and LAN ports function as WAN ports, and the SmartLogger WAN and LAN ports share a WAN IP address.</li> <li>NOTICE</li> </ul>
	When the working mode of the WAN/LAN port is switched, the web page may be interrupted or the SmartModule may be powered off.
DHCP	The WAN port of the SmartLogger supports IP address obtaining using DHCP and automatic registration.
	After the SmartLogger connects to the SUN2000 app or FusionSolar app, choose <b>More</b> > <b>Settings</b> > <b>Comm. Param.</b> > <b>Ethernet</b> to access the Ethernet parameter setting screen and set <b>DHCP</b> to <b>Enable</b> .
IP address	Set this parameter based on the plant plan. <b>NOTE</b> If the IP address is changed, use the new IP address to log in again.
Subnet mask	Set this parameter based on the actual subnet mask of the LAN where the SmartLogger is located.
Default gateway	Set this parameter based on the actual gateway of the LAN where the SmartLogger is located.
Primary DNS server	• You can ignore this parameter if the SmartLogger connects to the LAN.
	• Set this parameter to the IP address of the LAN router when the SmartLogger connects to the public network (for example, connecting to the FusionSolar SmartPVMS, email server, or third-party FTP server).
Secondary DNS server	<ul> <li>In normal cases, you can ignore this parameter.</li> <li>If the primary DNS server cannot resolve the domain name, the secondary DNS server is used.</li> </ul>

Step 2	Set management system parameters.	
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• **Method 1**: When the SmartLogger connects to a Huawei or third-party management system using the encrypted Modbus TCP protocol, set management system parameters and click **Submit**.

**NOTE** 

After a Huawei NMS or a third-party NMS is connected to the SmartLogger in **Management System**, another third-party NMS can be connected through **Management System-1** to obtain data from the SmartLogger and configure the SmartLogger.

#### Figure 6-32 Setting management system parameters

Deployment Wizard Over View	w Monitoring Query		inas	English (1) (2) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4
Management System				
Basic parameters				
<b>A</b>	Server		~	
<b>•</b>	Port	16100	[1,65535]	
Management System	Address mode	Logical address	~	
······································	SSL encryption	Enable	~	
	econd challenge authentication	Enable	~	
	NMS connection status			
<ul> <li>Security Certificate</li> </ul>				
	Annoywant System Baic parameters 2 Management System	Management System Management System Sscord challinge authentication NMS consection status	Management System Second dulinge authentiation Second dulinge authentiation NMS connection status Submit	Annogement System Second challenge authentication NMS convection status Summt

IL04J00003

Parameter	Description
Server	Set this parameter to the IP address or domain name of the <b>Management System</b> .
Port	Set this parameter based on the connected <b>Management System</b> .
Address mode	The value can be <b>Communication address</b> or <b>Logical address</b> . If the communications address of the device connected to the SmartLogger is unique, you are advised to select <b>Communication address</b> . In other cases, you must select <b>Logical address</b> .
SSL encryption	Retain the default value <b>Enable</b> . <b>NOTE</b> If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , data exchange between the SmartLogger and the management system will not be encrypted, which poses security risks.
Second challenge authentication	Set this parameter based on the connected management system. <b>NOTE</b> If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , the second challenge authentication result is not checked, and user data may be stolen. Therefore, exercise caution when setting this parameter.
Security Certificate	Optional. Set this parameter only when the certificate has expired or the customer needs to use their own certificate.

#### Table 6-10 Management System

Enspire	Deployment Wizard Ov	er View Monitoring Query	Settings	tings	English (C) 💽
User Param.	Management System Managemen	nt System-1			
= Comm. Param.	Basic parameters				😢 Hel
Wireless Network		Server			
Wired Network	2	Port	16100	[1,65535]	
RS485	Management System	Address mode	Logical address	~	
	management system	TLS encryption	Enable	*	
Power Meter		TLS Version	TLS 1.2	~	
Management 9 stem		Remote Access	Only monitoring	*	
Modbus TCP		Client2 connection status			
			A.L. A.		
			Submit		
	Security Certificate				

Figure 6-33 Setting management system-1 parameters

Table 6-11 Management system-1 paramete
---

Parameter	Description
Server	Set this parameter to the IP address or domain name of <b>Management System-1</b> .
Port	Set this parameter based on the connected <b>Management System-1</b> .
Address mode	The value can be <b>Communication address</b> or <b>Logical address</b> .
	If the communications address of the device connected to the SmartLogger is unique, you are advised to select <b>Communication address</b> . In other cases, you must select <b>Logical address</b> .
TLS encryption	Retain the default value <b>Enable</b> . <b>NOTE</b> If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , data exchange between the SmartLogger and the management system will not be encrypted, which poses security risks.
TLS version	Set this parameter based on the connected <b>Management System-1</b> . TLS1.2 or a later version is recommended.
Remote permission	Monitoring only, Management (permanent authorization), and Management (temporary authorization) are supported.
	When the remaining authorization time becomes 0, the system automatically switches to the monitoring-only mode.
Authorization time	Set this parameter based on the actual authorization time.

• **Method 2**: When the SmartLogger connects to a third-party management system using the unencrypted Modbus TCP protocol, set Modbus TCP parameters and click **Submit**.



Figure 6-34 Setting Modbus TCP parameters

Parameter	Description
Link setting	Modbus TCP is a universal standard protocol used to connect to a third-party management system. Because there is no security authentication mechanism, data transmitted over this protocol is not encrypted. To reduce network security risks, the function of connecting to a third-party management system using Modbus TCP is disabled by default. This protocol can transmit the running data and control commands of plants, which may cause user data breach and control permission theft. Therefore, exercise caution when using this protocol. Users are liable for any loss caused by connecting to a third-party management system (non-secure protocol) using this protocol. Users are advised to take measures at the plant level to reduce security risks, or use Huawei management system to mitigate the risks.
	To use this function, set this parameter to <b>Enable(Limited)</b> or <b>Enable(Unlimited)</b> .
	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable(Limited), the SmartLogger can connect to a maximum of five preset third-party management systems.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable(Unlimited), the SmartLogger can connect to a maximum of five third-party management systems with valid IP addresses.</li> </ul>
Client N IP Address NOTE N is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.	If <b>Link setting</b> is set to <b>Enable(Limited)</b> , set this parameter based on the IP address of the third-party management system.
Address mode	The value can be <b>Communication address</b> or <b>Logical</b> address.
	If the communications address of the device connected to the SmartLogger is unique, you are advised to select <b>Communication address</b> . In other cases, you must select <b>Logical address</b> .
SmartLogger address	Set this parameter to the communication address of the SmartLogger.

• **Method 3**: When the SmartLogger connects to a third-party management system over IEC 104, set IEC 104 parameters and click **Submit**.

Figure 6-35 Setting IEC 104 parameters

Enspire				English	~ (OE)
Ensprie	Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring Query	Settings	Settings		A: 00 00
🖻 User Param.	Basic parameters			J	
🖻 Comm. Param.	IEC104 Parameter Settings				
Wireless Network	Link setting	Disable	~		
Wired Network		Submit			
RS485					
Power Meter	<u>.</u>				
Management System 2					
Modbus TCP	IEC104				
IEC103					
IEC104	·				

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Tab	Parameter	Description
Basic parameters	Link setting	<ul> <li>IEC 104 is a universal standard protocol used to connect to a third-party management system. Because there is no security authentication mechanism, data transmitted over this protocol is not encrypted. To reduce network security risks, the function of connecting to a third-party management system using IEC 104 is disabled by default. This protocol can transmit the running data and control commands of plants, which may cause user data breach and control permission theft. Therefore, exercise caution when using this protocol. Users are liable for any loss caused by connecting to a third-party management system (non-secure protocol) using this protocol. Users are advised to take measures at the plant level to reduce security risks, or use Huawei management system to mitigate the risks.</li> <li>To use this function, set this parameter to Enable(Limited).</li> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable(Limited), the SmartLogger</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>can connect to preset third-party management systems.</li> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable(Unlimited), the SmartLogger can connect to third-party management systems with a valid IP address.</li> </ul>
	Common address	Set this parameter as required.
IEC104-N <b>NOTE</b> N is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.	IEC104-N IP	If <b>Link setting</b> is set to <b>Enable(Limited)</b> , set this parameter based on the IP address of the third- party management system.

Tab	Parameter	Description	
	Teleindication default segment	Set these parameters as required. NOTE	
	Telemetry from the SmartLogger and the IEC	After the IEC 104 configuration file exported from the SmartLogger and the IEC 104 information files of various device types	
	Forwarding Table	provided together with the software version are correctly configured in a third-party management system, the third-party management system will be able to monitor devices connected to the SmartLogger over IEC 104.	
Common Configuration	Teleindication default segment	If Link setting is set to Enable(Unlimited), set these	
	Telemetry default segment	parameters as required. NOTE After the IEC 104 configuration file exported	
	Forwarding Table	from the SmartLogger and the IEC 104 information files of various device types provided together with the software version are correctly configured in a third-party management system, the third-party management system will be able to monitor devices connected to the SmartLogger over IEC 104.	

#### D NOTE

Choose **Settings** > **Other Parameters**, and set **IEC104 Push Data Period** to specify the interval for the SmartLogger to push data to a third-party management system over IEC 104. If **IEC104 Push Data Period** is set to 0s, there is no limit on the interval at which the SmartLogger sends IEC 104 data.

#### ----End

# 6.3.3 Setting Parameters for Connecting to the Management System

## Procedure

- **Step 1** Set up a network connection.
  - Method 1: If the SmartLogger connects to the management system over a 4G/3G/2G network, choose Settings > Comm. Param. > Wireless Network, set mobile data parameters, and click Submit.

Parameter	Description
Monthly traffic package	Set this parameter based on the SIM card traffic package.

Parameter	Description
Network mode	Set this parameter based on the SIM card network mode.
APN mode	The default value is <b>Automatic</b> . Set this parameter to <b>Manual</b> if the dial-up connection cannot be set up in <b>Automatic</b> mode.
Authentication type	When <b>APN mode</b> is set to <b>Manual</b> , you need to set
APN	the parameters related to the SIM card. Obtain the information about the parameters from the SIM card
APN dialup number	operator.
APN user name	
APN user password	

• Method 2: If the SmartLogger connects to the management system over a wired network, choose **Settings > Comm. Param. > Wired Network**, set the parameters for wired network ports, and click **Submit**.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
WAN/LAN/ SFP1/SFP2	<ul> <li>The quantity of Ethernets for the SmartLogger is determined by the settings of WAN/LAN/SFP1/SFP2 network ports, and the network ports are allocated to corresponding Ethernets.</li> <li>Ethernet 1, Ethernet 3, and Ethernet 4 are northbound networks, and Ethernet 2 is the southbound network. Cable connections to physical ports on the SmartLogger must match the parameter settings to ensure normal southbound and northbound communication.</li> <li>The parameter settings are as follows:</li> <li>Ethernet1/Ethernet2/Ethernet1/Ethernet1</li> <li>Ethernet1/Ethernet2/Ethernet1/Ethernet1</li> <li>Ethernet1/Ethernet2/Ethernet2/Ethernet1/Ethernet1</li> <li>Ethernet1/Ethernet2/Ethernet2/Ethernet3/Ethernet3</li> <li>Ethernet1/Ethernet2/Ethernet3/Ethernet3</li> </ul>	For example, if this parameter is set to Ethernet1/Ethernet2/ Ethernet3/Ethernet3, the network is divided into three independent Ethernets: Ethernet 1, Ethernet 2, and Ethernet 3. Ethernet 1 and Ethernet 3 are northbound networks. Ethernet 1 corresponds to the WAN port, and Ethernet 3 corresponds to the SFP1 and SFP2 ports. They can connect to the management system and other northbound devices. Ethernet 2 is the southbound network and corresponds to the LAN port. It can connect to southbound devices such as the inverter, ESS, and PCS.
DHCP	The WAN port of the SmartLogger supports IP address obtaining using DHCP and automatic registration.	<ul> <li>Only Ethernet 1 supports DHCP.</li> <li>After the SmartLogger connects to the SUN2000 app or FusionSolar app, choose More &gt; Settings &gt; Comm. Param. &gt; Ethernet to access the Ethernet parameter setting screen and set DHCP to Enable.</li> </ul>
IP Address	Set this parameter based on the plant plan.	If the IP address is changed, use the new IP address to log in again.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Subnet mask	Set this parameter based on the actual subnet mask of the LAN where the SmartLogger is located.	-
Default gateway	Set this parameter based on the actual gateway of the LAN where the SmartLogger is located.	-
Primary DNS server	You can ignore this parameter if the SmartLogger connects to the LAN.	Only Ethernet 1 supports the DNS server.
	Set this parameter to the IP address of the LAN router when the SmartLogger connects to the public network (for example, connecting to the FusionSolar SmartPVMS, email server, or third- party FTP server).	
Secondary DNS server	In normal cases, you can ignore this parameter.	
	If the primary DNS server cannot resolve the domain name, the secondary DNS server is used.	

The SmartLogger can connect to the Huawei management system only through Ethernet 1.

# Step 2 Choose Settings > Comm. Param. > Management System and set management system parameters.

• **Method 1**: When the SmartLogger connects to a Huawei or third-party management system using the encrypted Modbus TCP protocol, set management system parameters and click **Submit**.

#### D NOTE

After a Huawei NMS or a third-party NMS is connected to the SmartLogger in **Management System**, another third-party NMS can be connected through **Management System-1** to obtain data from the SmartLogger and configure the SmartLogger.

#### Figure 6-36 Setting management system parameters

Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring Query	Settings Maintenance	English    (@]] [5] 11] (13,2)
🗉 User Param.	Management System		
Comm. Param.	Basic parameters		
Wireless Network	Server	~	
Wired Network	Port	27250	[1,65535]
R\$485	Address mode	Logical address 🗸	
	TLS encryption	Enable 🗸	
Management System	TLS Version	TLS 1.2 or later 🗸	
Modbus TCP	Second challenge authentication	Enable	Resetting the au
IEC103	NMS connection status		
IEC104	4G module status		
FTP	Ethernet state		
Email	•	Submit	
ESGCC	😸 Security Certificate	Submit	

Parameter	Description
Server	Set this parameter to the IP address or domain name of the <b>Management System</b> .
Port	Set this parameter based on the connected <b>Management System</b> .
Address mode	The value can be <b>Communication address</b> or <b>Logical address</b> .
	If the communications address of the device connected to the SmartLogger is unique, you are advised to select <b>Communication address</b> . In other cases, you must select <b>Logical address</b> .
TLS encryption	Retain the default value <b>Enable</b> .
	<b>NOTE</b> If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , data exchange between the SmartLogger and the management system will not be encrypted, which poses security risks.
TLS version	Set this parameter based on the connected <b>Management System</b> .
	• If the Huawei management system needs to be connected, select TLS1.2 or later.
	• If a third-party management system needs to be connected, you are advised to select TLS 1.2 or later based on the actual capability of the system.
Second challenge authentication	It is recommended that this parameter be set to <b>Enable</b> .
	• <b>Enable</b> : Users can perform configuration operations on the management system.
	• <b>Disable</b> : Users have only the permission to view data, and user data may be stolen. Exercise caution when using this function. When the Huawei management system is connected and this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , functions such as remote upgrade and log export will be unavailable.
Security Certificate	Optional. Set this parameter only when the certificate has expired or the customer needs to use their own certificate.

Table 6-12 Management system paramete
---------------------------------------



Figure 6-37 Setting management system-1 parameters

#### Table 6-13 Management system-1 parameters

Parameter	Description
Server	Set this parameter to the IP address or domain name of <b>Management System-1</b> .
Port	Set this parameter based on the connected <b>Management System-1</b> .
Address mode	The value can be <b>Communication address</b> or <b>Logical</b> address.
	If the communications address of the device connected to the SmartLogger is unique, you are advised to select <b>Communication address</b> . In other cases, you must select <b>Logical address</b> .
TLS encryption	Retain the default value <b>Enable</b> . <b>NOTE</b> If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , data exchange between the SmartLogger and the management system will not be encrypted, which poses security risks.
TLS version	Set this parameter based on the connected <b>Management System-1</b> . TLS1.2 or a later version is recommended.
Remote permission	Monitoring only, Management (permanent authorization), and Management (temporary authorization) are supported.
	When the remaining authorization time becomes 0, the system automatically switches to the monitoring- only mode.

• **Method 2**: When the SmartLogger connects to a third-party management system using the unencrypted Modbus TCP protocol, set Modbus TCP parameters and click **Submit**.



Figure 6-38 Setting Modbus TCP parameters

Parameter	Description
Link setting	Modbus TCP is a universal standard protocol used to connect to a third-party management system. Because there is no security authentication mechanism, data transmitted over this protocol is not encrypted. To reduce network security risks, the function of connecting to a third-party management system using Modbus TCP is disabled by default. This protocol can transmit the running data and control commands of plants, which may cause user data breach and control permission theft. Therefore, exercise caution when using this protocol. Users are liable for any loss caused by connecting to a third-party management system (non-secure protocol) using this protocol. Users are advised to take measures at the plant level to reduce security risks, or use Huawei management system to mitigate the risks.
	To use this function, set this parameter to <b>Enable(Limited)</b> or <b>Enable(Unlimited)</b> .
	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable(Limited), the SmartLogger can connect to a maximum of five preset third-party management systems.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable(Unlimited), the SmartLogger can connect to a maximum of five third-party management systems with a valid IP address.</li> </ul>
Client N IP Address NOTE N is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.	If <b>Link setting</b> is set to <b>Enable(Limited)</b> , set this parameter based on the IP address of the third-party management system.
Address mode	The value can be <b>Communication address</b> or <b>Logical</b> address.
	If the communications address of the device connected to the SmartLogger is unique, you are advised to select <b>Communication address</b> . In other cases, you must select <b>Logical address</b> .
SmartLogger address	Set this parameter to the communication address of the SmartLogger.

**Weak cipher suite** is used for encrypted communication between the SmartLogger and southbound devices. This parameter is displayed only in versions earlier than SmartLogger V300R023C00.

• **Method 3**: When the SmartLogger connects to a third-party management system over IEC 104, set IEC 104 parameters and click **Submit**.

Figure 6-39 Setting IEC 104 parameters

Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring Query Settings
🗢 User Param.	Basic parameters
= Comm. Param.	IEC104 Parameter Settings
Wireless Network	Link setting Disable
Wired Network	Submit
RS485	
Power Meter	-1
Management System	
Medbus TCP	IEC104
IEC103	
IEC104	v

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Tab	Parameter	Description
Basic parameters	Link setting	IEC 104 is a universal standard protocol used to connect to a third-party management system. Because there is no security authentication mechanism, data transmitted over this protocol is not encrypted. To reduce network security risks, the function of connecting to a third-party management system using IEC 104 is disabled by default. This protocol can transmit the running data and control commands of plants, which may cause user data breach and control permission theft. Therefore, exercise caution when using this protocol. Users are liable for any loss caused by connecting to a third-party management system (non-secure protocol) using this protocol. Users are advised to take measures at the plant level to reduce security risks, or use Huawei management system to mitigate the risks. To use this function, set this parameter to <b>Enable(Limited)</b> . If this parameter is set to
		<b>Enable(Limited)</b> , the SmartLogger communicates with the management system of the specified IP address, that is, using a whitelist.
		• If this parameter is set to Enable(Unlimited), the SmartLogger sets the segments and common forwarding tables of teleindication and telemetering through Common Configuration.
	Dead zone for telemetry push	When the telemetry data change exceeds this value, the change is reported.
	Common address	Set this parameter as required.

Tab	Parameter	Description			
IEC104-N NOTE In SmartLogger	IEC104-N IP	If <b>Link setting</b> is set to <b>Enable(Limited)</b> , set this parameter based on the IP address of the third- party management system.			
<ul> <li>V300R023C00 SPC120 and later versions, IEC104-1 to IEC104-10 are displayed.</li> <li>In versions earlier than</li> </ul>	Active/Standby mode	Active/Active: Both links can send data changes and response commands. Active/Standby: The active link sends data changes and response commands, and the standby link only transmits keepalive messages.			
SmartLogger V300R023C00 SPC120,	Teleindication default segment	Set this parameter as required. NOTE			
IEC104-1 to IEC104-5 are displayed.	Telemetry default segment	After the IEC 104 configuration file exported from the SmartLogger and the IEC 104 information files of various device types			
	Forwarding Table	provided together with the software version are correctly configured in a third-party management system, the third-party management system will be able to monitor devices connected to the SmartLogger over IEC 104.			
Common Configuration	Teleindication default segment	If Link setting is set to Enable(Unlimited), set these parameters as required. NOTE After the IEC 104 configuration file exported			
	Telemetry default segment				
	Forwarding Table	from the SmartLogger and the IEC 104 information files of various device types provided together with the software version are correctly configured in a third-party management system, the third-party management system will be able to monitor devices connected to the SmartLogger over IEC 104.			

Choose **Settings** > **Other Parameters**, and set **IEC104 Push Data Period** to specify the interval for the SmartLogger to push data to a third-party management system over IEC104. If **IEC104 Push Data Period** is set to 0s, there is no limit on the interval at which the SmartLogger sends IEC104 data.

#### ----End

# 6.3.4 Setting RS485 Communications Parameters

Set RS485 parameters and click Submit.

Figure 6-40 Setting RS485 parameters

User Param.	^	Deployment RS485	wizard	Over V	new _	Monitoring	Quer	y Setting		Setti	nys			all <u>A</u> e	<u></u>
Comm. Param.		R\$485	Proto	col		Baud rate		Parity		Stop Bit		Start a	ddress	End add	iress
Wireless Network		COM1	Modb	us	~	9600	~	None	~	1	~	1	[1, 247]	247	[1, 247]
Wired Network			Modt	us	~	9600	~	None	~	1	~	1	[1, 247]	247	[1, 247]
RS485		RS485	Mode	us	~	9600	~	None	~	1	~	1	[1, 247]	247	[1, 247]
Power Meter		K3403					Su	bmit							
Management System		8 Night Comm.	Settings												
Modbus TCP	×	8 Records													

When the SmartModule is connected to the SmartLogger, the device name of the SmartModule is **Module(M1)**, and the corresponding port is **M1.COM**.

#### **RS485**

**Protocol**, **Baud rate**, **Parity**, and **Stop Bit** must be set to the same values for the devices connected to the same COM port.

Parameter	Description
Protocol	Set this parameter based on the protocol type of the connected device.
	The value can be <b>Modbus, IEC103, DL/T645</b> , <b>Modbus-Slave</b> , or <b>Modbus-Control</b> .
	NOTE
	<ul> <li>When the SmartLogger serves as a slave node to interconnect with a third-party device over Modbus-RTU, set <b>Protocol</b> to <b>Modbus-Slave</b>.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>When the connected inverter performs rapid power grid scheduling using both MBUS and RS485, set Protocol to Modbus-Control.</li> </ul>
Baud rate	Set this parameter based on the baud rate of the connected device.
	The value can be <b>1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200</b> , or <b>115200</b> .
Parity	Set this parameter based on the parity mode of the connected device.
	The value can be None, Odd parity, or Even parity.
Stop Bit	Set this parameter based on the stop bit of the connected device.
	The value can be <b>1</b> or <b>2</b> .

Parameter	Description				
Start address	$1 \leq \text{Start address} \leq \text{Communication address of the}$				
End address	connected device $\leq$ End address $\leq$ 247				
	The address segments of COM ports can overlap.				
	NOTE				
	The start and end addresses have no impact on the devices that have been connected.				

## Night Communication Settings

If device information query is not required at night, enable **Night silent**.

Parameter	Description
Night silent	Specifies whether the night silent mode is enabled.
Enter time	Specifies the time for entering the night silent mode.
Exit time	Specifies the time for exiting the night silent mode.
Wakeup period	Specifies the wakeup period for the night silent mode.

# **6.3.5 Setting SPPC Communications Parameters**

#### **NOTE**

The parameters can be configured only for V300R023C10 and later versions.

Choose Settings > Comm. Param. > SPPC, set the SPPC parameters, and click	,
Submit.	

Parameter		Description
SPPC	SPPC IP	IP address of the SPPC. If the SPPC address is not configured, the SmartLogger obtains the SPPC address through the automatic discovery process. You can set the IP address to <b>0.0.0.0</b> and the port number to <b>65535</b> to manually start automatic device discovery.
	SPPC port number	Port number used by the SmartLogger to connect to the SPPC.
	Connection Status	Status of the SPPC connection.
Security Certificate	Upload CA certificate file	Update the CA certificate file. A CA certificate is a root certificate obtained from a CA. It is also called a trust certificate and is used to verify the identity certificate of the peer end.

Parameter		Description				
	Upload local certificate file	Update the local certificate file. This is an identity certificate obtained from a CA. It is also called a device certificate and contains the public key of a device. During the establishment of a link with the peer end, the peer end uses its CA certificate to verify the validity and parses the certificate to obtain the public key of the local end.				
	Upload key file	Update the key file. The secret key file is a certificate private key and is used by itself. After a link is established with the peer end, the secret key file is used to encrypt and send data.				
	Enable key password	Whether to encrypt the key file. If this function is enabled, set <b>Key password</b> and <b>Confirm key password</b> .				

# 6.3.6 Setting Parameters for the Slave SmartLogger

Figure 6-41 Setting Modbus TCP parameters

Step 1 Log in to the slave SmartLogger WebUI, set Modbus TCP parameters, and click Submit.

Enspire		Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring Query Settings Settings
🗉 User Param.	~	Modbus TCP
Comm. Param.		Link setting Disable
Wireless Network		Submit
Wired Network		
R\$485		
Power Meter		Modbus TCP
Management System	1	,
Modbus TCP	Y	

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Parameter	Description
Link setting	Set this parameter to Enable(Limited).
Client N IP Address	Set this parameter to the IP address of the master SmartLogger.
Address mode	The value can be <b>Comm. Address</b> or <b>Logical address</b> . If the communications address of the device connected to the SmartLogger is unique, you are advised to select <b>Comm. Address</b> . In other cases, you must select <b>Logical address</b> .
Logger address	Set this parameter to the communications address of the slave SmartLogger.

Parameter	Description			
Fast scheduling <sup>[1]</sup>	The default value is <b>Enable</b> .			
	<ul> <li>Set this parameter to Enable to enable the fast scheduling function of the SmartLogger Modbus TCP interface.</li> </ul>			
	• Set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> to disable the fast scheduling function of the SmartLogger Modbus TCP interface.			
LAN port	Specifies whether to enable the SmartLogger LAN port.			
Modbus TCP listening port	The default value is <b>502</b> . The value can be set to <b>1502</b> based on site requirements.			
PPC IP	Specifies the IP address of the PPC to be checked.			
Time for communication exception detection	Specifies the interval for communication exception detection.			
Protection Upon PPC Communication Error	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . After this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , if a communication exception lasts for 30 seconds or two communication exceptions occur within 1 hour, the array shuts down and an alarm is generated.			
Communication status	Specifies whether the PPC communication status is normal.			
Note [1]: This parameter can be set only for V300R023C00 and later versions. The fast scheduling function of the Modbus TCP interface is mutually exclusive with the GOOSE fast scheduling function. The fast scheduling function of only one protocol takes effect at a time.				

**Step 2** Log in to the WebUI of the master SmartLogger, set access parameters for the slave SmartLogger, and click **Add Devices**.

#### 1 Maintenance Mai Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring Query Settings Total Device Qty.:0 Add Devices Connect Device Device Type SmartLogger Comm. Protocol Modbus-TCP IP address 0.0.0.0 ~ 2 Connect Device Device status Add Devices Add Devices Close IL03J00011

Figure 6-42 Setting access parameters

Parameter	Description		
Device Type	Set this parameter to SmartLogger.		
IP address	Set this parameter to the IP address of the slave SmartLogger.		

----End

## **6.3.7 Setting HTTPS Parameters**

Choose **Settings > Comm. Param. > HTTPS**, set HTTPS parameters, and click **Submit**.

Parameter	Description
HTTPS listening port	The default value is <b>443</b> . The value can be set to <b>1443</b> based on site requirements.

# 6.3.8 Setting GOOSE Communications Parameters

#### **NOTE**

The GOOSE parameters can be configured only for V300R023C00 and later versions.

Choose **Settings > Comm. Param. > GOOSE**, set the GOOSE parameters, and click **Submit**.

## **Basic Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Connection	<ul> <li>The default value is <b>Disable</b>.</li> <li>Set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> to enable GOOSE communication for the SmartLogger.</li> <li>Set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> to disable GOOSE communication for the SmartLogger.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Set this parameter to Enable if the plant-level controller delivers a black start command through GOOSE to implement synchronou s black start of multiple arrays.</li> <li>Set this parameter to Enable if the plant-level controller delivers a power control command through GOOSE to implement fast scheduling.</li> </ul>
Data reporting	<ul> <li>The default value is <b>Disable</b>.</li> <li>Set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> to enable the function of reporting GOOSE messages from the SmartLogger to the peer device.</li> <li>Set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> to disable the function of reporting GOOSE messages from the SmartLogger to the peer device.</li> </ul>	This parameter is displayed when <b>Connection</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Data receiving	The default value is <b>Disable</b> .	
	<ul> <li>Set this parameter to Enable to enable the GOOSE message receiving function of the SmartLogger.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> to disable the GOOSE message receiving function of the SmartLogger.</li> </ul>	
Network port	WAN or SPF is supported. The default value is WAN. This parameter specifies the type of the network port used by the SmartLogger to send and receive GOOSE messages. Set this parameter based on the actual networking scenario.	
Enable second port <sup>[1]</sup>	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . When the SmartLogger is used in the scenario with dual control networks, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .	
Fast scheduling <sup>[2]</sup>	<ul> <li>The default value is <b>Disable</b>.</li> <li>Set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> to enable the fast scheduling function of the SmartLogger GOOSE interface.</li> </ul>	
	• Set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> to disable the fast scheduling function of the SmartLogger GOOSE interface.	

Note [1]: To enable the second port, you need to configure an isolation group for the switch network port connected to the GOOSE controller.

Note [2]: The GOOSE fast scheduling function is mutually exclusive with the Modbus TCP fast scheduling function. The fast scheduling function of only one protocol takes effect at a time.

## **Configuration File Import/Export**

- This parameter is displayed when **Connection** is set to **Enable**.
- You can contact the vendor to obtain the CID files of the SmartLogger and the peer controller. Compress the CID files of the SmartLogger and the peer controller into a .zip configuration package, and click Import Config. Import the configuration package. After the configuration is parsed successfully, the Device name, Controller type, Controller name, Configuration status, and Last import time are displayed. For details about GOOSE interconnection and

interfaces, see the *SmartLogger IEC61850 GOOSE Protocol Interface Description.* 

If the configuration file is imported and parsed successfully, the configuration status is **Configured**. If the configuration file import fails, contact the vendor of the peer controller to obtain the correct CID file.

Message Indicating Failed Configuration	Description	Suggestion
Import failed. The configuration file is incomplete.	The CID file of the local or peer device is missing.	Contact the vendor of the peer controller to obtain the correct CID file.
Import failed. The configuration file is not for this device.	The file does not match the vendor or the device type.	
Import failed. Unable to parse the configuration file.	The CID file format is incorrect. Parsing failed or no matching signal is found.	

• Click **Export Config.** to obtain the CID file of the current SmartLogger version. The CID file is exported at the same time if it has been imported successfully.

# 6.3.9 Setting MBUS Parameters

## 6.3.9.1 Setting Parameters for a Built-in MBUS Module

## Procedure

1. Set access parameters.

Figure 6-43 Setting parameters for a built-in MBUS module

Enspire	Deploy	ment Wizard 🔾 Over	View Monitoring Qu	ery Settings	Maintenance		
License Management	Total Device Q	ty.:1					
Device Mgmt.	2					Ma	intenance
Connect Device	Connec	t Device	Built-in MBUS	Enable	Y		
Device List	connec	er Device	Device disconnection time	5	min[5, 30]	107	
Export Param.	•			Submit			
Clear Alarm	No.	Device 0		Port-Comm Add	ir./IP address 🕈	SN =	Device status
Data Re-collection	1	60 KTL(COM1-1)		1-1			

IL03J00012

Parameter	Description	
Built-in MBUS	<ul> <li>When the SmartLogger communicates with the inverter using a built-in MBUS module, set this parameter to Enable.</li> </ul>	
	• When the SmartLogger communicates with the inverter and third-party device only over RS485, set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> .	
Device disconnection time	Specifies the device disconnection time.	

## 2. Set networking parameters.

#### Figure 6-44 Setting built-in MBUS networking

Ensp	Monitorin	Network	Monitoring Outery Settlings Maintenance			English V (G) 🕞
e Logger(Local)	Running Param. OSN L		Networking Sett	inas		
= Inverter		No.	Signal Name			Unit
Inverter(MBUS-12)	•	1	Anti-crosstalk	Enable	•	
Inverter(MBUS-13)	0	2	Box-type transformer No.	0	[0, 511]	
	0	3	Winding No.	0	[0, 7]	
<ul> <li>Inverter(MBUS-14)</li> </ul>	0	4	Networking	Enable	v	
<ul> <li>Inverter(MBUS-15)</li> </ul>	0	5	Power settings	10	10, 101	d8
e MBUS	0	6	Transmit mode	Three-phase	~	
MBUS-Inside			Fast scheduling	Disable	•	
	MBUS-insid	de	Network frequency band	2.5-5.7 (MHz)	•	

Tab	Parameter	Description
Running Param.	Anti-crosstalk	Set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> . When the transformer station number and winding number of the inverter are the same as those of the MBUS, or the inverter SN is in the SN list, the inverter can connect to the SmartLogger over an MBUS network.
	Network frequency band	Set this parameter based on site requirements.
	Box-type transformer No.	Set this parameter based on the number of the transformer station connected to the SmartLogger.
	Winding No.	In the scenario of multi-split transformer stations, set this parameter based on the winding number of the transformer station connected to the SmartLogger.
	Networking	<ul> <li>When the SmartLogger communicates with the inverter over MBUS, set Networking to Enable.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>When the SmartLogger communicates with the inverter only over RS485, set Networking to Disable.</li> </ul>

Tab	Parameter	Description
	Power settings	This parameter is used to adjust the transmit power of MBUS signals. A larger value indicates higher transmit power and better networking capabilities. The default value is <b>8</b> ( <b>NA</b> is displayed). You can set this parameter based on actual requirements.
	Transmit mode <sup>[1]</sup>	<ul> <li>Set this parameter to Single-phase in the rapid power grid scheduling scenario and to Three-phase in other scenarios.</li> <li>If this parameter is set to Single-phase, ensure that the MBUS three-phase AC power cable connection of the SmartLogger is the same as that of the inverter. Otherwise, the inverter communication may be disconnected or some commands may be lost.</li> </ul>
	Fast control frame type <sup>[2]</sup>	<ul> <li>This parameter specifies the frame type used by the MBUS module for rapid power grid scheduling.</li> <li>The MBUS module adaptively selects FC frame or Common frame.</li> </ul>
	Fast scheduling <sup>[3]</sup>	<ul> <li>Set this parameter based on the actual networking.</li> <li>If the fast scheduling function is required, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b>.</li> <li>If the fast scheduling function is not required, set this parameter to <b>Disable</b>.</li> </ul>

Tab	Parameter	Description
SN List		<ul> <li>Maintain the inverter SN list.</li> <li>You can click Synchronize to synchronize the transformer station number and winding number of the MBUS module to the inverters in the SN list.</li> <li>NOTICE         <ul> <li>If MBUS networking is used, an SN list, that is, a whitelist, must be set for inverters.</li> <li>The inverter whitelist can be set one by one or in batches.</li> <li>One by one: Click Add, enter the SN of the corresponding inverter, and click Submit.</li> <li>In batches: Method 1: If the whitelist is set for the first time, click Template, download the .zip package to the local PC, decompress it, and enter the SNs of multiple inverters in the .csv file by referring to the format of the template. Click Import to import the modified .csv file, and then click Submit.</li> <li>Method 2: If the whitelist is not set for the first time, click Export, download the .zip package to the local PC, decompress it, and add the SNs of multiple inverters to the .csv file based on the format of the exported .csv file. Click Import to import the modified .csv file, and then click Submit.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Note [1]: This parameter can be set only in SmartMBUS V100R001C00SPC212 and later versions.

Note [2]: This parameter can be set only in SmartMBUS V100R001C00SPC212 and later versions, but has been deleted in SmartMBUS V100R001C00SPC220 and later versions.

Note [3]: This parameter can be set only in SmartMBUS V100R001C00SPC220 and later versions.

## 6.3.9.2 Setting Parameters for an External MBUS Module

Set parameters for an external MBUS module based on the model of the connected device. The models of external MBUS modules include SmartMBUS CCO01A and SmartMBUS CCO01B.

## 6.3.9.2.1 Setting SmartMBUS CCO01A Parameters

## Procedure

- 1. Set access parameters.
  - **Method 1**: Click **Auto. Search** to connect to the MBUS module.
  - Method 2: Click Add Devices, set access parameters, and click Add Devices.

Figure 6-45 Setting access parameters for an external MBUS module

Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over View	Monitoring	uery Settings Maintenance	English ~ (1) E
	Total Device Qty::0	wonitoring Q	Bery Settings Multicounce	Maintenance
	Connect Device	Add Devices		• <u> </u>
		Device Type	MBUS	
	Des	Comm. Protocol	Modbus-RTU	
Device Log		Port number	COM1	
Onsite Test	2 Commont Davies			Device status
	Connect Device			
License Management				
- Device Mgmt.	3			
Connect Device	Add Devices			
			Add Devices Close	
Clear Alarm	Auto Search Add Devices Remov	e Devices 🕴 Auto Assig	n Address Import Config. Export Config	

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Parameter Description	
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>MBUS</b> .
Port number	Set this parameter to the COM port connected to the MBUS module.

2. Set networking parameters.

Figure 6-46 Setting external MBUS networking

Enspire	Deplo	yment Wiz	ard Over View Monitorie	Monitoring		nglish v (@ 🕞
- SmartLogger3000	Running	Info. S	A List Networking Settings	lbou		
Logger(Local)	Running I	Param. OSI	list			
MBUS		No.	Signal Name			Unit
MBUS-inside		1	Baud rate Net	working Settings	v	
To vice de sterior de sterior de sterior de sterior de		2	Anti-crosstalk	Norming Sectings	v	
MBUS(COM1-249)		3	Network frequency band	0.5-3.7 (MHz)	v	
SUN2000			Box-type transformer No.	0	[0, 511]	
185KTL-H12		5	Winding No.	0	[0, 7]	
M	BUS	6	Networking	Enable	v	
		7	Power settings	8	[0, 10]	dB
		8	Transmit mode	Single-phase	*	
		9	Network interface	Enable	¥	
		10	IP address	192.168.8.99	[0.0.0.0, 255.255.255.255]	
		11	Fast control frame type	FC frame	v	
	Submit					

Tab	Parameter	Description
Running Param.	Baud rate	Retain the default value <b>115200</b> to achieve better communication performance.
	Anti- crosstalk	Set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> . When the transformer station number and winding number of the inverter are the same as those of the MBUS, or the inverter SN is in the SN list, the inverter can connect to the SmartLogger over an MBUS network.
	Network frequency band	Set this parameter based on site requirements.
	Box-type transforme r No.	Set this parameter based on the number of the transformer station connected to the SmartLogger.
	Winding No.	In the scenario of multi-split transformer stations, set this parameter based on the winding number of the transformer station connected to the SmartLogger.
	Networkin g	<ul> <li>When the SmartLogger communicates with the inverter over MBUS, set Networking to Enable.</li> <li>When the SmartLogger communicates with the inverter only over DS 485, set Networking to</li> </ul>
		inverter only over RS485, set <b>Networking</b> to <b>Disable</b> .
	Power settings	This parameter is used to adjust the transmit power of MBUS signals. A larger value indicates higher transmit power and better networking capabilities. The default value is <b>8</b> ( <b>NA</b> is displayed). You can set this parameter based on actual requirements.
	Transmit mode <sup>[1]</sup>	<ul> <li>Set this parameter to Single-phase in the rapid power grid scheduling scenario and to Three- phase in other scenarios.</li> </ul>
		• If this parameter is set to <b>Single-phase</b> , ensure that the MBUS three-phase AC power cable connection of the SmartLogger is the same as that of the inverter. Otherwise, the inverter communication may be disconnected or some commands may be lost.
	Network interface <sup>[1]</sup>	<ul> <li>This parameter is used to enable communication between the MBUS module and the SmartLogger network interface.</li> </ul>
		• The default value is <b>Disable</b> . Set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> only in the power grid fast scheduling scenario. Ensure that the LAN interface on the SmartLogger or SmartModule is connected to the network interface on the MBUS module.

Tab	Parameter	Description	
	IP address <sup>[1]</sup>	IP address of the MBUS module. The default value is <b>192.168.8.249</b> . Change the value only when an IP address conflict occurs.	
	Fast control frame type <sup>[2]</sup>	<ul> <li>This parameter specifies the frame type used by the MBUS module for rapid power grid scheduling.</li> <li>The MBUS module adaptively selects FC frame or Common frame.</li> </ul>	
	Fast scheduling <sup>[</sup> 3]	<ul> <li>Set this parameter based on the actual networking.</li> <li>If the fast scheduling function is required, set this parameter to Enable.</li> <li>If the fast scheduling function is not required, set this parameter to Disable.</li> </ul>	
SN List		<ul> <li>Maintain the inverter SN list.</li> <li>You can click Synchronize to synchronize the transformer station number and winding number of the MBUS module to the inverters in the SN list. NOTICE <ul> <li>If MBUS networking is used, an SN list, that is, a whitelist, must be set for inverters.</li> <li>The inverter whitelist can be set one by one or in batches.</li> <li>One by one: Click Add, enter the SN of the corresponding inverter, and click Submit.</li> <li>In batches: Method 1: If the whitelist is set for the first time, click Template, download the .zip package to the local PC, decompress it, and enter the SNs of multiple inverters in the .csv file by referring to the format of the template. Click Import to import the modified .csv file, and then click Submit.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

Note [1]: This parameter can be set only in SmartMBUS V100R001C00SPC212 and later versions.

Note [2]: This parameter can be set only in SmartMBUS V100R001C00SPC212 and later versions, but has been deleted in SmartMBUS V100R001C00SPC220 and later versions.

Note [3]: This parameter can be set only in SmartMBUS V100R001C00SPC220 and later versions.

#### 6.3.9.2.2 Setting SmartMBUS CCO01B Parameters

The SmartLogger3000 software versions of V300R023C00SPC110 and later support FE access.

## Procedure

 (Optional) If the SmartMBUS CCO01B is installed in the STS, set Built-in MBUS to Disable on the SmartLogger3000, as shown in Figure 6-47. If the SACU model is SmartACU2000D-D-02 or SmartACU2000D-D-03, remove the power supply to disable the CCO module installed in the SACU to prevent communications interference between the two CCO modules. If the preceding conditions are not met, skip this step.

Figure 6-47 Setting parameters for a built-in MBUS module



- 2. Set access parameters.
  - If FE communication is selected for the SmartMBUS CCO01B, the SmartMBUS CCO01B is automatically added.
  - If RS485 communication is selected for the SmartMBUS CCO01B, you have two methods to add a device.

Method 1: Click Auto. Search to connect to the MBUS module.

Method 2: Click **Add Devices**, set access parameters, and click **Add Devices**.



Figure 6-48 Setting access parameters for an external MBUS module

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Parameter Description	
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>MBUS</b> .
Port number	Set this parameter to the COM port connected to the MBUS module.

3. Set networking parameters.

Table 6-14 Setting parameters for external MBUS networking
--

Tab	Parameter	Description
Running Param.	Baud rate	Retain the default value <b>115200</b> to achieve better communication performance. This parameter is set only when the SmartMBUS CCO communication mode is set to RS485.
	Anti-crosstalk	Set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> . When the transformer station number and winding number of the inverter are the same as those of the MBUS, or the inverter SN is in the SN list, the inverter can connect to the SmartLogger over an MBUS network.
	Box-type transformer No.	Set this parameter based on the number of the transformer station connected to the SmartLogger.
	Winding No.	In the scenario of multi-split transformer stations, set this parameter based on the winding number of the transformer station connected to the SmartLogger.

Tab	Parameter	Description
	Networking	<ul> <li>When the SmartLogger communicates with the inverter over MBUS, set Networking to Enable.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>When the SmartLogger communicates with the inverter only over RS485, set Networking to Disable.</li> </ul>
	Power settings	This parameter is used to adjust the transmit power of MBUS signals. A larger value indicates higher transmit power and better networking capabilities. The default value is <b>8</b> ( <b>NA</b> is displayed). You can set this parameter based on actual requirements.
	Fast scheduling	Set this parameter based on the actual networking.
		• If the fast scheduling function is required, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .
		• If the fast scheduling function is not required, set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> .
	Network frequency band	Retain the default value. If you have any questions, contact the supplier or technical support.

Tab	Parameter	Description
SN List	-	Maintain the inverter SN list.
		• You can click <b>Synchronize</b> to synchronize the transformer station number and winding number of the MBUS module to the inverters in the SN list.
		NOTICE
		<ul> <li>If MBUS networking is used, an SN list, that is, a whitelist, must be set for inverters.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>The inverter whitelist can be set one by one or in batches.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>One by one: Click Add, enter the SN of the corresponding inverter, and click Submit.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>In batches: Method 1: If the whitelist is set for the first time, click <b>Template</b>, download the .zip package to the local PC, decompress it, and enter the SNs of multiple inverters in the .csv file by referring to the format of the template. Click <b>Import</b> to import the modified .csv file, and then click <b>Submit</b>.</li> </ul>
		Method 2: If the whitelist is not set for the first time, click <b>Export</b> , download the .zip package to the local PC, decompress it, and add the SNs of multiple inverters to the .csv file based on the format of the exported .csv file. Click <b>Import</b> to import the modified .csv file, and then click <b>Submit</b> .

# **6.3.10 Setting Inverter Parameters**

**SUN2000** is displayed for V300R001C00.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Choose **Maintenance** > **Connect Device** and set access parameters.

- Method 1: Click Auto. Search to connect to the SUN2000.
- Method 2: Click Add Devices, set access parameters, and click Add Devices.



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Parameter	Description
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>SUN2000</b> .
Connection mode	• If the SUN2000 uses the MBUS for communication, set this parameter to <b>MBUS</b> .
	<ul> <li>If the SUN2000 uses RS485 for communication, set this parameter to the COM port connected to the SUN2000.</li> </ul>
Address	Set this parameter to the communication address of the SUN2000.

**Step 2** Choose **Monitoring** > **Inverter** > **Running Param.**, set running parameters, and click **Submit**.

#### NOTICE

Before setting the running parameters of the SUN2000, ensure that the DC side of the SUN2000 is energized.

----End

## 6.3.10.1 Running Parameters

## **Grid Parameters**

Parameter	Description
Grid Code	Set this parameter based on the grid code of the country or region where the inverter is used and the inverter application scenario.
Isolation settings	Set the working mode of the inverter based on the grounding status at DC side and the connection to the power grid.

Parameter	Description	
Output mode	Specifies whether the inverter output has a neutral wire based on the application scenario.	
V-phase grounded	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . Set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> when the phase wire from the transformer to the inverter is grounded.	
PQ mode	If this parameter is set to <b>PQ mode 1</b> , the maximum AC output power equals the maximum apparent power. If this parameter is set to <b>PQ mode 2</b> , the maximum AC output power equals the rated output power.	
Automatically start upon grid recovery	Specifies whether to allow the inverter to automatically start after the power grid recovers.	
	• <b>Enable</b> : The inverter automatically starts when the power grid recovers from a fault or outage.	
	• <b>Disable</b> : The inverter does not automatically start when the power grid recovers from a fault or outage. The inverter starts only after a startup command is delivered.	
Grid connected recovery time from grid faults (s)	Specifies the time after which the inverter begins restarting after the power grid recovers.	
Grid reconnection voltage upper limit (V)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that after the inverter shuts down for protection due to a fault, if the power grid voltage is higher than <b>Grid reconnection voltage upper limit</b> , the inverter is not allowed to reconnect to the grid.	
Grid reconnection voltage lower limit (V)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that after the inverter shuts down for protection due to a fault, if the power grid voltage is lower than <b>Grid reconnection voltage lower limit</b> , the inverter is not allowed to reconnect to the grid.	
Grid reconnection frequency upper limit (Hz)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that after the inverter shuts down for protection due to a fault, if the power grid frequency is higher than <b>Grid reconnection frequency upper limit</b> , the inverter is not allowed to reconnect to the grid.	
Grid reconnection frequency lower limit (Hz)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that after the inverter shuts down for protection due to a fault, if the power grid frequency is lower than <b>Grid reconnection frequency lower limit</b> , the inverter is not allowed to reconnect to the grid.	
Reactive power compensation (cosф-P) trigger voltage (%)	Specifies the voltage threshold for triggering reactive power compensation based on the coso-P curve.	
Reactive power compensation (cosф-P) exit voltage (%)	Specifies the voltage threshold for exiting reactive power compensation based on the coso-P curve.	
Soft start time after grid failure	Specifies the time for the power to gradually increase when the inverter restarts after the power grid recovers.	

## **Protection Parameters**

Parameter	Description	
Insulation resistance protection (MΩ)	To ensure device safety, the inverter detects the insulation resistance of the input side with respect to ground when it starts a self-check. If the detected value is less than the preset value, the inverter does not connect to the grid.	
	• For the 600 V system, the value range is [0.02, 1.5].	
	• For the 1100 V system, the value range is [0.033, 1.5].	
	• For the 1500 V system, the value range is [0.05, 1.5].	
Voltage unbalance protection threshold (%)	Specifies the inverter protection threshold when the power grid voltage is unbalanced.	
Phase protection point (°)	The Japanese standard requires that during passive islanding detection, protection should be triggered if an abrupt voltage phase change is detected.	
Phase angle offset protection	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the inverter needs to be protected when the phase angle offset of the power grid three phases exceeds a certain value.	
10-min overvoltage	Specifies the 10-minute overvoltage protection threshold.	
protection threshold (V)	• For residential single-phase inverters that support off-grid operation, the value range is [0, 1250] V.	
	• For other inverters, the value range is [800, 1000] V.	
10-min overvoltage protection duration (ms)	Specifies the 10-minute overvoltage protection duration.	
Level-N OV protection (V)	Specifies the level-N grid overvoltage protection threshold.	
Level-N OV protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid overvoltage protection duration.	
Level-N UV protection (V)	Specifies the level-N grid undervoltage protection threshold.	
Level-N UV protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid undervoltage protection duration.	
Level-N OF protection (Hz)	Specifies the level-N grid overfrequency protection threshold.	
Level-N OF protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid overfrequency protection duration.	
Level-N UF protection (Hz)	Specifies the level-N grid underfrequency protection threshold.	
Level-N UF protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid underfrequency protection duration.	

## 

N is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.

## **Feature Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
MPPT multi-peak scanning	When the inverter is used in scenarios where PV strings are obviously shaded, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> , and then the inverter will perform global MPPT scanning at regular intervals to locate the maximum power.	-
MPPT multi-peak scan interval (min)	Specifies the MPPT scanning interval.	This parameter is displayed when <b>MPPT multi-peak</b> <b>scanning</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
RCD enhancement	RCD refers to the residual current of the inverter to the ground. To ensure device and personal safety, RCD should be limited to the specified value in the standard. If an AC switch with a residual current detection function is installed outside the inverter, set this function to <b>Enable</b> to reduce the residual current generated when the inverter is running, thereby preventing the AC switch from misoperations.	-
Night-time reactive power output	In some specific application scenarios, a power grid company requires that the inverter can perform reactive power compensation at night to ensure that the power factor of the local power grid meets requirements.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Isolation</b> is set to <b>Input</b> <b>ungrounded (with TF)</b> .
PID protection at night	When the inverter outputs reactive power at night and this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter will shut down automatically if it detects abnormal status of the PID voltage compensation.	-
Strong adaptability	If the power grid short-circuit capacity or plant installed capacity is less than 3, the power grid quality will be affected if the power grid impedance is too high, which may cause the inverter to malfunction. In this case, if the inverter is required to work properly, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .	-
Power quality optimization mode	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter output current harmonics will be optimized.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
PV module type	This parameter can be set to different types of PV modules, especially concentrating PV (CPV) modules. You can configure CPV modules to determine the shutdown duration of the inverter. If the CPV modules are shaded, the power drops drastically to 0 and the inverter shuts down. The energy yield would be affected since it takes too long for the power to resume and inverter to restart. The parameter does not need to be set for crystalline silicon and thin film PV modules.	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to Crystalline silicon or Film, the inverter automatically detects the power of PV modules when they are shaded and shuts down if the power is too low.</li> <li>When CPV modules are used:         <ul> <li>If this parameter is set to CPV 1, the inverter can quickly restart in 60 minutes if the input power of PV modules drops drastically due to shading.</li> <li>If this parameter is set to CPV 2, the inverter can quickly restart in 10 minutes if the input power of PV modules drops drastically due to shading.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
PID compensation direction	When the external PID module compensates the PID voltage for the PV system, set <b>PID compensation direction</b> to the actual compensation direction of the PID module so that the inverter can output reactive power at night.	<b>PID compensation direction</b> must be consistent with <b>PV</b> <b>module compensation voltage</b> <b>direction</b> of the PID module.
Built-in PID running mode	Specifies the operation mode of the inverter built-in PID.	-
PID nighttime off-grid repair	Specifies whether to enable the PID nighttime off-grid repair.	If <b>PID running mode</b> is not set to <b>Disable</b> , the parameter can be set.
PID daytime off- grid repair	Specifies whether to enable the PID daytime off-grid repair.	
String connection mode	Specifies the connection mode of PV strings.	<ul> <li>When PV strings connect to the inverter separately (All PV strings separated), there is no need to set this parameter. The inverter can automatically detect the connection mode of the PV strings.</li> <li>When the inverter is connected to all parallel PV strings (connected to each other in parallel outside the inverter), set this parameter to All PV strings connected.</li> </ul>

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Automatic OFF due to communication interrupted	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the inverter must shut down after the communication is interrupted for a certain time.	If Automatic OFF due to communication interrupted is set to Enable and the inverter communication is interrupted for a specified time (set by Communication interruption duration), the inverter will automatically shut down.
Communication interruption duration (min)	Specifies the duration for determining communication interruption. Used for automatic shutdown for protection in case of communication interruption.	-
Automatic ON due to communication resumed	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter automatically starts after communication recovers. If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , the inverter needs to be started manually after communication recovers.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Shutdown on</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Soft start/boot time (s)	Specifies the duration for the power to gradually increase when the inverter starts.	-
Shutdown gradient (%/s)	Specifies the power change speed when the inverter shuts down.	-
AFCI	The North American standard requires that the inverter should have DC arc detection function.	-
AFCI detection adaptive mode	Adjusts the sensitivity of arc detection.	This parameter is displayed only when <b>AFCI</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
AFCI self-test	Send the AFCI self-check command manually.	-
Current error during the scan (A)	To prevent inaccurate I-V curve scanning of PV strings caused by sunlight change, the current change of PV strings that operate properly should be monitored. When the current exceeds the specified value, it is determined that the sunlight changes. Perform I-V curve scanning again.	-
OVGR associated shutdown	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter shuts down after receiving the OVGR signal. If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , the inverter does not shut down after receiving the OVGR signal.	This parameter is displayed if the Japanese grid code is selected.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Dry contact function	Identifies the dry contact signals from the SmartLogger.	Set this parameter to <b>OVGR</b> for OVGR signals, and set it to <b>NC</b> for other signals. This parameter is displayed if the
		Japanese grid code is selected.
Commanded shutdown hold after power recovery	The standards of certain countries and regions require that if the inverter is shut down after receiving a command and powered on again after power recovers, it should still be in commanded shutdown state.	-
Night-time hibernation	The inverter monitors PV strings at night. If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the monitoring function of the inverter will hibernate at night to reduce power consumption.	-
MBUS communication	For inverters that support RS485 communication and MBUS communication, you are advised to set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> when RS485 communication is used to reduce power consumption.	-
RS485-2 communication	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the RS485-2 port can be used. If the port is not used, you are advised to set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> to reduce power consumption.	-
Delay upgrade	This parameter is mainly used in the upgrade scenarios where the PV power supply is disconnected at night due to no sunlight or unstable at dawn or dusk due to poor sunlight.	After the inverter starts to upgrade, if <b>Delay upgrade</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> , the upgrade package is loaded first. After the PV power supply recovers and the activation conditions are met, the inverter automatically activates the upgrade.
String monitor	The inverter monitors PV strings in real time. If any PV string is abnormal (such as the PV string is shaded or the electric energy yield decreases), the inverter generates an alarm to remind maintenance personnel to maintain the PV string in a timely manner.	If PV strings are often shaded, you are advised to set <b>String</b> <b>monitor</b> to <b>Disable</b> to prevent false alarms.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
String detection reference asymmetric coefficient	Specifies the threshold for determining PV string exception. The false alarms caused by fixed shadow shading can be controlled by changing this parameter.	This parameter is displayed when <b>String monitor</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
String detection starting power percentage (%)	Specifies the threshold for starting PV string exception detection. The false alarms caused by fixed shadow shading can be controlled by changing this parameter.	
OFF at 0% power limit	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter shuts down after receiving the 0% power limit command. If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , the inverter does not shut down after receiving the 0% power limit command.	-
Maximum apparent power (kVA)	Specifies the output upper threshold for the maximum apparent power to adapt to the capacity requirements of standard and customized inverters.	If the maximum active power equals the value of Smax_limit, this parameter is not displayed.
Maximum active power (kW)	Specifies the output upper threshold for the maximum active power to adapt to different market requirements.	For 1000 V inverters, this parameter is configurable only for the SUN2000-25KTL-US, and the maximum value is 27.5 kW.
Tracker controller	Selects a controller vendor.	-
Adjust total energy yield (kWh)	Specifies the initial energy yield of the inverter. This parameter is used in inverter replacement scenarios. Set the initial energy yield of the new inverter to the total energy yield of the old inverter to ensure continuous statistics of cumulative energy yield.	-
Duration for determining short-time grid disconnection (ms)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the inverter should not disconnect from the power grid if the power grid experiences a short-time failure. After the fault is rectified, the inverter output power needs to be quickly restored.	-
Buzzer	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the buzzer sounds when the DC input cable is incorrectly connected. If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , the buzzer does not sound when the DC input cable is incorrectly connected.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
LVRT	LVRT is short for low voltage ride-through. When the grid voltage is abnormally low for a short time, the inverter cannot disconnect from the power grid immediately and has to work for some time.	-
Threshold for triggering LVRT (V)	Specifies the threshold for triggering LVRT. The threshold settings should meet the local grid standard.	This parameter is displayed when <b>LVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
LVRT compensation power factor of reactive power in positive sequence	During LVRT, the inverter needs to generate positive-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the positive-sequence reactive power generated by the inverter. For example, if you set LVRT compensation power factor of reactive power in positive sequence to 2, the increment of positive-sequence reactive current generated by the inverter is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage decreases by 10% during LVRT. If you set LVRT compensation power factor of reactive power in positive-sequence reactive current generated by the inverter is 0 regardless of how much the AC voltage decreases during LVRT.	
LVRT compensation power factor of reactive power in negative sequence	During LVRT, the solar inverter needs to generate negative-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the negative- sequence reactive power generated by the solar inverter. For example, if you set LVRT compensation power factor of reactive power in negative sequence to 2, the increment of negative-sequence reactive current generated by the inverter is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage decreases by 10% during LVRT. If you set LVRT compensation power factor of reactive power in negative-sequence reactive current generated by the inverter is 0 regardless of how much the AC voltage decreases during LVRT.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Percentage of LVRT reactive current limiting	During LVRT, the device needs to limit the reactive current. For example, if you set <b>Percentage of</b> <b>LVRT reactive current limiting</b> to <b>50</b> , the reactive current upper limit of the device is 50% of the rated current during LVRT.	
Threshold of LVRT zero- current mode	When Zero current due to power grid fault is set to Enable, if the power grid voltage is less than the value of Threshold of LVRT zero-current mode during LVRT, the zero current mode is used. Otherwise, the mode configured in LVRT mode is used.	
LVRT recovery delay time	Specifies the delay time for LVRT power recovery.	
LVRT mode	Sets LVRT mode. The options are <b>Zero-</b> current mode, Constant current mode, Reactive power priority mode, and Active power priority mode.	
HVRT	HVRT is short for high voltage ride- through. When the grid voltage is abnormally high for a short time, the inverter cannot disconnect from the power grid immediately and has to work for some time.	-
Threshold for triggering HVRT (V)	Specifies the threshold for triggering HVRT. The threshold settings should meet the local grid standard.	This parameter is displayed when <b>HVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
HVRT compensation power factor of reactive power in positive sequence	During HVRT, the inverter needs to generate positive-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the positive-sequence reactive power generated by the inverter.	
	For example, if you set <b>HVRT</b> <b>compensation power factor of reactive</b> <b>power in positive sequence</b> to <b>2</b> , the increment of positive-sequence reactive current generated by the inverter is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage increases by 10% during HVRT.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
HVRT compensation power factor of reactive power in negative sequence	During HVRT, the inverter needs to generate negative-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the negative- sequence reactive power generated by the inverter. For example, if you set <b>HVRT</b> <b>compensation power factor of reactive</b> <b>power in negative sequence</b> to <b>2</b> , the increment of negative-sequence reactive	
	current generated by the inverter is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage increases by 10% during HVRT.	
VRT exit hysteresis threshold	Specifies the LVRT/HVRT recovery threshold.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when LVRT or HVRT is set to Enable.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>LVRT recovery threshold = LVRT threshold + VRT exit hysteresis threshold</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>HVRT recovery threshold = HVRT threshold – VRT exit hysteresis threshold</li> </ul>
LVRT undervoltage protection shield	Specifies whether to shield the undervoltage protection function during LVRT.	This parameter is displayed when <b>LVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Grid voltage protection shield during VRT	Specifies whether to shield the undervoltage protection function during LVRT or HVRT.	This parameter is displayed when <b>LVRT</b> or <b>HVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
VRT active current limiting (%)	Specifies the percentage of the maximum active current to the rated current during fault ride-through (FRT).	-
VRT active power recovery gradient	Specifies the recovery rate when the active current recovers to the value at the moment before FRT.	-
Grid voltage trip triggering threshold (%)	Specifies the LVRT or HVRT threshold for triggering a transient voltage jump of a power grid. A transient voltage jump indicates that the inverter cannot immediately disconnect from the power grid when the power grid is abnormal due to transient changes.	This parameter is available when <b>Grid code</b> is set to <b>VDE 4120</b> .

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Zero current due to power grid fault	Certain countries and regions have requirements on the output current during high/low voltage ride-through. In this case, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> . After this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the output current is less than 10% of the rated current during high/low voltage ride- through.	This parameter is displayed when <b>LVRT</b> or <b>HVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Voltage rise suppression	The standards of certain countries and regions require that when the output voltage exceeds a certain value, the inverter must suppress voltage rise by outputting reactive power and reducing active power.	-
Shutdown at 0% power limit	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter shuts down after receiving the 0% power limit command. If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , the inverter does not shut down after receiving the 0% power limit command.	-
Frequency-based control	The standards of certain countries and regions require that if the power grid frequency fluctuates around the rated value, the inverter needs to fine-tune the active power output based on <b>Frequency- based adjustment ratio</b> to help stabilize the power grid frequency. In this case, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .	-
Frequency-based adjustment ratio	Specifies the adjustment ratio of the active power output.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Frequency-based control</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Voltage rise suppressing reactive power adjustment point (%)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the inverter generate a certain amount of reactive power when the output voltage exceeds a certain value.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when Voltage rise suppression is set to Enable.</li> <li>The value of Voltage rise suppressing active power derating point must be greater than that of Voltage rise suppressing reactive power adjustment point.</li> </ul>
Voltage rise suppressing active power derating point (%)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the active power of the inverter be derated according to a certain slope when the output voltage exceeds a certain value.	
Voltage rise suppression P-U curve	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the P-U curve be set.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Voltage rise suppression</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Voltage rise suppression Q-U curve	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the Q-U curve be set.	
Frequency change rate protection	Set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> to protect the inverter when the grid frequency changes too fast.	-
Frequency change rate protection threshold (Hz/s)	Specifies the frequency change rate protection threshold.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Frequency change rate</b> <b>protection</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Frequency change rate protection time (s)	Specifies the frequency change rate protection duration.	
CT anomaly detection	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter automatically checks whether CT cables are disconnected or connected in reverse polarity and reports an alarm to the SmartLogger.	This parameter is displayed only for the SUN2000-4.95KTL-JPL1.
Churn mode	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the BackupBox switches to this mode (off-grid mode) when the grid fails.	-
Reserved backup capacity	When <b>Churn mode</b> (off-grid mode) is set to <b>Enable</b> and the battery SOC reaches this value, the battery stops discharging to ensure that the SOC is above this value.	The association is displayed when <b>Churn mode</b> (off-grid mode) is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Grid-tied/Off- grid switching mode	If this parameter is set to <b>Automatic</b> , the system switches to the off-grid mode when the grid fails, and switches to the grid-tied mode when the grid recovers.	
Switch to off-grid	This parameter is displayed only when Grid-tied/Off-grid switching mode is set to Manual. To manually switch to off-grid mode, select the box on the left and click Submit.	
Voltage in independent operation	AC operating voltage level of the inverter in off-grid mode can be <b>101 V</b> or <b>202 V</b> .	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Auto recovery from string-to- ground short- circuit protection	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable, the String Short-Circuited to Ground alarm is automatically cleared after fault recovery.</li> <li>If this parameter is set to Disable, the String Short Circuited to Ground</li> </ul>	-
	<b>String Short-Circuited to Ground</b> alarm cannot be automatically cleared. You need to manually clear the alarm.	
Microgrid compatibility	<ul> <li>The default value is <b>Disable</b>. The recommended settings are as follows:</li> <li>If <b>Working mode</b> is set to <b>VSG</b> for the inverter or <b>Scenario</b> is set to <b>On-grid</b>, set this parameter to <b>Disable</b>.</li> <li>If <b>Working mode</b> is set to <b>PQ</b> for the</li> </ul>	-
	inverter and the inverter works in a microgrid that uses a diesel generator or other voltage sources, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter adaptively changes the output power based on the original grid code and the grid voltage and frequency to support a higher ratio of current sources to voltage sources (that is, PV-to-ESS ratio).	
Grid phase loss adaptability	This function is used to keep the inverter operating in on-grid mode when an open phase fault occurs. By default, this function is enabled for China's national standards and disabled for other standards.	<ul> <li>This parameter applies only to some models. The actual display may vary.</li> <li>Positive-sequence reactive current limit during asymmetric LVRT (%) and</li> </ul>
Positive- sequence reactive current limit during asymmetric LVRT (%)	During asymmetric LVRT, the device needs to limit the positive-sequence reactive current.	<ul> <li>Compensation angle during ZVRT are displayed only when LVRT is set to Enable.</li> <li>Reactive current limit during HVRT (%) is displayed only when HVRT is ast to Enable.</li> </ul>
Negative- sequence reactive current limit during VRT (%)	During asymmetric LVRT, the device needs to limit the negative-sequence reactive current.	set to <b>Enable</b> .
Reactive current limit during HVRT (%)	During HVRT, the device needs to limit the reactive current.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Min. active current during VRT (%)	During VRT, the device needs to limit the min. active current.	
Compensation angle during ZVRT	By default, this function is enabled for China's national standards and disabled for other standards.	
Reactive current compensation bias during LVRT	Specifies the percentage of the reactive compensation current in the rated current during LVRT. The default value is <b>0.0</b> , and the value range is [-100.0, 100.0].	<ul> <li>This parameter applies only to some models. The actual display may vary.</li> <li>Reactive current</li> </ul>
Reactive current compensation bias during HVRT	Specifies the percentage of the reactive compensation current in the rated current during HVRT. The default value is <b>0.0</b> , and the value range is [-100.0, 100.0].	compensation bias during LVRT and Power dispatching hold time after LVRT are displayed only when LVRT is set to Enable.
Power dispatching hold time after LVRT	Specifies the delay for the device to stop the power dispatching response after LVRT. After the stopping state ends, the device starts to respond to the dispatching command. The value range is [0, 60000].	<ul> <li>Reactive current compensation bias during HVRT and Power dispatching hold time after HVRT are displayed only</li> </ul>
Power dispatching hold time after HVRT	Specifies the delay for the device to stop the power dispatching response after HVRT. After the stopping state ends, the device starts to respond to the dispatching command. The value range is [0, 60000].	when <b>HVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Anti-rollback	<ul> <li>The default setting is Enable.</li> <li>Enable: Enable the anti-rollback function.</li> <li>Disable: Disable the anti-rollback function.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This parameter applies only to some models. The actual display may vary.</li> <li>If the parameter is set to <b>Enable</b>, the software cannot be rolled back to the source version during the software upgrade to prevent vulnerabilities in the source version from being exploited.</li> </ul>
PV module short- circuit current	The value ranges from 8.0 A to 20.0 A, with one decimal place reserved. The single-side short-circuit current of the connected PV module under STC is available in the PV module parameters.	-
PV module bifaciality factor	The value ranges from 1.0 to 1.1, with one decimal place reserved. Select 1.0 for monofacial PV modules and 1.1 for bifacial PV modules.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
DC switch quick- break protection threshold	The value ranges from -10.0 to -30.0. When the inverter detects that the backfeed current exceeds the setting, it immediately triggers disconnection.	-
Communication disconnection fail-safe	In the inverter export limitation scenario, if this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter will derate according to the active power derating percentage when the communication between the inverter and the SmartLogger or Smart Dongle is disconnected for a period longer than <b>Communication disconnection detection time</b> .	-
Communication disconnection detection time (s)	Specifies the detection time for protection upon a communication failure between the inverter and the SmartLogger or Smart Dongle.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Active power threshold (%) when communication fails	Specifies the derating value of the inverter active power by percentage.	

# **Power Adjustment**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Remote power schedule	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter responds to the scheduling command from the remote port. If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , the inverter does not respond to the scheduling command from the remote port.	-
Schedule instruction valid duration (s)	Specifies the validity period of the scheduling instruction. When this parameter is set to <b>0</b> , the scheduling instruction takes effect permanently.	When this parameter is set to <b>0</b> , the scheduling instruction takes effect permanently.
Maximum apparent power (kVA)	Specifies the output upper threshold for the maximum apparent power to adapt to the capacity requirements of standard and customized inverters.	If the maximum active power equals the value of Smax_limit, this parameter is not displayed.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Maximum active power (kW)	Specifies the output upper threshold for the maximum active power to adapt to different market requirements.	-
Active power change gradient (%/s)	Specifies the change rate of the inverter active power.	-
Fixed active power derated (kW)	Specifies the active power output of the inverter by fixed value.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Remote power</b> <b>scheduling</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> . This parameter can be set to 27.5 kW at most for the SUN2000-25KTL-US.
Active power percentage derating (%)	Adjusts the active output power of the inverter by percentage. If this parameter is set to <b>100</b> , the inverter provides the maximum output power.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Remote power</b> <b>scheduling</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>100</b> , the inverter provides the maximum output power.
Reactive power change gradient (%/s)	Specifies the change rate of the inverter reactive power.	-
Plant active power gradient (min/100%)	Specifies the rate of active power rise due to irradiance changes.	-
Filter duration for average active power (ms)	Specifies the period of active power rise due to irradiance changes. This parameter is used with <b>Plant active power gradient</b> .	-
PF(U) voltage detection filter time (s)	Specifies the time for filtering the grid voltage in the PF-U curve.	-
Reactive power adjustment time (s)	Specifies the adjustment time for the reactive power to reach the target value during reactive power adjustment.	-
Power factor	Specifies the power factor of the inverter.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Remote power</b>
Reactive power compensation (Q/S)	Specifies the reactive power output by the inverter.	scheduling is set to Enable.
Reactive power compensation at night (Q/S)	During the reactive power compensation at night, the reactive power is scheduled by percentage.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Night-time reactive power output	In some specific application scenarios, a power grid company requires that the inverter can perform reactive power compensation at night to ensure that the power factor of the local power grid meets requirements.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Isolation</b> is set to <b>Input</b> <b>ungrounded (with TF)</b> .
Apply nighttime reactive power parameters	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter outputs reactive power based on the setting of <b>Reactive power</b> <b>output at night</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , the inverter executes the remote scheduling command.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Reactive power at</b> <b>night</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Reactive power compensation at night (kVar)	During the reactive power compensation at night, the reactive power is scheduled by fixed value.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Reactive power output</b> <b>at night</b> and <b>Apply nighttime</b> <b>reactive power parameters</b> are set to <b>Enable</b> .
Overfrequency-caused power derating	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , when the power grid frequency exceeds the frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency-caused power derating, the active power of the inverter is derated based on a certain gradient.	-
Frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency-caused power derating (Hz)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the output active power of the inverter be derated when the power grid frequency exceeds a certain value.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when Overfrequency- caused power derating is set to Enable.</li> <li>When setting this</li> </ul>
Frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency- caused power derating (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency-caused power derating.	parameter, ensure that the following condition is met: Frequency for exiting overfrequency derating ≤ Frequency for triggering
Frequency threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating.	overfrequency derating < Cutoff frequency of overfrequency derating.
Power threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating (%)	Specifies the power threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating.	
Frequency detection filter time (ms)	Specifies the frequency detection filter time.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Gradient of overfrequency-caused power derating (%/s)	Specifies the rate of overfrequency- caused power derating.	
Gradient of power recovery from overfrequency-caused derating (%/min)	Specifies the power recovery rate for overfrequency-caused power derating.	
Voltage derating	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , when the grid voltage exceeds the voltage derating start point, the active power of the inverter is derated based on a certain gradient.	-
Voltage derating start point (V)	Specifies the start point for voltage derating.	• This parameter is displayed when <b>Voltage derating</b> is
Voltage derating stop point (V)	Specifies the stop point for voltage derating.	<ul> <li>set to Enable.</li> <li>When setting this parameter, ensure that the</li> </ul>
Voltage derating cut- off power (V)	Specifies the cut-off power for voltage derating.	following condition is met: Voltage derating start point < Voltage derating stop point.
Apparent power baseline (kVA)	Adjusts the apparent output baseline of the inverter.	The apparent power baseline must be greater than or equal to the active power baseline.
Active power baseline (kW)	Adjusts the active output baseline of the inverter.	-
Frequency-based control	The standards of certain countries and regions require that if the power grid frequency fluctuates around the rated value, the inverter needs to fine-tune the active power output based on <b>Frequency-based adjustment ratio</b> to help stabilize the power grid frequency. In this case, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .	-
Frequency-based adjustment ratio	Specifies the adjustment ratio of the active power output.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Frequency-based</b> <b>control</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Underfrequency-caused power raising	The standards of certain countries and regions require that if the power grid frequency is lower than <b>Frequency</b> <b>threshold for triggering</b> <b>underfrequency-caused power</b> <b>raising</b> , the inverter needs to increase the active power output to increase the power grid frequency. In this case, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .	-
Frequency threshold for triggering underfrequency-caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for triggering underfrequency-caused power raising.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Underfrequency rise</b> <b>power</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Gradient of underfrequency-caused power raising (%/min)	Specifies the power recovery rate for underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Frequency threshold for stopping underfrequency-caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for stopping underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Power threshold for stopping underfrequency-caused power raising (%)	Specifies the power threshold for stopping underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Frequency threshold for exiting underfrequency- caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for exiting underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Insulation resistance inspection during reactive power output at night	<ul> <li>Enable: Enable the function of insulation resistance inspection during reactive power output at night.</li> <li>Disable: Disable the function of insulation resistance inspection during reactive power output at night.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This parameter applies only to some models. The actual display may vary.</li> <li>This parameter is displayed when Reactive power at night is set to Enable.</li> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable, the device automatically detects the status every night. During the detection, the device automatically resets.</li> </ul>

# PV String Access Detection

• PV string access detection applies to large-scale commercial ground PV plants with PV strings facing the same direction.

- In AC or DC power limiting scenarios:
  - If the PV string access type has not been identified, PV string N access status will be displayed as Disconnection. The PV string access type can be identified only when the solar inverters restore to the non-power limiting state and the current of all connected PV strings reaches the startup current.
  - If the PV string access type has been identified, when a certain PV string connected to the 2-in-1 terminals is lost, no alarm will be generated. If a certain PV string connected to the 2-in-1 terminals is restored, the access type cannot be identified. You can determine whether both 2-in-1 PV strings are restored only when the PV string current reaches Startup current for 2-in-1 detection.
- After setting the parameters, you can go to the **Running Info.** tab page to check whether the PV string connection status is normal.

Parameter	Description		
PV String Access Detection	<b>PV String Access Detection</b> is set to <b>Disable</b> by default. After solar inverters are connected to the power grid, set <b>PV String Access Detection</b> to <b>Enable</b> .		
Startup current	<ul> <li>When the current of all connected PV strings reaches the preset value, the PV string access detection function is enabled.</li> <li><b>NOTE</b> Startup current setting rules: <ul> <li>Startup current = I<sub>sc</sub> (S<sub>tc</sub>) x 0.6 (rounded up). For details about I<sub>sc</sub> (S<sub>tc</sub>), see the PV module nameplate.</li> <li>Default startup current (5 A): applicable to the scenarios where the short-circuit current I<sub>sc</sub> (S<sub>tc</sub>) is greater than 8 A for the monocrystalline and polycrystalline PV modules.</li> </ul></li></ul>		
Startup current for 2-in-1 detection	When the current of a PV string reaches <b>Startup current for 2-in-1</b> <b>detection</b> , the PV string is automatically identified as <b>2-in-1</b> . You are advised to retain the default settings.		
PV string N access type <b>NOTE</b> <i>N</i> is the DC input terminal number of the solar inverter.	Set this parameter based on the type of the PV string connected to DC input terminal <i>N</i> of the solar inverter. Currently, the options are as follows: Automatic identification (default value), Disconnection, Single PV string, and 2-in-1. You are advised to retain the default value. If the value is incorrectly set, the PV string access type may be incorrectly identified and alarms may be generated by mistake for the PV string access status.		

Table 6-15 Parameter description

## 6.3.10.2 Tracking System

- The web software versions corresponding to the WebUI screenshots in this document are V300R001C00SPC050. The screenshots are for reference only.
- If a PV string uses a tracking system with a controller, set tracking system parameters on the **Tracking System** tab page.

#### Procedure

1. Before setting the tracking system parameters, you need to set **Tracker controller** in **Feature Parameters** on the **Running Param.** tab page. Select the corresponding vendor based on the information about the tracker controller. If the vendor is not in the list, select **Other vendors**.

**NOTE** 

This section uses **Other vendors** as an example.

Figure 6-50 Setting tracking system controller

E @ power system					Eng	
		Aonit		Settings Maintenance	40	al ( <u>A</u> Q <u>UQ</u> QQ)
SmartLogger3000			ormance Data / Energy yield / Runnin	g Param.	ning Param.	
Power Meter	Grid Pa	rameters 🦯	Protection Parameters Feature Parameters Power Adj	ustment Y Power baseline		
= SUN2000		No.	Signal Name			Unit
2		1	MPPT multi-peak scanning	·		
		2	RCD enhancing Featu	ire Parameters 📃 🚽		
SUN20	000	3	Reactive power output at night	J.		
		4	PID protection at night	Disable 🗸		
		5	Power quality optimization mode	Enable		
		6	PV module type	Crystalline silicon		
		7	PID compensation direction	Output disabled 🗸		
		8	String connection mode	Automatic detection		
1		9	Communication interrupt shutdown	Disable 🗸		
		10	Communication interruption duration	1	[1, 120]	min
		11	Soft start time	2	[1, 1800]	\$
		12	OVGR linked shutdown	Enable 🗸		
		13	Dry contact function	NC		
		14	Hibernate at night	Disable 🗸		
		15	MBUS communication	Disable 🗸		
		16	RS485-2 communication	Enable ~		
		17	Upgrade delay	Disable 🗸		
		18	String monitor	Disable		
		19	Tracker controller	Other vendors 🗸		
		20	LVRT	No tracking controller Tonking		
		21	HVRT	Crystal Growing Technology		
		22	Active islanding	SFCE Powerway		
		23	Passive islanding	GCL		
	Submit	Batch con	figurations	Arctech Solar	<b>₩</b> 4 1 <b>&gt;</b> >>	1/1 Page Go to

2. On the **Tracking System** tab page, select **Configure Para**.

Figure 6-51 Setting configuration parameters (tracking system)

Enspire	1 <sub>M</sub>	onitor		Settings Maintenance	3	English v (0) 🕞
= SmartLogger2000				n. Tracking System		
Logger(Local)	O Support Sys	tem 🖲 Configu	ure Para		Tracking System	
= PID		No.	Signal Name	Value	<u> </u>	Unit
PIDh111fg			Working mode	Automatic control	~	
- MBUS			Support system type	Tilted single axis	~	
MBUS-insi	onfigure	Para	Controller time synchronization	Disable	×	
			Protocol version of Crystal Growing Technology	New protocol	×	
Power Mete		5	Southbound RS485 check	None	~	
Meter(COM3-1)		6	Southbound RS485 baud rate	9600	~	
= EMI		7	Southbound RS485 stop bit	1-bit stop bit	~	
EMI(COM6-1)		8	Control period	10	[1, 120]	min
= SUN2000	• 🗆	9	Installation longitude	-0.66	[-180.00, 180.00]	•
		10	Installation latitude	39.47	[-90.00, 90.00]	•
<ul> <li>36KTL(COM5-1)</li> </ul>		11	Total number of supports	8	[1, 16]	
-SUN200		12	Max. concurrently controlled motors	4	[1, 16]	
03K		13	Time zone	60	[-720, 720]	min
SUN2 SUN2	2000	14	Sensor measurement range	60	[1, 90]	•
= SUN200		15	Control precision	0.50	[0.20, 2.00]	•
- 10/71/00141 1		16	Tilt angle control upper limit	55.00	[-90.00, 90.00]	٠
40KTL(COM1-4)		17	Tilt angle control lower limit	-55.00	[-90.00, 90.00]	•
		18	Azimuth control upper limit	90.00	[-90.00, 90.00]	٠
		19	Azimuth control lower limit	-90.00	[-90.00, 90.00]	•
		20	Number of control boxes	4	[1, 16]	
		21	Control address 1	1	[1, 247]	
		22	Control address 2	2	[1, 247]	
		23	Control address 3	3	[1, 247]	
		24	Control address 4	4	[1, 247]	~

Parameter	Description
Working mode	Six working modes are supported: Automatic control, Manual control, Maintenance mode, Wind mode, Snow mode, and Rain mode.
	Set <b>Working mode</b> based on the actual operating status of the inverter.
Support system type	Four types of trackers are supported: <b>Tilted single</b> <b>axis</b> , <b>Horizontal single axis</b> , <b>Vertical single axis</b> , and <b>Dual axis</b> . <b>NOTE</b> The tracker type can be set only when <b>Tonking</b> or <b>Crystal</b> <b>Growing Technology</b> is selected. For other vendors, the tracker type is automatically selected based on the inverter configuration.
Controller time synchronization	This parameter can be set to <b>Enable</b> or <b>Disable</b> . After this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the time is synchronized with the tracking system every 15 minutes.
Protocol version of Crystal Growing Technology	When <b>Crystal Growing Technology</b> is selected, you can set this parameter to <b>New protocol</b> or <b>Old</b> <b>protocol</b> based on the site requirements.
Southbound RS485 check	This parameter can be set to <b>None</b> , <b>Odd parity</b> , or <b>Even parity</b> .
Southbound RS485 baud rate	This parameter can be set to <b>4800</b> , <b>9600</b> , <b>19200</b> , or <b>115200</b> .
Southbound RS485 stop bit	This parameter can be set to <b>1-bit stop bit</b> or <b>2-bit</b> stop bit.
Control period	When <b>Tonking</b> is selected, you can set the period for refreshing the target angle.
Installation longitude	The longitude and latitude can be set.
Installation latitude	
Total number of supports	The inverter obtains the number of supports under each control box based on the configured number and addresses of the control boxes, and calculates and obtains the total number of supports. <b>NOTE</b> This parameter can be set only when <b>Tonking</b> or <b>Crystal</b> <b>Growing Technology</b> is selected.
Max. concurrently controlled motors	When <b>Tonking</b> is selected, this parameter can be set.
Time zone	The time zone can be set.
Sensor measurement range	When <b>Tonking</b> is selected, this parameter can be set.

Parameter	Description
Control precision	When <b>Tonking</b> is selected, this parameter can be set.
Tilt angle control upper limit	These parameters can be set only when <b>Work mode</b> is set to <b>Manual control</b> .
Tilt angle control lower limit	
Azimuth control upper limit	
Azimuth control lower limit	
Number of control boxes	Set this parameter based on the number of control boxes connected to the inverter. <b>NOTE</b> This parameter can be set only when <b>Other vendors</b> is selected.
Control address 1–16	Set this parameter based on the communication address of the control box. <b>NOTE</b> This parameter can be set only when <b>Other vendors</b> is selected.

3. On the **Tracking System** tab page, check **Total number of supports** under **Support System** and check whether **Access Status** and **System Status** are normal.

**NOTE** 

- Check whether the value of **Total number of supports** is the same as that in **Configure Para**.
- If Working mode in Configure Para is set to Manual control, you can manually set parameters such as Starting, Stop, Clr Fault, and Azimuth under Support System.

• SmartLogger2000		onitoring	Monitori armance Data / Yie		Settings Maintenance	<b>3</b> Trackii	ng System	English v (0) [->
• PID	Support System	m OConfigure Para						
■ MBUS	Support System	n						
			Tr	racker controller	Other vendors			
4	-		Supp	oort system type	Tilted single axis			
Support	Support System Total number of supports 8							
	_	Access Status	System Status	Azimuth(°)	Starting	Stop	Cir Fault	Azimuth
■ SUN2000	1	Not connected	Abnormal	0.00	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm	Settings
0 63KTL(M	·	Not connected	Abnormal	0.00	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm	Settings
• SUM (2)		Not connected	Abnormal	0.00	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm	Settings
SUN2000 SUN2	2000	Not connected	Abnormal	0.00	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm	Settings
50112	2000	Not connected	Abnormal	0.00	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm	Settings
	6	Not connected	Abnormal	0.00	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm	Settings
	7	Not connected	Abnormal	0.00	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm	Settings
	8	Not connected	Abnormal	0.00	Confirm	Confirm	Confirm	Settings
	Batch Sturt Batch Stop Batch Cir Fault Az Batch Setting							

#### Figure 6-52 Support system (tracking system)

## 6.3.10.3 Characteristic Curves

The web software versions corresponding to the WebUI screenshots in this document are V300R001C00SPC050. The screenshots are for reference only.

**Step 1** Set characteristic curve parameters and click **Submit**.

Figure 6-53 Characteristic curves

Enspire	1			English Y (B) 🕞
Enspire	Monitorir	Monitoring Query Settings	Maintenance	<u>10 0 0 )</u>
SmartLogger3000			acteristic Curve	
Logger(Local)				aracteristic Curve
= MBUS		Characteristic curve points 4		
MBUS-inside	2]	U/Uc		
- SUN2000	SUN2000	I		
G3KTL-JPH0(COM2-2)C	50142000	105-		
C C		80 <b>-</b> P		
		60-		
		40-		
		104		
	*	20-		
	1	0 12400 24800 37200 496	00 62000 ►t(ms)	
		0 11400 24000 37200 490	N 01000	
	t(ms)		U/Ue(%)	
	A 0	[0, 60000]	100	[0, 100]
	в 0	(0, 60000)	0	[0, 100]
	C 1000	[0, 60000]	0	[0, 100]
	D 2000	(0, 60000)	80	[0, 100]
		S	ubmit Batch configurations	

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Characteristic Curve Name	Description	Remarks
LVRT Characteristic Curve	Configure this characteristic curve based on the power grid standard.	The SmartLogger supports only the characteristic curve configuration for LVRT that lasts no more than 60s. If the power grid standard requires that the duration of LVRT be greater than 60s, LVRT Characteristic Curve is not displayed for the grid code.
[Voltage Rise Suppression]Q-U curve	<ol> <li>Set Voltage Rise Suppression to Enable.</li> <li>Configure this characteristic curve based on the power grid standard.</li> </ol>	-

Characteristic Curve Name	Description	Remarks
[Voltage Rise Suppression]P-U curve	<ol> <li>Set Voltage Rise Suppression to Enable.</li> </ol>	-
	<ol> <li>Configure this characteristic curve based on the power grid standard.</li> </ol>	
HVRT characteristic curve	Set the high voltage ride- through capability of the device.	<ul> <li>This parameter applies only to some models. The actual display may vary.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed only when HVRT is set to Enable.</li> </ul>

#### ----End

#### 6.3.10.4 Battery

This section describes how to query or set battery parameters when the inverter is connected to a battery.

## **Battery Information**

Parameter	Description	
Working status	Indicates the current working status of the battery, which can be <b>Offline</b> , <b>Idle</b> , <b>Running</b> , <b>Faulty</b> , or <b>Hibernating</b> .	
Working mode	Indicates the current working mode of the inverter battery control.	
Charge/Discharge power	Total charge and discharge power of all batteries connected to the inverter.	
SOC	Indicates the power status of all batteries connected to the inverter.	
Bus voltage	Indicates the voltage on the DC bus of the battery.	
Bus current	Indicates the current on the DC bus of the battery.	
Rated capacity	Total rated capacity of all batteries connected to the inverter. The rated capacity refers to the total amount of energy discharged by the batteries in normal conditions.	
Current-day charge capacity	Total energy charged into the batteries on the current day.	

Parameter	Description
Current-day discharge capacity	Total energy discharged from the batteries on the current day.
Total charge	Total energy charged into the batteries.
Total discharge	Total energy discharged from the batteries.

# Energy Storage Unit

Parameter		Description	
Firmware version		Software version of the DC/DC module.	
SN		Serial number of the DC/DC module.	
Working status		Indicates the current working status of the energy storage unit, which can be <b>Offline</b> , <b>Idle</b> , <b>Running</b> , <b>Faulty</b> , or <b>Hibernating</b> .	
Rated capacity		Total amount of energy discharged by the energy storage unit in normal conditions.	
Voltage		Voltage of the energy storage unit.	
Current		Current of the energy storage unit.	
Internal temperature		Temperature inside the energy storage unit.	
SOC		Indicates the power status of the energy storage unit.	
Charge/Discharge power		Indicates the charge or discharge power of the energy storage unit.	
Current-day charge capacity		Total energy charged into the energy storage unit on the current day.	
Current-day discharge capacity		Total energy discharged from the energy storage unit on the current day.	
Total charge		Total energy charged into the energy storage unit.	
Total dischar	ge	Total energy discharged from the energy storage unit.	
Battery model		Models of the energy storage unit, including <b>LG-RESU</b> and <b>LUNA2000</b> .	
Battery	Firmware version	Software version of the battery pack.	
pack	SN	Serial number of the battery pack.	
	Working status	Indicates the current working status of the battery pack, which can be <b>Offline</b> , <b>Idle</b> , <b>Running</b> , <b>Faulty</b> , or <b>Hibernating</b> .	
	Voltage	Voltage of the battery pack.	

Parameter		Description
Charge/ Discharge power		Indicates the charge or discharge power of the energy storage unit.
	Highest temperature	Indicates the highest temperature detected in the battery pack.
	Lowest temperature	Indicates the lowest temperature detected in the battery pack.
	SOC	Power status of the battery pack.
	Total discharge	Total energy discharged from the battery pack.

# **Configurable Parameters**

Parameter	Description	
Energy Storage Unit	Displays or sets the battery model. The system automatically identifies and displays the correct model. Generally, you do not need to manually modify the information.	
Maximum charge power	Sets the maximum power for battery charging.	
Maximum discharge power	Sets the maximum power for battery discharging.	
Charge from AC	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the batteries can be charged from the power grid.	
Maximum charge power of grid	Sets the maximum power for charging the batteries from the power grid.	
Charge cutoff capacity	When the SOC of the battery reaches this value, charging stops.	
Max. depth of discharge	When the SOC of the battery reaches this value, discharging stops.	
Grid charge cutoff SOC	When the SOC of the battery reaches this value, the grid stops charging the battery.	

# Charge/Discharge

Parameter	Description
Charge/Discharge	Forced charge/discharge operation, which can be <b>Charge</b> , <b>Discharge</b> , or <b>Stop</b> .
Mode Settings	To enter the forced charge/discharge mode, set <b>Duration</b> or <b>Target SOC</b> .

Parameter	Description	
Duration	Sets the duration of forced charge/discharge. When the time is reached, the forced charge/discharge stops automatically. This parameter is displayed when <b>Mode Settings</b> is set to <b>Duration</b> .	
Target SOC	Sets the target SOC for forced charge/discharge. When the SOC reaches this value, the forced charge/discharge stops automatically. This parameter is displayed when <b>Mode Settings</b> is set to <b>Target SOC</b> .	
Charged energy	Charged energy in this forced charge/discharge	
Discharged energy	Discharged energy in this forced charge/discharge	

# 6.3.11 Setting PCS Parameters (100KTL and 200KTL Series)

This section describes how to set PCS parameters for the LUNA2000-100KTL and LUNA2000-200KTL series. This section does not apply to V300R001C00.

#### Procedure

Step 1 Choose Monitoring > PCS > Running Param., set running parameters, and click Submit.

#### NOTICE

- Before setting the running parameters of the Smart PCS, ensure that the DC side of the Smart PCS is powered on.
- The parameter list provided in this document includes all configurable parameters, which may vary depending on the device model. The actual display may vary.

----End

### 6.3.11.1 Running Parameters

### **Grid Parameters**

Parameter	Description
Grid code	Set this parameter based on the grid code of the country or region where the device is used.
Output mode	Specifies the supported power grid types.
Isolation settings	Specifies the device grounding status on the DC side and the connection to the power grid.

Parameter	Description	
Auto start upon grid recovery	Specifies whether to allow the device to automatically start after the power grid recovers.	
On-grid recovery time (s)	Specifies the time after which the device begins restarting after the power grid recovers.	
Quick startup for short- time grid disconnection	Specifies whether to allow the device to quickly start after the power grid recovers from a short-time failure.	
Duration for determining short-time grid disconnection (ms)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device should not disconnect from the power grid if the power grid experiences a short-time failure. After the fault is rectified, the device output power needs to be quickly restored.	
Soft start time after grid failure (s)	Specifies the time for the power to gradually increase when the device restarts after the power grid recovers.	
Upper voltage threshold (V) for grid connection	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, initial grid connection is not allowed when the grid voltage is higher than the maximum voltage for grid connection.	
Lower voltage threshold (V) for grid connection	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, initial grid connection is not allowed when the grid voltage is lower than the minimum voltage for grid connection.	
Upper frequency threshold (Hz) for grid connection	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, initial grid connection is not allowed when the grid frequency is higher than the maximum frequency for grid connection.	
Lower frequency threshold (Hz) for grid connection	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, initial grid connection is not allowed when the grid frequency is lower than the minimum frequency for grid connection.	
Grid reconnection voltage upper limit (V)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid voltage is higher than the maximum voltage for grid reconnection.	
Grid reconnection voltage lower limit (V)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid voltage is lower than the minimum grid voltage for grid reconnection.	
Grid reconnection frequency upper limit (Hz)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid frequency is higher than the maximum grid frequency for grid reconnection.	
Grid reconnection frequency lower limit (Hz)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid frequency is lower than the minimum grid frequency for grid reconnection.	
Grid automatic reconnection time	Specifies the time after which the device begins restarting after the power grid recovers.	

## **Protection Parameters**

Parameter	Description	
Insulation resistance protection threshold ( $M\Omega$ )	<ul> <li>To ensure device safety, the device detects the insulation resistance</li> <li>of the DC side to the ground when it starts a self-check. If the detected value is less than the preset value, the device does not connect to the grid nor start.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>LUNA2000-100KTL-M1 and LUNA2000-100KTL-M0: The recommended value range is [0.033, 1.5].</li> </ul>	
	• Other models: The recommended value range is [0.05, 1.5].	
Active islanding protection	Specifies whether to enable the active islanding protection function.	
Passive islanding protection	Specifies whether to enable the passive islanding protection function.	
Unbalance voltage protection (%)	Specifies the device protection threshold when the power grid voltage is unbalanced.	
Phase protection threshold (°)	The Japanese standard requires that during passive islanding detection, the protection should be triggered if an abrupt voltage phase change is detected.	
Phase angle offset protection	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device needs to be protected when the phase angle offset of the power grid three phases exceeds a certain value.	
10-minute UV protection	Specifies the 10-minute undervoltage protection threshold.	
10-minute UV protection time	Specifies the 10-minute undervoltage protection duration.	
10 minute OV protection (V)	<ul> <li>Specifies the 10-minute overvoltage protection threshold.</li> <li>For the LUNA2000-100KTL-NHH1, LUNA2000-200KTL-H0, and LUNA2000-200KTL-H1 models, the value range is [800, 1000] V.</li> </ul>	
	• For the LUNA2000-100KTL-M0 and LUNA2000-100KTL-M1, the value range is [400, 500] V.	
10 minute OV protection time (ms)	Specifies the 10-minute overvoltage protection duration.	
Level-N OV protection (V) Specifies the level-N grid overvoltage protection threshold.		
Level-N OV protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid overvoltage protection duration.	
Level-N UV protection (V)	Specifies the level-N grid undervoltage protection threshold.	
Level-N UV protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid undervoltage protection duration.	
Frequency change rate protection	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device is protected when the power grid frequency changes too fast.	

Parameter	Description	
Frequency change rate protection threshold (Hz/s)	Specifies the frequency change rate protection threshold.	
Duration threshold (s) for frequency change rate protection	The device is protected when the grid frequency change duration exceeds the value.	
Level-N OF protection (Hz)	Specifies the level-N grid overfrequency protection threshold.	
Level-N OF protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid overfrequency protection duration.	
Level-N UF protection (Hz)	Specifies the level-N grid underfrequency protection threshold.	
Level-N UF protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid underfrequency protection duration.	

N can be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.

## **Feature Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Communication interruption duration	Specifies the duration for determining communication interruption between the device and the SmartLogger.	-
Shutdown on communication failure	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device shut down after the communication is interrupted for a certain time.	If this parameter is set to Enable, the device automatically shuts down after the Communication interruption duration is reached.
Automatic startup upon communication recovery	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device automatically starts after communication recovers. If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , the device needs to be started manually after communication recovers.	This parameter is displayed when the <b>Shutdown on</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Protection upon communication failure	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device performs protection based on the preset power when its communication with the SmartLogger is interrupted for a period longer than <b>Communication disconnection detection time</b> .	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Communication disconnection detection time (s)	Specifies the detection time for protection upon a communication failure between the device and the SmartLogger or Smart Dongle.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Active power mode when communication fails	Specifies the protection mode of the active power after the communication is interrupted. The value can be <b>Percentage</b> or <b>Fixed value</b> .	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Active power limit when communication fails (%)	Specifies the active power threshold in percentage.	This parameter is displayed when Protection in the case of communication failure is set to Enable and Active power threshold when communication fails is set to a percentage.
Active power limit when communication fails (kW)	Specifies the active power threshold as a fixed value.	This parameter is displayed when Protection upon communication failure is set to Enable and Active power mode when communication fails is set to Fixed value.
Reactive power mode when communication fails	Specifies the protection mode of the reactive power after the communication is interrupted. The value can be <b>Q/S</b> or <b>Power factor</b> .	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Reactive power limit when communication fails (%)	Specifies the Q/S threshold (%) of the reactive power.	This parameter is displayed when Protection upon communication failure is set to Enable and Reactive power mode when communication fails is set to Power factor.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Reactive power limit when communication fails	Specifies the power factor threshold of the reactive power.	This parameter is displayed when the <b>Protection in the case</b> of communication failure is set to Enable and Reactive power mode when communication fails is set to Q/S.
Soft start time (s)	Specifies the duration for the power to gradually increase until the device starts.	-
Shutdown gradient (%/s)	Specifies the power change rate until the device shuts down.	-
Shutdown at 0% power limit	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device shuts down after receiving the 0% power limit command. If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , the device does not shut down after receiving the 0% power limit command.	-
Hibernate at night	The device performs the monitoring function at night. If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the monitoring function of the device will hibernate at night to reduce power consumption.	-
Delayed upgrade	This parameter is mainly used in the upgrade scenarios where the power supply on the DC side is disconnected.	After the upgrade starts, if <b>Delayed upgrade</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> , the upgrade package is loaded first. After the DC side power supply recovers and the activation conditions are met, the device automatically activates the upgrade.
HVRT	HVRT is short for high voltage ride-through. When the grid voltage is abnormally high for a short time, the device cannot disconnect from the power grid immediately and has to work for some time.	-
HVRT threshold (V)	Specifies the threshold for triggering HVRT. The threshold settings should meet the local grid standard.	This parameter is displayed when <b>HVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Positive- sequence reactive power compensation factor in HVRT	During HVRT, the device needs to generate positive- sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the positive-sequence reactive power generated by the device. For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the	
	increment of positive-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage increases by 10% during HVRT.	
Negative- sequence reactive power compensation factor in HVRT	During HVRT, the device needs to generate negative-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the negative-sequence reactive power generated by the device.	
	For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the increment of negative-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage increases by 10% during HVRT.	
LVRT	LVRT is short for low voltage ride-through. When the grid voltage is abnormally low for a short time, the device cannot disconnect from the power grid immediately and has to work for some time.	-
LVRT threshold (V)	Specifies the threshold for triggering LVRT. The threshold settings should meet the local grid standard.	This parameter is displayed when <b>LVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Positive- sequence reactive power compensation	During LVRT, the device needs to generate positive- sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the positive-sequence reactive power generated by the device.	
factor in LVRT	For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the increment of positive-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage decreases by 10% during LVRT.	
Negative- sequence reactive power compensation	During LVRT, the device needs to generate negative- sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the negative-sequence reactive power generated by the device.	
factor in LVRT	For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the increment of negative-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage decreases by 10% during LVRT.	
LVRT active current maintenance coefficient	Specifies the active current proportional coefficient before and during LVRT.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
LVRT reactive current limiting (%)	During LVRT, the device needs to limit the reactive current. For example, if you set this parameter to <b>50</b> , the reactive current upper limit of the device is 50% of the rated current during LVRT.	
Threshold of LVRT zero- current mode	If <b>Zero-current mode on power grid fault</b> is enabled and the power grid voltage is less than <b>Threshold of LVRT zero-current mode</b> during LVRT, the zero-current mode is used. Otherwise, the mode set in LVRT mode is used.	
LVRT mode	Specifies the LVRT mode. The options are <b>Zero-</b> current mode, Constant current mode, Reactive power priority mode, and Active power priority mode.	
LVRT characteristic curve	Specifies the LVRT capability of the device.	-
Deactivate grid voltage protection during HVRT/ LVRT	Specifies whether to shield the voltage protection function during LVRT or HVRT.	This parameter is displayed when <b>LVRT</b> or <b>HVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
VRT exit hysteresis threshold	Specifies the LVRT/HVRT recovery threshold.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when LVRT or HVRT is set to Enable.</li> <li>LVRT recovery threshold = LVRT threshold + VRT exit hysteresis threshold</li> <li>HVRT recovery threshold = LV/PT</li> </ul>
		threshold = HVRT threshold - VRT exit hysteresis threshold
VRT active current limiting (%)	Specifies the percentage of the maximum active current to the rated current during fault ride-through (FRT).	-
VRT active power recovery gradient	Specifies the recovery rate when the active current is restored to the value at the moment before fault ride-through.	-
Zero current due to power grid fault	Specifies whether to enable the function of working in zero-current mode upon a power grid fault.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Grid voltage trip triggering threshold	This parameter can be set only for the VDE4120.	-
Voltage rise suppression	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device suppress voltage rise by outputting reactive power and reducing active power when the output voltage exceeds a certain value.	-
Reactive power adjustment threshold (%) for voltage rise suppression	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device generate a certain amount of reactive power when the output voltage exceeds a certain value.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when</li> <li>Voltage rise</li> <li>suppression is set to</li> <li>Enable.</li> </ul>
Suppression		<ul> <li>The value of Active power derating threshold for voltage rise suppression must be greater than that of Reactive power adjustment threshold for voltage rise suppression.</li> </ul>
Active power derating threshold (%) for voltage rise suppression	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the active power of the device be derated based on a certain gradient when the output voltage exceeds a certain value.	-
P-U characteristic curve	The device adjusts P/Pn (the ratio of the active power to the rated power) in real time based on <b>U/Un(%)</b> (the ratio of the actual power grid voltage to the rated power grid voltage).	-
P-U characteristic curve adjustment time	Specifies the time from the response to the end of the adjustment based on the P-U curve.	-
Frequency- based control	The standards of certain countries and regions require that if the power grid frequency fluctuates around the rated value, the device needs to fine- tune the active power output based on <b>Frequency- based adjustment ratio</b> to help stabilize the power grid frequency. In this case, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Frequency- based adjustment ratio	Specifies the adjustment ratio of the active power output.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Frequency-based</b> <b>control</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Response deadband of frequency- based control	Specifies the threshold for triggering frequency- based control. For example, if this parameter is set to 0.1 Hz, the frequency-based control is not triggered when the frequency is within reference frequency±0.1 Hz.	-
Power change gradient of frequency- based control	Specifies the active power change gradient of frequency-based control.	-
Power change limit of frequency- based control	Specifies the upper limit for active power adjustment in frequency-based control.	-
Delay response time of frequency- based control	Specifies the delay response time of frequency- based control.	-
Overfrequency- caused power derating	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , when the power grid frequency exceeds the frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency-caused power derating, the active power of the device is derated based on a certain gradient.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Frequency threshold for stopping overfrequency- caused power derating (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when</li> <li>Overfrequency- caused power</li> <li>derating is set to</li> <li>Enable.</li> </ul>
Power threshold for stopping overfrequency- caused power derating (%)	Specifies the power threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating.	<ul> <li>When setting this parameter, ensure that the following condition is met:</li> <li>Frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency-</li> </ul>
Frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency- caused power derating (Hz)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the output active power of the device be derated when the power grid frequency exceeds a certain value.	caused power derating ≤ Frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency- caused power
Frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency- caused power derating (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency derating.	derating < Frequency threshold for stopping overfrequency- caused power derating.
Power drop gradient of overfrequency derating (%/s)	Specifies the rate of overfrequency-caused power derating.	
Gradient of power recovery from overfrequency- caused derating (%/min)	Specifies the power recovery rate for overfrequency- caused power derating.	
Frequency detection filter time (ms)	Specifies the frequency detection filter time.	-
Recovery delay of frequency- based active power derating	Specifies the exit delay time after the frequency reaches the frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency-caused power derating.	-
Execution delay of frequency- based active power derating	Specifies the execution delay time of overfrequency- caused power derating after the frequency reaches the frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency-caused power derating.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Hysteresis of frequency- based active power derating	Specifies whether to enable the hysteresis of overfrequency-caused power derating.	-
Underfrequency -caused power raising	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device need to increase the active power output to increase the power grid frequency if the power grid frequency is lower than <b>Frequency</b> <b>threshold for triggering underfrequency-caused</b> <b>power raising</b> . In this case, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .	-
Gradient of underfrequency -caused power raising (%/min)	Specifies the power recovery rate for underfrequency-caused power raising.	This parameter is displayed when Underfrequency-caused power raising is set to Enable.
Frequency threshold for stopping underfrequency -caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for stopping underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Power threshold for stopping underfrequency -caused power raising (%)	Specifies the power threshold for stopping underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Frequency threshold for triggering underfrequency -caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for triggering underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Frequency threshold for exiting underfrequency -caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for exiting underfrequency-caused power raising.	
O&M via USB connection	Specifies the USB O&M port status: Always on, Off in idle state, or Always off.	-
USB wakeup	Used to remotely wake up the USB O&M port. After being idle for 4 hours, the port is automatically disabled.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Quick startup for short-time grid disconnection	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . Specifies whether to allow the device to quickly start after the power grid recovers from a short-time failure.	-
Microgrid compatibility	<ul> <li>The default value is Disable. The recommended settings are as follows:</li> <li>If Working mode is set to VSG for the PCS or Scenario is set to On-grid, set this parameter to Disable.</li> <li>If Working mode is set to PQ for the PCS and the PCS works in a microgrid that uses a diesel generator or other voltage sources, set this parameter to Enable. If this parameter is set to Enable. If this parameter is set to Enable, the PCS adaptively changes the output power based on the original grid code and the grid voltage and frequency to support a higher ratio of current sources to voltage sources (that is, PV-to-ESS ratio).</li> </ul>	-
Working mode	<ul> <li>The default value is PQ.</li> <li>If Scenario is set to On-grid, set this parameter to PQ.</li> <li>If Scenario is set to Off-grid, set this parameter to VSG.</li> <li>If Scenario is set to On/Off-grid, set this parameter to PQ or VSG.</li> </ul>	-
Per unit armature resistance	The default value is <b>2</b> . Specifies the resistance per unit value for armature windings of the virtual synchronous generator.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Working</b> <b>mode</b> is set to <b>VSG</b> .
Per unit armature inductive reactance	The default value is <b>1</b> . Specifies the inductive reactance per unit value for armature windings of the virtual synchronous generator.	NOTE This parameter must be set by professional personnel. Improper settings may cause device exceptions.
Off-grid VSG Inertia Time Constant	The default value is <b>0.9</b> . Specifies the time required for the virtual rotor of the virtual synchronous generator to reach the rated speed from the static state under the rated torque.	
P-F adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>1</b> . Specifies the frequency deviation corresponding to the rated active power of the virtual synchronous generator.	
Q-V adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>3</b> . Specifies the voltage deviation corresponding to the rated reactive power of the virtual synchronous generator.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
P-V adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the voltage deviation corresponding to the rated active power of the virtual synchronous generator.	
Q-F adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the frequency deviation corresponding to the rated reactive power of the virtual synchronous generator.	
VSG output voltage correction coefficient	The default value is <b>100</b> . Corrects the deviation caused by the transformer ratio error.	
VSG output frequency correction coefficient	The default value is <b>100</b> . Corrects the PCS output frequency deviation.	
VSG frequency damping coefficient	The default value is <b>7.2</b> . Specifies the power factor that prevents the frequency change of the virtual synchronous generator.	
VSG excitation time constant	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the time required for the excitation of the virtual synchronous generator to reach the rated voltage.	
VSG excitation damping coefficient	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the power factor that prevents the voltage change of the virtual synchronous generator.	
Wired carrier synchronization	Enables or disables wired carrier synchronization. The default value is <b>Disable</b> .	-
Delay compensation for wired carrier synchronization	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the value of delay compensation for wired carrier synchronization.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Wired</b> carrier synchronization is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Wired power frequency synchronization	Enables or disables wired power frequency synchronization. The default value is <b>Disable</b> .	-
Delay compensation for wired power frequency synchronization	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the value of delay compensation for wired power frequency synchronization.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Wired</b> <b>power frequency</b> synchronization is set to Enable.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Voltage adjustment value for VSG synchronous control (%)	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the adjustment value of the PCS control output voltage in VSG mode.	<ul> <li>Value range: [-10.0, 10.0]</li> <li>The value is adjusted based on the offset per unit value. For example, if the rated output voltage is 800 V and the output voltage needs to be adjusted to 805 V, the adjustment value is 5/800 x 100%.</li> </ul>
Frequency adjustment value for VSG synchronous control (%)	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the adjustment value of the PCS output frequency in VSG mode.	<ul> <li>Value range: [-10.0, 10.0]</li> <li>The value is adjusted based on the offset per unit value. For example, if the rated output frequency is 50 Hz and the output frequency needs to be adjusted to 50.5 Hz, the adjustment value is 0.5/50 x 100%.</li> </ul>
Scenario <sup>[1]</sup>	Specifies the on-grid/off-grid scenario. The default value is <b>On-grid</b> .	Before submitting new settings, you need to enter the login password for authentication.
Harmonic Optimization Type <sup>[1]</sup>	Specifies harmonic voltage or harmonic current as the object of power quality optimization. The default value is <b>Harmonic voltage</b> .	Before submitting new settings, you need to enter the login password for authentication.
Auto switching between working modes <sup>[1]</sup>	<ul> <li>This parameter is applicable only in on-grid or on/off-grid mode.</li> <li>Disable: On/Off-grid switching cannot be performed automatically.</li> <li>Enable: On/Off-grid switching can be performed automatically and the PCS does not need to be shut down before the switching.</li> </ul>	-
Working mode switching delay <sup>[1]</sup>	The default value is <b>60</b> . Time for other instructions to take effect during PCS working mode switching. The value range is [10, 300] (unit: s).	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Reactive current compensation bias during LVRT	Specifies the percentage of the reactive compensation current in the rated current during LVRT. The default value is <b>0.0</b> , and the value range is [-100.0, 100.0].	This parameter applies only to some models. The actual display may vary. • <b>Reactive current</b>
Reactive current compensation bias during HVRT	Specifies the percentage of the reactive compensation current in the rated current during HVRT. The default value is <b>0.0</b> , and the value range is [-100.0, 100.0].	<ul> <li>compensation bias during LVRT and Power dispatching hold time after LVRT are displayed only when LVRT is set to Enable.</li> <li>Reactive current compensation bias during HVRT and Power dispatching hold time after HVRT are displayed only when HVRT is set to Enable.</li> </ul>
Power dispatching hold time after LVRT	Specifies the delay for the device to stop the power dispatching response after LVRT. After the stopping state ends, the device starts to respond to the dispatching command. The value range is [0, 60000].	
Power dispatching hold time after HVRT	Specifies the delay for the device to stop the power dispatching response after HVRT. After the stopping state ends, the device starts to respond to the dispatching command. The value range is [0, 60000].	
Anti-rollback	<ul> <li>The default setting is Enable.</li> <li>Enable: Enable the anti-rollback function.</li> <li>Disable: Disable the anti-rollback function.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This parameter applies only to some models. The actual display may vary.</li> <li>If the parameter is set to <b>Enable</b>, the software cannot be rolled back to the source version during the software upgrade to prevent vulnerabilities in the source version from being exploited.</li> </ul>
Note [1]: This parameter can be set only in SmartLogger V300R023C10 and later versions.		

# Power Adjustment

Parameter	Description	Remarks	
Remote power scheduling	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device responds to the scheduling instruction from the remote port. If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , the device does not respond to the scheduling instruction from the remote port.	-	
Schedule instruction valid duration (s)	Specifies the validity period of the scheduling instruction.	When this parameter is set to 0, the scheduling instruction takes effect permanently.	
Active power change gradient (%/s)	Specifies the change rate of the device active power.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Remote power</b>	
Active power (kW)	Adjusts the active power output of the device by fixed value.	scheduling is set to Enable.	
Active power (%)	Adjusts the active power output of the device by percentage.		
Reactive power change gradient (%/s)	Specifies the change rate of the device reactive power.		
Power factor	Specifies the power factor of the device.		
Reactive power compensation (Q/S)	Specifies the reactive power of the device.		
No-load power calibration	Power used by the PCS to compensate for the SOC loss. A negative value indicates that the output is compensated from the AC side of the PCS to the DC side.	-	
Reactive power at night	In some specific application scenarios, a power grid company requires that the device can perform reactive power compensation at night to ensure that the power factor of the local power grid meets requirements.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Isolation</b> is set to <b>Input</b> <b>ungrounded (with TF)</b> .	
Enable reactive power parameters at night	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device outputs reactive power based on the setting of <b>Reactive power output</b> <b>at night</b> . Otherwise, the device executes the remote scheduling command.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Reactive power at night</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Fixed nighttime reactive power	The device outputs reactive power based on this value if there is no remote scheduling command, <b>Reactive</b> <b>power at night</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> , and the DC input is disconnected.	-
Q-U characteristic curve	The device adjusts Q/S (the ratio of the output reactive power to apparent power) in real time based on <b>U/Un(%)</b> (the ratio of the actual power grid voltage to the rated power grid voltage).	-
Q-U characteristic curve mode	Specifies the reactive power compensation mode of the device output.	-
Delay for Q-U characteristic curve to take effect	Specifies the delay time for Q-U adjustment.	-
Power percentage for triggering Q-U scheduling	Specifies the reference apparent power in percentage. When the actual apparent power of the device is greater than the value of this parameter, the Q-U characteristic curve scheduling function is enabled.	-
Power percentage for exiting Q-U scheduling	Specifies the P/Pn when the device exits the Q-U scheduling.	-
Minimum PF of Q-U characteristic curve	Specifies the minimum power factor for Q-U adjustment.	-
Q-P characteristic curve	The device adjusts Q/Pmax (the ratio of the reactive power to the maximum active power) in real time based on <b>P/</b> <b>Pmax</b> (the ratio of the active power to the maximum active power).	-
PF-U characteristic curve	The device adjusts the power factor in real time based on <b>U/Un(%)</b> (the ratio of the actual power grid voltage to the rated power grid voltage).	-
PF-U voltage detection filter time	Specifies the time for filtering the grid voltage in the PF-U curve.	-
cosф-P/Pn characteristic curve	The device adjusts the output power factor cos in real time based on P/Pn(%).	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
cosφ-P/Pn trigger voltage	Specifies the voltage threshold for triggering reactive power compensation based on the cosφ-P curve.	-
cosφ-P/Pn exit voltage	Specifies the voltage threshold for exiting reactive power compensation based on the cosq-P curve.	-
Reactive power adjustment time	Specifies the adjustment time for the reactive power to reach the target value during reactive power adjustment.	-
Active Power Frequency Regulation Coefficient in Grid Forming Mode	Specifies the preset frequency of the frequency regulation deadband.	-
Reactive Power Voltage Regulation Deadband in Grid Forming Mode	Specifies the preset voltage of the voltage regulation deadband.	-
Active Power Frequency Regulation Coefficient in Grid Forming Mode	Specifies the ratio of the per unit value of the active power variation to the per unit value of the frequency variation for the frequency regulation. Value range: [0.0, 200.0].	-
Reactive Power Voltage Regulation Coefficient in Grid Forming Mode	Specifies the ratio of the per unit value of the reactive power variation to the per unit value of the root mean square voltage variation for the voltage regulation. Value range: [0.0, 50.0].	-
Upper limit of active power variation for frequency regulation in grid forming mode (%)	Specifies the maximum percentage of the active power variation for the frequency regulation. The upper limit can be set to the per unit value of <b>Active Power Baseline</b> . The default value is <b>25</b> , and the value range is [0.0, 100.0].	-
Upper limit of reactive power variation for voltage regulation in grid forming mode (%)	Specifies maximum percentage of the reactive power variation for the voltage regulation. The upper limit can be set to three times the per unit value of <b>Apparent Power Baseline</b> . The default value is <b>150</b> , and the value range is [0.0, 300.0].	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
On-grid VSG Inertia Time Constant	Specifies the time required for the virtual rotor of the GFM-related virtual synchronous generator to reach the rated speed from the static state under the rated torque. The default value is <b>12</b> , and the value range is [0.0, 20.0].	-
Lower limit of active power variation for frequency regulation in grid forming mode (%)	Specifies the minimum percentage of the active power variation for the frequency regulation. The lower limit can be set to the per unit value of <b>Active Power Baseline</b> . The default value is <b>-25</b> , and the value range is [-100.0, 0.0].	-
Lower limit of reactive power variation for voltage regulation in grid forming mode (%)	Specifies the minimum percentage of the reactive power variation for the frequency regulation. The lower limit can be set to three times the per unit value of <b>Apparent Power Baseline</b> . The default value is <b>-150</b> , and the value range is [-300.0, 0.0].	-

## **Power Baseline**

Parameter	Description	
Apparent power baseline	Specifies the apparent power baseline for power scheduling. The value cannot be greater than the maximum apparent power.	
Active power baseline       Specifies the active power baseline for power scheduling. The cannot be greater than the maximum active power.		

# Adjustment

Parameter	Description
Total energy yield adjustment	A calibrating coefficient for the total energy yield to ensure that the reported energy yield is consistent with the actual energy yield at the grid connection point
Adjusted total power supply from grid	A calibrating coefficient for the total power supply from the grid to ensure that the reported amount of power supplied from the grid is consistent with the actual power supply at the grid connection point

## 6.3.11.2 Characteristic Curve

Choose Monitoring > PCS > Characteristic Curve, set characteristic curve	
parameters, and click <b>Submit</b> .	

Characteristic Curve Name	Setting Description	
LVRT characteristic curve	Configure this characteristic curve based on the power grid standard.	
	<b>NOTE</b> The SmartLogger supports only the curve configuration for LVRT that lasts no more than 60s. If a power grid standard requires that LVRT be longer than 60s, <b>LVRT characteristic curve</b> is not displayed for the grid code.	
Voltage rise suppression P-U curve	<ol> <li>This parameter is displayed when Voltage rise suppression is set to Enable.</li> </ol>	
	<ol><li>Configure this characteristic curve based on the power grid standard.</li></ol>	

# 6.3.12 Setting PCS Parameters (213KTL-H0)

PCS parameter settings in this section apply to the LUNA2000-213KTL-H0.

### Procedure

Choose **Monitoring** > **PCS** > **Running Param**, set running parameters, and click **Submit**.

#### NOTICE

- Before setting the running parameters of the Smart PCS, ensure that the DC side of the Smart PCS is powered on.
- The parameter list provided in this document includes all configurable parameters which may vary depending on scenarios. The actual display may vary.
- If the SmartLogger generates a PCS parameter inconsistency alarm, check the VSG or GFM parameters based on the alarm information (you can view the parameters in the SmartLogger logs), and synchronize the PCS parameters in batches. After the synchronization, the alarm is cleared.

## **Grid Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Grid code	Set this parameter based on the grid code of the country or region where the device is used.	After this parameter is set, the device restarts.
Voltage level	Set the voltage level of the power grid.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Frequency level	Set the frequency level of the power grid.	-
Output mode	Specifies the supported power grid types.	After this parameter is set,
Isolation settings	Specifies the device grounding status on the DC side and the connection to the power grid.	the device restarts.
Auto start upon grid recovery	Specifies whether to allow the device to automatically start after the power grid recovers.	-
On-grid recovery time (s)	Specifies the time after which the device begins restarting after the power grid recovers.	-
Quick startup for short-time grid disconnection	Specifies whether to allow the device to quickly start after the power grid recovers from a short-time failure.	-
Duration for determining short-time grid disconnection (ms)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device should not disconnect from the power grid if the power grid experiences a short-time failure. After the fault is rectified, the device output power needs to be quickly restored.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Quick startup after</b> <b>short-time grid</b> <b>disconnection</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Soft start time after grid failure (s)	Specifies the time for the power to gradually increase when the device restarts after the power grid recovers.	-
Grid reconnection voltage upper limit (V)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid voltage is higher than the maximum voltage for grid reconnection.	-
Grid reconnection voltage lower limit (V)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid voltage is lower than the minimum grid voltage for grid reconnection.	-
Grid reconnection frequency upper limit (Hz)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid frequency is higher than the maximum grid frequency for grid reconnection.	-
Grid reconnection frequency lower limit (Hz)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid frequency is lower than the minimum grid frequency for grid reconnection.	-
Upper voltage threshold (V) for grid connection	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, initial grid connection is not allowed when the grid voltage is higher than the maximum voltage for grid connection.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Lower voltage threshold (V) for grid connection	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, initial grid connection is not allowed when the grid voltage is lower than the minimum voltage for grid connection.	-
Upper frequency threshold (Hz) for grid connection	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, initial grid connection is not allowed when the grid frequency is higher than the maximum frequency for grid connection.	-
Lower frequency threshold (Hz) for grid connection	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, initial grid connection is not allowed when the grid frequency is lower than the minimum frequency for grid connection.	-
Grid automatic reconnection time	Specifies the time after which the device begins restarting after the power grid recovers.	-

# **Protection Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Insulation resistance protection threshold (ΜΩ)	To ensure device safety, the device detects the insulation resistance of the DC side to the ground when it starts a self-check. If the detected value is less than the preset value, the device does not connect to the grid nor start. The recommended value range is [0.05, 1.5].	-
Active islanding protection	Specifies whether to enable the active islanding protection function.	-
Passive islanding protection	Specifies whether to enable the passive islanding protection function.	-
Unbalance voltage protection (%)	Specifies the device protection threshold when the power grid voltage is unbalanced.	-
Phase protection threshold (°)	The Japanese standard requires that during passive islanding detection, the protection should be triggered if an abrupt voltage phase change is detected.	-
Phase angle offset protection	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device needs to be protected when the phase angle offset of the power grid three phases exceeds a certain value.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
10-minute UV protection	Specifies the 10-minute undervoltage protection threshold.	-
10-minute UV protection time	Specifies the 10-minute undervoltage protection duration.	-
10 minute OV protection (V)	Specifies the 10-minute overvoltage protection threshold. Value range: [800, 1000] V.	-
10 minute OV protection time (ms)	Specifies the 10-minute overvoltage protection duration.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Level-N OV protection (V)	Specifies the level-N grid overvoltage protection threshold.	<ul> <li>N can be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.</li> <li>Level-1 overvoltage protection</li> </ul>
Level-N OV protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid overvoltage protection duration.	threshold ≤ Level-2 overvoltage protection threshold ≤ Level-3 overvoltage protection
Level-N UV protection (V)	Specifies the level-N grid undervoltage protection threshold.	threshold ≤ Level-4 overvoltage protection threshold ≤ Level-5
Level-N UV protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid undervoltage protection duration.	overvoltage protection threshold ≤ Level-6 overvoltage protection threshold
		<ul> <li>Duration threshold for level-1 overvoltage protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-2 overvoltage protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-3 overvoltage protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-4 overvoltage protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-5 overvoltage protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-5 overvoltage protection ≥</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Level-1 undervoltage protection threshold ≥ Level-2 undervoltage protection threshold ≥ Level-3 undervoltage protection threshold ≥ Level-4 undervoltage protection threshold ≥ Level-5 undervoltage protection threshold ≥ Level-6 undervoltage protection threshold</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Duration threshold for level-1 undervoltage protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-2 undervoltage protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-3 undervoltage protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-4 undervoltage protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-5 undervoltage protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-6 undervoltage protection</li> </ul>

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Frequency change rate protection	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device is protected when the power grid frequency changes too fast.	-
Frequency change rate protection threshold (Hz/s)	Specifies the frequency change rate protection threshold.	This parameter is displayed when Frequency change rate protection is set to Enable.
Duration threshold (s) for frequency change rate protection	The device is protected when the grid frequency change duration exceeds the value.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Level-N OF protection (Hz)	Specifies the level-N grid overfrequency protection threshold.	<ul> <li>N can be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.</li> <li>Level-1 overfrequency</li> </ul>
Level-N OF protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid overfrequency protection duration.	protection threshold ≤ Level-2 overfrequency protection threshold ≤ Level-3 overfrequency protection
Level-N UF protection (Hz)	Specifies the level-N grid underfrequency protection threshold.	threshold ≤ Level-4 overfrequency protection threshold ≤ Level-5
Level-N UF protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid underfrequency protection duration.	overfrequency protection threshold ≤ Level-6 overfrequency protection threshold
		<ul> <li>Duration threshold for level-1 overfrequency protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-2 overfrequency protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-3 overfrequency protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-4 overfrequency protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-5 overfrequency protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-5 overfrequency protection ≥</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Level-1 underfrequency protection threshold ≥ Level-2 underfrequency protection threshold ≥ Level-3 underfrequency protection threshold ≥ Level-4 underfrequency protection threshold ≥ Level-5 underfrequency protection threshold ≥ Level-6 underfrequency protection threshold</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Duration threshold for level-1 underfrequency protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-2 underfrequency protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-3 underfrequency protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-4 underfrequency protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-5 underfrequency protection ≥ Duration threshold for level-6 underfrequency protection</li> </ul>

### **Feature Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Working mode	<ul> <li>The default value is PQ.</li> <li>If Scenario is set to On-grid, set this parameter to PQ.</li> <li>If Scenario is set to Off-grid, set this parameter to VSG.</li> <li>If Scenario is set to On/Off-grid, set this</li> </ul>	-
Auto switching between working modes	<ul> <li>parameter to PQ or VSG.</li> <li>This parameter is applicable only in on-grid or on/off-grid mode.</li> <li>Disable: On/Off-grid switching cannot be performed automatically.</li> <li>Enable: On/Off-grid switching can be performed automatically and the PCS does not need to be shut down before the switching.</li> </ul>	-
Working mode switching delay	Specifies the delay time for online switching between VSG and PQ.	-
Microgrid compatibility	<ul> <li>The default value is <b>Disable</b>. The recommended settings are as follows:</li> <li>If <b>Working mode</b> is set to <b>VSG</b> for the PCS or <b>Scenario</b> is set to <b>On-grid</b>, set this parameter to <b>Disable</b>.</li> <li>If <b>Working mode</b> is set to <b>PQ</b> for the PCS and the PCS works in a microgrid that uses a diesel generator or other voltage sources, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b>. If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b>. If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b>. If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b>, the PCS adaptively changes the output power based on the original grid code and the grid voltage and frequency to support a higher ratio of current sources to voltage sources (that is, PV-to-ESS ratio).</li> </ul>	-
Output impedance enhancement	After <b>Output impedance enhancement</b> is enabled, you can set <b>Frequency to which</b> <b>output impedance enhancement applies</b> to increase the output impedance at this frequency.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Frequency to which output impedance enhancement applies	Specifies the frequency to which output impedance enhancement applies.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Output impedance</b> enhancement is set to Enable.
Insulation resistance detection mode	Set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> or <b>Disable</b> .	-
Power control priority	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to Active power first, the device preferentially ensures active power output.</li> <li>If this parameter is set to Reactive power first, the device preferentially ensures reactive power output.</li> </ul>	-
Overload Enhanced Mode	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the power overload capability will be enabled for a short period of time.	-
Soft start time (s)	Specifies the duration for the power to gradually increase until the device starts.	-
Shutdown gradient (%/s)	Specifies the power change rate until the device shuts down.	-
Shutdown at 0% power limit	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to Enable, the device shuts down after receiving the 0% power limit command.</li> <li>If this parameter is set to Disable, the device does not shut down after receiving the 0% power limit command.</li> </ul>	-
Anti-rollback	<ul> <li>The default setting is Enable.</li> <li>Enable: Enable the anti-rollback function.</li> <li>Disable: Disable the anti-rollback function.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This parameter applies only to some models. The actual display may vary.</li> <li>If the parameter is set to <b>Enable</b>, the software cannot be rolled back to the source version during the software upgrade to prevent vulnerabilities in the source version from being exploited.</li> </ul>
Delayed upgrade	<ul> <li>Enable: The upgrade can be delayed.</li> <li>Disable: The upgrade can be performed immediately. The upgrade may fail if the update conditions are not met.</li> </ul>	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
O&M via USB connection	Specifies the USB O&M port status: Always on, Off in idle state, or Always off.	-
USB wakeup	Used to remotely wake up the USB O&M port. After being idle for 4 hours, the port is automatically disabled.	-
Safety mode	Set this parameter to <b>On</b> or <b>Exit</b> .	-
Communication interruption duration	Specifies the duration for determining communication interruption between the device and the SmartLogger.	-
Protection upon communication failure	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device performs protection based on the preset power when its communication with the SmartLogger is interrupted for a period longer than <b>Communication disconnection</b> <b>detection time</b> .	-
Communication disconnection detection time (s)	Specifies the detection time for protection upon a communication failure between the device and the SmartLogger or Smart Dongle.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Active power mode when communication fails	Specifies the protection mode of the active power after the communication is interrupted. The value can be <b>Percentage</b> or <b>Fixed value</b> .	
Active power threshold (%) when communication fails [high precision]	Specifies the active power threshold in percentage (high precision).	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> and <b>Active</b> <b>power mode when</b> <b>communication fails</b> is set to <b>Percentage</b> .
Active power threshold (kW) when communication fails [high precision]	Specifies the active power threshold as a fixed value (high precision).	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> and <b>Active</b> <b>power mode when</b> <b>communication fails</b> is set to <b>Fixed value</b> .
Reactive power mode when communication fails	Specifies the protection mode of the reactive power after the communication is interrupted. The value can be <b>Q/S</b> or <b>Power</b> <b>factor</b> .	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Reactive power threshold (PF) when communication fails	Specifies the Q/S threshold (%) of the reactive power.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> and <b>Reactive</b> <b>power mode when</b> <b>communication fails</b> is set to <b>Power factor</b> .
Reactive power threshold (Q/S) when communication fails [high precision]	Specifies the power factor threshold of the reactive power (high precision).	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> and <b>Reactive</b> <b>power mode when</b> <b>communication fails</b> is set to <b>Q/S</b> .
Harmonic optimization type	Specifies harmonic voltage or harmonic current as the object of power quality optimization. The default value is <b>Harmonic voltage</b> .	This parameter is displayed when <b>Scenario</b> is set to <b>On- grid</b> and <b>Working mode</b> is set to <b>VSG</b> .
Standby mode	<ul> <li>When there is no scheduling, the Smart PCS enters the hot standby mode based on the battery status to reduce system loss.</li> <li>Zero-power operation: no hot standby</li> <li>Seam hot standby: After the Smart PCS enters the hot standby mode, the relay on the AC side will be disconnected.</li> <li>Seamless hot standby: After the Smart PCS enters the hot standby mode, the relay on the AC side will be disconnected.</li> <li>Seamless hot standby: After the Smart PCS enters the hot standby mode, the relay on the AC side will not be disconnected. The reactive power of the ports needs to be supplemented.</li> </ul>	Set this parameter as required.
Per unit armature resistance	The default value is <b>2</b> . Specifies the resistance per unit value for armature windings of the virtual synchronous generator.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Working mode</b> is set to <b>VSG</b> . <b>NOTE</b> This parameter must be set by professional personnel. Improper settings may cause device exceptions.
Per unit armature inductive reactance	The default value is <b>1</b> . Specifies the inductive reactance per unit value for armature windings of the virtual synchronous generator.	
Off-grid VSG inertia time constant	The default value is <b>0.9</b> . Specifies the time required for the virtual rotor of the virtual synchronous generator to reach the rated speed from the static state under the rated torque.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
P-F adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>1.8</b> . Specifies the frequency deviation corresponding to the rated active power of the virtual synchronous generator.	
Q-V adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>1.2</b> . Specifies the voltage deviation corresponding to the rated reactive power of the virtual synchronous generator.	
P-V adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the voltage deviation corresponding to the rated active power of the virtual synchronous generator.	
Q-F adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>1</b> . Specifies the frequency deviation corresponding to the rated reactive power of the virtual synchronous generator.	
VSG output voltage correction coefficient	The default value is <b>100</b> . Corrects the deviation caused by the transformer ratio error.	
VSG output frequency correction coefficient	The default value is <b>100</b> . Corrects the PCS output frequency deviation.	
VSG frequency damping coefficient	The default value is <b>7.2</b> . Specifies the power factor that prevents the frequency change of the virtual synchronous generator.	
VSG excitation time constant	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the time required for the excitation of the virtual synchronous generator to reach the rated voltage.	
VSG excitation damping coefficient	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the power factor that prevents the voltage change of the virtual synchronous generator.	
Wired carrier synchronization	Enables or disables wired carrier synchronization. The default value is <b>Disable</b> .	-
Delay compensation for wired carrier synchronization	The default value is <b>0.5</b> . Specifies the value of delay compensation for wired carrier synchronization.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Wired carrier</b> <b>synchronization</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Wired power frequency synchronization	Enables or disables wired power frequency synchronization. The default value is <b>Disable</b> .	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Delay compensation for wired power frequency synchronization	The default value is <b>0.5</b> . Specifies the value of delay compensation for wired power frequency synchronization.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Wired power</b> frequency synchronization is set to <b>Enable</b> .
LVRT	LVRT is short for low voltage ride-through. When the grid voltage is abnormally low for a short time, the device cannot disconnect from the power grid immediately and has to work for some time.	-
LVRT triggering threshold (V)	Specifies the threshold for triggering LVRT. The threshold settings should meet the local grid standard.	This parameter is displayed when <b>LVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Positive-sequence reactive power compensation factor in LVRT	During LVRT, the device needs to generate positive-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the positive-sequence reactive power generated by the device.	
	For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the increment of positive-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage decreases by 10% during LVRT.	
Negative-sequence reactive power compensation factor in LVRT	During LVRT, the device needs to generate negative-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the negative-sequence reactive power generated by the device.	
	For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the increment of negative-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage decreases by 10% during LVRT.	
LVRT active current maintenance coefficient	Specifies the active current proportional coefficient before and during LVRT.	
LVRT reactive current limiting	During LVRT, the device needs to limit the reactive current.	
(%)	For example, if you set this parameter to <b>50</b> , the reactive current upper limit of the device is 50% of the rated current during LVRT.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Threshold of LVRT zero-current mode	If <b>Zero-current mode on power grid fault</b> is enabled and the power grid voltage is less than <b>Threshold of LVRT zero-current mode</b> during LVRT, the zero-current mode is used. Otherwise, the mode set in LVRT mode is used.	
LVRT mode	Specifies the LVRT mode. The options are Zero-current mode, Constant current mode, Reactive power priority mode, and Active power priority mode.	
Positive-sequence reactive current limit during asymmetric LVRT (%)	During asymmetric LVRT, the device needs to limit the positive-sequence reactive current.	
Compensation angle during ZVRT	By default, this function is enabled for China's national standards and disabled for other standards.	
Reactive current compensation bias during LVRT	Specifies the percentage of the reactive compensation current in the rated current during LVRT.	
Power dispatching hold time after LVRT	Specifies the delay for the device to stop the power dispatching response after LVRT. After the stopping state ends, the device starts to respond to the dispatching command.	
LVRT characteristic curve	Specifies the LVRT capability of the device.	-
Negative-sequence reactive current limit during VRT (%)	During asymmetric LVRT, the device needs to limit the negative-sequence reactive current.	This parameter is displayed when <b>LVRT</b> or <b>HVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Min. active current during VRT (%)	During voltage ride-through (VRT), the device needs to limit the min. active current.	
Deactivate grid voltage protection during HVRT/LVRT	Specifies whether to shield the voltage protection function during LVRT or HVRT.	
VRT exit hysteresis threshold	<ul> <li>Specifies the LVRT/HVRT recovery threshold.</li> <li>LVRT recovery threshold = LVRT threshold + VRT exit hysteresis threshold</li> <li>HVRT recovery threshold = HVRT threshold - VRT exit hysteresis threshold</li> </ul>	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
VRT active current limiting (%)	Specifies the percentage of the maximum active current to the rated current during fault ride-through (FRT).	
VRT active power recovery gradient	Specifies the recovery rate when the active current is restored to the value at the moment before fault ride-through.	
Zero-current mode on power grid fault	Specifies whether to enable the function of working in zero-current mode upon a power grid fault.	
Grid voltage trip triggering threshold	This parameter can be set only for the VDE4120.	
HVRT	HVRT is short for high voltage ride-through. When the grid voltage is abnormally high for a short time, the device cannot disconnect from the power grid immediately and has to work for some time.	-
HVRT triggering threshold (V)	Specifies the threshold for triggering HVRT. The threshold settings should meet the local grid standard.	This parameter is displayed when <b>HVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Positive-sequence reactive power compensation factor in HVRT	During HVRT, the device needs to generate positive-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the positive-sequence reactive power generated by the device. For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the increment of positive-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of	
	the rated current when the AC voltage increases by 10% during HVRT.	
Negative-sequence reactive power compensation factor in HVRT	During HVRT, the device needs to generate negative-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the negative-sequence reactive power generated by the device.	
	For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the increment of negative-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage increases by 10% during HVRT.	
Reactive current limit during HVRT (%)	During HVRT, the device needs to limit the reactive current.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Reactive current compensation bias during HVRT	Specifies the percentage of the reactive compensation current in the rated current during HVRT.	
Power dispatching hold time after HVRT	Specifies the delay for the device to stop the power dispatching response after HVRT. After the stopping state ends, the device starts to respond to the dispatching command.	
HVRT characteristic curve	Specifies the HVRT capability of the device.	
Grid phase loss adaptability	This function is used to keep the PCS operating in on-grid mode when an open phase fault occurs. By default, this function is enabled for China's national standards and disabled for other standards.	-
Voltage rise suppression	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device suppress voltage rise by outputting reactive power and reducing active power when the output voltage exceeds a certain value.	-
Reactive power adjustment threshold (%) for voltage rise suppression	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device generate a certain amount of reactive power when the output voltage exceeds a certain value.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when Voltage rise suppression is set to Enable.</li> <li>The value of Active</li> </ul>
Active power derating threshold (%) for voltage rise suppression	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the active power of the device be derated based on a certain gradient when the output voltage exceeds a certain value.	power derating threshold for voltage rise suppression must be greater than that of Reactive power adjustment threshold for voltage rise suppression.
P-U characteristic curve	The device adjusts P/Pn (the ratio of the active power to the rated power) in real time based on <b>U/Un(%)</b> (the ratio of the actual power grid voltage to the rated power grid voltage).	
P-U characteristic curve adjustment time	Specifies the time from the response to the end of the adjustment based on the P-U curve.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Frequency-based control	The standards of certain countries and regions require that if the power grid frequency fluctuates around the rated value, the device needs to fine-tune the active power output based on <b>Frequency-based</b> <b>adjustment ratio</b> to help stabilize the power grid frequency. In this case, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .	-
Frequency Adaptation	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the PCS should not be in the discharging state when the power grid frequency is higher than a certain threshold; and the PCS should not be in the charging state when the power grid frequency is lower than a certain threshold.	-
Frequency-based adjustment ratio	Specifies the adjustment ratio of the active power output.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Frequency-based</b>
Frequency-based adjustment ratio [high precision]	Specifies the adjustment ratio of the active power output.	<b>control</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Response deadband of frequency-based control	Specifies the threshold for triggering frequency-based control. For example, if this parameter is set to 0.1 Hz, the frequency- based control is not triggered when the frequency is within reference frequency±0.1 Hz.	
Power change gradient of frequency-based control	Specifies the active power change gradient of frequency-based control.	
Power change limit of frequency-based control	Specifies the lower and upper limits for active power adjustment in frequency-based control.	
Upper power change limit of frequency-based control	Specifies the upper limit for active power adjustment in frequency-based control.	
Lower power change limit of frequency-based control	Specifies the lower limit for active power adjustment in frequency-based control.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Delay response time of frequency- based control	Specifies the delay response time of frequency-based control.	
Overfrequency- caused power derating	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , when the power grid frequency exceeds the frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency- caused power derating, the active power of the device is derated based on a certain gradient.	-
Frequency threshold for stopping overfrequency- caused power derating (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when</li> <li>Overfrequency-caused power derating is set to Enable.</li> <li>When setting this</li> </ul>
Power threshold for stopping overfrequency- caused power derating (%)	Specifies the power threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating.	parameter, ensure that the following condition is met: Frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency-caused power derating < Frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency-caused power derating < Frequency threshold for stopping overfrequency-
Frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency- caused power derating (Hz)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the output active power of the device be derated when the power grid frequency exceeds a certain value.	
Frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency- caused power derating (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency-caused power derating.	caused power derating.
Gradient of overfrequency- caused power derating (%/s)	Specifies the rate of overfrequency-caused power derating.	
Gradient of power recovery from overfrequency- caused derating (%/min)	Specifies the power recovery rate for overfrequency-caused power derating.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Underfrequency- caused power raising	The standards of certain countries and regions require that if the power grid frequency is lower than <b>Frequency</b> <b>threshold for triggering underfrequency-</b> <b>caused power raising</b> , the device needs to increase the active power output to increase the power grid frequency. In this case, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .	_
Gradient of underfrequency- caused power raising (%/min)	Specifies the power recovery rate for underfrequency-caused power raising.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when</li> <li>Underfrequency-caused power raising is set to</li> </ul>
Frequency threshold for stopping underfrequency- caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for stopping underfrequency-caused power raising.	<ul> <li>Enable.</li> <li>The setting must meet the following condition: Frequency threshold for stopping underfrequency-caused power raising </li> </ul>
Power threshold for stopping underfrequency- caused power raising (%)	Specifies the power threshold for stopping underfrequency-caused power raising.	Frequency threshold for triggering underfrequency-caused power raising < Frequency threshold for exiting underfrequency- caused power raising
Frequency threshold for triggering underfrequency- caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for triggering underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Frequency threshold for exiting underfrequency- caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for exiting underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Delay of underfrequency- caused power raising	Specifies the delay from the time when the underfrequency-caused power raising function is triggered to the time when the function takes effect.	
Frequency detection filter time (ms)	Specifies the frequency detection filter time.	This parameter is displayed when Frequency-based control, Underfrequency- caused power raising, or Overfrequency-caused power derating is set to Enable.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Recovery delay of frequency-based active power derating	Specifies the exit delay time after the frequency reaches the frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency-caused power derating.	
Execution delay of frequency-based active power derating	Specifies the execution delay time of overfrequency-caused power derating after the frequency reaches the frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency- caused power derating.	
Hysteresis of frequency-based active power derating	Specifies whether to enable the hysteresis of overfrequency-caused power derating.	
Active power frequency regulation coefficient in grid forming mode	Specifies the ratio of the per unit value of the active power variation to the per unit value of the frequency variation for the frequency regulation.	-
Active power frequency regulation deadband in grid forming mode	Specifies the preset frequency of the frequency regulation deadband.	-
Upper limit of active power variation for frequency regulation in grid forming mode (%)	Specifies the maximum percentage of the active power variation for the frequency regulation. The upper limit can be set to the per unit value of <b>Active Power Baseline</b> .	-
Lower limit of active power variation for frequency regulation in grid forming mode (%)	Specifies the minimum percentage of the active power variation for the frequency regulation. The lower limit can be set to the per unit value of <b>Active Power Baseline</b> .	-
Reactive power voltage regulation baseline in grid forming mode	Specifies the reactive voltage regulation baseline in grid forming mode, which is used for voltage regulation command control.	-
Reactive power voltage regulation coefficient in grid forming mode	Set this parameter to the ratio of the per unit value of the reactive power variation to the per unit value of the root mean square voltage variation for the voltage regulation.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Reactive power voltage regulation deadband in grid forming mode	Set <b>Reactive power voltage regulation</b> deadband in grid forming mode.	-
Upper limit of reactive power variation for voltage regulation in grid forming mode (%)	Specifies the maximum percentage of the reactive power variation for the frequency regulation. The upper limit can be set to three times the per unit value of <b>Apparent Power Baseline</b> .	-
Lower limit of reactive power variation for voltage regulation in grid forming mode (%)	Specifies the minimum percentage of the reactive power variation for the frequency regulation. The lower limit can be set to three times the per unit value of <b>Apparent</b> <b>Power Baseline</b> .	-
Inertia time constant in grid forming mode	Specifies the time required for the virtual rotor of the GFM-related virtual synchronous generator to reach the rated speed from the static state under the rated torque.	-
Frequency damping deadband	Specifies the deadband frequency for the GFM frequency damping function. The frequency damping function takes effect only when the frequency is beyond the specified range.	-
Frequency damping coefficient	Specifies the damping coefficient for the GFM frequency damping function.	-
Power damping coefficient	Specifies the damping coefficient for the GFM frequency damping function.	-
GFM Virtual PSS	Specifies whether to enable the GFM virtual PSS.	-
Virtual PSS low frequency oscillation damping enhancement gain	Specifies the enhanced damping gain required by the virtual PSS to implement low-frequency oscillation damping.	This parameter is displayed when <b>GFM Virtual PSS</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Virtual PSS low frequency oscillation damping phase compensation center frequency	Specifies the center frequency for phase compensation required by the virtual PSS to implement low-frequency oscillation damping.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Virtual PSS Low Frequency Oscillation Damping Compensation Phase	Specifies the phase for phase compensation required by the virtual PSS to implement low-frequency oscillation damping.	
Virtual PSS Low Frequency Oscillation Damping DC Blocking Time Constant	Specifies the time constant for DC blocking required by the virtual PSS to implement low-frequency oscillation damping.	
Virtual PSS Low Frequency Oscillation Damping Output Type	Specifies the type of power that needs to be damped by the virtual PSS to implement low-frequency oscillation damping.	
Virtual PSS Low Frequency Oscillation Damping Output Power Limiting	Specifies the percentage of the output power limit to the rated power required by the virtual PSS to implement low-frequency oscillation damping.	
Virtual PSS Low Frequency Oscillation Damping Trigger Deadband	Specifies the frequency deadband of the output damping power triggered by the virtual PPS to implement low-frequency oscillation damping.	
Virtual impedance excitation control in grid forming mode	Specifies whether to enable Virtual impedance excitation control in grid forming mode.	-
Excitation virtual impedance in grid forming mode	Specifies the per unit impedance of virtual impedance excitation control in grid forming mode.	This parameter is displayed when Virtual impedance excitation control in grid forming mode is set to Enable.
GFM wideband oscillation damping	Specifies whether to enable <b>GFM wideband</b> oscillation damping.	-
Broadband oscillation damping start frequency	Specifies the start frequency for the wideband oscillation damping function.	This parameter is displayed when <b>GFM wideband</b> oscillation damping is set to Enable.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Wideband oscillation damping compensation phase center frequency	Specifies the center frequency for phase compensation required for the wideband oscillation damping function.	
Wideband oscillation damping compensation phase	Specifies the phase to be compensated at the center frequency of phase compensation required for the wideband oscillation damping function.	
Wideband oscillation damping enhanced resistor	Specifies the enhanced resistance for the wideband oscillation damping function.	
Broadband oscillation damping cut-off frequency	Specifies the cut-off frequency for the wideband oscillation damping function.	
Inertia response in grid following mode	Specifies whether to enable <b>Inertia response</b> in grid following mode.	-
Inertia time constant in grid following mode	Specifies the time required for the simulated synchronous generator to reach the rated speed from the static state under the rated torque.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Inertia time constant</b> <b>in grid following mode</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Inertia frequency deadband in grid following mode	When the absolute value of the current frequency variation is greater than the configured frequency variation deadband, the device outputs the inertia power in grid following mode.	
Inertia frequency change rate threshold in grid following mode	When the absolute value of the current frequency change rate is greater than the configured frequency change rate threshold, the device outputs the inertia power in grid following mode.	
Hysteresis threshold for inertia frequency change rate in grid following mode	When the absolute value of the current frequency change rate is less than the frequency change rate threshold minus the frequency change rate hysteresis threshold, the device stops outputting the inertia power in grid following mode.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Upper limit of inertia active power change in grid following mode	Specifies the upper limit (percentage) of inertia active power variation in grid following mode. The upper limit can be set to the per unit value of the rated power.	
Lower limit of inertia active power change in grid following mode	Specifies the lower limit (percentage) of inertia active power change in grid following model. The lower limit can be set to the per unit value of the rated power.	
Automatic voltage control for extremely weak grids	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device can run stably in an extremely weak power grid. After this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the power response speed slows down, which affects the closed-loop control effect of the array. Therefore, exercise caution when setting this parameter.	-

# Power Adjustment

Parameter	Description
Schedule instruction valid duration (s)	Specifies the validity period of the scheduling instruction.
Plant active power gradient	Specifies the rate of active power rise due to irradiance changes.
Average active power filtering time	This parameter is used together with <b>Plant active power gradient</b> . When the active power increases due to irradiance changes, the device increases the active power output in a stepwise pattern. This parameter is used to adjust the time step of the active power change.
Active power change gradient (%/s)	Specifies the change rate of the device active power.
Active power (kW) [high precision]	Specifies the fixed active power of the device.
Active power (%) (high precision)	Specifies the active power of the device in percentage.
Reactive power change gradient (%/s)	Specifies the change rate of the device reactive power.
Power factor	Specifies the power factor of the device.

Parameter	Description
Reactive power compensation (Q/S) [high precision]	Specifies the reactive power of the device.
Q-U characteristic curve	The device adjusts Q/S (the ratio of the output reactive power to apparent power) in real time based on <b>U/Un(%)</b> (the ratio of the actual power grid voltage to the rated power grid voltage).
Q-U characteristic curve mode	Specifies the reactive power compensation mode of the device output.
Delay for Q-U characteristic curve to take effect	Specifies the delay time for Q-U adjustment.
Power percentage for triggering Q-U scheduling	Specifies the reference apparent power in percentage. When the actual apparent power of the device is greater than the value of this parameter, the Q-U characteristic curve scheduling function is enabled.
Power percentage for exiting Q-U scheduling	Specifies the P/Pn when the device exits the Q-U scheduling.
Minimum PF of Q-U characteristic curve	Specifies the minimum power factor for Q-U adjustment.
Q-P characteristic curve	The device adjusts Q/Pmax (the ratio of the reactive power to the maximum active power) in real time based on <b>P/Pmax</b> (the ratio of the active power to the maximum active power).
PF-U characteristic curve	The device adjusts the power factor in real time based on <b>U/Un(%)</b> (the ratio of the actual power grid voltage to the rated power grid voltage).
PF-U voltage detection filter time	Specifies the time for filtering the grid voltage in the PF-U curve.
cosф-P/Pn characteristic curve	The device adjusts the output power factor cos in real time based on P/Pn(%).
cosф-P/Pn trigger voltage	Specifies the voltage threshold for triggering reactive power compensation based on the coso-P curve.
cosф-P/Pn exit voltage	Specifies the voltage threshold for exiting reactive power compensation based on the $\cos\phi$ -P curve.
Reactive power adjustment time	Specifies the adjustment time for the reactive power to reach the target value during reactive power adjustment.

### **Power Baseline**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Rated power reference	Set the rated capacity of the device.	-
Apparent power baseline	Specifies the apparent power baseline for power scheduling. The value cannot be greater than the maximum apparent power.	Active power baseline shall be smaller than Apparent power baseline.
Active power baseline	Specifies the active power baseline for power scheduling. The value cannot be greater than the maximum active power.	
Maximum overload apparent power	Specifies the maximum overload apparent power for grid forming.	-
Maximum overload active power	Specifies the maximum overload active power for grid forming.	-

## Adjustment

Parameter	Description
Total energy yield adjustment	A calibrating coefficient for the total energy yield to ensure that the reported energy yield is consistent with the actual energy yield at the grid connection point
Adjusted total power supply from grid	A calibrating coefficient for the total power supply from the grid to ensure that the reported amount of power supplied from the grid is consistent with the actual power supply at the grid connection point

# 6.3.13 Setting ESS Parameters (Model 1)

ESS parameter settings in this section apply to the following models:

- LUNA2000-97KWH-1H1
- LUNA2000-129KWH-2H1
- LUNA2000-161KWH-2H1
- LUNA2000-200KWH-2H0
- LUNA2000-200KWH-2H1
- LUNA2000-1.0MWH-1H1
- LUNA2000-1.0MWH-ES1H1
- LUNA2000-2.0MWH-1H0
- LUNA2000-2.0MWH-1H1

- LUNA2000-2.0MWH-2H0
- LUNA2000-2.0MWH-2H1
- LUNA2000-2.0MWH-4H1
- LUNA2000-2.0MWH-HE2H1
- LUNA2000-2.0MWH-HE1H1

#### 6.3.13.1 Setting CMU Parameters

This section does not apply to V300R001C00.

#### Procedure

Choose **Monitoring > ESS > CMU > Running Param.**, set running parameters, and click **Submit**.

<b>Temperature and</b>	l Humidity	Control
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Parameter	Description
Control mode	• <b>Auto</b> (default): The operating status and mode of the air conditioner are automatically controlled by the temperature and humidity control module.
	• <b>Manual</b> : You can manually set the operating status and mode of the air conditioner for commissioning. After the commissioning is complete, switch back to the automatic mode. Otherwise, the temperature and humidity may be out of control.
Air conditioner parameter setting <sup>[1]</sup>	• <b>Default</b> : The air conditioner works based on the default cooling start/stop temperatures and heating start/stop temperatures in the system software.
	• <b>Custom</b> : You can adjust the cooling start/stop temperatures and heating start/stop temperatures of the air conditioner as required.
Forced dehumidification control	At the first startup after deployment or long-term storage, you are advised to start forced dehumidification to reduce the risk of equipment damage caused by condensation.
Note [1]: This parameter can l	be set only in V300R023C00 and later versions.

#### Exhaust Control

Parameter	Description
Exhaust fan control module self-test time	Time when the exhaust function is self-tested every day

Parameter	Description
Exhaust fan control module self-test	After the self-test is started, the exhaust fan will be running for a period of time to check its exhaust function. If the exhaust fan does not meet the requirements, the system cannot start.
Exhaust fan control	After started, the exhaust fan will automatically stop in at least 1 hour. If a combustible gas alarm is generated, the exhaust fan cannot be stopped. The exhaust fan cannot be manually started after the fire response is triggered until the fire alarm is cleared or 24 hours later.

### **Fire Suppression**

#### D NOTE

Only the LUNA2000-2.0MWH series Smart String ESS supports DC output power distribution.

Parameter	Description
DC output distribution	• <b>Starting up</b> : Enable the DC output power distribution to supply 48 V DC power to the battery pack fan, BMU, and ESC monitoring system.
	• <b>Stop</b> : Disable the DC output power distribution to stop supplying 48 V DC power to the battery pack fan, BMU, and ESC monitoring system.

#### **NOTE**

Only the LUNA2000-200KWH series Smart String ESS supports the temperature alarm threshold settings.

Parameter	Description
Temperature alarm threshold	Specifies the temperature threshold for triggering a fire alarm and processing fire response logic.

### Burglar Alarm

The burglar alarm function applies only to the C&I scenario. This function is supported only in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC172 and later versions and shall be used together with LUNA2000B V100R023C00SPC120 and later versions.

Parameter	Description
Burglar Alarm	The default value is <b>Disable</b> .
	<b>Disable</b> : No burglar alarm will be triggered when the ESS door is open.
	<b>Enable</b> : A burglar alarm will be triggered when the ESS door is open.

## 6.3.13.2 Setting ESU Parameters

This section does not apply to V300R001C00.

#### Procedure

Choose **Monitoring > ESS > ESU > Running Param.**, set running parameters, and click **Submit**.

#### **Running Parameters**

Parameter	Description
Enable delayed update	• If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , after the upgrade package is uploaded, the ESU will perform the upgrade automatically when the SOC is greater than or equal to 30%, the rack voltage is greater than or equal to 400 V, and the ESC and ESM communicate properly.
	<ul> <li>If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b>, the upgrade can be performed immediately. The upgrade may fail if the upgrade conditions are not met.</li> </ul>
Delete invalid battery packs	Delete battery packs that are not connected. This function is used when replacing battery packs.
Battery pack shutdown delay	After this parameter is set, the system can still monitor the battery for a period of time after power-off.
Shutdown due to	• The default value is <b>Disable</b> .
communication interruption between the rack controller and PCS	• If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the ESS shuts down when the communication between the PCS and the rack controller is interrupted.

## 6.3.13.3 Setting ESC Parameters

This section does not apply to V300R001C00.

#### Procedure

Choose **Monitoring** > **ESS** > **ESU** > **ESC** > **Running Param.**, set running parameters and click **Submit**.

### **Running Parameters**

Parameter	Setting Description
Insulation resistance protection threshold	To ensure device safety, the device detects the insulation resistance of the DC side to the ground when it starts a self-check. If the detected value is less than the preset value, the device does not start. Value range: [0.05, 1.5].

## 6.3.13.4 Setting ESR Parameters

This section does not apply to V300R001C00.

#### Procedure

Choose **Monitoring > ESS > ESU > ESR > Running Param.**, set running parameters, and click **Submit**.

### **Parameters Settings**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Battery working mode	Set the battery rack to <b>Running</b> or <b>Hibernation</b> .	-
Charging cutoff SOC	Set the end-of-charge SOC of battery packs in a battery rack.	For SmartLogger V300R023C10SPC500 and later versions, <b>Charging</b> <b>cutoff SOC</b> and <b>Discharge cutoff SOC</b> do not take effect.
Discharge cutoff SOC	Set the end-of-discharge SOC of battery packs in a battery rack.	
Quantity of battery packs	Set the quantity of battery packs in a battery rack. If the quantity is inconsistent with the actual quantity, the system cannot start.	-
Insulation resistance diagnosis	Start or stop the detection for power insulation resistance of the battery rack.	-
Battery pack position detection	Start or stop the identification for battery pack positions in a battery rack.	-

## Energy Yield Calibration

Parameter	Description
Total charged energy calibration	Calibrate the total charged energy.

Parameter	Description
Total discharged energy calibration	Calibrate the total discharged energy.

## 6.3.13.5 Setting HVAC Parameters

This section does not apply to V300R001C00.

#### Procedure

Choose **Monitoring > ESS > HVAC > Running Param.**, set running parameters, and click **Submit**.

#### **Parameters Settings**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Working mode The default value is <b>Auto</b> . The air conditioner working mode can be <b>A Dry</b> , <b>Heat</b> , or <b>Cool</b> .	conditioner working mode can be Auto,	• The working mode of the air conditioner is adjusted intelligently. Non-professional personnel are not allowed to set the working mode.
		<ul> <li>The air conditioner dehumidification mode is used for system protection. Do not set the air conditioner to dehumidification mode manually.</li> </ul>
		• The heating and cooling modes of the air conditioner are used only for equipment commissioning. Do not set them manually.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Cooling start temperature	Set the target temperature for cooling when the air conditioner works in automatic mode.	• This parameter affects the system charge/discharge power and cell lifespan. Non-
Cooling stop temperature	Set the target temperature when the air conditioner stops cooling in automatic mode.	<ul> <li>professional personnel are not allowed to set this parameter.</li> <li>280 Ah battery pack: When the rate is [0C, 0.25C], refer to the</li> </ul>
Heating start temperature Heating stop	Set the target temperature for heating when the air conditioner works in automatic mode. Set the target temperature when the air	0.25C temperature control. When the rate is (0.25C, 0.5C], refer to the 0.5C temperature control. When the rate is (0.5C, 1C], refer to the 1C
temperature	conditioner stops heating in automatic mode.	<ul> <li>temperature control.</li> <li>320 Ah battery pack: When the rate is [0C, 0.5C], refer to the 0.5C temperature control. When the rate is (0.5C, 1C], refer to the 1C temperature control.</li> <li>Choose Monitoring &gt; ESS &gt; ESU &gt; ESR &gt; ESM &gt; Cell data to query the quantity of battery cells. If the quantity of battery cells is 16, the battery pack is 320 Ah. If the quantity of battery pack is 280 Ah.</li> <li>If a high-rate system is used in the low-rate scenario, it is prone to low efficiency, high power consumption, and current limiting.</li> <li>The Company is not liable for any system exception or underperformance caused by failure to set the temperatures as required.</li> <li>For special scenarios, contact</li> </ul>
High temperature	Set the indoor high temperature alarm	the Company's engineers.
alarm threshold Low temperature	threshold for the air conditioner. Set the indoor low temperature alarm	_
alarm threshold	threshold for the air conditioner.	
AC overvoltage alarm threshold	Set the upper threshold for the AC input voltage of the air conditioner.	This parameter applies only to air conditioners in the battery cabin of the LUNA2000-2.0MWH Series Smart String ESS.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
AC undervoltage alarm threshold	Set the lower threshold for the AC input voltage of the air conditioner.	This parameter applies only to air conditioners in the battery cabin of the LUNA2000-2.0MWH Series Smart String ESS.
DC overvoltage alarm threshold	Set the upper threshold for the DC input voltage of the air conditioner.	This parameter applies only to in- cabinet air conditioners of the LUNA2000-200KWH Series Smart String ESS and air conditioners in the control unit cabin of the LUNA2000-2.0MWH Series Smart String ESS.
DC undervoltage alarm threshold	Set the lower threshold for the DC input voltage of the air conditioner.	This parameter applies only to in- cabinet air conditioners of the LUNA2000-200KWH Series Smart String ESS and air conditioners in the control unit cabin of the LUNA2000-2.0MWH Series Smart String ESS.

# 6.3.14 Setting ESS Parameters (Model 2)

This section describes how to set ESS parameters only for the LUNA2000-215-2S10, LUNA2000-215-2S11, LUNA2000-215-2S12, LUNA2000-161-2S11, and LUNA2000-107-1S11.

#### NOTICE

In off-grid working conditions, start the ESS if you need to modify the grid parameters, protection parameters, feature parameters, power adjustment parameters, or power baseline parameters of the ESS. If the ESS has been shut

down, choose **Maintenance** > **Connect Device** and click the **W** button. After the black start is successful, set related parameters.

### Procedure

Choose **Monitoring** > **ESS** > **Running Param**, set running parameters, and click **Submit**.

## **Basic Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
ESS working mode switch	Set this parameter to <b>Running</b> or <b>Shutdown</b> .	This parameter will not be displayed after ESS startup authorization is completed.
Startup authorization code	Set the startup authorization code. Otherwise, the ESS cannot be started. Contact the ESS supplier or installer to obtain the startup authorization code.	-
Device	Set the name of the ESS.	-
Certificate verification interval	Set the certificate verification interval.	-
Certificate expiration notification period	Set the certificate expiration notification period.	-
Communication using expired certificate	Enable or disable communication using an expired certificate.	-
Remote black start	Perform black start.	-
Display module brightness	Set this parameter to <b>Off</b> , <b>Low</b> , <b>Moderate</b> , or <b>High</b> . The default value is <b>Moderate</b> .	-
Delayed update	<ul> <li>Enable: The update can be delayed.</li> <li>Disable: The update can be performed immediately. The update may fail if the update conditions are not met.</li> </ul>	-
Burglar Alarm	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . <b>Disable</b> : No burglar alarm will be triggered when the ESS door is open. <b>Enable</b> : A burglar alarm will be triggered when the ESS door is open.	-
Alarm beacon control	The default value is <b>Stopped</b> . <b>Stopped</b> : Disable the alarm beacon output of the ESS. <b>Start-up</b> : Enable the alarm beacon output of the ESS.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Forced dehumidification control	At the first startup after deployment or long-term storage, you are advised to start forced dehumidification to reduce the risk of equipment damage caused by condensation.	-
Exhaust fan control	After started, the exhaust fan will automatically stop in at least 1 hour. If a combustible gas alarm is generated, the exhaust fan cannot be stopped. The exhaust fan cannot be manually started after the fire response is triggered until the fire alarm is cleared or 24 hours later.	This parameter is displayed when the number of exhaust fans is greater than 0.
Exhaust fan control module self-test	After the self-test is started, the exhaust fan will be running for a period of time to check its exhaust function. If the exhaust fan does not meet the requirements, the system cannot start.	
Exhaust fan control module self-test time	Time when the exhaust function is self- tested every day	
Secondary power supply for fire suppression module	The thermal runaway suppression device uses lead-acid batteries as the backup power supply. If the primary power supply is disconnected and switched to the backup power supply, the energy of the lead-acid batteries may be exhausted. To reduce the probability of this risk, an external port for operating the backup power switch is added.	This parameter is displayed when the quantity of backup power supplies for the thermal runaway suppression device is greater than 0.

## **Grid Parameters**

Parameter	Description
Grid code	Set this parameter based on the grid code of the country or region where the device is used.
Isolation settings	Specifies the device grounding status on the DC side and the connection to the power grid.
Output mode	Specifies the supported power grid types.

Parameter	Description
Automatic voltage control for extremely weak grids	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device can run stably in an extremely weak power grid. After this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the power response speed slows down, which affects the closed-loop control effect of the array. Therefore, exercise caution when setting this parameter.
Grid reconnection voltage upper limit (V)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid voltage is higher than the maximum voltage for grid reconnection.
Grid reconnection voltage lower limit (V)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid voltage is lower than the minimum grid voltage for grid reconnection.
Grid reconnection frequency upper limit (Hz)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid frequency is higher than the maximum grid frequency for grid reconnection.
Grid reconnection frequency lower limit (Hz)	According to the standards of certain countries and regions, grid reconnection is not allowed when the grid frequency is lower than the minimum grid frequency for grid reconnection.
On-grid recovery time (s)	Specifies the time after which the device begins restarting after the power grid recovers.
Quick startup for short-time grid disconnection	Specifies whether to allow the device to quickly start after the power grid recovers from a short-time failure.
Duration for determining short-time grid disconnection (ms)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device should not disconnect from the power grid if the power grid experiences a short-time failure. After the fault is rectified, the device output power needs to be quickly restored.
Auto start upon grid recovery	Specifies whether to allow the device to automatically start after the power grid recovers.

## **Protection Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
PCS insulation resistance protection threshold	To ensure device safety, the device detects the insulation resistance of the DC side to the ground when it starts a self-check. If the detected value is less than the preset value, the device does not connect to the grid nor start. The recommended value range is [0.033, 1.5].	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Unbalance voltage protection (%)	Specifies the device protection threshold when the power grid voltage is unbalanced.	-
Active islanding protection	Specifies whether to enable the active islanding protection function.	-
10 minute OV protection (V)	Specifies the 10-minute overvoltage protection threshold. Value range: [800, 1000] V.	-
10 minute OV protection time (ms)	Specifies the 10-minute overvoltage protection duration.	-
Level-N OV protection (V)	Specifies the level-N grid overvoltage protection threshold.	N can be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6. Set this parameter as required.
Level-N OV protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid overvoltage protection duration.	
Level-N UV protection (V)	Specifies the level-N grid undervoltage protection threshold.	
Level-N UV protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid undervoltage protection duration.	
Level-N OF protection (Hz)	Specifies the level-N grid overfrequency protection threshold.	
Level-N OF protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid overfrequency protection duration.	
Level-N UF protection (Hz)	Specifies the level-N grid underfrequency protection threshold.	
Level-N UF protection time (ms)	Specifies the level-N grid underfrequency protection duration.	

### **Feature Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Frequency-based control	The standards of certain countries and regions require that if the power grid frequency fluctuates around the rated value, the device needs to fine-tune the active power output based on <b>Frequency-based adjustment ratio</b> to help stabilize the power grid frequency. In this case, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Response deadband of frequency-based control	Specifies the threshold for triggering frequency-based control. For example, if this parameter is set to 0.1 Hz, the frequency-based control is not triggered when the frequency is within reference frequency±0.1 Hz.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Frequency-based</b> <b>control</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Power change gradient of frequency- based control	Specifies the active power change gradient of frequency-based control.	
Power change limit of frequency-based control	Specifies the upper limit for active power adjustment in frequency-based control.	
Frequency-based adjustment ratio	Specifies the adjustment ratio of the active power output.	
Protection upon communication failure	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device performs protection based on the preset power when its communication with the SmartLogger is interrupted for a period longer than <b>Communication</b> <b>disconnection detection time</b> .	-
Active power mode when communication fails	Specifies the protection mode of the active power after the communication is interrupted. The value can be <b>Percentage</b> or <b>Fixed value</b> .	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Reactive power mode when communication fails	Specifies the protection mode of the reactive power after the communication is interrupted. The value can be <b>Q/S</b> or <b>Power factor</b> .	
Communication disconnection detection time (s)	Specifies the detection time for protection upon a communication failure between the device and the SmartLogger or Smart Dongle.	
Active power threshold (%) when communication fails [high precision]	Specifies the active power threshold in percentage.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> communication failure is set to <b>Enable</b> and <b>Active power</b> mode when communication fails is set to <b>Percentage</b> .
Active power threshold (kW) when communication fails [high precision]	Specifies the active power threshold as a fixed value.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> and <b>Active power</b> <b>mode when communication</b> <b>fails</b> is set to <b>Fixed value</b> .

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Reactive power threshold (Q/S) when communication fails [high precision]	Specifies the Q/S threshold (%) of the reactive power.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Protection upon</b> <b>communication failure</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> and <b>Reactive</b> <b>power mode when</b> <b>communication fails</b> is set to <b>Q/S</b> .
Reactive power threshold (PF) when communication fails	Specifies the power factor threshold of the reactive power.	This parameter is displayed when Protection upon communication failure is set to Enable and Reactive power mode when communication fails is set to Power factor.
Soft start time (s)	Specifies the duration for the power to gradually increase until the device starts.	-
Shutdown gradient (%/s)	Specifies the power change rate until the device shuts down.	-
HVRT	HVRT is short for high voltage ride- through. When the grid voltage is abnormally high for a short time, the device cannot disconnect from the power grid immediately and has to work for some time.	-
HVRT threshold (V)	Specifies the threshold for triggering HVRT. The threshold settings should meet the local grid standard.	This parameter is displayed when <b>HVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Positive-sequence reactive power compensation factor in HVRT	During HVRT, the device needs to generate positive-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the positive- sequence reactive power generated by the device.	
	For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the increment of positive-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage increases by 10% during HVRT.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Negative-sequence reactive power compensation factor in HVRT	During HVRT, the device needs to generate negative-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the negative- sequence reactive power generated by the device.	
	For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the increment of negative-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage increases by 10% during HVRT.	
Zero current due to power grid fault	Specifies whether to enable the function of working in zero-current mode upon a power grid fault.	
Deactivate grid voltage protection during HVRT/LVRT	Specifies whether to shield the voltage protection function during LVRT or HVRT.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when LVRT or HVRT is set to Enable.</li> </ul>
VRT exit hysteresis threshold	Specifies the LVRT/HVRT recovery threshold.	<ul> <li>LVRT recovery threshold = LVRT threshold + VRT exit hysteresis threshold</li> <li>HVRT recovery threshold = HVRT threshold - VRT exit hysteresis threshold</li> </ul>
VRT active current limiting (%)	Specifies the percentage of the maximum active current to the rated current during fault ride-through (FRT).	
VRT active power recovery gradient	Specifies the recovery rate when the active current is restored to the value at the moment before fault ride-through.	
LVRT	LVRT is short for low voltage ride- through. When the grid voltage is abnormally low for a short time, the device cannot disconnect from the power grid immediately and has to work for some time.	-
LVRT threshold (V)	Specifies the threshold for triggering LVRT. The threshold settings should meet the local grid standard.	This parameter is displayed when <b>LVRT</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
LVRT reactive current limiting (%)	During LVRT, the device needs to limit the reactive current. For example, if you set this parameter to	
	<b>50</b> , the reactive current upper limit of the device is 50% of the rated current during LVRT.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Threshold of LVRT zero-current mode	If <b>Zero-current mode on power grid</b> <b>fault</b> is enabled and the power grid voltage is less than <b>Threshold of LVRT</b> <b>zero-current mode</b> during LVRT, the zero-current mode is used. Otherwise, the mode set in LVRT mode is used.	
LVRT mode	Specifies the LVRT mode. The options are <b>Zero-current mode</b> , <b>Constant</b> <b>current mode</b> , <b>Reactive power priority</b> <b>mode</b> , and <b>Active power priority mode</b> .	
Positive-sequence reactive power compensation factor in LVRT	During LVRT, the device needs to generate positive-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the positive- sequence reactive power generated by the device. For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the increment of positive-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage decreases by 10% during LVRT.	
Negative-sequence reactive power compensation factor in LVRT	During LVRT, the device needs to generate negative-sequence reactive power to support the power grid. This parameter is used to set the negative- sequence reactive power generated by the device. For example, if you set this parameter to <b>2</b> , the increment of negative-sequence reactive current generated by the device is 20% of the rated current when the AC voltage decreases by 10% during LVRT.	
LVRT active current maintenance coefficient	Specifies the active current proportional coefficient before and during LVRT.	-
Overfrequency-caused power derating	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , when the power grid frequency exceeds the frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency-caused power derating, the active power of the device is derated based on a certain gradient.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Frequency threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when</li> <li>Overfrequency-caused</li> <li>power derating is set to</li> </ul>
PCS power threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating	Specifies the power threshold for stopping overfrequency-caused power derating.	<ul> <li>Enable.</li> <li>When setting this parameter, ensure that the following condition is met:</li> <li>Frequency threshold for</li> </ul>
Frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency-caused power derating (Hz)	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the output active power of the device be derated when the power grid frequency exceeds a certain value.	exiting overfrequency- caused power derating ≤ Frequency threshold for triggering overfrequency-caused
Frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency-caused power derating (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for exiting overfrequency derating.	power derating < Frequency threshold for stopping overfrequency- caused power derating.
Power drop gradient of overfrequency derating (%/s)	Specifies the rate of overfrequency- caused power derating.	
Gradient of power recovery from overfrequency-caused derating (%/min)	Specifies the power recovery rate for overfrequency-caused power derating.	
Underfrequency- caused power raising	The standards of certain countries and regions require that the device need to increase the active power output to increase the power grid frequency if the power grid frequency is lower than <b>Frequency threshold for triggering</b> <b>underfrequency-caused power raising</b> . In this case, set this parameter to <b>Enable</b> .	-
Gradient of underfrequency- caused power raising (%/min)	Specifies the power recovery rate for underfrequency-caused power raising.	This parameter is displayed when <b>Underfrequency-</b> caused power raising is set to Enable.
Frequency threshold for stopping underfrequency- caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for stopping underfrequency-caused power raising.	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
PCS power threshold for stopping underfrequency- caused power raising	Specifies the power threshold for stopping underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Frequency threshold for triggering underfrequency- caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for triggering underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Frequency threshold for exiting underfrequency- caused power raising (Hz)	Specifies the frequency threshold for exiting underfrequency-caused power raising.	
Delay of underfrequency- caused power raising	Specifies the delay of underfrequency- caused power raising.	
Microgrid compatibility	<ul> <li>The default value is Disable. The recommended settings are as follows:</li> <li>If Working mode is set to VSG for the PCS or Scenario is set to On-grid, set this parameter to Disable.</li> <li>If Working mode is set to PQ for the PCS and the PCS works in a microgrid that uses a diesel generator or other voltage sources, set this parameter to Enable. If this parameter is set to Enable, the PCS adaptively changes the output power based on the original grid code and the grid voltage and frequency to support a higher ratio of current sources to voltage sources (that is, PV-to-ESS ratio).</li> </ul>	If this parameter is set incorrectly, the Smart PCS may run abnormally.
Working mode	<ul> <li>The default value is PQ.</li> <li>If Scenario is set to On-grid, set this parameter to PQ.</li> <li>If Scenario is set to Off-grid, set this parameter to VSG.</li> <li>If Scenario is set to On/Off-grid, set this parameter to PQ or VSG.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If you set VSG, ensure that the AC output side of the ESS uses the TN system and Output mode is set to Three-phase four-wire.</li> <li>After this parameter is set, the device shuts down.</li> </ul>
Per unit armature resistance	The default value is <b>2</b> . Specifies the resistance per unit value for armature windings of the virtual synchronous generator.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Per unit armature inductive reactance	The default value is <b>1</b> . Specifies the inductive reactance per unit value for armature windings of the virtual synchronous generator.	-
Off-grid VSG Inertia Time Constant	The default value is <b>0.9</b> . Specifies the time required for the virtual rotor of the virtual synchronous generator to reach the rated speed from the static state under the rated torque.	-
P-F adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>1</b> . Specifies the frequency deviation corresponding to the rated active power of the virtual synchronous generator.	-
Q-V adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>3</b> . Specifies the voltage deviation corresponding to the rated reactive power of the virtual synchronous generator.	-
P-V adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the voltage deviation corresponding to the rated active power of the virtual synchronous generator.	-
Q-F adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the frequency deviation corresponding to the rated reactive power of the virtual synchronous generator.	-
VSG output voltage correction coefficient	The default value is <b>100</b> . Corrects the deviation caused by the transformer ratio error.	-
VSG output frequency correction coefficient	The default value is <b>100</b> . Corrects the PCS output frequency deviation.	-
VSG frequency damping coefficient	The default value is <b>7.2</b> . Specifies the power factor that prevents the frequency change of the virtual synchronous generator.	-
VSG excitation time constant	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the time required for the excitation of the virtual synchronous generator to reach the rated voltage.	-
VSG excitation damping coefficient	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the power factor that prevents the voltage change of the virtual synchronous generator.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Voltage adjustment value for VSG synchronous control (%)	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the adjustment value of the PCS control output voltage in VSG mode.	-
Frequency adjustment value for VSG synchronous control (%)	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the adjustment value of the PCS output frequency in VSG mode.	-
Auto switching between working modes	<ul> <li>This parameter is applicable only in on- grid or on/off-grid mode.</li> <li><b>Disable</b>: On/Off-grid switching cannot be performed automatically.</li> <li><b>Enable</b>: On/Off-grid switching can be performed automatically and the PCS does not need to be shut down before the switching.</li> </ul>	-
Working mode switching delay	The default value is <b>60</b> . Time for other instructions to take effect during PCS working mode switching. The value range is [10, 300] (unit: s).	-

# **Power Regulation**

Parameter	Description
Active power (%) [high precision]	Adjusts the active power output of the device by percentage.
Reactive power compensation (Q/S) [high precision]	Specifies the reactive power of the device.
Active power (kW)	Adjusts the active power output of the device by fixed value.
Q-U characteristic curve mode	Specifies the reactive power compensation mode of the device output.
Power percentage for triggering Q- U scheduling	Specifies the reference apparent power in percentage. When the actual apparent power of the device is greater than the value of this parameter, the Q-U characteristic curve scheduling function is enabled.
Minimum PF of Q-U characteristic curve	Specifies the minimum power factor for Q-U adjustment.
Percentage of apparent power	Specifies the percentage of apparent power.
Power factor	Specifies the power factor of the device.
Reactive power change gradient	Specifies the change rate of the device reactive power.

Parameter	Description	
Active power change gradient	Specifies the change rate of the device active power.	
PF-U voltage detection filter time	Specifies the time for filtering the grid voltage in the PF-U curve.	
Power control priority	Set this parameter to <b>Reactive power first</b> or <b>Active power first</b> .	

## **Reference Power**

Parameter	Description
Apparent power baseline	Specifies the apparent power baseline for power scheduling. The value cannot be greater than the maximum apparent power. When the PCS runs in PQ mode, the apparent power does not exceed the value of this parameter.
Active power baseline	Specifies the active power baseline for power scheduling. The value cannot be greater than the maximum active power. When the PCS runs in PQ mode, the active power does not exceed the value of this parameter.

# **Battery Cluster**

Parameter	Description
Threshold for active balancing	When the cell pressure difference between packs reaches the threshold, the active balancing management logic is triggered.
DCDC Insulation resistance protection threshold	Set the insulation resistance protection threshold. If the actual value is less than the threshold, the device does not start.
Total charged energy calibration	Calibrate the total charged energy.
Total discharged energy calibration	Calibrate the total discharged energy.
Location of pack 1	Set the location ID of battery pack 1.
Location of pack 2	Set the location ID of battery pack 2.
Location of pack 3	Set the location ID of battery pack 3.
Location of pack 4	Set the location ID of battery pack 4.

# Temperature Control System

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Liquid cooling mode	<ul> <li>Set this parameter to Automatic,</li> <li>Diagnostic Mode, or Maintenance</li> <li>mode.</li> <li>Automatic: The liquid thermal</li> <li>management system (LTMS) is</li> <li>automatically controlled.</li> </ul>	-
	<ul> <li>Diagnostic Mode: The operating status of the LTMS is diagnosed.</li> </ul>	
	• Maintenance mode: Choose this mode when coolant needs to be refilled or drained.	
Silent mode	Set this parameter to <b>Off</b> or <b>On</b> . If the silent mode is enabled, the noise of the entire cabinet can be reduced.	-
Power limit function for liquid cooling	Set this parameter to <b>Off</b> or <b>On</b> . If the power limit function for liquid cooling is enabled, the operating power of the LMTS can be limited.	After this function is enabled, the compressor and electric heater of the LTMS cannot be started at the same time.
Maintenance mode	<ul> <li>Set this parameter to Standby, Refilling, or Draining. The default value is Standby.</li> <li>Standby: Wait for refilling coolant into or draining coolant from the liquid cooling pipe system.</li> <li>Refilling: Refill coolant into the liquid cooling pipe system.</li> <li>Draining: Drain coolant from the liquid cooling pipe system.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>When you select Refilling, the following dialog box is displayed:</li> <li>After refilling is started, wait until the refilling process is complete so that the LTMS can run properly.</li> <li>Manual operations have been performed according to the manual. Are you sure you want to continue?</li> <li>When you select Draining, the following dialog box is displayed:</li> <li>After draining is started, you need to drain coolant and refill coolant so that the LTMS can run properly.</li> <li>Manual operations have been performed according to the manual. Are you sure you want to continue?</li> </ul>

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Diagnostic Mode	Set this parameter to <b>Manual</b> or <b>Auto</b> .	-
	• <b>Manual</b> : Some components of the LTMS are manually controlled.	
	• <b>Auto</b> : The status of the LTMS is checked automatically.	
Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis	Diagnose the functions of the components involved in the following battery temperature control modes: • Self-circulating • Natural cooling • Active cooling • Waste heat recovery • Heat pump heating	This parameter is displayed only when <b>Diagnostic Mode</b> is set to <b>Manual</b> .
	Mixed heating	
	Electric heating	
	C&I scenario: All modes are applicable.	
	Utility scenario: Only <b>Self-circulating</b> , <b>Natural cooling</b> , <b>Active cooling</b> , and <b>Electric heating</b> are applicable.	
Internal	Set this parameter to <b>Off</b> or <b>On</b> .	
environment dehumidifying control mode for diagnosis	The dehumidifying control mode can be enabled to diagnose the functions of components involved in the dehumidification function.	
Internal environment	Set this parameter to <b>Off</b> , <b>Passive</b> <b>cooling</b> , or <b>Active cooling</b> .	
temperature control mode for diagnosis	• <b>Passive cooling</b> : The passive cooling function is enabled to diagnose the functions of components involved in passive cooling.	
	• Active cooling: The active cooling function is enabled to diagnose the functions of components involved in active cooling.	
Maximum diagnostic mode duration	Set the maximum duration of the diagnostic mode. The value range is [5, 360] min. The system automatically exits the diagnostic mode when the specified duration is reached.	-
Coolant replacement interval	Set the interval for coolant replacement. The default value is 3832 days (3 years). The value range is [1095, 10950] days, that is, 3 to 30 years.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks	
Compressor 1 setting status	Set the control speed for compressor 1.	This parameter is displayed when Liquid cooling mode is set to Diagnostic Mode, Diagnostic Mode is set to Manual, and one of the following conditions is met: • Battery temperature control	
		mode for diagnosis is set to Active cooling, Heat pump heating, or Mixed heating.	
		• Internal environment dehumidifying control mode for diagnosis is set to On.	
		• Internal environment temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to Active cooling.	
Dehumidification fan setting status	Set the control speed for the dehumidification fan.	This parameter is displayed when Liquid cooling mode is set to Diagnostic Mode, Diagnostic Mode is set to Manual, and one of the following conditions is met:	
		• Internal environment dehumidifying control mode for diagnosis is set to On.	
		• Internal environment temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to Passive cooling or Active cooling.	
Outdoor fan 1 setting status	Set the control speed for outdoor fan 1.	This parameter is displayed when Liquid cooling mode is set to Diagnostic Mode, Diagnostic Mode is set to Manual, and Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to one of the following values:	
Outdoor fan 2 setting status	Set the control speed for outdoor fan 2.		
		Self-circulating	
		Natural cooling	
		Active cooling	
		Heat pump heating	
		Mixed heating	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Setting status of circulating pump 1	Set the control speed for circulating pump 1.	This parameter is displayed when Liquid cooling mode is set to Diagnostic Mode, Diagnostic Mode is set to Manual, and either of the following conditions is met:
		• C&I scenario: Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to Self- circulating, Natural cooling, Active cooling, Heat pump heating, or Mixed heating.
		• Utility-scale scenario: Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to Self- circulating, Natural cooling, Active cooling, or Mixed heating.
Setting status of circulating pump 2	Set the control speed for circulating pump 2.	This parameter is displayed when Liquid cooling mode is set to Diagnostic Mode, Diagnostic Mode is set to Manual, and Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to one of the following values: • Self-circulating • Natural cooling • Active cooling • Waste heat recovery • Heat pump heating • Mixed heating • Electric heating
Electric heater setting status	Set this parameter to <b>Off</b> or <b>On</b> .	This parameter is displayed when Liquid cooling mode is set to Diagnostic Mode, Diagnostic Mode is set to Manual, and Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to Mixed heating or Electric heating.
Confirm coolant replacement	If the coolant needs to be replaced, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of EEV 1	To recalculate the total runtime of EEV 1, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Clear total runtime of EEV 2	To recalculate the total runtime of EEV 2, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of circulating pump 1	To recalculate the total runtime of circulating pump 1, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of circulating pump 2	To recalculate the total runtime of circulating pump 2, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of electric heater	To recalculate the total runtime of the electric heater, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of dehumidifying fan	To recalculate the total runtime of the dehumidifying fan, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of outdoor fan 1	To recalculate the total runtime of outdoor fan 1, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of outdoor fan 2	To recalculate the total runtime of outdoor fan 2, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total air filter usage time	To recalculate the total usage time of the air filter, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear compressor total runtime	To recalculate the total runtime of the compressor, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total switching times of multi-way valve	To recalculate the total switching times of multi-way valve, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-

## **Electricity Revise**

Parameter	Description
Adjust total energy yield	A calibrating coefficient for the total energy yield to ensure that the reported energy yield is consistent with the actual energy yield at the grid connection point
Adjusted total power supply from grid	A calibrating coefficient for the total power supply from the grid to ensure that the reported amount of power supplied from the grid is consistent with the actual power supply at the grid connection point

Parameter	Description
Historical power clearing	Clear the historical amount of electricity, including the total energy yield and total power supply from the grid.

# 6.3.15 Setting ESS Parameters (Model 3)

This section describes how to set ESS parameters only for the LUNA2000-4472-2S.

### Procedure

Choose **Monitoring** > **ESS** > **Running Param**, set running parameters, and click **Submit**.

#### **Basic Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Exhaust fan control module self-test time	Time when the exhaust function is self-tested every day	This parameter is displayed when the
Exhaust fan control module self-test	After the self-test is started, the exhaust fan will be running for a period of time to check its exhaust function. If the exhaust fan does not meet the requirements, the system cannot start.	number of exhaust fans is greater than 0.
Exhaust fan control	After started, the exhaust fan will automatically stop in at least 1 hour. If a combustible gas alarm is generated, the exhaust fan cannot be stopped. The exhaust fan cannot be manually started after the fire response is triggered until the fire alarm is cleared or 24 hours later.	
High-temperature alarm threshold of air conditioner in control unit cabin	Set High-temperature alarm threshold of air conditioner in control unit cabin.	-
Low-temperature alarm threshold of air conditioner in control unit cabin	Set Low-temperature alarm threshold of air conditioner in control unit cabin.	-
Temperature control mode of control unit cabin	Specifies whether the air-cooled air conditioner is scheduled by the PCS (automatic) or manually controlled (manual).	-
Running mode of air conditioner in control unit cabin	Set <b>Running mode of air conditioner in control</b> unit cabin.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Air conditioner on/off control in control unit cabin	Specifies whether to control the air conditioner in the control unit cabin.	-
DC busbar high temperature alarm	Specifies whether to enable <b>DC busbar high</b> temperature alarm.	-
Power-off upon DC busbar overtemperature	Specifies whether to enable <b>Power-off upon DC</b> <b>busbar overtemperature</b> .	-
DC busbar high temperature alarm threshold	Specifies the high temperature alarm threshold for external power cables connected to the container.	-
Threshold for power- off upon DC busbar overtemperature	Specifies the threshold for power-off due to overtemperature of external power cables connected to the container.	-
Shutdown due to Battery Cabin Door Open	Specifies whether to enable the function of shutdown when the battery cabin door is opened.	-
Shutdown delay upon fire suppression system fault	Specifies the delay for shutdown after a TRSD fault occurs.	-
[WLAN] Wake up	Specifies whether to wake up the WLAN.	-
Power Overload Mode	Specifies whether to enable the power overload mode.	-
Power overload enhancement mode	Specifies whether to enable the power overload enhancement mode. If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the power overload capability is enabled for a short period of time.	-
Associate AC auxiliary power supply with EPO	Specifies whether to enable the function of disconnecting the AC auxiliary power supply when it is associated with EPO.	-

# Temperature Control System

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Silent mode	Set this parameter to <b>Off</b> or <b>On</b> . If the silent mode is enabled, the noise of the entire cabinet can be reduced.	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Max. Diagnostic Mode Duration	Specifies the maximum duration of the diagnostic mode. The system automatically exits the diagnostic mode when the specified duration is reached.	-
Coolant replacement interval	Specifies the interval for coolant replacement.	-
Refrigerant system 1 compressor preheating	Specifies whether to start compressor preheating for refrigerant system 1.	-
Refrigerant system 2 compressor preheating	Specifies whether to start compressor preheating for refrigerant system 2.	-
Clear total switching times of multi-way valve	To recalculate the total switching times of multi-way valve, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Dust removal by reverse rotation	Set <b>Dust removal by reverse</b> <b>rotation</b> based on the site requirements.	-
Dust removal interval	Set <b>Dust removal interval</b> based on the site requirements.	-
Recover auxiliary power supply for liquid cooling	Set Auxiliary power supply recovery for liquid cooling to restore the power supply to the liquid thermal management system (LTMS) after certain alarms are generated.	-
Clear total runtime of circulating pump 1	To recalculate the total runtime of the circulating pump, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total air filter usage time	To recalculate the total usage time of the air filter, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of outdoor fan 1	To recalculate the total runtime of outdoor fan 1, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of outdoor fan 2	To recalculate the total runtime of outdoor fan 2, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of outdoor fan 3	To recalculate the total runtime of outdoor fan 3, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Clear compressor 1 total runtime	To recalculate the total runtime of compressor 1, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear compressor 2 total runtime	To recalculate the total runtime of compressor 2, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of EEV 1	To recalculate the total runtime of EEV 1, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of EEV 2	To recalculate the total runtime of EEV 2, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Clear total runtime of electric heater	To recalculate the total runtime of the electric heater, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Liquid cooling mode	Set this parameter to Automatic, Diagnostic Mode, or Maintenance mode. Automatic: The LTMS is automatically controlled. Diagnostic Mode: The operating	-
	status of the LTMS is diagnosed. <b>Maintenance mode</b> : Choose this mode when coolant needs to be refilled or drained.	
Maintenance mode	Set this parameter to <b>Standby</b> , <b>Refilling</b> , or <b>Draining</b> . The default value is <b>Standby</b> . <b>Standby</b> : Wait for refilling coolant into or draining coolant from the liquid cooling pipe system. <b>Refilling</b> : Refill coolant into the liquid cooling pipe system. <b>Draining</b> : Drain coolant from the liquid cooling pipe system.	When you select <b>Refilling</b> , the following dialog box is displayed: After refilling is started, wait until the refilling process is complete so that the LTMS can run properly. Manual operations have been performed according to the manual. Are you sure you want to continue? When you select <b>Draining</b> , the following dialog box is displayed: After draining is started, you need to drain all the coolant and refill coolant so that the LTMS can run properly. Manual operations have been performed according to the manual. Are you sure you want to continue?

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Confirm valve opening	Specifies whether to confirm valve opening.	When <b>Coolant Replacement</b> <b>Status</b> is set to <b>Confirm valve</b> <b>opening</b> , the app displays the message "Tap <b>Continue</b> after confirming that all exhaust valves and pipe ball valves have been opened as required in the manual." This signal is sent after you tap <b>Continue</b> .
Confirm coolant replacement	If the coolant needs to be replaced, select this parameter and click <b>Submit</b> .	-
Diagnostic Mode	Set this parameter to <b>Manual</b> or <b>Auto</b> . <b>Manual</b> : Some components of the LTMS are manually controlled. <b>Auto</b> : The status of the LTMS is checked automatically.	-
Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis	Diagnose the functions of the components involved in the following battery temperature control modes: • Self-circulating • Natural cooling • Active cooling • Waste heat recovery • Heat pump heating • Mixed heating • Electric heating C&I scenario: All modes are applicable. Utility scenario: Only Self- circulating, Natural cooling, Active cooling, and Electric heating are applicable.	This parameter is displayed only when <b>Diagnostic Mode</b> is set to <b>Manual</b> .

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Compressor 1 setting status	Specifies the control speed for compressor 1.	This parameter is displayed when Liquid cooling mode is set to
Compressor 2 setting status	Set the control speed for compressor 2.	<ul> <li>Diagnostic Mode, Diagnostic Mode is set to Manual, and one of the following conditions is met:</li> <li>Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to Active cooling, Heat pump heating, or Mixed heating.</li> <li>Internal environment dehumidifying control mode for diagnosis is set to On.</li> <li>Internal environment temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to Active cooling.</li> </ul>
Electric heater setting status	Set this parameter to <b>Off</b> or <b>On</b> .	This parameter is displayed when Liquid cooling mode is set to Diagnostic Mode, Diagnostic Mode is set to Manual, and Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to Mixed heating or Electric heating.
Setting status of circulating pump 1	Specifies the control speed for circulating pump 1.	This parameter is displayed when Liquid cooling mode is set to Diagnostic Mode, Diagnostic Mode is set to Manual, and either of the following conditions is met: • C&I scenario: Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to Self- circulating, Natural cooling, Active cooling, Heat pump heating, or Mixed heating. • Utility-scale scenario: Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to Self- circulating, Natural cooling, Active cooling, Natural cooling, Active cooling, Natural cooling, Active cooling, or Mixed heating.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Outdoor fan 1 setting status	Specifies the control speed for outdoor fan 1.	This parameter is displayed when Liquid cooling mode is set to
Outdoor fan 2 setting status	Specifies the control speed for outdoor fan 2.	Diagnostic Mode, Diagnostic Mode is set to Manual, and Battery temperature control
Outdoor fan 3 setting status	Specifies the control speed for outdoor fan 3.	<ul> <li>mode for diagnosis is set to one of the following values:</li> <li>Self-circulating</li> <li>Natural cooling</li> <li>Active cooling</li> <li>Heat pump heating</li> <li>Mixed heating</li> </ul>
Setting status of liquid refill pump	Specifies the status of the liquid refill pump.	This parameter is displayed when Liquid cooling working mode is set to Diagnostic Mode, Diagnostic Mode is set to Manual, and Battery temperature control mode for diagnosis is set to Self- circulating.
Setting status of electric control box mixed-flow fan	Specifies the status of the mixed- flow fan in the electric control box.	-
Setting status of drive cooling fan 1	Specifies the status of drive cooling fan 1.	-
Setting status of drive cooling fan 2	Specifies the status of drive cooling fan 2.	-

## 6.3.15.1 Setting ESR Parameters

### Procedure

Choose **Monitoring** > **ESS** > **ESR** > **Running Param**, set running parameters, and click **Submit**.

### **Basic Parameters**

Parameter	Description
Battery cluster insulation resistance protection threshold	Set <b>Battery cluster insulation resistance protection</b> threshold.
Threshold for active balancing	Set Threshold for active balancing.

Parameter	Description
Activate balancing module	Set Activate balancing module.
Location information	Set Location information.

## Adjustment

Parameter	Description
Total charged energy calibration	Calibrate the total charged energy.
Total discharged energy calibration	Calibrate the total discharged energy.

# 6.3.16 Setting PID Module Parameters

### Procedure

1. Set access parameters.

**Method 1**: Click **Auto. Search** to connect to the PID module.

Method 2: Click Add Devices, set access parameters, and click Add Devices.



 Table 6-16 Device access parameters

Parame ter	Description	Remarks
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>PID</b> .	-

Parame ter	Description	Remarks
Port number	<ul> <li>If the PID-PVBOX uses MBUS for communication, set this parameter to <b>MBUS</b>.</li> <li>If the PID module uses RS485 for communication, set this parameter to the COM port connected to the PID module.</li> </ul>	-
Address	<ul> <li>Set this parameter to the communications address of the PID module.</li> <li>If the PID module is used as a standalone component, the default communications address is 1.</li> <li>If the SACU is configured with one PID module, the default communications address is 199.</li> <li>If the SACU is configured with two PID modules, the default communications address are 199 and 200.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The default baud rate of the PID module is 115200.</li> <li>The baud rate of the PID module shall be the same as that of the RS485 COM port on the SmartLogger. If they are inconsistent, choose Settings &gt; Comm. Param. &gt; RS485 and change the baud rate of the COM port connected to the PID module.</li> </ul>

#### **NOTE**

- If no device is found, check whether the RS485 communications cable is securely connected.
- If no device is found, check whether the baud rate of the PID module is consistent with that of the RS485 COM port on the SmartLogger. If they are inconsistent, choose **Settings** > **Comm. Param.** > **RS485** and change the baud rate of the COM port connected to the PID module. The default baud rate of the PID module is **115200**.
- 2. (Optional) Apply for and load the PID license. Perform this step if you need to use the PID module to detect the ground insulation resistance. Otherwise, skip this step.

a. Choose **Maintenance > License Management > License application**, select the PID device for which a license is to be applied, click **Export License Appli File**, and purchase a license file from the supplier.

b. Choose **Maintenance > License Management > License loading**, click **Upload License**, select the PID device to which the license file is to be loaded, and click **Load License**.

#### D NOTE

SmartPID2000 V100R001SPC112, SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC153, and later versions support the smart insulation monitoring function of the PID module. You can check the function in **Monitoring** > **PID** > **About**. If **PN** is **02350XQD-001**, the function is supported. Otherwise, the function is not supported.

3. Set running parameters and click **Submit**.

#### Figure 6-54 Setting running parameters

Ens 1	onitorin		Monito	oring Query Settings Ma	intenance	Lingilari	
SmartLogge	onitorin		tive Alarm 🎽 Performance Data	a Running Param. About	.8		
III SUN2000		No.	Signal Name	Value	Running Para	am. Unit	
- PID(2)		1	Operation mode	Normal			
PID(COM1-2)	PID	2	Repair time	0.0	[0.0, 6.0]	h	
	110	3	Voltage to be repaired	NA	[50, 500]	v	
Custom1-BeiHen	Submit	Clear Data				(	pe 🔤 Go to
						IL	.03J00018

Set PID module running parameters based on the model of the connected device. The PID device models include PID01 and SmartPID2000.

#### 6.3.16.1 Setting PID01 Parameters

#### 6.3.16.1.1 PID Module Running Parameters

#### **NOTE**

The parameter list provided in this document includes all configurable parameters Configurable parameters vary depending on the device model. The actual display may vary.

Parameter	Description
Offset mode	<ul> <li>Specifies the offset mode of the PID module.</li> <li>Select <b>Disabled</b> if the PID module is not required.</li> <li>Select <b>N/PE</b> if the PID module is required to use voltage output from the inductor virtual midpoint.</li> <li>Select <b>PV/PE</b> if the PID module is required to use voltage output from the negative PV terminal. This mode is applicable only to Huawei SUN8000.</li> <li>In the SUN2000 scenario, <b>Automatic</b> indicates the <b>N/PE</b> offset mode.</li> </ul>
Output enabled	Specifies whether PID module output is enabled.
PV module type	Specifies the type of the PV module used in the power plant. For details about the PV module type, consult the manufacturer.
PV/PE offset voltage	<ul> <li>Specifies the DC output voltage when the offset mode is set to PV/PE.</li> <li>If the PV module type is P, set this parameter to P-type. In this case, the output voltage of the PID module is positive.</li> <li>If the PV module type is N, set this parameter to N-type. In this case, the output voltage of the PID module is negative.</li> </ul>

Parameter	Description
Operation Mode	Specifies the working mode of the PID module.
	<ul> <li>Manual mode: If Offset mode is set to N/PE or PV/PE, and Output enabled is set to Enable, the PID module outputs data based on Output voltage (manual).</li> </ul>
	• Automatic mode: After the PID module and inverter communicate with the SmartLogger properly, the PID module automatically runs.
	NOTE
	<ul> <li>Before the first power-on, to check whether the PID functions properly, it is recommended that <b>Operation Mode</b> be set to <b>Manual</b>.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>After checking that the PID module functions properly, set <b>Operation</b> Mode to Automatic.</li> </ul>
Output voltage (manual)	Specifies the output voltage.
	<b>NOTE</b> After this parameter is set and the output from the PID module becomes stable, use a multimeter that is set to the DC position to measure the three-phase (A, B, and C) voltages of the power grid to the ground, and check whether the voltages are the same as the configured values.
Maximum DC voltage	Specifies the PV-PE voltage when the normal operation mode is used.
	If the PV module type is P, the parameter value indicates the highest DC voltage between PV+ and PE. If the PV module type is N, the parameter value indicates the highest DC voltage between PV- and PE.
Maximum output voltage	Specifies the maximum output voltage of the PID module.
	If the offset mode is <b>PV/PE</b> , the parameter value indicates the highest DC output voltage between PV and PE. If the offset mode is <b>N/PE</b> , the parameter value indicates the highest DC output voltage between N and PE.
IMD access	Specifies whether the PID module and insulation monitor device (IMD) can operate in cycle mode.
	Only the IMDs of mainstream suppliers such as DOLD and BENDER are supported, and the IMDs must have enabled dry contacts. NOTICE
	You can set <b>Periodic PID runtime</b> , <b>Periodic IMD runtime</b> , and <b>IMD control</b> <b>dry contact</b> only when <b>IMD access</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Periodic PID runtime	Specifies the running duration of the PID module when the PID module and IMD operate in cycle mode.
	The IMD is shut down when the PID module is operating.
Periodic IMD runtime	Specifies the running duration of the IMD when the PID module and IMD operate in cycle mode.
	The PID module is standby when the IMD is running.

Parameter	Description
IMD control dry contact	Specifies the dry contact No. over which the SmartLogger controls the IMD.
	Set appropriate ports based on the cable connections between the IMD and the SmartLogger.
PV module compensation voltage direction	<ul> <li>Specifies the compensation direction of the PID module.</li> <li>PV- po: The voltage between the PV- and the ground is increased to a value greater than 0 V through voltage</li> </ul>
	compensation. Select <b>PV- po</b> for P-type PV modules or the N-type PV modules that comprise the cells whose positive and negative polarities are on different sides. For example, P-type PV modules, HIT, CIS, thin-film PV modules, and CdTe PV modules meet the requirement for PV- positive offset.
	• <b>PV+ ne</b> : The voltage between the PV+ and the ground is decreased to lower than 0 V through voltage compensation. Select <b>PV+ ne</b> for the N-type PV modules that comprise the cells whose positive and negative polarities are on the same side.
	<b>NOTE</b> When designing a PV plant, the design institute and user should confirm with the PV module vendor about the direction of voltage compensation for the anti-PID effect of PV modules.
Working mode	Specifies the working mode of the PID module.
	<ul> <li>Manual: The PID module provides output based on Output voltage (manual).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Automatic mode: After the PID module and inverter communicate with the SmartLogger properly, the PID module automatically runs.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>NOTE</li> <li>Before the first power-on, to check whether the PID functions properly,</li> </ul>
	it is recommended that <b>Operation Mode</b> be set to <b>Manual</b> .
	<ul> <li>After checking that the PID module functions properly, set <b>Operation</b> Mode to Automatic.</li> </ul>
Maximum system DC-to- ground withstand voltage	Specifies the voltages between the PV side and the ground and between the AC side and the ground in normal mode.
	Specifies the lower threshold of the maximum voltage range between the inverter DC side (including the inverter, PV module, cable, SPD, and switch) and the ground.
	The default value is 1000 V. For a 1500 V inverter, the recommended value is 1500 V.

Parameter	Description	
AC-to-ground resistance alarm threshold	Specifies the alarm threshold for the impedance between the AC side of the PID module and the ground.	
	You can set an alarm threshold for the impedance between the AC grid and the ground for the PID module. If the detected impedance is below the threshold, the PID module will generate an alarm.	
Compensation offset voltage	Specifies the compensation offset voltage between PV and the ground after the PID module operates stably.	
	The absolute value ranges from 0 V to 500 V, and the default value is 50 V.	
	<ul> <li>If PV module compensation voltage direction is set to PV- po, this parameter indicates the positive voltage between the PV- and the ground. The compensation range is 0 V to +500 V.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>If PV module compensation voltage direction is set to PV+ ne, this parameter indicates the negative voltage between the PV+ and the ground. The compensation range is -500 V to 0 V.</li> </ul>	
	NOTE	
	• If <b>Compensation offset voltage</b> is set to <b>500 V</b> , the PID module provides the maximum output to enhance the voltage compensation effect. The output voltage amplitude of the PID module is automatically capped to ensure the safety of a PV plant. The output voltage amplitude is also related to the maximum system DC-to-ground withstand voltage and maximum output voltage.	
	<ul> <li>After this parameter is set, wait until the PID module runs properly and use a multimeter to measure the voltage between the PV input terminal of the inverter and the ground. (PV- po: the voltage between the PV- and the ground is greater than or equal to 0 V; PV+ ne: the voltage between the PV+ and the ground is less than or equal to 0 V.)</li> </ul>	
Clear data	Clears the active alarms and historical alarms stored on the PID module.	
	You can select <b>Clear data</b> to clear active alarms and historical alarms for the PID module.	

## 6.3.16.1.2 PID-PVBOX Running Parameters

Parameter	Description
Operating mode	<ul> <li>Specifies the current working mode of the PID module.</li> <li>Before setting this parameter to Manual, ensure that the inverters in the PV array have shut down and the DC switches of the inverters have been turned off. This working mode is used during startup commissioning or fault locating. In this condition, the PID-PVBOX delivers the output voltage based on the value of the commissioned output voltage.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>After checking that the PID module is running properly, set this parameter to Automatic.</li> </ul>

Parameter	Description
Output voltage (manual)	Specifies the output voltage when the PID module works in commissioning mode.
Repair time	Specifies the recovery time for each day.
Voltage to be repaired	Specifies the output voltage when the PID module works in commissioning mode.

## 6.3.16.1.3 PID-SSC Running Parameters

Parameter	Description	
Operating mode	Specifies the current working mode of the PID module.	
	<ul> <li>Set this parameter to Manual during commissioning after deployment or fault locating. In this case, the PID-SSC delivers the output voltage based on the value of the commissioned output voltage.</li> </ul>	
	• After checking that the PID module is running properly, set this parameter to <b>Automatic</b> .	
Output voltage (manual)	Specifies the output voltage when the PID module works in commissioning mode. It is recommended that <b>Output voltage</b> (manual) be set to a value greater than 250 V.	

# 6.3.16.2 Setting SmartPID2000 Parameters

Tab	Parameter	Description
Running Param.	Offset mode	<ul> <li>Specifies the offset mode of the PID module.</li> <li>Disabled: The PID module is not required.</li> <li>N/PE: The PID module is required to output voltage from the grid.</li> </ul>

Tab	Parameter	Description
PV module compensation voltage direction		Specifies the compensation direction of the PID module.
		<ul> <li>PV- po: The voltage between the PV- and the ground is increased to a value greater than 0 V through voltage compensation.</li> <li>Select PV- po for P-type PV modules or the N-type PV modules that comprise the cells whose positive and negative polarities are on different sides. For example, P-type PV modules, HIT, CIS, thin-film PV modules, and CdTe PV modules meet the requirement for PV- positive offset.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>PV+ ne: The voltage between the PV+ and the ground is decreased to lower than 0 V through voltage compensation.</li> <li>Select PV+ ne for the N-type PV modules that comprise the solar cells whose positive and negative polarities are on the same side.</li> </ul>
		NOTE When designing a PV plant, the design institute and user should confirm with the PV module vendor about the direction of voltage compensation for the anti-PID effect of PV modules.
	Working mode	Specifies the working mode of the PID module.
		<ul> <li>Automatic: In normal mode, the PID module operates automatically after the PID module, inverter, and SmartLogger communicate with each other properly.</li> </ul>
		• <b>Manual</b> : In commissioning mode, no inverter needs to be connected. The PID module can run independently and is used for commissioning only.
		NOTICE
		<ul> <li>Compensation offset voltage is displayed and can be set only when Working mode is set to Automatic.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Output voltage (manual) is displayed and can be set only when Working mode is set to Manual.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Before the first power-on, to check whether the PID module functions properly, it is recommended that Working mode be set to Manual. If the PID module functions properly, set Working mode to Automatic.</li> </ul>

Tab	Parameter	Description	
	Compensation offset voltage	Specifies the PV-ground compensation offset voltage after the PID module works stably in automatic mode. The absolute value ranges from 0 V to 500 V, and the default value is 50 V.	
		<ul> <li>If PV module compensation voltage direction is set to PV- po, this parameter indicates the positive voltage between the PV- and the ground. The compensation range is 0 V to +500 V.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>If PV module compensation voltage direction is set to PV</li> <li>+ ne, this parameter indicates the negative voltage between the PV+ and the ground. The compensation range is -500 V to 0 V.</li> </ul>	
		• If <b>Compensation offset voltage</b> is set to 500 V, the PID module provides the maximum output to enhance the voltage compensation effect. The output voltage amplitude of the PID module is automatically capped to ensure the safety of a PV plant. The output voltage amplitude is also related to the maximum system DC-to-ground withstand voltage and maximum output voltage.	
		<ul> <li>After this parameter is set, wait until the PID module runs properly and use a multimeter to measure the voltage between the PV input terminal of the inverter and the ground. (PV- po: the voltage between the PV- and the ground is greater than or equal to 0 V; PV+ ne: the voltage between the PV+ and the ground is less than or equal to 0 V.)</li> </ul>	
	Output voltage (manual)	Specifies the step-up voltage when the working mode is manual. The value of this parameter ranges from 0 V to 800 V.	
		It is recommended that the commissioning output voltage for a 1000 V/1100 V inverter be set to a value ranging from 50 V to 400 V, and that the commissioning output voltage for the 1500 V inverter be set to a value ranging from 50 V to 600 V.	
		<b>NOTE</b> <b>Maximum output voltage</b> can be displayed and set based on the actual networking if there is no battery in the network.	

Tab	Parameter	Description
	Maximum output voltage	The value of this parameter ranges from 0 V to 800 V. The default value is 500 V. For a 1500 V inverter, the recommended value is 800 V.
		<ul> <li>For a 1000 V/1100 V inverter, the value ranges from 0 V to 550 V. The parameter value indicates the maximum DC step-up voltage between PV and the ground.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>For a 1500 V inverter, the value ranges from 0 V to 800 V. The parameter value indicates the maximum DC step-up voltage between PV and the ground.</li> </ul>
		NOTICE Maximum output voltage can be displayed and set based on the actual networking if there is no battery in the network.
	Maximum system DC-to-ground withstand voltage	Specifies the voltages between the PV side and the ground and between the AC side and the ground in automatic mode. The value of this parameter ranges from 500 V to 1500 V.
		Specifies the lower threshold of the maximum voltage range between the inverter DC side (including the inverter, PV module, cable, SPD, and switch) and the ground.
		The default value is 1000 V. For a 1500 V inverter, the recommended value is 1500 V.
		NOTICE Maximum system DC-to-ground withstand voltage can be displayed and set based on the actual networking if there is no battery in the network.
	IMD access	Specifies whether the PID module and insulation monitor device (IMD) can operate in cycle mode.
		• Select <b>Enable</b> if you allow the PID module and IMD to operate in cycle mode.
		• Select <b>Disable</b> if you forbid the access of IMDs.
		<ul> <li>NOTICE</li> <li>This parameter can be displayed and set only when Smart</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>This parameter can be displayed and set only when smart insulation monitoring is set to Disable.</li> </ul>
		• <b>Periodic PID runtime</b> and <b>Periodic IMD runtime</b> can be displayed and set only when <b>IMD access</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
	Periodic PID runtime	Specifies the running duration of the PID module when the PID module and IMD operate in cycle mode. The value of this parameter ranges from 60 min to 480 min. The IMD is shut down when the PID module is running.
	Periodic IMD runtime	Specifies the running duration of the IMD when the PID module and IMD operate in cycle mode. The value of this parameter ranges from 15 min to 480 min. The PID module is standby when the IMD is running.

Tab	Parameter	Description	
	Smart insulation monitoring <sup>[1]</sup>	If no IMD is configured in the actual networking, you are advised to purchase and load the PID license. After the license is successfully loaded, set <b>Smart insulation</b> <b>monitoring</b> to <b>Enable</b> to enable the PID-to-ground insulation resistance detection function. If you do not need this function, set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> . <b>NOTICE</b>	
		<ul> <li>IMD access is shielded only when this parameter is set to Enable.</li> </ul>	
		• System-to-ground insulation resistance is displayed only when this parameter is set to Enable.	
		• System-to-ground resistance alarm threshold, System-to- ground resistance warning threshold, System-to-ground impedance detection time, Trigger ACB tripping upon IMD alarm, and Corresponding transformer winding can be displayed and set only when Smart insulation monitoring is set to Enable.	
		<ul> <li>In the PV-only scenario, if Smart insulation monitoring is set to Enable:</li> </ul>	
		<ol> <li>Choose Monitoring &gt; Inverter &gt; Running Param. &gt; Feature Parameters and check whether PID protection at night is set to Enable. If it is set to Disable, manually set it to Enable.</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Choose Monitoring &gt; Inverter &gt; Running Param. &gt; Feature Parameters and check whether the setting of PID compensation direction is consistent with that of PV module compensation voltage direction in Monitoring &gt; PID &gt; Running Param If the settings are inconsistent, change the setting of PID compensation direction.</li> </ol>	
	System-to-ground resistance alarm threshold <sup>[1]</sup>	Specifies the alarm threshold for the system-to-ground resistance of the PID module. When the resistance is less than this threshold, the PID module will generate an alarm. The recommended value ranges from 5.0 k $\Omega$ to 50.0 k $\Omega$ . The default value is 8.0 k $\Omega$ .	
		System-to-ground resistance alarm threshold < System-to- ground resistance warning threshold.	
	System-to-ground resistance warning threshold <sup>[1]</sup>	Specifies the warning threshold for the system-to-ground resistance of the PID module. When the resistance is less than this threshold, the PID module will generate a warning. The recommended value ranges from 5.0 k $\Omega$ to 50.0 k $\Omega$ . The default value is 10.0 k $\Omega$ .	
		System-to-ground resistance alarm threshold < System-to- ground resistance warning threshold.	
	System-to-ground impedance detection time <sup>[1]</sup>	Specifies the system-to-ground impedance detection time. When the impedance is lower than the detection point for a period longer than the detection time, an alarm or warning is generated. The value of this parameter ranges from 10s to 1800s. The default value is 100s.	

Tab	Parameter	Description	
	Trigger ACB tripping upon IMD alarm <sup>[1]</sup>	Specifies whether to trigger ACB tripping for the transformer station when a system-to-ground resistance alarm is generated. Set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> or <b>Enable</b> based on the actual application scenario. If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the entire system shuts down when a system- to-ground resistance alarm is generated.	
	Corresponding transformer winding <sup>[1]</sup>	Configure the winding number of the transformer station corresponding to the current PID module. Select <b>Low-voltage cabinet A</b> or <b>Low-voltage cabinet B</b> based on the actual application scenario.	
Running Info.	System-to-ground insulation resistance <sup>[2]</sup>	When the system-to-ground insulation resistance is lower than the system-to-ground resistance alarm threshold and warning threshold, the system generates an alarm.	
Note [1]. This	Note [1]: This parameter can be displayed and set in SmartPID2000 V100R001SPC112.		

Note [1]: This parameter can be displayed and set in SmartPID2000 V100R001SPC112, SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC153, and later versions.

Note [2]: This parameter can be displayed in SmartPID2000 V100R001SPC112, SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC153, and later versions.

# 6.3.17 Setting Meter Parameters

# 6.3.17.1 Setting DL/T645 Meter Parameters

## Procedure

**Step 1** Set access parameters and click **Add Devices**.

#### Figure 6-55 Setting access parameters

Enspire					English ()
	Deployment Wizard Over View	Monitoring Q	uery Settings Mai	ntenance	1 Maintenance
Firmware Upgrade	Total Device Qty::0				Maintenance
Product Information	Connect Device	Add Devices			
Security Settings		Device Type	Power Meter		
System Maint.	Dev	Comm. Protocol	DL/T645		
Device Log		Port number	COM1		
	2	Address	1	[1, 247]	Device status
Onsite Test	Connect Device	Table ID	00000000000		
License Management					
- Device Mgmt.	3				
Connect Device	Add Devices				
Devkellst	Add Devices				
Export Param.			Add Devices Close		
Clear Alarm	Auto Search Add Devices Remov	e Devices Auto Assic	n Address 📕 Import Confi	a	
	Auto, Search Add Devices Remov	e Devices 🔹 Auto Assig	Contraction of the owner own		

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Parameter	Description
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>Power Meter</b> .

Parameter	Description
Comm. Protocol	Set this parameter to <b>DL/T645</b> .
Port number	Set this parameter to the COM port connected to the meter.
Address	Set this parameter to the communication address of the meter.
Table ID	Set this parameter to the meter ID.

# Step 2 Choose Monitoring > Meter > Running Param., set running parameters, and click Submit.

Parameter	Description	
Protocol version	Select <b>DL/T645-2007</b> or <b>DL/T645-1997</b> based on the protocol version of the meter.	
Number of lead bytes	Retain the default value unless otherwise specified.	
Voltage change ratio	• Set this parameter to <b>1</b> if the meter uploads the primary value.	
Current change ratio	<ul> <li>Set this parameter based on the actual transformer ratio if the meter uploads the secondary value.</li> <li>NOTE</li> </ul>	
	If both the power meter and the SmartLogger support the settings of the voltage transformer ratio and current transformer ratio, you can only set them either on the power meter or the SmartLogger. You are advised to set these parameters on the power meter.	
Meter usage	Meters include export+import meters, production meters, consumption meters, charger meters, and external production meters.	
	• <b>Export+import meter</b> : used for grid-connection point control. Each array allows only one export +import meter to be connected.	
	• <b>Production meter</b> : PV output meter. Multiple production meters can be connected.	
	• <b>Consumption meter</b> : load consumption meter. Multiple consumption meters can be connected.	
	<ul> <li>Charger meter: charger consumption meter. Multiple charger meters can be connected. This parameter can be configured only in V300R023C00SPC160 and later versions.</li> </ul>	
	• <b>Ext. production meter</b> : third-party PV output meter. Multiple external production meters can be connected.	

Parameter	Description
Meter access direction <sup>[1]</sup>	This switch is used when the physical wiring of the meter is reversely connected. You can adjust the software switch to avoid wiring reconstruction of the meter. Only the following three scenarios are supported. If <b>Meter access direction</b> is incorrectly set, data will be incorrectly reported.
	<ul> <li>Positive: The default value is Positive, which applies to the scenario where cables are correctly connected to the meter.</li> </ul>
	• <b>Reverse</b> : If the meter is reversely connected and the NMS does not support reverse connection, set this parameter to <b>Reverse</b> . The SmartLogger automatically adjusts the power and other data of the meter to ensure data accuracy for the plant and meter.
	• Reverse_Report raw data: If the meter is reversely connected and the NMS supports reverse connection <sup>[2]</sup> , set this parameter to Reverse_Report raw data. This parameter is valid only for Export+import meter. The SmartLogger reports the original data of the meter to the NMS, and the NMS adjusts the data such as power.

Note [1]: **Meter access direction** can be configured only in V300R001C00SPC609 and later, V800R021C10SPC140 and later, and V300R023C00 and later.

Note [2]: If cables are reversely connected to the meter and the NMS can correctly display the real-time data of the meter, it is considered that the NMS supports reverse connection. That is, the NMS reverses the active power, reactive power, power factor, phase A active power, phase B active power, and phase C active power, replaces the total positive active energy and total negative active energy with each other, and replaces the total positive reactive power and total negative reactive power with each other.

#### **NOTE**

- When **Meter access direction** is set to **Positive** or **Reverse**, **Electric meter power direction** must be set to **Positive**. **Electric meter power direction** is set in the grid connection with limited power under active power control and power closed-loop control under reactive power control.
- When Meter access direction is set to Reverse\_Report raw data, Electric meter power direction must be set to Reverse. Electric meter power direction is set in the grid connection with limited power under active power control and power closed-loop control under reactive power control.

----End

# 6.3.17.2 Setting Modbus-RTU Meter Parameters

# Procedure

**Step 1** Set access parameters and click **Add Devices**.

#### Figure 6-56 Setting access parameters



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Parameter	Description
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>Power Meter</b> .
Comm. Protocol	Set this parameter to <b>Modbus-RTU</b> .
Port number	Set this parameter to the COM port connected to the meter.
Address	Set this parameter to the communication address of the meter.

# Step 2 Choose Monitoring > Meter > Running Param., set meter parameters, and click Submit.

• When the model of the connected meter is in the **Intelligent Power Meter Type** drop-down list, set the parameters as follows.

Parameter	Description	
Intelligent Power Meter Type	Set this parameter to the corresponding meter model.	
Voltage change ratio	• Set this parameter to <b>1</b> if the meter uploads the	
Current change ratio	primary value.	
	<ul> <li>Set this parameter based on the actual transformer ratio if the meter uploads the secondary value.</li> </ul>	
	<b>NOTE</b> If both the power meter and the SmartLogger support the settings of the voltage transformer ratio and current transformer ratio, you can only set them either on the power meter or the SmartLogger. You are advised to set these parameters on the power meter.	

Parameter	Description
Meter usage	Meters include export+import meters, production meters, consumption meters, charger meters, and external production meters.
	• <b>Export+import meter</b> : used for grid-connection point control. Each array allows only one export +import meter to be connected.
	• <b>Production meter</b> : PV output meter. Multiple production meters can be connected.
	• <b>Consumption meter</b> : load consumption meter. Multiple consumption meters can be connected.
	• <b>Charger meter</b> : charger consumption meter. Multiple charger meters can be connected. This parameter can be configured only in V300R023C00SPC160 and later versions.
	• <b>Ext. production meter</b> : third-party PV output meter. Multiple external production meters can be connected.
Meter access direction <sup>[1]</sup>	This switch is used when the physical wiring of the meter is reversely connected. You can adjust the software switch to avoid wiring reconstruction of the meter. Only the following three scenarios are supported. If <b>Meter access direction</b> is incorrectly set, data will be incorrectly reported.
	• <b>Positive</b> : The default value is <b>Positive</b> , which applies to the scenario where cables are correctly connected to the meter.
	• <b>Reverse</b> : If the meter is reversely connected and the NMS does not support reverse connection, set this parameter to <b>Reverse</b> . The SmartLogger automatically adjusts the power and other data of the meter to ensure data accuracy for the plant and meter.
	• <b>Reverse_Report raw data</b> : If the meter is reversely connected and the NMS supports reverse connection <sup>[2]</sup> , set this parameter to <b>Reverse_Report raw data</b> . This parameter is valid only for <b>Export+import meter</b> . The SmartLogger reports the original data of the meter to the NMS, and the NMS adjusts the data such as power.

Parameter   Description	Parameter	Description
-------------------------	-----------	-------------

Note [1]: **Meter access direction** can be configured only in V300R001C00SPC609 and later, V800R021C10SPC140 and later, and V300R023C00 and later.

Note [2]: If cables are reversely connected to the meter and the NMS can correctly display the real-time data of the meter, it is considered that the NMS supports reverse connection. That is, the NMS reverses the active power, reactive power, power factor, phase A active power, phase B active power, and phase C active power, replaces the total positive active energy and total negative active energy with each other, and replaces the total positive reactive power and total negative reactive power with each other.

#### 

- When Meter access direction is set to Positive or Reverse, Electric meter power direction must be set to Positive. Electric meter power direction is set in the grid connection with limited power under active power control and power closed-loop control under reactive power control.
- When Meter access direction is set to Reverse\_Report raw data, Electric meter power direction must be set to Reverse. Electric meter power direction is set in the grid connection with limited power under active power control and power closed-loop control under reactive power control.

Parameter	Description
Intelligent Power Meter Type	Set this parameter to <b>Other</b> .
Read function code	<b>Read holding register 03H</b> and <b>Read input register</b> <b>04H</b> are supported. Set this parameter based on the vendor's protocol.
Read mode	Multiple read and Single read are supported.
Word order	<b>Big endian</b> and <b>Little endian</b> are supported. Set this parameter based on the vendor's protocol.
Start address	When <b>Read mode</b> is set to <b>Multiple read</b> , set the start address.
End address	When <b>Read mode</b> is set to <b>Multiple read</b> , set the end address.
Voltage change ratio	• Set this parameter to <b>1</b> if the meter uploads the
Current change ratio	<ul> <li>primary value.</li> <li>Set this parameter based on the actual transformer ratio if the meter uploads the secondary value.</li> </ul>

• If the connected meter is of another model, set the parameters as follows.

Parameter	Description
Signal parameters NOTE Signal parameters include Signal Name, Signal address, Number of Registers, Gain, Data Type, and Unit.	Set this parameter based on the vendor's protocol. <b>NOTE</b> If the power meter can collect a certain signal, set <b>Signal</b> <b>address</b> to the address of the corresponding register. If not, set <b>Signal address</b> to <b>65535</b> .

----End

# 6.3.18 Setting EMI Parameters

# 6.3.18.1 Setting Modbus-RTU EMI Parameters

### Procedure

**Step 1** Set access parameters and click **Add Devices**.

#### Figure 6-57 Setting access parameters

Enspire			English - (1)ED
and the part of	Deployment Wizard Over View	Monitoring Query Settings Maintenance	
Firmware Upgrade	To tal Device Qty::0		Maintenance
Product Information	Connect Device	dd Devices	
Security Settings		Device Type EMI	
System Maint.	Dei	Connection mode Modbus-RTU	
Device Log	2	Port number COM1 Y Address 1 [1, 247]	
Onsite Test	Connect Device	/IDUIDS 1 11, 64(1	Device status
License Management			
- Device Mgmt.			
Connect Device	3 Add Devices		
Device List	Add Devices		
Export Param.		Add Devices Close	
Ciear Alarm	Auto: Search Add Devices Remove D	evices 🔹 Auto Assign Address 🔹 import Config. 🔹 Export Config	

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Parameter	Description
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>EMI</b> .
Connection mode	Set this parameter to <b>Modbus-RTU</b> .
Port number	Set this parameter to the serial number of the COM port connected to the EMI.
Address	Set this parameter to the communication address of the EMI.

# Step 2 Choose Monitoring > EMI > Running Param., set running parameters and click Submit.

• If the model of the connected EMI is displayed in the **EMI model** drop-down list box, set parameters as follows.

Parameter	Description
EMI model	Set this parameter to the model of the connected EMI.
Synchronize Environment Data	You are advised to retain the default value <b>Disable</b> . <b>NOTE</b> When this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the SmartLogger transmits the wind speed and direction data to the solar inverter in a PV plant with the tracking system.
Threshold of fast synchronization of	• This parameter can be manually set. The value ranges from 15.0 to 30.0.
wind speeds	<ul> <li>When the actual wind speeds collected by all running EMIs are within the threshold of fast synchronization of wind speeds, all EMIs synchronize the real-time wind speeds to inverters every minute by default. The inverters forward the real-time wind speeds to trackers.</li> </ul>
	• When the actual wind speed collected by any running EMI exceeds the threshold, all running EMIs will send the real-time wind speeds five times at an interval of 10s. After that, the real-time wind speeds are synchronized to the inverters every minute.
Master/Slave	When the SmartLogger connects to multiple EMIs, set one of them to <b>master mode</b> . The solar inverter performance data displayed is the data of the EMI in <b>master mode</b> .

• If the connected EMI is a split EMI that supports Modbus-RTU, set parameters as follows.

Parameter	Description
EMI model	Set this parameter to <b>Sensor(ADAM)</b> .
Synchronize Environment Data	You are advised to retain the default value <b>Disable</b> . <b>NOTE</b> When this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the SmartLogger transmits the wind speed and direction data to the solar inverter in a PV plant with the tracking system.

Parameter	Description
Master/Slave	When the SmartLogger connects to multiple EMIs, set one of them to <b>master mode</b> . Both the inverter performance data and plant performance data pages display data on the EMI in <b>master mode</b> .
	<ul> <li>NOTE</li> <li>If a single EMI is set to master mode or slave mode, the EMI data is displayed in both the inverter performance data and plant performance data pages.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>When the SmartLogger connects to multiple EMIs, only one EMI can be set to master mode. If multiple EMIs are set to master mode, only the last configuration takes effect, that is, the last EMI is set to master mode and the other EMIs are automatically switched to slave mode.</li> </ul>
	• If multiple EMIs are connected to the SmartLogger and these EMIs are set to <b>slave mode</b> , the performance data of the first connected EMI is displayed in both the inverter performance data and plant performance data pages.
Read function code	Set this parameter to <b>Read holding register 03H</b> or <b>Read holding register 04H</b> based on the protocol adopted by the vendor.
Data reporting mode	Set this parameter to <b>Integer</b> or <b>Floating point</b> based on the protocol adopted by the vendor.
Word ordering	Set this parameter to <b>Big endian</b> or <b>Little endian</b> based on the protocol adopted by the vendor.
Read mode	The value can be <b>Multiple read</b> or <b>Single read</b> .
Start address	If <b>Read mode</b> is set to <b>Multiple read</b> , set the start address for reading.
End address	If <b>Read mode</b> is set to <b>Multiple read</b> , set the end address for reading.
Signal parameters NOTE Signal parameters include Signal Name, Signal address, Lower Thres., Upper Thres., Spec, Start (mV/mA), End (mV/mA), and Unit.	Set this parameter based on the vendor's protocol. <b>NOTE</b> If the EMI can collect a signal, set <b>Signal address</b> for the signal to the corresponding register address. If the EMI cannot collect a signal, set <b>Signal address</b> for the signal to <b>65535</b> .

### • If the connected EMI is of another model, set parameters as follows.

Parameter	Description
EMI model	Set this parameter to <b>Other</b> .

Parameter	Description
Synchronize Environment Data	You are advised to retain the default value <b>Disable</b> . <b>NOTE</b> When this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the SmartLogger transmits the wind speed and direction data to the solar inverter in a PV plant with the tracking system.
Master/Slave	When the SmartLogger connects to multiple EMIs, set one of them to <b>master mode</b> . The solar inverter performance data displayed is the data of the EMI in <b>master mode</b> .
Read function code	Set this parameter to <b>Read holding register 03H</b> or <b>Read holding register 04H</b> based on the protocol adopted by the vendor.
Data reporting mode	Set this parameter to <b>Integer</b> or <b>Floating point</b> based on the protocol adopted by the vendor.
Word ordering	Set this parameter to <b>Big endian</b> or <b>Little endian</b> based on the protocol adopted by the vendor.
Read mode	The value can be <b>Multiple read</b> or <b>Single read</b> .
Start address	If <b>Read mode</b> is set to <b>Multiple read</b> , set the start address for reading.
End address	If <b>Read mode</b> is set to <b>Multiple read</b> , set the end address for reading.
Signal parameters NOTE Signal parameters include Signal Name, Signal address, Gain, Offset, and Unit.	Set this parameter based on the vendor's protocol. <b>NOTE</b> If the EMI can collect a signal, set <b>Signal address</b> for the signal to the corresponding register address. If the EMI cannot collect a signal, set <b>Signal address</b> for the signal to <b>65535</b> .

----End

# 6.3.18.2 Setting AI EMI Parameters

## Procedure

**Step 1** Set access parameters and click **Add Devices**.



Figure 6-58 Setting access parameters

1205100023

Parameter	Description
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>EMI</b> .
Connection mode	Set this parameter to <b>AI</b> .
Address	Set this parameter to the communication address of the EMI.

# **Step 2** Choose **Monitoring > EMI(AI) > Running Param.**, set running parameters and click **Submit**.

Parameter	Description
Synchronize Environment Data	You are advised to retain the default value <b>Disable</b> . <b>NOTE</b> When this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the SmartLogger transmits the wind speed and direction data to the solar inverter in a PV plant with the tracking system.
Master/Slave	When the SmartLogger connects to multiple EMIs, set one of them to <b>master mode</b> . The solar inverter performance data displayed is the data of the EMI in <b>master mode</b> .
Signal parameters NOTE Signal parameters include Signal Name, Port number, Lower Thres., Upper Thres., Start (V/mA), End (V/ mA), and Unit.	Set these parameters as required. <b>NOTE</b> When you need to change the configured port number, set <b>Port number</b> to <b>No</b> first, then to the required port number.

#### **Step 3** If **Port number** is set to the number of the connected PT port, click **PT T Correction** to correct the temperature.

----End

# 6.3.19 Setting STS Parameters

The STS can be connected to the SmartLogger over RS485 or FE. If the STS is connected to the SmartLogger over RS485, you need to manually add devices and set access parameters. If the STS is connected over FE, the SmartLogger automatically identifies the STS.

## Procedure

**Step 1** (Optional) If the STS connects to the SmartLogger over RS485, click **Add Devices** and set access parameters.

Ensourersystem	English v (D)E				
Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over View	w Monitoring C	Query Settings	Maintenance	0
	Total Device Qty.:4				Maintenance
	Connect Device	Add Devices			·
		Device Type	STS	~	
	Dev	Comm. Protocol	Modbus-RTU		
-		Port number	COM1	V	
Device Log	2	Address	1	[1, 247]	Device status 0
Onsite Test	Connect Device				•
<ul> <li>License Management</li> </ul>	L 2 12.3612-1110(004/1-30)				•
Device Mgmt.					•
Connect Device	Add Devices				•
SmartModule	Add Devices				
				Close	
Export Param.	Auto. Search Add Devices Remov	e Devices 📕 Auto Assi	gn Address 👘 Impo	rt Config. Export Config	

#### Figure 6-59 Setting access parameters

IL04J00006

Parameter	Description
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>STS</b> .
Port number	Set this parameter to the number of the COM port connected to the STS.
Address	Set this parameter to the communications address of the STS.

Step 2	Choose Monitoring >	STS	, set device monitorir	g parameters	, and click <b>Submit</b> .
--------	---------------------	-----	------------------------	--------------	-----------------------------

Tab	Function	Description
Teleindication	Views the status parameters of the device, such as the switched-on or switched-off state.	-
Telemetering	Views the real-time data of the device, such as the voltage.	-
Telecontrol	Sets status control parameters, such as the parameter for controlling switch-on or switch-off.	Set this parameter as required.
Performance Data	Views or exports the performance data of the device.	-

Tab	Function	Description
Running Param.	Sets the standby signals for teleindication, telemetering, and teleadjust.	Set this parameter as required.
Active Alarm	Queries active alarms.	-
About	Queries communication information.	-

## Table 6-18 Running parameters and associated telemetering/teleindication signals

No.	Running Parameter	Description	Associated Teleindication Signal	Associated Telemetering Signal
1	STS model	Ensure that the configured STS model is correct.	-	-
2	Ring main unit model	Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	<ul> <li>Switch-on/Switch-off of load switch of ring main unit/incoming line cabinet G1</li> <li>Switch-on/Switch-off of earthing switch of ring main unit/incoming line cabinet G1</li> <li>Switch-on/Switch-off of load switch of ring main unit/incoming line cabinet G3</li> <li>Switch-on/Switch-off of earthing switch of ring main unit/incoming line cabinet G3</li> <li>Switch-on/Switch-off of earthing switch of ring main unit/incoming line cabinet G3</li> </ul>	
3	Medium- voltage relay protection model	Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	High-configuration relay protection power loss alarm (associated with the high- configuration relay protection model) <b>NOTE</b> The main control teleindication signal uploaded by the relay protection is associated with the relay protection model.	<b>NOTE</b> The main control telemetering signal uploaded by the relay protection is associated with the relay protection model.

No.	Running Parameter	Description	Associated Teleindication Signal	Associated Telemetering Signal
4	ACB for low-voltage cabinet A	Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	<ul> <li>ACB switch-on/ switch-off in low- voltage cabinet A</li> <li>Fault-induced ACB tripping in low- voltage cabinet A</li> <li>Remote operation of ACB in low- voltage cabinet A</li> </ul>	-
5	ACB for low-voltage cabinet B	Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	<ul> <li>ACB switch-on/ switch-off in low- voltage cabinet B</li> <li>Fault-induced ACB tripping in low- voltage cabinet B</li> <li>Remote operation of ACB in low- voltage cabinet B</li> </ul>	-
6	Mixed-flow fan for low- voltage cabinet A	Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> based on the actual configuration.	-	-
7	Mixed-flow fan for low- voltage cabinet B	Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> based on the actual configuration.	-	-
8	Maximum fan speed	Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	-	-
9	IMD for low-voltage cabinet	Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> based on the actual configuration.	<ul> <li>IMD Warning in Low-Voltage Cabinet A</li> <li>IMD Alarm in Low- Voltage Cabinet A</li> <li>IMD Warning in Low-Voltage Cabinet B</li> <li>IMD Alarm in Low- Voltage Cabinet B</li> </ul>	-

No.	Running Parameter	Description	Associated Teleindication Signal	Associated Telemetering Signal
10	ACB tripping triggered by IMD alarm	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when IMD for low-voltage cabinet is set to Yes.</li> <li>Disable or Enable this parameter as required.</li> </ul>	-	_
11	ACB tripping triggered by low-voltage room end door opening	Disable or Enable this parameter as required. NOTE The STS supports the function of ACB tripping triggered by low- voltage room end door opening. You can choose Monitoring > STS > Running Param. > Settings on the DataLogger3K to set this parameter to Enabled or Disabled.	-	-
12	Primary current of CT for low- voltage cabinet	Current range: 2500 A/ 3000 A/3500 A/4000 A	-	-
13	Secondary current of CT for low- voltage cabinet	Current range: 1 A/5 A		
14	PT for low- voltage cabinet	Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> based on the actual configuration.	-	-
15	Primary voltage of PT for low- voltage cabinet	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when PT for low-voltage cabinet is set to Yes.</li> <li>Voltage range: 480 V/550 V/800 V/1000 V</li> </ul>	-	-

No.	Running Parameter	Description	Associated Teleindication Signal	Associated Telemetering Signal
16	Secondary voltage of PT for low- voltage cabinet	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when PT for low-voltage cabinet is set to Yes.</li> <li>Voltage range: 100 V/400 V</li> </ul>	-	-
17	Heater startup humidity in low-voltage cabinet	Humidity range: 15% to 100%	-	-
18	Heat exchanger fan startup humidity in low-voltage cabinet	Humidity range: 15% to 100%	-	-
19	Alarm threshold for high temperatur e in low- voltage cabinet	Temperature range: 0°C–85°C	-	-
20	Tripping threshold for high temperatur e in low- voltage cabinet	<ul> <li>Temperature range: 0°C-85°C</li> <li>The setting must be greater than or equal to the alarm threshold for high temperature.</li> </ul>	-	-
21	Heat exchanger in medium- voltage room	Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> based on the actual configuration.	-	-
22	Heat exchanger fan startup humidity in medium- voltage room	This parameter is displayed when <b>Heat</b> <b>exchanger in</b> <b>medium-voltage</b> <b>room</b> is set to <b>Yes</b> .	-	-

No.	Running Parameter	Description	Associated Teleindication Signal	Associated Telemetering Signal
23	Alarm threshold for high temperatur e in medium- voltage room	Temperature range: 0°C–85°C	-	-
24	Tripping threshold for high temperatur e in medium- voltage room	<ul> <li>Temperature range: 0°C-85°C</li> <li>The setting must be greater than or equal to the alarm threshold for high temperature.</li> </ul>	-	-
25	Auxiliary transformer type	Select <b>Single-phase</b> for the 3 kVA and <b>Three-phase</b> for the 50 kVA.	-	-

No.	Running Parameter	Description	Associated Teleindication Signal	Associated Telemetering Signal
26	Auxiliary transformer CT	Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> based on the actual configuration.	-	<ul> <li>Auxiliary transformer current I<sub>a</sub></li> </ul>
27	Primary current of auxiliary transformer CT	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when Auxiliary transformer CT is set to Yes.</li> <li>Current range: 5 A/10 A/15 A/20 A/25 A/50 A/100 A/150 A/200 A/250 A/300 A</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Auxiliary transformer current Ib</li> <li>Auxiliary transformer current Ic</li> <li>Auxiliary transformer active power P</li> <li>Auxiliary</li> </ul>
28	Secondary current of auxiliary transformer CT	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when Auxiliary transformer CT is set to Yes.</li> <li>Current range: 1 A/5 A</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Auxiliary transformer reactive power Q</li> <li>Auxiliary transformer power factor cosφ</li> <li>Positive active energy of auxiliary transformer</li> <li>Positive reactive energy of auxiliary transformer</li> <li>Negative reactive energy of auxiliary transformer</li> </ul>
29	Maintenanc e-free dehumidifie r	Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> based on the actual configuration.	<ul> <li>Maintenance-free dehumidifier heating</li> <li>Maintenance-free</li> </ul>	Humidity in transformer cabinet
30	Humidity threshold for dehumidifie r to start heating	This parameter is displayed when the <b>Maintenance-free</b> <b>dehumidifier</b> is set to <b>Yes</b> .	dehumidifier fault	
31	Interval for dehumidifie r to start heating			

No.	Running Parameter	Description	Associated Teleindication Signal	Associated Telemetering Signal
32	Heating duration of dehumidifie r			
33	Temperatur e rise threshold for starting dehumidifie r			
34	Temperatur e drop threshold for starting dehumidifie r			
35	Heating control mode of dehumidifie r			
36	Transformer winding temperatur e indicator	Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> based on the actual configuration.	<ul> <li>Transformer high winding temperature</li> <li>Transformer ultra- high winding temperature</li> </ul>	Transformer winding temperature
37	Automatic mode of circuit breaker for transformer cabinet G2	Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> based on the actual configuration.	Automatic mode of circuit breaker for transformer cabinet G2	-
38	Harmonic monitoring for low- voltage cabinet	Enable or Disable this parameter as required.	-	This parameter is associated with the total harmonic and single harmonic data.
39	Frequency level	50 Hz/60 Hz	-	-
40	Overfreque ncy/ Underfrequ ency alarm	Enable or Disable this parameter as required. It is enabled by default.	-	-

No.	Running Parameter	Description	Associated Teleindication Signal	Associated Telemetering Signal
41	Overfreque ncy alarm margin	Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	-	-
42	Overfreque ncy alarm delay	This parameter is displayed when Overfrequency/ Underfrequency alarm is enabled. Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	-	_
43	Underfrequ ency alarm margin	Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	-	-
44	Underfrequ ency alarm delay	This parameter is displayed when Overfrequency/ Underfrequency alarm is enabled. Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	-	-
45	ACB tripping caused by overfrequen cy/ underfrequ ency	Disable or Enable this parameter as required. It is disabled by default.	-	-
46	Overfreque ncy trip margin	Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	-	-
47	Overfreque ncy trip delay	This parameter is displayed when ACB tripping caused by overfrequency is enabled. Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	-	-
48	Underfrequ ency trip margin	Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	-	-

No.	Running Parameter	Description	Associated Teleindication Signal	Associated Telemetering Signal
49	Underfrequ ency trip delay	This parameter is displayed when ACB tripping caused by underfrequency is enabled. Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	-	-
50	UPS	Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> based on the actual configuration.	<ul> <li>UPS AC power failure alarm</li> <li>Other UPS alarms</li> </ul>	-
51	DC LV Panel	Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> based on the actual configuration.	DC LV Panel door opening	-
52	Quantity of distribution transformer s	Set this parameter based on the actual configuration.	<ul> <li>Switch-on of MCCB for distribution transformer n</li> <li>Distribution transformer n heat exchanger fault</li> <li>Distribution transformer cabinet door opening</li> </ul>	-

# Step 3 Choose Settings > Other Parameters and set STS overtemperature protection as required.

----End

# 6.3.20 Setting IEC103 Device Parameters

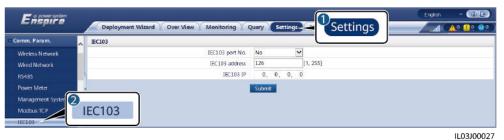
## Description

IEC103 devices support transparent transmission. When the SmartLogger connects to the management system, it transparently transmits IEC103 device data to the management system without parsing the data.

# **Transparent Transmission Mode**

**Step 1** Set IEC103 parameters and click **Submit**.

#### Figure 6-60 Setting IEC103 parameters



Parameter	Description
IEC103 port No.	Set this parameter based on the COM port connected to the device.
IEC103 address	Set this parameter to the IEC103 device address.
IEC103 IP	Set this parameter to the IP address of the management system.

**Step 2** Choose **Settings** > **Other Parameters** and check that **Data forwarding** is set to **Enable**.

#### NOTICE

- If **Data forwarding** is set to **Enable**, the SmartLogger transparently transmits information about unconnected devices to the management system without parsing device data.
- If **Data forwarding** is set to **Disable**, the SmartLogger does not transmit information about unconnected devices to the management system.

#### ----End

# 6.3.21 Setting Custom Device Parameters

## Context

The SmartLogger can connect to third-party devices supporting the Modbus RTU protocol, such as transformer stations and EMIs. The protocol information points vary depending on vendors. Therefore, you need to configure a protocol information file in .cfg format. To connect devices to the SmartLogger, the supplier or Huawei engineers need to modify the parameters in the device configuration table file delivered with the version based on device requirements, generate a protocol information file in .cfg format, and import the file to the SmartLogger.

The supported device types are **Custom Device1** to **Custom Device10**. The corresponding configuration file names are **modbus\_equip\_custom\_1.cfg** to **modbus\_equip\_custom\_10.cfg**. Multiple devices of the same type can be connected.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Configure the protocol information point file in .cfg format and import the file to the SmartLogger.

Figure 6-61 Importing configuration

Enspire										English	- (BE)
Enspire		Deployr	nent Wizard 0	ver View Mo	nitoring Que	ry Settin	ngs Mainte	enance			<u> </u>
<ul> <li>License Management</li> </ul>	2										000
- Device Mgmt.	Con	nect	Device						Maint	enance	
Connect Device	0011	meet	Demee		Built-in MBUS	Enable	~				j
Device List	<u> </u>			Device dis	connection 3						
Export Param.	•				<b>Y</b>	mpor	rt Conf	ia			
Clear Alarm		No.	Device 0			mpor	t com	·9· )		Device status	5
Data Re-collection		1	60 KTL(COM1-1)			1-1		2101073528	36TGB900003	•	
Adjust total energy yield 🎽	Auto	Search	Add Devices	Remove Devices	Auto Assign Ad	dress In	nport Config.	Export Config			
											IL03J00028

#### **Step 2** Click **Add Devices** and set access parameters.

#### Figure 6-62 Setting access parameters

Enspire				Ergish - 🔞 🕞
	Deployment Wizard Over View	Monitoring Q	uery Settings Maintenance	
Firmware Upgrade	Total Device Qty.:0			Maintenance
<ul> <li>Product Information</li> </ul>	Connect Device	Add Devices		
<ul> <li>Security Settings</li> </ul>		Device Type	Custom Device1	
System Maint.	Dev	Comm. Protocol	Modbus-RTU	
Device Log		Port number	COM1 Y	
	2	Address	1 [1, 247]	Device status
	Connect Device			
License Management				
Device Mgmt.	3			
Connect Device	Add Devices			
Device List				
Export Param.			Add Devices Close	
Clear Alarm	Auto Search Add Devices Remov	e Devices 🔹 Auto Assig	gn Address Import Config. Export Config	

IL03J00031

Parameter	Setting
Device Type	Currently, <b>Custom Device1</b> to <b>Custom Device10</b> are supported.
	Set this parameter based on the configuration import file. For example, if you import <b>modbus_equip_custom_1.cfg</b> , select <b>Custom</b> <b>Device1</b> .
Port number	Set this parameter to the number of the COM port connected to the custom device.
Address	Set this parameter to the communications address of the custom device.

**Step 3** Set monitoring parameters and click **Submit**.

#### Figure 6-63 Monitoring

Ensi Monitoring	Monitoring Teleindikation × Telemetering × Telecor	Query Settings Maintenance	English    (@@) **** (A) 10 () ()
e Inverter No. Signal	Name	Value	Unit
• PID 2		CT0107333000H9000251	0
Custom1-Bernard Custom	iber	1	
	ddress	3	~
BelHengXla(COM1-3)			

IL03J00032

Tab	Function	Setting
Running Info.	Displays the running information about the custom device.	-
Teleindication	Displays the device status, such as the switch status.	-
Telemetering	Displays the real-time analog data of the device, such as the voltage.	-
Telecontrol	Allows users to set status control parameters, such as the parameter for controlling switch-on or switch-off.	Set this parameter as required.
Teleadjust	Allows users to set analog parameters, such as voltage protection parameters.	Set this parameter as required.

#### ----End

# 6.3.22 Smart Tracking Algorithm

### Context

- Before using the smart tracking algorithm, check whether the plant meets the requirements for using this function based on the onsite smart tracking algorithm delivery checklist, and check whether the Modbus protocol versions between the plant networking devices are compatible.
- When the SmartLogger is connected to a third-party PV module support, it implements only smart tracking and does not support maintenance for the third-party PV module support.
- The smart tracking algorithm can be configured only after a license is purchased and loaded.
- For details about how to load a license, see **7.4.6 License Management**.

# Procedure

After the trackers are commissioned during onsite delivery, their parameters can be intelligently controlled by the smart tracking algorithm.

1. Choose **Settings** > **Smart Tracking Algorithm**, set **Tracker working mode** to **Automatic** and **Smart tracking algorithm** to **Enable**. Then, the smart tracking algorithm automatically adjusts tracker parameters such as the angle based on sunlight to maximize energy yield.

#### Figure 6-64 Smart tracking algorithm (SDS) parameters

Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over Vi	iew Monitoring Query	Settings	English v (@]]]) 46 ( (10 ) (10 ) (10 ) 46 ( (10 ) (10
🗉 User Param.	Basic Parameters			
🛚 Comm. Param.		Tracker working mode	Automatic	v
Power Adjustment		Smart tracking algorithm	Disable	v
-		Azimuth control upper limit	30.00	° [0.00, 89.00]
<ul> <li>Remote Shutdown</li> </ul>		Azimuth control lower limit	-30.00	° [-89.00, 0.00]
• DI		Space between trackers	5.00	m[0.00, 100.00]
Alarm	Tracking Algorithm	Width of trackers	2.00	m[0.00, 100.00]
Smart	Tracking Algorithm	PV array longitude	120.00	° [-180.00, 180.00]
Smart		PV array latitude	25.00	° [-60.00, 60.00]
Other Parameters		Advance	d Settings Submit Clear Tracker Fault	s Self-test

# 6.3.23 Setting IMD Parameters

## Context

The SmartLogger connects to an IMD over RS485. IMD whitelist: DOLD RN5897.12/011 + RP5898/61 This function applies only to the C&I scenario and is supported in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC172 and later versions.

#### NOTICE

Ensure that cables are correctly and securely connected to the IMD according to the IMD user manual. If cables are incorrectly connected or in poor contact, the IMD cannot work properly and the insulation resistance detection function fails.

## Procedure

 Choose Maintenance > Device Mgmt. > Connect Device > Add Devices to set access parameters.

Parameter	Description
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>IMD</b> .
Port number	The IMD uses RS485 for communication. Set the COM port connected to the IMD based on site requirements.
Address	Set the IMD communications address based on site requirements.
Model of equipment	DOLD RN5897.12/011

2. View IMD running information.

#### Figure 6-65 IMD running information

Ensp	iře	Deployment Wizard Overview Monitoring Query Settings Maintenance		English
= SmartLogger3000	Runn	ing Info.		
Logger(Local)	No.	Signal Name	Value	Unit
e PCS	1	\$N	IMD0010211004994	
PCS-1	2	Port number	COM3	
0 655	3	Comm Address	1	
-	4	Logical address	21	
Meter	5	Device status	Disconnection	
<ul> <li>Meter(COM1-1)</li> </ul>				
= IMD				
IMP/COM2 41				

# 6.3.24 Setting Relay Parameters

### Context

A relay protection device is an important test tool to ensure the safe and reliable operation of the system. A relay protection device must be configured in the **On-grid/Off-grid (VSG)** scenario when microgrid control is implemented by the SmartLogger.

### Procedure

- 1. Add the device.
  - Method 1: Choose Maintenance > Device Mgmt. > Connect Device. The Connect Device page is displayed. Click Add Devices and set related parameters.

Add Devices	
Device Type	Relay protection device 🗸
Comm. Protocol	Modbus-RTU
Port number	COM1 🗸
Address	1 [1, 247]
	Add Devices Close

 Method 2: Select Yes in the Do you want to connect the relay protection device? dialog box under Microgrid in Deployment Wizard. Set relay protection device parameters.

Parameter	Description
Port	Set the COM port connected to <b>Relay protection</b> <b>device</b> based on the actual cable connections.
Baud rate	Set the baud rate, parity, stop bit, and address of
Parity	<b>Relay protection device</b> to be consistent with the communications parameters of the relay protection
Stop Bit	device.
Address	
Device Type	Set this parameter to <b>Relay protection device</b> .
Device model	Set this parameter to Easergy P3U30.

Table 6-19 Relay protection device parameters

2. Choose **Monitoring** > **RELAY** > **Telecontrol**, set telecontrol parameters for the relay protection device, and click **Submit**.

Parameter	Description	
PCC Breaker Off Preset	Turns off the on/off-grid switch. To turn off the switch, enable <b>PCC Breaker Control Execute</b> .	
PCC Breaker On Preset	Turns on the on/off-grid switch. To turn on the switch, enable <b>PCC Breaker Control Execute</b> .	
PCC Breaker Control Execute	0: Disables the function of turning on or off the on/ off-grid switch remotely by the relay protection device.	
	1: Enables the function of turning on or off the on/ off-grid switch remotely by the relay protection device.	

# 6.4 Setting Battery Control Parameters

This section does not apply to V300R001C00SPC602 and earlier versions.

## **Battery Settings**

• Choose **Settings > Battery Settings** to set the working mode.

Working Mode	Mode Description
No control	The SmartLogger directly delivers the external scheduling power limit. No other power scheduling control is performed. The power is automatically controlled by the device.

Table 6-20	Batterv	control	workina	modes
	Dattery	control	working	modes

Working Mode	Mode Description
Maximum self-consumption	• This mode applies to areas where the electricity price is high, or areas where the FIT subsidy is low or unavailable. The PV +ESS system generates sufficient PV power for loads and uses the surplus PV power to charge the ESS (if the PV power is insufficient for loads, the TOU mode is recommended).
	<ul> <li>PV power is preferentially supplied to loads, and the surplus power is used to charge the ESS. If the ESS is fully charged or is being charged at full power, the surplus power is fed to the grid. When PV power is insufficient or no PV power can be generated at night, the ESS discharges power to loads. This improves the self-consumption rate and energy self-sufficiency rate, and reduces electricity costs. The grid cannot charge the ESS but can supply power to loads.</li> <li>The SmartLogger performs ESS scheduling based on the</li> </ul>
	external scheduling power limit and the preceding policies.
Fully fed to grid	<ul> <li>This parameter applies only to distributed scenarios.</li> <li>This mode maximizes the PV energy fed to the grid. When the PV output power in the daytime is greater than the maximum output capacity of the inverter, the surplus PV power is used to charge the ESS. When the PV output power is less than the maximum output capacity of the inverter, the ESS discharges energy to the inverter to maximize the energy fed from the inverter to the grid. The grid cannot charge the ESS.</li> <li>The Smartl engager directly delivers the external scheduling.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The SmartLogger directly delivers the external scheduling power limit.</li> <li>NOTE</li> </ul>
	<b>Fully fed to grid</b> is displayed only in distributed energy storage scenarios.

Working Mode	Mode Description
ΤΟυ	• It is applicable to the PV+ESS system and ESS-only system where peak to valley electricity prices are different and power meters are available.
	• You can manually set the charge and discharge time segments. For example, if you set the low electricity price period at night as the charge time, the system charges the batteries at the maximum power during the charge time. If you set the high electricity price period as the discharge time, batteries can discharge only during the discharge time based on the actual load power, reducing electricity costs.
	• Click <b>Add</b> to set the charge and discharge time segments. A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. During the charge time, the grid can charge the batteries. During the discharge time, the batteries can supply power to the loads. In other time segments, the batteries do not discharge. The PV system and grid supply power to loads, and the PV system can charge the batteries.
	• In some countries, the grid is not allowed to charge batteries. In such case, this mode cannot be used.
	• The SmartLogger performs ESS scheduling based on the external scheduling power limit and the preceding policies.
TOU (fixed power) <sup>[1]</sup>	<ul> <li>This mode applies to the ESS-only system where electricity prices at peak and off-peak hours are different and power meters are unavailable.</li> </ul>
	• You can manually set the charge and discharge time segments. For example, if you set the low electricity price period at night as the charge time, the system charges the batteries at the fixed power during the charge time. If you set the high electricity price period as the discharge time, batteries can discharge only during the discharge time at the fixed power, reducing electricity costs.
	• Click <b>Add</b> to set the charge and discharge time segments. A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. During the charge time, the grid can charge the batteries. During the discharge time, the batteries can supply power to the loads. In other time segments, the batteries do not discharge and are not charged.
	<ul> <li>In some countries, the grid is not allowed to charge batteries.</li> <li>In such case, this mode cannot be used.</li> </ul>
	• The SmartLogger performs ESS scheduling based on the external scheduling power limit and the preceding policies.
	<ul> <li>Limited feed-in and TOU fixed power control cannot be used at the same time.</li> </ul>

Working Mode	Mode Description
Charge/Discharge based on grid dispatch	• This mode applies to scenarios where the northbound controller delivers active power scheduling commands. To use this function, set <b>Active power control mode</b> to <b>Remote communication scheduling</b> .
	• The purpose of scheduled discharge is to meet the active power scheduling target value at the grid access point. PV energy is preferred. If the generated PV energy is insufficient, the batteries discharge and the energy is fed to the grid based on the active power scheduling target value. If the generated PV energy is sufficient, the energy is fed to the grid based on the active power scheduling target value, and the surplus PV energy is used to charge the batteries.
	• The purpose of scheduled charge is to meet the active power scheduling target value at the grid access point. If the battery charge power is insufficient or the Smart PCS limits the power, the grid charges the batteries with the maximum capability. If the batteries are not fully charged when the scheduling target value is met, the PV power is used to charge the batteries.
Custom <sup>[2]</sup>	• This mode applies to utility-scale plant (with ESSs) scheduling scenarios. Customers can control the battery discharge power.
	<ul> <li>Non-discharge period: The batteries cannot discharge and can be charged based on the scheduling command.</li> </ul>
	• Discharge period: If <b>Adaptive discharge power</b> is enabled, the control logic is the same as that for scheduled charge and discharge. The battery charge and discharge power is determined by the upper-layer scheduling command. If <b>Adaptive discharge power</b> is disabled, the battery discharge power is fixed to the reference value set by the customer. In this case, the upper-layer scheduling command controls only the PV inverters but not the batteries.
	neter in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC150 and later versions. Neter in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC120 and later versions.

Table 6-21 Running parameters in each	h battery control working mode
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Working Mode	Parameter	Description
Maximum self- consumption	Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge	Set the grid power threshold at the grid connection point for loads when the load power is greater than the PV power.

Working Mode	Parameter	Description
	Adjustment deadband	Set the precision of the grid power at the grid connection point. This parameter affects the power value range at the grid connection point. If the actual grid power threshold at the grid connection point is within this range, i.e. [Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge – Adjustment deadband, Maximum grid power during battery discharge + Adjustment deadband], the grid power requirement at the grid connection point is met.
του	Preferred use of surplus PV power	• <b>Charge</b> : When the PV power is greater than the load power, the surplus PV energy is used to charge the batteries. After the maximum charge power is reached or the batteries are fully charged, the surplus PV energy is fed to the grid.
		• Fed to grid: When the PV power is greater than the load power, the surplus PV energy is preferentially fed to the grid. When the maximum output power of the device is reached, the surplus energy is used to charge the batteries. This setting is applicable to the scenario where the FIT is higher than the electricity price. The grid cannot charge the batteries.
	Maximum power for charging batteries from grid	Set the maximum power at which the grid charges the batteries.
	Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge	Set the grid power threshold at the grid connection point for loads when the load power is greater than the PV power.
	Adjustment deadband	Set the precision of the grid power at the grid connection point. This parameter affects the power value range at the grid connection point. If the actual grid power threshold at the grid connection point is within this range, i.e. [Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge – Adjustment deadband, Maximum grid power during battery discharge + Adjustment deadband], the grid power requirement at the grid connection point is met.
	Start time	Set the start time and end time of charge and discharge.
	End time	A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. You can set a cycle by week by clicking the buttons corresponding to
	Charge/Discharge	<b>Mon.</b> through <b>Sun.</b> in the <b>Repeat</b> box. The buttons are blue by default, indicating being selected. After you click
	Repeat	it, the button turns gray.

Working Mode	Parameter	Description
TOU (fixed power)	Start time	Set the start time, end time, and power of charge and
	End time	discharge. A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. You can set a cycle by week by clicking the buttons
	Charge/Discharge	corresponding to <b>Mon.</b> through <b>Sun.</b> in the <b>Repeat</b> box. The buttons are blue by default, indicating being
	Charge/Discharge power (kW)	selected. After you click it, the button turns gray.
	Repeat	
Charge/ Discharge based on grid dispatch	Array end-of- charge/discharge SOC derating	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required. After this parameter is enabled, the SmartLogger will be derated according to a certain slope to prevent sudden power changes of arrays at the cut-off SOC point.
	Control charge/ discharge time window	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required. You can set the time segment for charge forbidden, discharge forbidden, charge, and discharge only after the control charge/discharge time window is enabled.
	Start time	Set the start time, end time, and power of charge
	End time	forbidden, discharge forbidden, charge, and discharge. A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. You can set a
	Charge/Discharge	cycle by week by clicking the buttons corresponding to <b>Mon.</b> through <b>Sun.</b> in the <b>Repeat</b> box. The buttons are
	Charge/Discharge power (kW)	blue by default, indicating being selected. After you cl it, the button turns gray.
	Repeat	
Custom	ESS discharge start time	Set the start time of battery discharge. During the period from the start time to the end time, the batteries can be charged and can discharge. Beyond the period, the batteries cannot discharge and can only be charged.
	ESS discharge end time	Set the end time of battery discharge. During the period from the start time to the end time, the batteries can be charged and can discharge. Beyond the period, the batteries cannot discharge and can only be charged.
	Adaptive discharge power	<ul> <li>Enable: PV power supply is preferred. If the PV power is insufficient, the batteries supply power to loads; if the PV power is sufficient, the system outputs at the target value and the surplus PV power is used to charge the batteries.</li> <li>Disable: Batteries discharge based on the discharge power set on the GUI.</li> </ul>
	Reference discharge power	Set the battery discharge power during the discharge period.

• Choose **Settings** > **Battery Settings** to set power allocation. You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C10SPC550 and later versions.

Parameter	Description
Difference threshold for starting array SOC rapid equilibrium	The default value is <b>5%</b> . The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required. When the SOC difference between racks in the array is greater than the value of <b>Difference threshold for starting array SOC rapid equilibrium</b> , the rapid equilibrium algorithm is enabled.

• Choose **Settings** > **Battery Settings** to set dispatch control. The scheduling mode applies only to the C&I scenario and is displayed when the C&I ESS is connected. You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C10SPC550 and later versions.

Parameter	Description
Scheduling Mode	The default value is <b>Maximize energy</b> .
	• <b>Maximize energy</b> . If ESSs with different rates are used together in C&I scenarios, the power is allocated based on the minimum rate.
	• Maximize power. If ESSs with different rates are used together in C&I scenarios, the power is allocated based on the maximum power.

• Choose **Settings** > **Battery Settings** to set automatic calibration for battery control.

Parameter	Description
Automatic SOC calibration	• If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , automatic charge and discharge calibration is allowed for battery racks. The ESS periodically calibrates the SOC rack by rack. During the calibration, the end-of-charge SOC and end-of-discharge SOC settings will be overridden so that the ESS can be fully charged or discharged.
	• If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , automatic charge and discharge calibration is not allowed for battery racks.

Parameter	Description
Automatic SOC calibration interval <sup>[1]</sup>	Set the automatic SOC calibration interval. This parameter is displayed when <b>Automatic SOC</b> calibration is set to Enable.
	If the battery SOC stays in the range of 10% to 90% most of the time, for example, in the microgrid scenario, the recommended online calibration interval is less than or equal to 30 days.
	If the battery SOC stays in the range of 40% to 60% most of the time, for example, in the frequency regulation scenario, the recommended online calibration interval is less than or equal to 180 days.
	If the battery SOC stays below 10% or at 100% most of the time, for example, in the peak shaving scenario, the recommended online calibration interval is less than or equal to 180 days.
Automatic SOH calibration	• If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the ESS periodically calibrates the SOH rack by rack. During the calibration, the end-of-charge SOC and end-of-discharge SOC settings will be overridden so that the ESS can be fully charged and discharged. Then, the battery capacity will be calculated. The charge and discharge response will be affected during the calibration. Suggestion: During SOH calibration, after the system is fully charged, maintain the charge command for 30 to 60 minutes. After the discharge command for 30 to 60 minutes.
	• If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b> , automatic SOH calibration is not allowed for battery racks.

Note [1]: You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC172 and later versions.

# • Choose **Settings** > **Battery Settings** to set the array end-of-charge SOC and array end-of-discharge SOC. You can set these parameters in SmartLogger V300R023C10SPC500 and later versions.

Parameter	Description
Array end-of-charge SOC	The default value is 100%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.
Upper limit of SOC for array charge	The default value is 100%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.

Parameter	Description
SOC for array charge limit	The default value is 95%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.
SOC for array discharge limit	The default value is 10%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.
Lower limit of SOC for array discharge	The default value is 5%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.
Array end-of-discharge SOC	The default value is 5%. The default value is recommended. Set this parameter as required.

#### **NOTE**

- When submitting the parameters, ensure that: Array end-of-charge SOC ≥ Upper limit of SOC for array charge ≥ SOC for array charge limit and Array end-ofdischarge SOC ≤ Lower limit of SOC for array discharge ≤ SOC for array discharge limit
- Upper limit of SOC for array charge, SOC for array charge limit, SOC for array discharge limit, and Lower limit of SOC for array discharge are displayed only in utility-scale scenarios.

### **Capacity Control**

- In SmartLogger V300R023C10SPC550 and later versions, Capacity Control is displayed and can be set only in energy storage scenarios. Choose Settings > Battery Settings > Capacity Control and set related parameters.
- **Peak shaving** limits the maximum peak power at the grid connection point. In some areas, electricity fees depend on both volumetric charge and demand charge. The **Peak shaving** function allows you to lower the peak demand purchased from the grid during peak hours, reducing electricity fees. **Peak shaving** applies to areas where demand charges are collected. The peak shaving function allows you to lower the peak power purchased from the grid in **Maximum self-consumption** or **TOU** mode during peak hours, reducing electricity fees.
- **Power boost limit** is designed to limit the maximum peak current at the grid connection point. By doing so, it ensures that the electric current purchased from or sold to the grid does not exceed the maximum peak current at the grid connection point. This control is essential because if the electric current exceeds the maximum peak current, it may trigger the system's overcurrent protection mechanism, potentially causing the transformer to trip.

### NOTICE

The **Power boost limit** function is ineffective during the update of the SmartLogger and ESS.

Table	6-22	Capacity	control	parameters
				p

Parameter	Description	
Peak shaving	<ul> <li>No control: The peak shaving function is disabled.</li> <li>Active power limit: The active power purchased from the grid cannot exceed the preset capacity limit.</li> <li>Apparent power limit: The apparent power purchased from the grid cannot exceed the preset capacity limit.</li> </ul>	
Power boost limit	<ul> <li>No control: The power boost limit function is disabled.</li> <li>Current Limit: The current of electricity purchased from or sold to the grid cannot exceed the preset current limit.</li> </ul>	
Maximum Peak Current	This parameter is displayed when <b>Power boost limit</b> is set to <b>Current Limit</b> . Specifies the maximum peak current at the grid connection point. The default value is 30000 A. Set this parameter based on the maximum peak current for power purchase or sales at the grid connection point.	
Backup power SOC for capacity control	Specifies the backup power SOC for capacity control. The value of this parameter affects the peak shaving capability. A larger value indicates stronger peak shaving capability.	
PV power limit when power meter fails	Specifies the active power limit of the inverter when the export +import meter communication is abnormal. You can manually change the active power percentage of the inverter as required.	
PCS power limit when power meter fails	Specifies the active power limit of the PCS when the export+import meter communication is abnormal. You can manually change the active power percentage of the PCS as required.	
Start time End time	• Set the peak power range based on the start time and end time. The peak power is configured based on electricity prices in different time segments. You are advised to set the peak power	
Maximum peak power	<ul> <li>A maximum of 14 time segments can be set.</li> </ul>	

### **Peak Shaving**

**Peak Shaving** is displayed and can be set only when the feed-in meter is connected in energy storage scenarios and the version is between SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC160 and SmartLogger V300R023C10SPC550.

In some areas, electricity fees depend on both volumetric charge and demand charge. The **Peak shaving** function allows you to lower the peak demand purchased from the grid during peak hours, reducing electricity fees. In distributed scenarios, the **Peak Shaving** must be used in maximum self-consumption or TOU mode.

Choose Settings > Battery Settings and set Peak Shaving.

#### Figure 6-66 Setting peak shaving



Parameter	Description	Remarks
Peak Shaving	<ul> <li>No control: The peak shaving function is disabled.</li> <li>Active power limit: The active power purchased from the grid cannot exceed the preset capacity limit.</li> <li>Apparent power limit: The apparent power purchased from the grid cannot exceed the preset capacity limit.</li> </ul>	If <b>Peak</b> <b>Shaving</b> is set to <b>No control</b> , other parameters are not displayed.
Backup power SOC for peak shaving	ESS backup power SOC for peak shaving. The value of this parameter affects the peak shaving capability. A larger value indicates stronger peak shaving capability.	
PV power limit when power meter fails	Set the active power limit of the inverter when the feed-in meter communication is abnormal. You can manually change the active power percentage of the inverter as required.	
PCS power limit when power meter fails	Specifies the active power limit of the PCS when the export +import meter communication is abnormal. You can manually change the active power percentage of the PCS as required.	
Start time	• Set the peak power range based on the start time and end	
End time	time. The peak power is configured based on electricity prices in different time segments. You are advised to set the peak	
Maximum Power	<ul><li>power to a low value when the electricity price is high.</li><li>A maximum of 14 time segments can be set.</li></ul>	

### **Capacity Limit**

In versions earlier than SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC160, **Capacity Limit** is displayed in the energy storage scenario. Choose **Settings** > **Battery Settings** and set the capacity limit.

#### Figure 6-67 Setting the capacity limit

Enspire			English v 🔞 🕞
Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring Query	Settings Maintenance	
🛛 User Param.	Battery control Capacity Limit		
Comm. Param.	Capacity Limit		🕑 Help
Power Adjustment	Capacity limit mode	No control V	
Battery control		No control Active capacity limit Apparent capacity limit	
Remote Shutdown		Apparent capacity mint	
o DI		Submit	

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Capacity Limit	<ul> <li>No control: The capacity of the grid-connection point is not limited. The inverter and Smart PCS run according to the preset control policy.</li> <li>Active capacity limit: The active power of the grid-connection point for purchasing or feeding power cannot exceed the preset capacity limit.</li> <li>Apparent capacity limit: The apparent power of the grid-connection point for purchasing or feeding power cannot exceed the preset capacity limit.</li> </ul>	If <b>Capacity Limit</b> is set to <b>No</b> <b>control</b> , other parameters are not displayed.
Maximum active capacity	Set this parameter according to the charging capacity in the demand contract of the grid company. Once set, the active power of the grid- connection point for purchasing or feeding power cannot exceed the preset value.	This parameter is displayed only when <b>Capacity Limit</b> is set to <b>Active capacity limit</b> .
Maximum apparent capacity	Set this parameter according to the charging capacity in the demand contract of the grid company. Once set, the apparent power of the grid-connection point for purchasing or feeding power cannot exceed the preset value.	This parameter is displayed only when <b>Capacity Limit</b> is set to <b>Apparent capacity</b> <b>limit</b> .
PV power limit when power meter fails	Set the active power limit of the inverter when the feed-in meter communication is abnormal. You can manually change the active power percentage of the inverter as required.	-
PCS power limit when power meter fails	Specifies the active power limit of the PCS when the export+import meter communication is abnormal. You can manually change the active power percentage of the PCS as required.	-

### **NOTE**

- If the capacity limit is met 24 hours a day, the ratio of the ESS and Smart PCS power to the load power must be properly set to ensure that the ESS and Smart PCS have sufficient capacity to meet the capacity limit.
- When the ESS is used only for capacity limit, you can set the charge window to 24 hours by setting **TOU** without setting the discharge window or non-charge/discharge window.
- When the capacity limit is enabled in **TOU** mode, the charge/discharge time set in the **TOU** window must cover 24 hours a day. Capacity limit is not supported in non-charge/ discharge time.
- The overload capability of transformers, power distribution switches, and cables must be greater than the sum of the maximum charge current and maximum load current of the ESS.

### Battery Parameters

If the PCS is powered off, you are advised to preset PCS running parameters on this tab page.

Choose **Settings** > **Battery Settings** > **Battery parameters** to set PCS parameters in batches. This tab page is displayed only in SmartLogger V300R023C10SPC200 and later versions.

After Array parameter synchronization is set to Enable, if Auto switching between working modes, Working mode switching delay, Working mode, and VSG parameters are set and submitted, the corresponding parameters under Monitoring > PCS > Running Param. are read-only.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Array parameter synchronization	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . Disable: The function of array parameter synchronization is disabled. Parameters related to the array are not displayed. Enable: The function of array parameter synchronization is enabled. If the parameter values of the PCS are different from those configured on this page, the parameter values configured on this page will be synchronized for the PCS.	Other battery parameters are displayed only when <b>Array parameter</b> <b>synchronization</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
Auto switching between working modes	<ul> <li>This parameter is applicable only in on-grid or on/off-grid mode.</li> <li>Disable: On/Off-grid switching cannot be performed automatically.</li> <li>Enable: On/Off-grid switching can be performed automatically and the PCS does not need to be shut down before the switching.</li> </ul>	-
Working mode switching delay	The default value is <b>60</b> . Time for other instructions to take effect during PCS working mode switching The value range is [10, 300] (unit: s).	-
Working mode	The default value is <b>PQ</b> . PQ: In the on-grid scenario, set this parameter to <b>PQ</b> . VSG: In the off-grid scenario, set this parameter to <b>VSG</b> .	-

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Per unit armature resistance	The default value is <b>2</b> . Specifies the resistance per unit value for armature windings of the virtual synchronous generator. The value of this parameter ranges from 0.0% to 5.0%.	<ul> <li>This parameter is displayed when Working mode is set to VSG.</li> </ul>
Per unit armature inductive reactance	The default value is <b>1</b> . Specifies the inductive reactance per unit value for armature windings of the virtual synchronous generator. The value of this parameter ranges from 0.0% to 5.0%.	<ul> <li>This parameter must be set by professional personnel.</li> </ul>
VSG inertia time constant	The default value is <b>1</b> . Specifies the time required for the virtual rotor of the virtual synchronous generator to reach the rated speed from the static state under the rated torque. The value of this parameter ranges from 0.0s to 20.0s.	Improper settings may cause device exceptions.
P-F adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>1</b> . Specifies the frequency deviation corresponding to the rated active power of the virtual synchronous generator. The value of this parameter ranges from 0.5% to 5.0%.	
Q-V adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>3</b> . Specifies the voltage deviation corresponding to the rated reactive power of the virtual synchronous generator. The value of this parameter ranges from 0.3% to 10.0%.	
P-V adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the voltage deviation corresponding to the rated active power of the virtual synchronous generator. The value of this parameter ranges from 0% to 10.0%.	
Q-F adjustment coefficient	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the frequency deviation corresponding to the rated reactive power of the virtual synchronous generator. The value of this parameter ranges from 0.5% to 5.0%.	
VSG output voltage correction coefficient	The default value is <b>100</b> . Corrects the deviation caused by the transformer ratio error. The value of this parameter ranges from 90.0% to 110.0%.	
VSG output frequency correction coefficient	The default value is <b>100</b> . Corrects the PCS output frequency deviation. The value of this parameter ranges from 90.0% to 110.0%.	
VSG frequency damping coefficient	The default value is <b>7.2</b> . Specifies the power factor that prevents the frequency change of the virtual synchronous generator. The value of this parameter ranges from 1.0% to 10.0%.	
VSG excitation time constant	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the time required for the excitation of the virtual synchronous generator to reach the rated voltage. The value of this parameter ranges from 0s to 100s.	

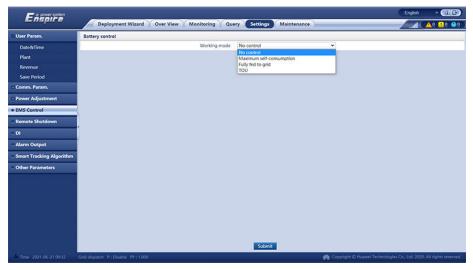
Parameter	Description	Remarks
VSG excitation damping coefficient	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the power factor that prevents the voltage change of the virtual synchronous generator. The value of this parameter ranges from 0% to 20000%.	
Active power (%)	The default value is <b>100</b> . Adjusts the active output power of the device by percentage. The value of this parameter ranges from -100.0% to 100.0%.	This parameter is delivered once before the PCS is started. The configuration can be modified by choosing <b>Monitoring &gt; PCS &gt;</b> <b>Running Param.</b>
Reactive power compensation (Q/S)	The default value is <b>0</b> . Specifies the reactive power of the device. The value of this parameter ranges from –100.0% to 100.0%.	

### **6.5 Setting EMS Control Parameters**

This section does not apply to V300R001C00SPC603 and later versions.

### Procedure

To set the battery working mode, choose **Settings** > **EMS Control**.



### Figure 6-68 Working mode

Table 6-23 Battery control working modes

Working Mode	Mode Description
No control	The SmartLogger directly delivers the external scheduling power limit. No other power scheduling control is performed. The power is automatically controlled by the device.

Working Mode	Mode Description		
Maximum self- consumption	• This mode applies to areas where the electricity price is high, or areas where the FIT subsidy is low or unavailable. The PV+ESS system generates sufficient PV power for loads and uses the surplus PV power to charge the ESS (if the PV power is insufficient for loads, the TOU mode is recommended).		
	• PV power is preferentially supplied to loads, and the surplus power is used to charge the ESS. If the ESS is fully charged or is being charged at full power, the surplus power is fed to the grid. When PV power is insufficient or no PV power can be generated at night, the ESS discharges power to loads. This improves the self-consumption rate and energy self-sufficiency rate, and reduces electricity costs. The grid cannot charge the ESS but can supply power to loads.		
	<ul> <li>The SmartLogger performs ESS scheduling based on the external scheduling power limit and the preceding policies.</li> </ul>		
Fully fed to grid	This parameter applies only to distributed scenarios.		
	<ul> <li>This mode maximizes the PV energy fed to the grid. When the PV output power in the daytime is greater than the maximum output capacity of the inverter, the surplus PV power is used to charge the ESS. When the PV output power is less than the maximum output capacity of the inverter, the ESS discharges energy to the inverter to maximize the energy fed from the inverter to the grid. The grid cannot charge the ESS.</li> <li>The SmartLogger directly delivers the external scheduling power limit.</li> </ul>		
ΤΟυ	<ul> <li>It is applicable to the PV+ESS system and ESS-only system where peak to valley electricity prices are different and power meters are available.</li> </ul>		
	• You can manually set the charge and discharge time segments. For example, if you set the low electricity price period at night as the charge time, the system charges the batteries at the maximum power during the charge time. If you set the high electricity price period as the discharge time, batteries can discharge only during the discharge time based on the actual load power, reducing electricity costs.		
	• Click <b>Add</b> to set the charge and discharge time segments. A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. During the charge time, the grid can charge the batteries. During the discharge time, the batteries can supply power to the loads. In other time segments, the batteries do not discharge. The PV system and grid supply power to loads, and the PV system can charge the batteries.		
	<ul> <li>In some countries, the grid is not allowed to charge batteries. In such case, this mode cannot be used.</li> </ul>		
	• The SmartLogger performs ESS scheduling based on the external scheduling power limit and the preceding policies.		

<b>Table 6-24</b> Running parameters in each battery control working mode
---

Working Mode	Parameter	Description		
Maximum self- consumptio n	Tracking load	<ul> <li>Enable: The device output changes with the load so that the output is approximately equal to the load.</li> <li>Disable: The device outputs power as much as possible. However, the output power is still affected by parameters such as external scheduling.</li> </ul>		
	Battery backflow protection	• <b>Enable</b> : If the battery feeds power to the grid while discharging, the system sends a standby command to the battery to eliminate the reverse power. When the battery needs to discharge power, the system sends a running command to the battery.		
		• <b>Disable</b> : If reverse battery power is detected at the grid- connection point, the reverse power is eliminated by reducing the battery output power. The battery standby command is not delivered.		
	Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge	Set the grid power threshold at the grid connection point for loads when the load power is greater than the PV power.		
	Adjustment deadband	Set the precision of the grid power at the grid connection point. This parameter affects the power value range at the grid connection point. If the actual grid power threshold at the grid connection point is within this range, i.e. [Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge – Adjustment deadband, Maximum grid power during battery discharge + Adjustment deadband], the grid power requirement at the grid connection point is met.		
ΤΟυ	Tracking load	• <b>Enable</b> : The device output changes with the load so that the output is approximately equal to the load.		
		• <b>Disable</b> : The device outputs power as much as possible. However, the output power is still affected by parameters such as external scheduling.		
	Battery backflow protection	• <b>Enable</b> : If the battery feeds power to the grid while discharging, the system sends a standby command to the battery to eliminate the reverse power. When the battery needs to discharge power, the system sends a running command to the battery.		
		• <b>Disable</b> : If reverse battery power is detected at the grid- connection point, the reverse power is eliminated by reducing the battery output power. The battery standby command is not delivered.		

Working Parameter Mode		Description	
	Preferred use of surplus PV power	• <b>Charge</b> : When the PV power is greater than the load power, the surplus PV energy is used to charge the batteries. After the maximum charge power is reached or the batteries are fully charged, the surplus PV energy is fed to the grid.	
		• Fed to grid: When the PV power is greater than the load power, the surplus PV energy is preferentially fed to the grid. When the maximum output power of the device is reached, the surplus energy is used to charge the batteries. This setting is applicable to the scenario where the FIT is higher than the electricity price. The grid cannot charge the batteries.	
		Set the maximum power at which the grid charges the batteries.	
	Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge	Set the grid power threshold at the grid connection point for loads when the load power is greater than the PV power.	
deadbandpoint. This parameter affects the pow grid connection point. If the actual gr the grid connection point is within thi power threshold of grid during batter Adjustment deadband, Maximum grid discharge + Adjustment deadband], the		Set the precision of the grid power at the grid connection point. This parameter affects the power value range at the grid connection point. If the actual grid power threshold at the grid connection point is within this range, i.e. [Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge – Adjustment deadband, Maximum grid power during battery discharge + Adjustment deadband], the grid power requirement at the grid connection point is met.	
	Start time	Set the start time and end time of charge and discharge. A	
	End time	maximum of 14 time segments can be set. You can set a cycle by week by clicking the buttons corresponding to <b>Mon.</b>	
	Charge/Discharge	through <b>Sun.</b> in the <b>Repeat</b> box. The buttons are blue by default, indicating being selected. After you click it, the	
Repeat         button turns gray.			

### 6.6 Setting Microgrid Control Parameters

- **Microgrid Control** is displayed only when the SmartLogger model is SmartLogger3000.
- To modify microgrid control parameters, contact professional plant operation and management personnel or the Company's engineers.

### 6.6.1 On-grid/Off-grid (PQ/VSG)

Step 1	Choose <b>Settings</b> > <b>Microgrid Control</b> > <b>General Configuration</b> and set general
	configuration parameters.

Parameter	Description	
MGCC Mode under Microgrid	This parameter is displayed as <b>Enable</b> . You can change the setting only through the deployment wizard.	
Microgrid scenario under Microgrid	This parameter is displayed as <b>On-grid/Off-grid (PQ/VSG)</b> . You can change the setting only through the deployment wizard.	
Switch status port under On/Off-grid switch	Set these parameters based on the actual cable connections. DI port status can be set to <b>Open</b> or <b>Close</b> . If the actual status of	
DI port status under On/ Off-grid switch	the on/off-grid switch is inconsistent with the displayed status, change the setting of <b>DI port status</b> .	
Switch-off control port under On/Off-grid switch	Set the DO port for turning off the on/off-grid switch.	
Switch-on control port under On/Off-grid switch	Set the DO port for turning on the on/off-grid switch.	
DI port under Grid Failure Detection	Set the DI port to which the the grid failure detection device is connected and the DI port status.	
DI port status under Grid Failure Detection		

# **Step 2** Choose **Settings** > **Microgrid Control** > **Dispatch Control** to set dispatch control parameters.

Table 6-25	Dispatch	control	parameters
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Tab	Parameter	Description
Control Policy	Automatic black start after irradiance	Specifies whether to enable automatic black start after irradiance restoration.
	restoration	• <b>Enable</b> : During off-grid operation, automatic black start is performed after the irradiance restores.
	• <b>Disable</b> : Automatic black start is not performed after the irradiance restores.	

Tab	Parameter	Description		
	Automatic PCS recovery	Specifies whether to enable the function of automatic recovery in case of abnormal PCS shutdown.		
		• <b>Enable</b> : During off-grid operation, when the SmartLogger detects that the PCS shuts down abnormally and causes microgrid power failure, the SmartLogger automatically attempts to black start to restore the power supply.		
		• <b>Disable</b> : When the PCS shuts down abnormally, the SmartLogger does not perform automatic black start.		
Control Policy	End-of-charge SOC (off-grid)	Set the maximum SOC for charge in off-grid mode. The default value is 90%. Set this parameter as required.		
	End-of-discharge SOC (off-grid)	Set the minimum SOC for discharge in off-grid mode. The default value 10% is recommended. Set this parameter as required.		
	Min PV voltage for black start	After the solar irradiance recovers, the inverter PV voltage increases. If the PV1 voltage of an inverter is greater than or equal to <b>Min PV voltage for black start</b> , the black start function may be enabled.		
	Minimum estimated power for black start	Specifies the minimum estimated power for black start. In the on/off-grid scenario, the default value is 70% of the rated power of the connected ESS. The value ranges from 5% to 70%.		
Off-grid charging control	Real-time SOC (%)	The output power of the inverter is controlled based on the current battery SOC to meet the battery charge power		
	Allowed Charge Power (%)	adjustment target.		
		The value of <b>Real-time SOC (%)</b> ranges from <b>End-of-</b> <b>discharge SOC (off-grid)</b> to <b>End-of-charge SOC (off-</b> <b>grid)</b> .		
		The value range of <b>Allowed Charge Power (%)</b> is [0, 70]%.		
Power Backup	Off-grid power backup	• Enable: The off-grid power backup function is enabled. When the SOC is less than or equal to Min. SOC for off- grid power backup, the ESS stops discharging to maintain sufficient power for off-grid operation.		
		• <b>Disable</b> : The off-grid power backup function is disabled.		
	Min. SOC for off-grid power backup (%)	This parameter is displayed when <b>Power Backup</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .		
		In on-grid mode, set <b>Min. SOC for off-grid power backup</b> (%). The default value 40% is recommended. The value range is [20, 90]%. The precision is 1%.		

Tab Parameter		Description
	Prioritize off-grid power backup	This parameter is displayed when <b>Power Backup</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
		• Enable: After Prioritize off-grid power backup is set to Enable, if the current SOC is less than or equal to the min. SOC for off-grid power backup minus 3%, the ESS is charged preferentially by PV or grid power.
		• <b>Disable</b> : This function is disabled.
Draw power from grid for off-grid power	This parameter is displayed when <b>Prioritize off-grid power backup</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .	
	backup	• <b>Disable</b> : The ESS is not allowed to obtain power from the grid for off-grid power backup.
Charge power for off- grid power backup (kW)	• <b>Allow</b> : The ESS is allowed to obtain power from the grid for off-grid power backup.	
	5 1	This parameter is displayed when <b>Draw power from grid for off-grid power backup</b> is set to <b>Allow</b> .
	(kW)	Set the power for charging the ESS by the grid for off-grid power backup. The default value is 100 kW, and the value range is [0.000, 50000.000] kW.

# **Step 3** Choose **Settings** > **Microgrid Control** > **On/Off-grid switching**, and set on/off-grid switching parameters.

Table 6-26	On/Off-grid	switching	parameters
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Tab	Parameter	Description
General Configuration	Automatic microgrid adaptability control	• <b>Enable</b> : When the system switches from on-grid to off- grid mode, the microgrid adaptability of the inverter is automatically enabled. When the system switches from off-grid to on-grid mode, the microgrid adaptability of the inverter is automatically disabled.
		• <b>Disable</b> : The automatic microgrid adaptability control function is disabled. The microgrid adaptability of the inverter is not automatically set during on/off-grid switching.

Tab	Parameter	Description	
	On/Off-grid switching mode	• <b>No control</b> : All the operations involved in the on/off-grid switching are manually performed. If the customer needs to repair the equipment, you are advised to set this parameter to <b>No control</b> .	
		<ul> <li>Auto: The on/off-grid switching will be performed automatically based on the status of the mains power. When you set On/Off-grid switching mode to this mode, an immediate on/off-grid switching may be triggered, depending on the status of the mains power.</li> <li>Manual: You need to manually turn on or off the on/off-grid switch at the grid connection point.</li> </ul>	
Off-grid to On- grid	Off-grid to on- grid under Manual On-grid/ Off-grid Switching	If <b>On/Off-grid switching mode</b> is set to <b>Manual</b> , click <b>Off- grid to on-grid</b> before switching from off-grid to on-grid mode. After the PV+ESS system shuts down, turn on the on/off-grid switch locally. After the switch is turned on, the PV+ESS system automatically restarts.	
On/Off-grid switch control	On/Off-grid switch control	This function is used to check the status of the on/off-grid switch. Before the check, the array shall be shut down.	
		<ul> <li>Close: The on/off-grid switch is turned on, switching the system from off-grid to on-grid state. Click Off-grid to on-grid before switch-on.</li> </ul>	
		• <b>Open</b> : The on/off-grid switch is turned off, switching the system from on-grid to off-grid state.	
		NOTE	
		<ul> <li>In the on/off-grid (PQ/VSG) scenario, the on/off-grid switching will be performed according to the status of the on/off-grid switch only when <b>On/Off-grid switching mode</b> is set to <b>Auto</b> or <b>Manual</b>.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>In the on/off-grid (PQ/VSG) scenario, the Close and Open buttons are available only when the DO ports of Switch-off control port and Switch-on control port under On/Off-grid switch are configured.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>When the on/off-grid switch is on, the Close button is grayed out, and the Open button is available.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>When the on/off-grid switch is in invalid state, the Close and Open buttons are grayed out.</li> </ul>	

----End

### 6.6.2 On-grid/Off-grid (VSG)

**Step 1** Choose **Settings** > **Microgrid Control** > **General Configuration** and set general configuration parameters.

Parameter	Description	
MGCC Mode under Microgrid	This parameter is displayed as <b>Enable</b> . You can change the setting only through the deployment wizard.	
Microgrid scenario under Microgrid	If this parameter is set to <b>On-grid/Off-grid (VSG)</b> , you can change the setting only through the deployment wizard.	
Genset start/stop control port under Genset	<ul> <li>If the genset is controlled by the SmartLogger, set the DO port that controls genset startup and shutdown based on the actual cable connections.</li> <li>If the generat is controlled by the ATC set this parameter to No. It</li> </ul>	
	• If the genset is controlled by the ATS, set this parameter to <b>No</b> . It is recommended that the genset be controlled by the ATS.	

### Table 6-27 General configuration parameters

# **Step 2** Choose **Settings** > **Microgrid Control** > **Dispatch Control** to set dispatch control parameters.

Tab	Parameter	Description	
Control Policy	Automatic black start after irradiance	Specifies whether to enable automatic black start after irradiance restoration.	
	restoration	• <b>Enable</b> : During off-grid operation, automatic black start is performed after the irradiance restores.	
		• <b>Disable</b> : Automatic black start is not performed after the irradiance restores.	
	Automatic PCS recovery	Specifies whether to enable the function of automatic recovery in case of abnormal PCS shutdown.	
		• <b>Enable</b> : During off-grid operation, when the SmartLogger detects that the PCS shuts down abnormally and causes microgrid power failure, the SmartLogger automatically attempts to black start to restore the power supply.	
		• <b>Disable</b> : When the PCS shuts down abnormally, the SmartLogger does not perform automatic black start.	
Control Policy	End-of-charge SOC (on-grid)	Set the maximum SOC for charge in on-grid mode. The default value 90% is recommended. The value range is [85, 98]%.	
	End-of-charge SOC (off-grid)	Set the maximum SOC for charge in off-grid mode. The default value is 90%. Set this parameter as required.	
	End-of-discharge SOC (off-grid)	Set the minimum SOC for discharge in off-grid mode. The default value 10% is recommended. Set this parameter as required.	

Tab	Parameter	Description
	Min PV voltage for black start	After the solar irradiance recovers, the inverter PV voltage increases. If the PV1 voltage of an inverter is greater than or equal to <b>Min PV voltage for black start</b> , the black start function may be enabled.
	Minimum estimated power for black start	Specifies the minimum estimated power for black start. In the on/off-grid scenario, the default value is 70% of the rated power of the connected ESS. The value ranges from 5% to 70%.
Off-grid	Real-time SOC (%)	The output power of the inverter is controlled based on the
charging control	Allowed Charge Power	current battery SOC to meet the battery charge power adjustment target.
	(%)	The value of <b>Real-time SOC (%)</b> ranges from <b>End-of-</b> discharge SOC (off-grid) to End-of-charge SOC (off- grid).
		The value range of <b>Allowed Charge Power (%)</b> is [0, 70]%.
Genset Control	Genset Auto Control	<ul> <li>Enable: Enable the automatic control of genset startup and shutdown. If the ESS is shut down, the genset automatically starts to supply power to loads.</li> <li>Disable: Disable the automatic control of genset startup and shutdown.</li> </ul>
	Genset Manual	Power-On: Manually start the genset.
	Control	• <b>Power-Off</b> : Manually shut down the genset.
Power Backup	Off-grid power backup	<ul> <li>Enable: The off-grid power backup function is enabled. When the SOC is less than or equal to Min. SOC for off- grid power backup, the ESS stops discharging to maintain sufficient power for off-grid operation.</li> <li>Disable: The off-grid power backup function is disabled.</li> </ul>
	Min. SOC for off-grid power backup (%)	This parameter is displayed when <b>Power Backup</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
		In on-grid mode, set <b>Min. SOC for off-grid power backup</b> (%). The default value 40% is recommended. The value range is [20, 90]%. The precision is 1%.
	Prioritize off-grid power backup	This parameter is displayed when <b>Power Backup</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .
		• Enable: After Prioritize off-grid power backup is set to Enable, if the current SOC is less than or equal to the min. SOC for off-grid power backup minus 3%, the ESS is charged preferentially by PV or grid power.
		Disable: This function is disabled.

Tab	Parameter	Description	
		This parameter is displayed when <b>Prioritize off-grid power backup</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .	
		• <b>Disable</b> : The ESS is not allowed to obtain power from the grid for off-grid power backup.	
		• <b>Allow</b> : The ESS is allowed to obtain power from the grid for off-grid power backup.	
	Charge power for off- grid power backup	This parameter is displayed when <b>Draw power from grid for off-grid power backup</b> is set to <b>Allow</b> .	
(kW)	(kW)	Set the power for charging the ESS by the grid for off-grid power backup. The default value is 100 kW, and the value range is [0.000, 50000.000] kW.	

### D NOTE

Array end-of-charge SOC > End-of-charge SOC (on-grid) or End-of-charge SOC (off-grid)  $\geq$  Backup power SOC for peak shaving  $\geq$  Min. SOC for off-grid power backup > End-of-discharge SOC (off-grid) > Array end-of-discharge SOC

# **Step 3** Choose **Settings** > **Microgrid Control** > **On/Off-grid switching**, and set on/off-grid switching parameters.

Table 6-29	On/Off-grid	switching	parameters
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Tab	Parameter	Description
On-grid to Off- grid	Switch to Off-grid under Planned switching control	After the planned switching control is started, the on/off-grid switch is turned off and the system enters off-grid state.
Off-grid to On- grid	Auto switching to on-grid under Automatic Off-grid to On-grid Switching	<ul> <li>Enable: If the mains voltage is stable, the system automatically switches from off-grid to on-grid state after the synchronization of the relay protection device is successful.</li> <li>Disable: Disable the function of automatic switching from off-grid to on-grid.</li> </ul>
	Setting value of high voltage under Criteria of Stable Grid	Specifies the allowed error range of the grid voltage. The default value 90% is recommended. If the voltage is within [Setting value of high voltage, 110]% of the rated voltage, the voltage is considered stable.

Tab	Parameter	Description
	<b>Continuous power available for</b> under <b>Criteria of Stable Grid</b>	Specifies the minimum duration for the grid voltage to remain stable. The default value 10s is recommended.
	Max switching time under Conditions for Off-grid to On-grid Switching	Specifies the maximum time for switching from the off-grid mode to the on-grid mode. The default value 630s is recommended. <b>Max switching</b> <b>time</b> must be greater than the maximum duration for the synchronization check of the relay protection device.
	Off-grid to on-grid under Manual On-grid/Off-grid Switching	Set <b>Auto switching to on-grid</b> to <b>Disable</b> . To switch from off-grid to on- grid, click <b>Off-grid to on-grid</b> first. When the mains voltage is stable, synchronization will be performed. After the synchronization is successful, the on/off-grid switch is turned on and the system enters on-grid state.
On/Off-grid switch control	On/Off-grid switch control	This function is used to check the status of the on/off-grid switch. Before the check, the array shall be shut down.
		• <b>Close</b> : The on/off-grid switch is turned on and the system checks whether the relay protection device has correctly controlled the switch-on.
		• <b>Open</b> : The on/off-grid switch is turned off and the system checks whether the relay protection device has correctly controlled the switch-off.
		NOTE
		<ul> <li>In the on/off grid (VSG) scenario, if the relay protection device is offline, the Close and Open buttons are grayed out.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>When the on/off-grid switch is off, the Close button is available, and the Open button is grayed out.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>When the on/off-grid switch is on, the Close button is grayed out, and the Open button is available.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>When the on/off-grid switch is in invalid state, the Close and Open buttons are grayed out.</li> </ul>

### 6.6.3 Off-Grid

**Step 1** Choose **Settings** > **Microgrid Control** > **General Configuration** and set general configuration parameters.

Parameter	Description	
MGCC Mode under Microgrid	This parameter is displayed as <b>Enable</b> . You can change the setting only through the deployment wizard.	
Microgrid scenario under Microgrid	This parameter is displayed as <b>Off-grid</b> . You can change the setting only through the deployment wizard.	
Switch status port under Load Switch	Set these parameters based on the actual cable connections. If you need to modify the parameters after the settings are submitted,	
DI port status under Load Switch	the automatic control function of the load switch may fail. This function can be restored only after <b>Automatic load connection/ shedding</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> or the black start is successful.	
	<b>DI port status</b> can be set to <b>Open</b> or <b>Close</b> . If the actual status of the load switch is inconsistent with <b>Status</b> , change the setting of <b>DI port status</b> .	
Switch-off control port under Load Switch	Set the DO port for turning off the load switch.	
Switch-on control port under Load Switch	Set the DO port for turning on the load switch.	

**Table 6-30** General configuration parameters

## **Step 2** Choose **Settings** > **Microgrid Control** > **Dispatch Control** to set dispatch control parameters.

Table 6-31	Dispatch	control	parameters
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Tab	Parameter	Description	
Control Policy	Automatic load connection/shedding	Specifies whether to enable automatic load connection/ shedding. When you manually operate the load switch, this function is temporarily locked. This function can be restored only after this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> or the black start is successful.	
	Automatic black start after irradiance restoration	Specifies whether to enable automatic black start after irradiance restoration.	
		• <b>Enable</b> : During off-grid operation, automatic black start is performed after the irradiance restores.	
		• <b>Disable</b> : Automatic black start is not performed after the irradiance restores.	

Tab	Parameter	Description
	Automatic PCS recovery	<ul> <li>Specifies whether to enable the function of automatic recovery in case of abnormal PCS shutdown.</li> <li>Enable: During off-grid operation, when the SmartLogger detects that the PCS shuts down abnormally and causes microgrid power failure, the SmartLogger automatically attempts to black start to restore the power supply.</li> <li>Disable: When the PCS shuts down abnormally, the SmartLogger does not perform automatic black start.</li> </ul>
Control Policy	End-of-charge SOC (off-grid)	Set the maximum SOC for charge in off-grid mode. The default value 90% is recommended.
	SOC threshold for stopping load shedding	The default value 30% is recommended. If the SOC is greater than or equal to <b>SOC threshold for stopping load</b> <b>shedding</b> , the load switch is automatically turned on to supply power to loads. If you manually turn on or off the load switch, the automatic control function of the load switch will be automatically disabled. This function can be restored only after the SmartLogger is restarted or the black start is successful in the off-grid scenario.
	SOC threshold for starting load shedding	The default value 20% is recommended. If the SOC is less than or equal to <b>SOC threshold for starting load</b> <b>shedding</b> , the load switch is automatically turned off to reduce the ESS discharge power. If you manually turn on or off the load switch, the automatic control function of the load switch will be automatically disabled. This function can be restored only after the SmartLogger is restarted or the black start is successful in the off-grid scenario.
	End-of-discharge SOC (off-grid)	Set the minimum SOC for discharge in off-grid mode. The default value 10% is recommended.
	Min PV voltage for black start	After the solar irradiance recovers, the inverter PV voltage increases. If the PV1 voltage of an inverter is greater than or equal to <b>Min PV voltage for black start</b> , the black start function may be enabled.
	Minimum estimated power for black start	Specifies the minimum estimated power for black start. In the off-grid scenario, the default value is 10% of the rated power of the connected ESS. The value ranges from 5% to 70%.

Tab	Parameter	Description
Off-grid	Real-time SOC (%)	The output power of the inverter is controlled based on
charging control	Allowed Charge Power (%)	the current battery SOC to meet the battery charge power adjustment target.
		The value of <b>Real-time SOC (%)</b> ranges from <b>End-of-</b> discharge SOC (off-grid) to End-of-charge SOC (off- grid).
		The value range of <b>Allowed Charge Power (%)</b> is [0, 70]%.
Load control	Manual Load Control	This function is used to check the load switch status. Before the check, the array shall be shut down.
		Close: Loads are connected.
		Open: Loads are disconnected.
		NOTE
		<ul> <li>In the off-grid scenario, the Close and Open buttons are available only when the DO ports of Switch-off control port and Switch-on control port under Load Switch are configured.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>When the load switch is off, the Close button is available, and the Open button is grayed out.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>When the load switch is on, the Close button is grayed out, and the Open button is available.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>When the load switch is in invalid state, the Close and Open buttons are grayed out.</li> </ul>

### **NOTE**

Array end-of-charge SOC > End-of-charge SOC (off-grid) ≥ SOC threshold for stopping load shedding > SOC threshold for starting load shedding > End-of-discharge SOC (off-grid) > Array end-of-discharge SOC

----End

### 6.6.4 Black Start

Choose **Settings** > **Microgrid Control** > **Black Start** to view the black start status and perform black start manually.

#### NOTICE

For manual black start, before clicking **Starting** under **Settings** > **Microgrid Control** > **Black Start**, ensure that **Current Battery SOC** is higher than 2%. Otherwise, black start may fail.

Parameter	Description
Current Battery SOC	View the current battery SOC.
Black Start Progress	View the black start progress.
Status	<ul> <li>Black start failed. Cause: All ESSs are offline.</li> <li>Black start failed. Cause: No ESS is available for black start.</li> <li>Black start failed. Cause: No PCS is available for black start.</li> <li>Black start failed. Cause: No PCS has established the voltage for black start.</li> <li>Black start failed. Cause: No PCS has established the voltage for black start.</li> <li>Manual black start in progress</li> <li>Automatic black start in progress: The current battery SOC is higher than Min. Battery SOC for Black Start.</li> <li>When MGCC Mode is set to Enable, Microgrid scenario is set to Ongrid/Off-grid (PQ/VSG), and On/Off-grid switching mode is set to Auto, black start is automatically triggered if the mains triggers the on/ off-grid switching.</li> <li>When MGCC Mode is set to Enable, Microgrid scenario is set to Ongrid/Off-grid (PQ/VSG), and On/Off-grid switching mode is set to Manual, black start is automatically triggered if you turn off on-grid/off-grid switch locally to trigger the on/off-grid switching manually.</li> <li>When MGCC Mode is set to Enable, if the voltage on the PCS AC side is abnormal (less than 30% of the rated voltage on the PCS AC side) and the PCS is shut down abnormally, black start is automatically triggered.</li> <li>When MGCC Mode is set to Enable and Microgrid scenario is set to Off-grid, if the solar irradiance recovers for inverters and no PCS is running, turn off the load switch and then the black start is automatically triggered.</li> </ul>

### **6.7 Setting Feature Parameters**

### **PCS Insulation Resistance Detection**

The PCS insulation resistance detection function periodically triggers PCS startup and shutdown to check whether the system has a risk of low insulation resistance.

Choose **Settings** > **Feature Parameters** and set the PCS insulation resistance detection parameter. If a dialog box **You are advised to change the insulation resistance detection time to the optimal time** (*XX:XX*) is displayed, you are advised to click **Confirm**, go to the **Feature Parameters** page, and set **Detection start time** to the optimal time. This policy applies only to the C&I scenario and is supported in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC172 and later versions.

Table 6-32 Setting	parameters	related to	PCS insulation	resistance detection
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Parameter	Description
Detection start time <sup>[1]</sup>	Specifies the time when the PCS insulation resistance detection function is enabled. The default value is 02:00.
Note [1]: You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC153 and	

Note [1]: You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC153 and later versions. LUNA2000-215-2S10 and LUNA2000-215-2S12 do not support this parameter.

### 6.8 Power Grid Scheduling

### 6.8.1 Power Adjustment Description

According to standard requirements, the SmartLogger can reliably adjust power for the connected solar inverters/Smart PCS in real time to ensure that the plant can respond to requirements of the power grid company in a timely manner.

### NOTICE

- To ensure that the SmartLogger will deliver scheduling commands to the connected solar inverters or Smart PCS, you must select the active or reactive power control mode before adjusting the active or reactive power for a PV plant.
- If Active power control mode is set to No limit or Reactive power control mode is set to No output, the SmartLogger does not send scheduling commands to the connected solar inverters or Smart PCS.

### 6.8.2 Setting Active Power Control

If the plant has requirements of power limitation, the power grid scheduling personnel should limit the active power or disable all the active power for the plant, that is, to enable the active power derating mode.

- Step 1 Choose Monitoring > Inverter/PCS > Running Param. > Power Adjustment. On the page that is displayed, check that Remote power schedule is set to Enable.
- **Step 2** Set the parameters for active power control and click **Submit**.

#### Figure 6-69 Active power control

Enspire	Deployment Wizard	Over View Monitoring	Query Settings	Settings	English V ())
Active Power C	ontrol	Active power control mode	No limit		
ower Adjust					
Active Power Control					
Reactive Power Control					
Export Limitation					
Smart Reactive Power Co			Submit		

----End

### No Limit

Parameter	Description
Active power control mode	If this parameter is set to <b>No limit</b> , the device operates at full load, and the Smart PCS limits the power based on the energy storage control policy.

### **DI Active Scheduling**

### NOTICE

- When setting this function, ensure that the user-defined DI port is not occupied. Otherwise, the setting will fail.
- When setting this function, ensure that the SmartLogger is correctly connected to a ripple control receiver. (In Germany and some other European areas, a ripple control receiver is used to convert a power grid scheduling signal to a dry contact signal, in which a dry contact is needed.)
- When both **Remote communication scheduling** and **DI** are enabled, the control with a lower active power percentage value is preferentially responded.

Parameter	Description
Active power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>DI active scheduling</b> .
Remote communication scheduling	Set this parameter to <b>Start-up</b> , DI active scheduling and remote communication scheduling work at the same time.

Parameter	Description
DI NOTE DI parameters include DI1, DI2, DI3, DI4, and Percentage(%).	<ul> <li>Supports 16 levels of percentages.</li> <li>"√" indicates a low level. When the four DI ports of the SmartLogger are connected, the ports are low-level ports. When not connected, the ports are high-level ports.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The percentage levels of DI1–DI4 must differ from each other. Otherwise, an exception will occur during command parsing.</li> </ul>
	• If the actual input DI signal is inconsistent with that configured on the WebUI, the SmartLogger controls the inverter to work at full power and the <b>Abnormal Active Schedule</b> alarm is raised.

### Percentage Fixed-Value Limitation (Open Loop)

The SmartLogger provides simplified active power percentage configuration as well as power control automation, that is, to automatically adjust the active power derating percentage in different periods of a day.

Parameter	Description	
Active power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>Percentage fixed-value</b> <b>limitation (open loop)</b> to control the maximum output power of the devices by time segment.	
Start time	If the device is required to run with specified	
Percentage(%)	maximum power in certain periods of a day, add records based on site requirements.	
	When multiple time points are set, the device will run with the maximum power specified for the time point that is earlier than and the closest to the current system time. For example, if you add 00:00:00 and 12:00:00 on the WebUI and the current system time is 14:30:00, the device will run with the maximum power specified for 12:00:00.	

### **Remote Communication Scheduling**

The management system or independent power adjustment device sends scheduling commands over the communications port that supports Modbus TCP, GOOSE, or IEC 104, without the need of user configuration or operation. The SmartLogger can automatically switch between scheduling modes and send scheduling commands.

Parameter	Description
Active power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>Remote communication</b> scheduling.
	The SmartLogger parses the scheduling command delivered by the upper-layer management system to valid instruction data that can be identified by the devices in the plant and delivers the data to all devices connected to the SmartLogger.
	As the <b>Remote communication scheduling</b> mode has a higher priority, the SmartLogger automatically changes <b>Active power control mode</b> to <b>Remote</b> <b>communication scheduling</b> after receiving a scheduling command from the upper-layer management system.

Parameter	Description
Schedule strategy	The value can be <b>Disable</b> , <b>Strategy 1</b> , <b>Strategy 2</b> or <b>Strategy 3</b> . The default value is <b>Strategy 1</b> .
	• <b>Disable</b> : The SmartLogger controls the device to work at full load and will not receive scheduling commands sent by the management system.
	• <b>Strategy 1</b> : Open-loop scheduling policy. That is, the SmartLogger evenly allocates the power value from the scheduling and delivers the average value to each device, which then operates with the specific power. The adjustment value delivered by the SmartLogger is constant. If <b>Adjustment coefficient</b> is set, the power value will be sent to the device after being multiplied by the preset coefficient.
	• Strategy 2: Customized functions for specific plants. Set Overshoot, Adjustment period, and Adjustment deadband based on the scheduling requirements of the power plant.
	<ul> <li>Overshoot: Indicates the maximum overshoot percentage during adjustment. If a plant cannot reach the preset target value due to factors such as insufficient sunlight, the set target value is the current value plus the overshoot.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Adjustment period: Indicates the time required from adjustment instruction delivery, device response to the instruction, to the detection of the preceding actions by the SmartLogger.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Adjustment deadband: Indicates the percentage of the adjustment deviation value to the rated output capacity. In the adjustment deadband, strategy 2 does not deliver control instructions but still detects the deviation in real time.</li> </ul>
	• <b>Strategy 3</b> : In the feed-in limitation scenario of the master and slave SmartLoggers, set this parameter to <b>Strategy 3</b> for the slave SmartLogger.
Adjustment coefficient	Coefficient for calculating the target value of active power adjustment. The default value is 1.000.
Shutdown upon communication exceptions	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the SmartLogger shuts down the device after the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value of <b>Time for communication exception detection</b> .

Parameter	Description
Time for communication exception detection (s)	The default value is <b>300</b> . This parameter is used only for shutdown protection when the communication is abnormal. If the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value, the communication is determined as abnormal.
Automatic startup upon communication recovery	The default setting is <b>Enable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the device automatically starts if remote communication scheduling commands can be received normally again after a communication exception occurs.
Limit solar inverter power upon active power scheduling timeout	The default value is <b>Enable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the SmartLogger controls the device in the following ways after the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value of <b>Active power scheduling timeout threshold for triggering solar inverter power limiting</b> .
	• Limit the active power of the inverter based on the value of <b>Power (in percentage of rated power) of solar inverter in case of active power scheduling timeout</b> .
	• Limit the active power of the ESS based on the value of <b>Power (in percentage of rated power) of ESS in case of active power scheduling timeout</b> .
Active power scheduling timeout threshold for triggering solar inverter power limiting (s)	The default value is <b>300.0</b> . This parameter is used only for active power limiting protection when the communication is abnormal. If the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value, active power limiting protection is started.
Power (in percentage of rated power) of solar inverter in case of active power scheduling timeout (%)	The default value is <b>0.0</b> . After <b>Limit solar inverter power upon active power</b> <b>scheduling timeout</b> is enabled, if the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value of <b>Active power scheduling timeout threshold</b> <b>for triggering solar inverter power limiting</b> , the SmartLogger limits the active power of the inverter based on the set value of this parameter.

Parameter	Description	
Power (in percentage of rated power) of ESS in case of active power scheduling timeout (%)	The default value is <b>0.0</b> . After <b>Limit solar inverter power upon active power</b> <b>scheduling timeout</b> is enabled, if the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value of <b>Active power scheduling timeout threshold</b> <b>for triggering solar inverter power limiting</b> , the SmartLogger limits the active power of the ESS based on the set value of this parameter.	
Filter same scheduling commands	<b>Enable</b> : The SmartLogger filters the same scheduling commands delivered in the northbound direction. <b>Disable</b> : The SmartLogger does not filter the same scheduling commands delivered in the northbound direction.	

### D NOTE

If the communication between the SmartLogger and the scheduling backend is disconnected and the communication exception protection parameters are not set to **Enable**, the active power is controlled based on the scheduling command sent before the disconnection.

### Export Limitation (kW)

### NOTICE

- You are advised to choose **Settings** > **Export Limitation** and enable the function of limiting feed-in power.
- To enable this function, you need to set meter, inverter/Smart PCS, and export limitation parameters. This section describes how to set export limitation parameters.
- Before setting the parameters, ensure that the power meter is correctly connected to the SmartLogger.

#### Step 1 Set export limitation parameters and click Submit.

Parameter	Description
Active power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>Export Limitation(kW)</b> .
Start control	When this parameter is set to <b>Yes</b> , the power limiting function takes effect.

Parameter	Description	
Electric meter power direction	<ul> <li>Positive: default value.         <ul> <li>Cables are correctly connected to the meter.</li> <li>If cables are reversely connected to the meter and the NMS does not support reverse connection<sup>[1]</sup>, set Meter access direction<sup>[2]</sup> to Reverse and Electric meter power direction to Positive.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reverse: applicable to export+import meters. If cables connected to the meter are in reverse polarity and the NMS supports reverse connection, set Meter access direction to Reverse_Report raw data and Electric meter power direction to Reverse.</li> </ul>	
Limitation mode	<ul> <li>Total power: controls the total power at the grid-connection point to limit the power fed to the power grid.</li> <li>Single-phase power: controls the power of each phase at the grid-connection point to limit the power fed to the power grid.</li> </ul>	
Maximum grid feed-in power	Indicates the maximum power that the device can feed into the power grid. Suggestion: Set this parameter based on the feed-in threshold allowed by the power grid company.	
Power lowering adjustment period	Specifies the period for lowering the device output power.	
Maximum protection time	Specifies the maximum duration from the time when the SmartLogger detects feed-in to the time when the device output power reaches 0. Suggestion: Set this parameter based on the maximum feed-in duration allowed by the power grid company.	
Power raising threshold	<ul> <li>When the power supply from the grid reaches this threshold, the devices start to raise their output power. The recommended value of this parameter is 1% to 2% of Pn.</li> <li>Pn is the total rated output power of devices and can be queried on the overview page of the SmartLogger.</li> </ul>	
Three-phase imbalance control <sup>[3]</sup>	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , three-phase independent control is used.	
PV Power Limit Upon Communication Failure	Set the inverter output power percentage when communication between the SmartLogger and the meter is abnormal.	

Parameter	Description	
PCS Power Limit Upon Communication Failure	Set the PCS output power percentage when communication between the SmartLogger and the meter is abnormal.	
Switch-off with 0% power limit	Set whether the DO port is allowed to control switch- off.	
Switch-off control port	Set this parameter to the DO port that controls switch-off.	
Switch-on control port	Set this parameter to the DO port that controls switch-on.	
Switch-off state feedback port	Set this parameter to the DI port that reports the switch-off status.	
Switch-on state feedback port	Set this parameter to the DI port that reports the switch-on status.	

Note [1]: If cables connected to the meter are in reverse polarity and the NMS can correctly display the real-time data of the meter, it is considered that the NMS supports reverse connection. That is, the NMS reverses the active power, reactive power, power factor, phase A active power, phase B active power, and phase C active power, replaces the total positive active energy and total negative active energy with each other, and replaces the total positive reactive power and total negative reactive power with each other.

Note [2]: Meter access direction is set in the meter running parameters.

Note [3]: If the three-phase imbalance control function is enabled or disabled, the PCS will restart. If this parameter is set to **Enable**, ensure that the following condition is met: Maximum load phase power – Minimum load phase power < 1/3 x Rated array ESS power.

- **Step 2** Verify that the SmartLogger can remotely turn on and off circuit breakers in scenarios with circuit breakers.
  - Click **Switch off** and check that the circuit breaker is switched off properly.
  - Click **Switch on** and check that the circuit breaker is switched on properly.

----End

### Remote Output Control

### **NOTE**

**Remote output control** is not supported in energy storage scenarios (excluding distributed energy storage scenarios). When you attempt to set the mode to **Remote output control**, a failure message will be returned. If **Remote output control** has been set before plant expansion by adding ESSs, you need to set **Active power control mode** to other values.

**Step 1** Synchronize the clock source of the server.

Path	Parameter	Description
Settings > User	Clock source	Set this parameter to <b>NTP</b> .
Param. > Date&Time	Synchronization server	Set this parameter to the IP address or domain name of the server for time synchronization.
	NTP synchronization test	You can click this button to check the time synchronization status.

### **Step 2** Set remote output control parameters.

Path	Parameter	Description
Settings > Active Power	Active power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>Remote output</b> control.
Control	Control area	Set this parameter to the area where the remote output control function is used. To enable the function in some areas, the license needs to be imported and enabled.
	Output control duration	Set this parameter to the time required for the device to change its output power from 0% to 100% or from 100% to 0%.
	PV plant ID	Set this parameter to the PV plant ID.
	Remote output control server	Set this parameter to the IP address or domain name of the server.
	Enable certificate	Determine whether to import and enable a certificate based on the actual situation.

Path	Parameter	Description
	Selling surplus power	• <b>Disable</b> : The inverter output power is controlled by the SmartLogger according to the remote output control command issued by the power company. The output power of the PV plant cannot exceed the active power scheduling value issued by the power company.
		• Enable: When the load power is less than or equal to the remote output control command, the inverter output power is determined according to the remote output control command. Power can be bought or sold at the grid-connection point. When the load power is greater than the remote output control command, the SmartLogger automatically adjusts the inverter output power to achieve zero-power at the grid-connection point, that is, power cannot be sold at the grid-connection point.
	PV module capacity	Set this parameter to the capacity of PV modules connected to the plant.
	Plant AC capacity	Set this parameter to the AC capacity of the limited feed-in power from the plant.

### 

- If the connection between the SmartLogger and the server is abnormal, click **Submit** and then **Import** to import the output control file in **.data** format obtained from the website of the utility company to the SmartLogger.
- After the SmartLogger connects to the server, you can export the relevant file.

----End

### 6.8.3 Setting Reactive Power Control

Large-scale plants are required to adjust the voltage at the grid-connection point. Power grid scheduling personnel enable a plant to absorb or add reactive power at the grid-connection point, that is, to enable the reactive power compensation, based on the real-time reactive power transmission status in the power grid.

- Step 1 Choose Monitoring > Inverter/PCS > Running Param. > Power Adjustment. On the page that is displayed, check that Remote power schedule is set to Enable.
- **Step 2** Set the parameters for reactive power control and click **Submit**.

### Figure 6-70 Reactive power control

			Query Settings	Settings	
	lor	Reactive power control mode	No output	V	
Reactive Power	r Control			- Land	
Active Power Control					
Reactive Power Control					
Export Limitation					
Smart Reactive Power Co.					
DRM			Submit		



### **No Output**

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	If the plant is not required to adjust the voltage at the grid-connection point or perform reactive power compensation, device can run with pure active output power. In this case, set this parameter to <b>No output</b> .

### **DI Reactive Scheduling**

### NOTICE

- When setting this function, ensure that the user-defined DI port is not occupied. Otherwise, the setting will fail.
- SmartLogger scenario: Before setting this function, ensure that the SmartLogger is properly connected to the ripple control receiver.
- SmartLogger+SmartModule scenario: Before setting this function, ensure that the SmartModule is properly connected to the ripple control receiver.

#### Table 6-33 SmartLogger scenario

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>DI reactive scheduling</b> .

Parameter	Description
DI NOTE DI parameters include DI1, DI2, DI3, DI4, and Power factor.	<ul> <li>Supports 16 levels of power factors.</li> <li>"√" indicates a low level. When the four DI ports of the SmartLogger are connected, the ports are low-level ports. When not connected, the ports are high-level ports.</li> <li>The percentage levels of DI1–DI4 must differ from each other. Otherwise, an exception will occur during command parsing.</li> <li>If the actual input DI signal is inconsistent with that configured on the WebUI, the SmartLogger controls the device to work at full power and the <b>Reactive Power Scheduling Instruction Exception</b> alarm is raised.</li> </ul>

Table 6-34 SmartLogger+SmartModule scenario
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Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>DI reactive scheduling</b> .
DI NOTE The DI parameters include M1.DI1, M1.DI2, M1.DI3, M1.DI4, and Percentage.	<ul> <li>Supports 16 levels of percentages.</li> <li>"√" indicates a low level. When the four DI ports of the SmartModule are connected, the ports are low-level ports. When not connected, the ports are high-level ports.</li> <li>The percentage levels of M1.DI1 to M1.DI4 must differ from each other. Otherwise, an exception will occur during command parsing. If the actual input DI signal is inconsistent with that configured on the WebUI, the SmartLogger controls the device to work at full power and the <b>Reactive Power Scheduling Instruction Exception</b> alarm is raised.</li> </ul>

### **NOTE**

- Before connecting the SmartModule to the SmartLogger, if **DI reactive scheduling** has been configured for the DI port and the scheduling signal needs to be connected to the SmartModule, delete the DI configuration and reconfigure it.
- In the scenario where the SmartLogger and SmartModule are combined, if the SmartModule is removed and the scheduling signal needs to be connected to the SmartLogger, delete the DI configuration and reconfigure it.

#### **Reactive Power Fix Control**

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	If the array is required to generate constant reactive power at a specified time, set this parameter to <b>Reactive power fix control</b> .
Start time	If the device is required to run with specified maximum power in certain periods of a day, add records based on site requirements.
Reactive power(kVar)	
	When multiple time points are set, the device will run with the maximum power specified for the time point that is earlier than and the closest to the current system time. For example, if you add 00:00:00 and 12:00:00 on the WebUI and the current system time is 14:30:00, the device will run with the maximum power specified for 12:00:00.

#### **Power Factor Fix Control**

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	If the plant is required to generate a constant power factor at the grid-connection point and the device is required to adjust the real-time reactive power based on the preset power factor, set this parameter to <b>Power factor fix control</b> .
Start time	If the device is required to run with specified power in certain periods of a day, add records based on site requirements.
Power factor	
	When multiple time points are set, the device will run with the power specified for the time point that is earlier than and the closest to the current system time. For example, if you add 00:00:00 and 12:00:00 on the WebUI and the current system time is 14:30:00, the device will run with the maximum power specified for 12:00:00.

#### Q-U Characteristic Curve

If the remote reactive power control command is not available, you can configure the characteristic curve as a substitute. The SmartLogger delivers the values configured for the characteristic curve to the inverter or Smart PCS, which then operates according to the configuration. The SmartLogger no longer adjusts the values.

#### NOTICE

Configure the characteristic curve under instructions from professionals to ensure that the inverter or Smart PCS works properly.

In the Q-U characteristic curve control mode, the inverter or Smart PCS dynamically adjusts the ratio Q/S of output reactive power to apparent power in accordance with the ratio U/Un(%) of the actual grid voltage to the rated grid voltage.

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>Q-U characteristic curve</b> .
Reactive power adjustment time	Specifies the change interval of the reactive power at the grid-connection point.
Trigger power percentage	Under a specific grid code, the characteristic curve takes effect only when the actual output active power of the device is greater than the specified value.
Exit power percentage	Under a specific grid code, the characteristic curve becomes invalid when the actual output active power of the device is less than the specified value.
Limit value for minimum PF	Limits the actual minimum PF when the Q-U characteristic curve takes effect.
Characteristic curve points	Specifies the number of points on the characteristic curve. The characteristic curve supports a maximum of 10 valid points.
U/Un (%)	When configuring the curve, ensure that the U/Un(%)
Q/S	value of a point is greater than the U/Un(%) value of the previous point. Otherwise, the message indicating invalid input will be displayed.

#### cosφ-P/Pn Characteristic Curve

If the remote reactive power control command is not available, you can configure the characteristic curve as a substitute. The SmartLogger delivers the values configured for the characteristic curve to the inverter or Smart PCS, which then operates according to the configuration. The SmartLogger no longer adjusts the values.

#### NOTICE

Configure the characteristic curve under instructions from professionals to ensure that the inverter or Smart PCS works properly.

In the cos $\phi$ -P/Pn characteristic curve control mode, the inverter or Smart PCS dynamically adjusts the power factor cos $\phi$  in accordance with the P/Pn (%) based on the VDE-4105 and BDEW German standards.

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>cosφ-P/Pn characteristic curve</b> .
Reactive power adjustment time	Specifies the change interval of the reactive power at the grid-connection point.
Characteristic curve points	Specifies the number of points on the characteristic curve. The characteristic curve supports a maximum of 10 valid points.
P/Pn(%)	When configuring the curve, ensure that the P/Pn(%) value of a point is greater than the P/Pn(%) value of the previous point. Otherwise, the message indicating invalid input will be displayed.
соѕф	

#### Q-U Hysteresis Curve (CEI0-16)

If the remote reactive power control command is not available, you can configure the characteristic curve as a substitute. The SmartLogger delivers the values configured for the characteristic curve to the inverter or Smart PCS, which then operates according to the configuration. The SmartLogger no longer adjusts the values.

#### NOTICE

Configure the characteristic curve under instructions from professionals to ensure that the inverter or Smart PCS works properly.

The Q-U hysteresis curve (CEI0-16) control mode is the Italian standard CEI0-16 version of the Q-U characteristic curve. It dynamically adjusts the output reactive power of the inverter or Smart PCS in accordance with the ratio of the actual voltage to the rated voltage. The target value of reactive power adjustment should be in the form of Q/S.

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>Q-U hysteresis curve(CEI0-16)</b> .
Reactive power adjustment time	Specifies the change interval of the reactive power at the grid-connection point.
Trigger power percentage	Under a specific grid code, the characteristic curve takes effect only when the actual output active power of the device is greater than the specified value.

Parameter	Description
Exit power percentage	Under a specific grid code, the characteristic curve becomes invalid when the actual output active power of the device is less than the specified value.
Limit value for minimum PF	Limits the actual minimum PF when the Q-U characteristic curve takes effect.
U/Un (%)	When configuring the curve, ensure that the U/Un(%) value of a point is greater than the U/Un(%) value of the previous point. Otherwise, the message indicating invalid input will be displayed.
Q/S	
	When configuring the curve, ensure that the Q/S values at points A and B are the same and set in sequence, and that the Q/S values at points C and D are the same and set in sequence. Otherwise, a message indicating invalid input is displayed.

#### **Remote Communication Scheduling**

The management system or independent power adjustment device sends scheduling commands over the communications port that supports Modbus TCP or IEC 104, without the need of user configuration or operation. The SmartLogger can automatically switch between scheduling modes and send scheduling commands.

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	As the <b>Remote communication scheduling</b> mode has a higher priority, the SmartLogger automatically changes <b>Reactive power control mode</b> to <b>Remote</b> <b>communication scheduling</b> after receiving a scheduling command from the upper-layer management system.
	If this parameter is set to <b>Remote communication</b> <b>scheduling</b> , the SmartLogger parses the scheduling command delivered by the upper-layer management system to valid instruction data that can be identified by the devices in the plant and delivers the data to all devices connected to the SmartLogger.
Shut down solar inverter upon reactive power scheduling timeout	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the SmartLogger shuts down the device after the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value of <b>Reactive power scheduling timeout threshold for triggering solar inverter shutdown</b> .

Parameter	Description
Reactive power scheduling timeout threshold for triggering solar inverter shutdown	The default value is <b>300</b> . This parameter is used only for shutdown protection when the communication for reactive power scheduling is abnormal. If the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value, the communication is determined as abnormal.
Start up solar inverter upon recovery from reactive power scheduling timeout	The default value is <b>Enable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , after a reactive power signal timeout occurs, if the reactive power signal recovers, the device automatically starts.
Limit solar inverter power upon reactive power scheduling timeout	The default value is <b>Disable</b> . If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the SmartLogger controls the device in the following ways after the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value of <b>Reactive power scheduling timeout threshold for triggering solar inverter power limiting</b> .
	• Limit the reactive power of the inverter based on the value of Q/S during power limiting of solar inverter in case of reactive power scheduling timeout.
	• Limit the reactive power of the PCS based on the value of Q/S during power limiting of ESS in case of reactive power scheduling timeout.
Reactive power scheduling timeout threshold for triggering solar inverter power limiting (s)	The default value is <b>300.0</b> . This parameter is used only for reactive power limiting protection when the communication is abnormal. If the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value, reactive power limiting protection is started.
Q/S during power limiting of solar inverter in case of reactive power scheduling timeout (%)	The default value is <b>0.000</b> . After <b>Limit solar inverter power upon reactive</b> <b>power scheduling timeout</b> is enabled, if the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value of <b>Reactive power</b> <b>scheduling timeout threshold for triggering solar</b> <b>inverter power limiting</b> , the SmartLogger limits the reactive power of the inverter based on the set value of this parameter.

Parameter	Description
Q/S during power limiting of ESS in case of reactive power scheduling timeout (%)	The default value is <b>0.000</b> . After <b>Limit solar inverter power upon reactive</b> <b>power scheduling timeout</b> is enabled, if the SmartLogger has failed to receive remote communication scheduling commands for a period longer than the set value of <b>Reactive power</b> <b>scheduling timeout threshold for triggering solar</b> <b>inverter power limiting</b> , the SmartLogger limits the reactive power of the ESS based on the set value of this parameter.

#### D NOTE

If the communication between the SmartLogger and the scheduling backend is disconnected and the communication exception protection parameters are not set to **Enable**, the reactive power is controlled based on the scheduling command sent before the disconnection.

#### Power Factor Closed-Loop Control (Old Policy)

#### NOTICE

Before setting the parameters, ensure that the power meter is correctly connected to the SmartLogger.

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>Power factor closed-loop</b> control (old policy).
Target power factor	Specifies the target value for the adjustment power factor of the power meter.
Adjustment period	Specifies the interval for sending adjustment commands by the SmartLogger.
Adjustment deadband	Specifies the adjustment power factor precision. <b>NOTICE</b> This parameter is valid only when the power factor of the power meter is greater than 0.9.

#### Power Factor Closed-Loop Control

To improve the revenue, a distributed plant needs to reduce or avoid the power factor surcharge by performing distributed reactive power compensation. To enable the function, set the related parameters.

#### NOTICE

- You are advised to choose **Settings** > **Smart Reactive Power Compensation** to enable smart reactive power compensation.
- For versions earlier than SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC160, before setting the parameters, ensure that the license for smart reactive power compensation has been loaded on the **Maintenance** > **License Management** page.
- Before setting the parameters, ensure that the power meter is correctly connected to the SmartLogger.

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>Power factor closed-loop control</b> .
Electric meter power direction	<ul> <li>Positive: default value.         <ul> <li>Cables are correctly connected to the meter.</li> <li>If cables are reversely connected to the meter and the NMS does not support reverse connection<sup>[1]</sup>, set Meter access direction<sup>[2]</sup> to Reverse and Electric meter power direction to Positive.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reverse: applicable to export+import meters. If cables connected to the meter are in reverse polarity and the NMS supports reverse connection, set Meter access direction to Reverse_Report raw data and Electric meter power direction to Reverse.</li> </ul>
Power meter	Set this parameter to <b>Smart meter</b> .
Target power factor	Specifies the target value for the adjustment power factor of the power meter. The target value shall be larger than the appraisal value of the plant power factor.
Adjustment period	Specifies the interval for sending adjustment commands by the SmartLogger.
Adjustment deadband	Specifies the adjustment power factor precision. <b>NOTICE</b> This parameter is valid only when the power factor of the power meter is greater than 0.9.
Reactive compensation delay	Specifies the delay time for starting the distributed power factor compensation if the current power factor is lower than the target power factor.

#### Parameter Description

Note [1]: If cables connected to the meter are in reverse polarity and the NMS can correctly display the real-time data of the meter, it is considered that the NMS supports reverse connection. That is, the NMS reverses the active power, reactive power, power factor, phase A active power, phase B active power, and phase C active power, replaces the total positive active energy and total negative active energy with each other, and replaces the total positive reactive power and total negative reactive power with each other.

Note [2]: Meter access direction is set in the meter running parameters.

Note [3]: If the three-phase imbalance control function is enabled or disabled, the PCS will restart. If this parameter is set to **Enable**, ensure that the following condition is met: Maximum load phase power – Minimum load phase power < 1/3 x Rated array ESS power.

#### NOTICE

When the SmartLogger receives a remote reactive power scheduling command from the plant, it automatically changes **Reactive power control mode** to **Remote communication scheduling**. If power factor closed-loop control is required, set **Reactive power control mode** to **Power factor closed-loop control** and set the target power factor correctly.

#### **PF-U Characteristic Curve**

If the remote reactive power control command is not available, you can configure the characteristic curve as a substitute. The SmartLogger delivers the values configured for the characteristic curve to the inverter or Smart PCS, which then operates according to the configuration. The SmartLogger no longer adjusts the values.

#### NOTICE

Configure the characteristic curve under instructions from professionals to ensure that the inverter or Smart PCS works properly.

In the PF-U characteristic curve control mode, the inverter or Smart PCS dynamically adjusts the PF at the device port based on the ratio U/Un(%) of the actual grid voltage to the rated grid voltage.

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>PF-U characteristic curve</b> .

Parameter	Description
Characteristic curve points	• Specifies the number of points on the characteristic curve.
	• The characteristic curve supports a maximum of 10 valid points.
U/Un (%)	When configuring the curve, ensure that the U/Un(%)
PF	value of a point is greater than that of the previous point. Otherwise, the "Invalid input" message will be displayed.

#### Q-P Characteristic Curve

If the remote reactive power control command is not available, you can configure the characteristic curve as a substitute. The SmartLogger delivers the values configured for the characteristic curve to the inverter or Smart PCS, which then operates according to the configuration. The SmartLogger no longer adjusts the values.

#### NOTICE

Configure the characteristic curve under instructions from professionals to ensure that the inverter or Smart PCS works properly.

In the control mode of the Q-P characteristic curve, the inverter or Smart PCS adjusts the ratio Q/Pn of the output reactive power to the rated power based on the ratio P/Pn of the current active power to the rated power.

Parameter	Description
Reactive power control mode	Set this parameter to <b>Q-P characteristic curve</b> .
Reactive power adjustment time	Specifies the change interval of the reactive power at the grid-connection point.
Characteristic curve points	<ul> <li>Specifies the number of points on the characteristic curve.</li> <li>The characteristic curve supports a maximum of 10 valid points.</li> </ul>
P/Pn Q/Pn	When configuring the curve, ensure that the P/Pn value of a point is greater than that of the previous point. Otherwise, the "Invalid input" message will be displayed.

# 6.8.4 Setting Parameters for Shutdown at High Feed-in Power

#### **NOTE**

This section applies to V300R001C00 only.

The power grid company requires plants to limit or reduce the output power of a PV system when it is too high. If the output power cannot be limited to the range within the specified time, all inverters must be shut down.

**Step 1** Set parameters for shutdown at high feed-in power and click **Submit**.

Figure 6-71 Shutdown at high feed-in power

Enspire			English v 🔞 🕞
Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring Query Set	ings Maintenance	<u>(A</u> 2 12 01)
🗉 User Param.	Shutdown at high feed-in power		
🗉 Comm. Param.	Shutdown at high feed-in power	Enable	
- Power Adjustment	Upper feed-in power threshold for inverter shutdown	0.000	[0.000, 5000.000] kW
Active Power Control	High feed-in power duration threshold for triggering inverter shutdown	20	[5, 20] s
Reactive Power Control			
Feed threshold-crossing			
Export Limitation			
Smart Reactive Power C			
DRM		Submit	

----End

#### Shutdown at high feed-in power

Parameter	Description
Shutdown at high feed- in power	<ul> <li>The default value is <b>Disable</b>.</li> <li>If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b>, the inverter shuts down for protection when the grid-connection point power exceeds the threshold and remains in this condition for the specified time threshold.</li> </ul>
Upper feed-in power threshold for inverter shutdown	The default value is <b>0</b> . This parameter specifies the power threshold of the grid-connection point for triggering inverter shutdown.
High feed-in power duration threshold for triggering inverter shutdown	The default value is <b>20</b> . This parameter specifies the duration threshold of high feed-in power for triggering inverter shutdown.
Shutuown	<ul> <li>When High feed-in power duration threshold for triggering inverter shutdown is set to 5, Shutdown at high feed-in power takes precedence.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>When High feed-in power duration threshold for triggering inverter shutdown is set to 20, Export Limitation(kW) takes precedence (when Active power control mode is set to Export Limitation(kW)).</li> </ul>

# 6.8.5 Setting Export Limitation Parameters

#### Context

When the PV and energy storage plant generates power for self-consumption, reverse current may feed into the power grid if the loads cannot consume all the power. In this case, you can set the export limitation parameters on the WebUI to prevent reverse current.

• Scenario without a circuit breaker: The reverse current feeding into the power grid can be eliminated by sending a command from the SmartLogger to adjust the inverter/Smart PCS output power.

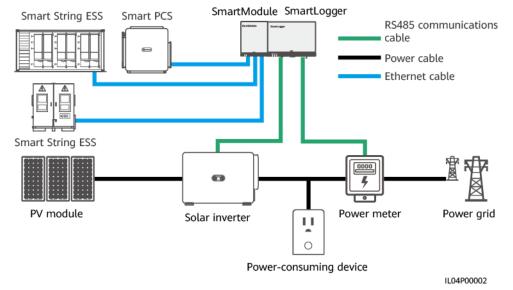
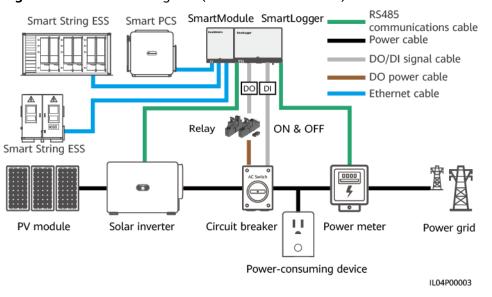


Figure 6-72 Network diagram (without a circuit breaker)

• Scenario with a circuit breaker: When the reverse current feeding into the power grid cannot be eliminated by sending a command from the SmartLogger to adjust the inverter or Smart PCS output power, and **Maximum protection time** is exceeded, the SmartLogger controls the DO port to drive the relay to switch off the circuit breaker. When the DI port detects that the circuit breaker is switched off, the DO port and relay on the SmartLogger will be switched off, and the SmartLogger will restore to the initial state.

#### **NOTE**

Connect the DO ports in series to the 12 V power supply loop of the relay coils. You are advised to use the 12 V output power port on the SmartLogger to power the relay coils. You can also prepare a 12 V power supply.



#### Figure 6-73 Network diagram (with a circuit breaker)

#### 

In the scenario with a circuit breaker, place the power supply to the SmartLogger at the upstream of the circuit breaker to avoid the SmartLogger power-off after the DO port switches off the circuit breaker.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Set parameters as prompted. For details, click **Help** on the page.

**NOTE** 

- Click **Previous** and **Next** as required.
- For details about the running parameters of power meters, see 6.3.17.2 Setting Modbus-RTU Meter Parameters.

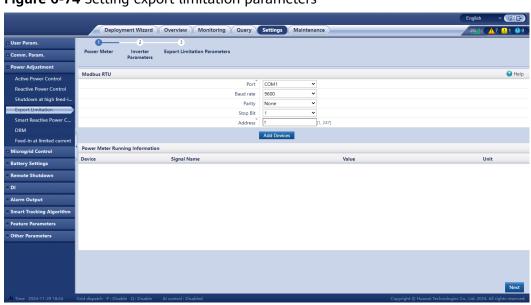


Figure 6-74 Setting export limitation parameters

----End

# 6.8.6 Setting Parameters for Smart Reactive Power Compensation

#### Context

The smart reactive power compensation algorithm obtains the power data of the power meter at the grid-connection point through the SmartLogger, performs intelligent algorithm analysis, adjusts the reactive output power of the inverter or Smart PCS, optimizes the power factor of the grid-connection point, and reduces or avoids power factor charge to increase the energy yield of the plant.

#### **NOTE**

- Before setting the parameters, ensure that the inverter or Smart PCS is connected to the SmartLogger.
- If a power meter is connected to the SmartLogger, the power meter access procedure in the wizard is only used as a check guide. If no power meter is connected to the SmartLogger, add a power meter by following the wizard.
- For versions earlier than SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC160, before setting the parameters, ensure that the license for smart reactive power compensation has been loaded on the **Maintenance** > **License Management** page.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Set parameters as prompted. For details, click **Help** on the page.

Enspire			English 🗸 🔞 🕞
Enspire	Deployment Wizard Overview Monitoring Query	Settings Maintenance	il 🔼 🛄 0 🛛
User Param.	0→		
a Comm. Param.	Scenario Selection		
Power Adjustment			
Active Power Control	Scenario Selection (Detailed steps are displayed after you select a scenario. )		😮 Help
Reactive Power Control	Grid-tied voltage	Medium voltage V	
Shutdown at high feed-i	SmartLogger	Single  V Day V	
Export Limitation	Reactive compensation period Devices that need to be connected	Day	
Smart Reactive Power C	Devices that need to be connected	III WALIWI	
DRM			
Microgrid Control			
Battery Control			
Remote Shutdown			
DI			
Alarm Output			
Smart Tracking Algorithm			
Feature Parameters			
Other Parameters			
			Next
Time 2024-01-31 09:25	Grid dispatch P : Disable Q : Disable Al control : Disabled	Sopvright © Huawei Technol	ogies Co., Ltd. 2023. All rights reserved

**Figure 6-75** Setting parameters for smart reactive power compensation (scenario selection)

#### NOTICE

When the SmartLogger receives a remote reactive power scheduling command from the plant, it automatically changes **Reactive power control mode** to **Remote communication scheduling**. If power factor closed-loop control is required, set **Reactive power control mode** to **Power factor closed-loop control** and set the target power factor correctly.

#### **NOTE**

For details about the running parameters of power meters, see **6.3.17.2 Setting Modbus-RTU Meter Parameters**.

Enspire rview Monitoring Query Settings Maintenance ...II ( 🛕 🛄 🔍 🔍 🔍 De ment Wizard User Param. 0 Po Control Parameter Scenario Selection Comm. Param Power Adjustment us RTU 😮 Help ve Power Control Port COM1 Reactive Power Contro • • otocol Modbus Shutdown at high feed-Baud rate 9600 ort Limitation Parity None ~ **v** [1, 247 Stop Bit DRM Add D Battery Control Rem te Shutdown Device Intelligent Power Meter Type Voltage change ratio Meter(COM2-1) ~ ~ Voltage change ratio 1.0 Current change ratio Meter usage Export+import meter YADA-YDS60-80 ы Smart Tracking Algorit Feature Parameters Submit Other Parameters Power Meter Running Information Meter(COM2-1) ¥ 📋 Signal Name Value Device status Meter usage Export+import mete Line voltage between phases A and B NA

Figure 6-76 Setting parameters for smart reactive power compensation (power

----End

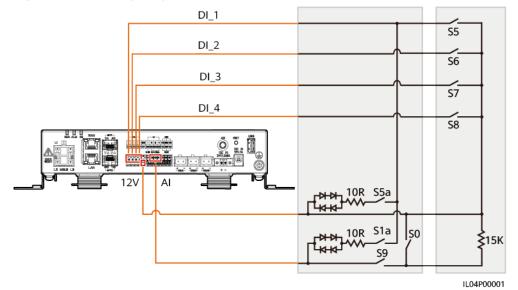
meter)

## 6.8.7 Setting DRM Parameters

#### Context

According to Australian standards, the inverters must pass the Demand Response Modes (DRM) certification.

Figure 6-77	Wirina	diagram	for the	DRM	function
		anagrann	ioi cire	D 1 (11)	- an e cron



Mode	SmartLogger Port	Requirement	Remarks
DRM0	AI2-AI4	• When S0 is turned on, the inverters shut down.	-
		• When S0 is turned off, the inverters are connected to the power grid.	
DRM5	DI1	When S5 is turned on, the inverters do not output active power.	When two or more DRM modes are
DRM6	DI2	When S6 is turned on, the output active power of the inverters does not exceed 50% of the rated power.	used at the same time, the strictest requirement must be met.
DRM7	DI3	When S7 is turned on, the output active power of the inverters does not exceed 75% of the rated power, and the inverters consume the maximum reactive power.	
DRM8	DI4	When S8 is turned on, the output active power of the inverters recovers.	
		<b>NOTE</b> The inverters output active power based on the percentage set on the SmartLogger.	

#### Table 6-35 DRM requirements

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Settings > Power Adjustment > Active Power Control to check the Active power control mode.
  - When setting DRM0 parameters, you can set **Active power control mode** to any value.
  - When setting DRM5–DRM8 parameters: Set **Active power control mode** to **No limit**.
- **Step 2** Choose **Settings** > **Power Adjustment** > **Reactive Power Control** and ensure that **Reactive power control mode** is set to **No output**.
- **Step 3** Choose **Settings** > **Remote Shutdown** and ensure that **Access port** is set to **No**.
- **Step 4** Set DRM parameters and click **Submit**.



Figure 6-78 Setting DRM parameters

IL04J00015

Parameter	Description
connection port	Set the parameter to the AI port for DRM signals.
Startup current range	If the current of the AI port is within the setting range, inverters are turned on. Otherwise, inverters are turned off.
Power Control	Set DI parameters based on the DRM requirements.

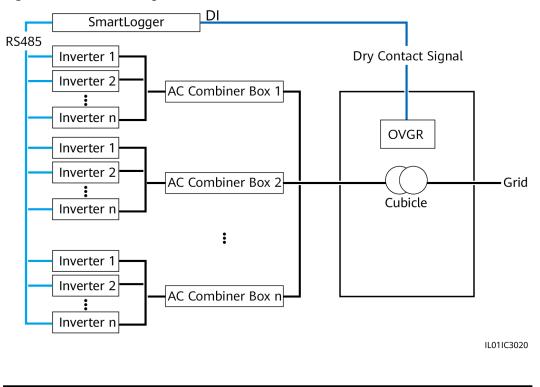
----End

# 6.8.8 Setting Remote Shutdown

#### 6.8.8.1 Setting Dry Contact Remote Shutdown

#### Context

The SmartLogger has four DI ports, and the OVGR can connect to any DI port. The SmartLogger shuts down the inverter over OVGR signals.



#### Figure 6-79 Networking

#### NOTICE

When setting this function, ensure that the user-defined DI port is not occupied. Otherwise, the setting will fail.

#### Procedure

Step 1 Set dry contact remote shutdown parameters.

Figure 6-80 Dry contact remote shutdown

Enspire	Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring Que	y Settings	English v (1) (3) (3) 
🗆 User Param.	Dry Contact Remote Shutdown		
Date&Time	Access	No Y	-
6	Effective dry contact sta	open 🗸	
	OVGR shutde		
Remote Sh	utdown Cubicle alarm enab	ng Disable 💙	
		Submit	
a Denne A diverse	NS Protection Remote Shutdown		
Power Adjustment	Access	Al1	
Remote Shutdown		Submit	
• DI			
<ul> <li>Alarm Output</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Smart Tracking Algorithm</li> </ul>			
• Other Parameters			
			11.04100010

IL04J00010

Parameter	Description
Access port	Set the parameter to the DI port connected to OVGR signals.

Parameter	Description
Effective dry contact status	The value can be <b>Open</b> or <b>Close</b> . <b>NOTE</b> If OVGR shutdown is enabled and this parameter is set to <b>Close</b> , the SmartLogger sends an inverter shutdown command only when the corresponding DI port is in the <b>Close</b> state.
OVGR shutdown	Specifies whether to enable shutdown over OVGR.
Cubicle alarm enabling	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the <b>Abnormal</b> <b>Cubicle</b> alarm is generated when the dry contact signal is effective and the Cubicle is abnormal.

----End

#### 6.8.8.2 Setting NS Protection Remote Shutdown

#### Context

- The NS protection function applies to areas complying with the VDE 4105 standard. Choose **Monitoring > Running Param. > Grid Parameters** and set **Grid Code** to **VDE-AR-N-4105** or **SWITZERLAND-NA/EEA:2020-LV230**.
- The NS protection device is connected to the AI1 port and 12V output power port. The SmartLogger shuts down the inverter over the voltage change detected at the AI1 port. When the NS protection device is disconnected, the AI1 port voltage is 0 V, and the inverter shuts down. When the NS protection device is connected again, the AI1 port voltage is 12 V, and you need to start the inverter manually.

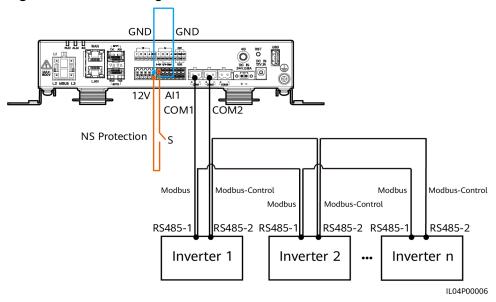


Figure 6-81 Networking

#### Procedure

1. Set NS protection remote shutdown parameters.

#### Figure 6-82 NS protection remote shutdown

Enspire	Deployme	nt Wizard Over View Monitoring Query	Settings	1 Settings	English v (6) 🕞
= User Param.	Dry Contact Remote	Shutdown			
Date&Time		Access port	No	~	
		Effective dry contact status	Open	<b>v</b>	
2		OVGR shutdown	Disable	<b>v</b>	
Remote Sh	utdown	Cubicle alarm enabling	Disable	<b>v</b>	
Remote on	acaomi		Submit		
Power Adjustme t	NS Protection Remot	e Shutdown			
- /		Access port	Al1	<b>v</b>	
Remote Shutdown			Submit		
O DI					
Alarm Output					
<ul> <li>Smart Tracking Algorithm</li> </ul>	]				
• Other Parameters					
					IL04J00010

Parameter	Description				
Access port	Set the parameter to Al1 port connected to Al signals. The SmartLogger shuts down the inverter over the voltage change detected at the Al1 port.				

- 2. Set the protocol type of the RS485 communications parameters. **Protocol** of the COM1 port is set to **Modbus** by default, and that of the COM2 port should be set to **Modbus-Control**. Set **Baud rate**, **Parity**, **Stop Bit**, **Start address**, and **End address** based on the actual situation.
  - a. If only one inverter is connected to the SmartLogger, connect the COM1 port on the SmartLogger to the RS485-1 port on the inverter, and connect the COM2 port on the SmartLogger to the RS485-2 port on the inverter.
  - b. If inverters are cascaded, connect the COM1 port on the SmartLogger to the RS485-1 port on the inverter, and connect the COM2 port on the SmartLogger to the RS485-2 port on the inverter. Connect the RS485-1 and RS485-2 ports on one inverter to the RS485-1 and RS485-2 ports on the other inverter, respectively.

#### **NOTE**

Because there are many types of inverters, the RS485-1 port may be named RS485\_1, 485B1, or 485A1. The RS485-2 port may be named RS485\_2, 485B2, or 485A2.

#### Figure 6-83 Setting RS485 parameters

User Param.	R\$485							J				
Comm. Param.	RS485	Protocol		Baud rate	Parity		Stop Bit		Start ad	dress	End addr	155
Wireless Network	COM1	Modbus	~	9600	✓ None	~	1	~	1	[1, 247]	247	[1, 247]
Wired Network	COM2	Modbus-Control	~	9600	<ul> <li>None</li> </ul>	~	1	~	1	[1, 247]	247	[1, 247]
RS485	СОМЗ	Modbus	~	9600	<ul> <li>None</li> </ul>	~	1	~	1	[1, 247]	247	[1, 247]
Managemen	M1.COM1	Modbus	~	9600	✓ None	~	1	~	1	[1, 247]	247	[1, 247]
Modbus TC	M1.COM2	Modbus	~	9600	<ul> <li>None</li> </ul>	~	1	~	1	[1, 247]	247	[1, 247]
Modbus IC	M1.COM3	Modbus	~	9600	<ul> <li>None</li> </ul>	~	1	~	1	[1, 247]	247	[1, 247]
2					Submit							
RS485	S Night Communie	cation Settings			_							

# 6.8.9 Setting Feed-in at Limited Current

- These parameters can be configured only for SmartLogger V300R023C10SPC550 and later versions and apply only to the C&I scenarios in the United Kingdom.
- To use the **Feed-in at limited current** function, at least one of the following conditions must be met:
  - The active power control mode is **No limit** or **Export Limitation(kW)**.
  - The battery control working mode is **No control**, **Maximum self-consumption**, or **TOU**.
  - Power boost limit for battery control is configured.
  - Peak shaving for battery control is configured.

#### Procedure

Choose **Settings** > **Power Adjustment** > **Feed-in at limited current**. Click **Previous** and **Next** as required.

#### **NOTE**

For details about the running parameters of meters, see **Setting Modbus-RTU Meter Parameters**.

Description	Description
Communication disconnection fail- safe	If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the inverter or Smart PCS performs protection based on the preset power when its communication with the SmartLogger is interrupted for a period longer than <b>Communication</b> <b>disconnection detection time</b> .
Active power limit when communication fails (%)	Set this parameter to <b>0.0</b> .
Communication disconnection detection time (s)	Set the duration threshold to <b>5</b> s for determining the communication disconnection between the inverter or Smart PCS and the SmartLogger or Smart Dongle.

1. Set inverter or Smart PCS parameters and click **Batch configurations**.

2. Set parameters for feed-in at limited current and click **Submit**.

Parameter	Description	Remarks
Feed-in at limited current	<ul> <li>The default value is <b>Disable</b>.</li> <li>If this parameter is set to <b>Disable</b>, feed-in at limited current will be unavailable.</li> <li>If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b>, feed-in at limited current will be available.</li> </ul>	If the feed-in current exceeds <b>Max. feed-in</b> <b>current(A)</b> for 15 seconds, the device will shut down and an alarm will be reported. After the device has been shut down for 4 hours, manually restart the device to restore feed-in at limited current. The alarm will be automatically cleared.
Max. feed-in current(A)	Set the maximum current fed to the grid at the grid connection point.	These parameters are displayed after <b>Feed-in</b> at limited current is set
Max. grid supply current(A)	Set the maximum current supplied from the grid at the grid connection point.	to <b>Enable</b> .

# **7** Device Maintenance

# 7.1 Routine Maintenance

- Ensure that the SmartLogger is free from strong electromagnetic interference.
- Ensure that the SmartLogger is away from heat sources.
- Regularly clean the SmartLogger.
- Regularly check that cables are secured.

# 7.2 Troubleshooting

No.	Fault	Cause	Suggestion
1	The SmartLogge r cannot be powered on.	<ol> <li>The DC output power cable for the power adapter is not connected the 12V IN port of the SmartLogger.</li> </ol>	1. Connect the DC output power cable for the power adapter to the 12V IN port of the SmartLogger.
		2. The power cable is not connected to the AC input power port of the power adapter.	2. Check that the power cable is connected to the AC input power port of the power adapter.
		3. The AC input power cable is not connected to the AC socket.	3. Check that the power cable is connected to the AC socket.
		4. The power adapter is faulty.	4. Replace the power adapter.
		5. The SmartLogger is faulty.	5. Contact the dealer or Huawei technical support.

No.	Fault	Cause	Suggestion
2	The SmartLogge r cannot find any device.	<ol> <li>The COM ports are not connected to devices, or the cables are loose, disconnected, or reversely connected.</li> <li>The RS485 communications</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check the RS485 cable connection. If the cable is loose, disconnected, or reversely connected, reconnect it firmly.</li> <li>Check the RS485</li> </ol>
		<ul> <li>parameters are not correctly set, and the solar inverter address is beyond the search range preset on the SmartLogger.</li> <li>3. The devices that cannot be detected automatically, such as</li> </ul>	communications parameter settings. Ensure that the baud rate and communication address are set correctly and that the solar inverter address is within the search range of the
		the EMI and power meter, are not manually added.	SmartLogger. 3. Manually add the devices that
		4. There are devices with duplicate addresses.	cannot be detected automatically, such as the EMI and power meter.
		<ol> <li>The network port does not connect to any devices or the network cables are loose.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>4. Addresses are automatically assigned to all devices to ensure that no duplicate address exists. Then restart the automatic search.</li> </ul>
			5. Check the network cable connection. If the cable is loose, reconnect it firmly.
			6. Contact the dealer or Huawei technical support.
3	The communicat	1. The solar inverter and SmartLogger do not support	<ol> <li>Check whether the solar inverter and SmartLogger support MBUS.</li> </ol>
	ion for MBUS networking failed.	MBUS. 2. The AC power cable is loose, disconnected, or reversely	2. Check the AC power cable. If it is loose, disconnected, or reversely connected, reconnect it firmly.
		connected. 3. The upstream circuit breaker for the AC power cable is turned off.	3. Check that the upstream circuit breaker for the AC power cable is turned on.
		<ol> <li>In MBUS networking, Built-in MBUS or Networking is set to</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Set Built-in MBUS and Networking to Enable.</li> </ol>
		<b>Disable</b> . 5. The SmartLogger is faulty.	5. Contact the dealer or Huawei technical support.

No.	Fault	Cause	Suggestion
4	The device status is displayed as disconnecte d on the SmartLogge r.	<ol> <li>The cable between the solar inverter and the SmartLogger is loose or disconnected.</li> <li>The solar inverter is powered off.</li> <li>The baud rate or RS485 address of the solar inverter is changed.</li> <li>The solar inverter is replaced.</li> <li>The solar inverter is removed and not reconnected.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check the communications cable and network cable between the device and the SmartLogger. If the cables are loose, reconnect them firmly.</li> <li>Check the solar inverter connection and power on the solar inverter.</li> <li>Check that the baud rate and RS485 address of the solar inverter are set correctly.</li> <li>If any device is replaced, search for the device again or manually add the device.</li> <li>If the device has been removed, perform the <b>Remove Devices</b> operation on the <b>Device Mgmt.</b> page.</li> </ol>
5	The EMI fails in communicat ion.	<ol> <li>The RS485 communications cable between the EMI and the SmartLogger is connected incorrectly, loose, or disconnected.</li> <li>The EMI is not powered on.</li> <li>The EMI and SmartLogger use different RS485 communications parameter settings.</li> <li>The EMI parameters are incorrectly set.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check the cable connection. If the cable is loose or disconnected, reconnect it firmly.</li> <li>Power on the EMI.</li> <li>Check that the RS485 communications parameters of the EMI are correctly.</li> <li>Log in to the WebUI and ensure that the EMI parameters are set correctly.</li> </ol>
6	The SmartLogge r cannot communicat e with the managemen t system.	<ol> <li>The SmartLogger is not connected to the PC, or the cable is loose or disconnected.</li> <li>The parameters of the wired or wireless network are incorrectly set.</li> <li>The management system parameters are incorrectly set.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check that the Ethernet port of the SmartLogger is correctly connected to the PC or a router.</li> <li>Check that the parameters of the wired or wireless network are set correctly.</li> <li>Check that the management system parameters are correctly set.</li> </ol>

No.	Fault	Cause	Suggestion
7	The communicat ion for RS485 networking	<ol> <li>The RS485 communications cable is incorrectly connected, loose, or disconnected.</li> <li>The SmartLogger is not powered on.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Terminal block connection: Check that the RS485 communications cable is connected to the correct port of the terminal block.</li> </ol>
	failed.	3. The RS485 communications parameters are incorrectly set.	2. RJ45 network port connection: Check that the RJ45 connector is properly crimped and that each wire is connected to the correct pin.
			<ol> <li>Check that the RS485 ports of other devices are connected to the correct ports of the SmartLogger.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>Check the RS485 cable connection. If the cable is loose, disconnected, or reversely connected, reconnect it firmly.</li> </ol>
			5. Power on the SmartLogger and its connected device.
			6. Check the RS485 communications parameter settings.
			<ol><li>Contact the dealer or Huawei technical support.</li></ol>
8	The 4G communicat ion is	<ol> <li>The SIM card is not inserted or it is in arrears or damaged.</li> <li>The 4G antenna is not tightened</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Insert or replace the SIM card.</li> <li>Tighten or replace the 4G antenna.</li> </ol>
	abnormal.	or is damaged. 3. The management system parameters and wireless network parameters are incorrectly set.	3. Check that the management system parameters and wireless network parameters are set correctly.
		4. The SIM card registration failed.	4. Contact the SIM card carrier or Huawei technical support.

No.	Fault	Cause	Suggestion
9	An EMI fails to be added over the AI port (another device has already been connected to the port).	<ol> <li>A device with the same communications address has been connected to the MBUS port.</li> <li>Duplicate addresses are not allowed.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Choose Maintenance &gt; Device Mgmt. &gt; Connect Device &gt; Auto Assign Address or Maintenance &gt; Device Mgmt. &gt; Device List &gt; Modify Device Info to modify the communications address of the device with the same address connected to the MBUS port, and then add the EMI again.</li> <li>Change the communications address of the EMI and add it again.</li> </ol>

# 7.3 Alarm Reference

For details about alarms, see SmartLogger3000 Alarm Reference.

# 7.4 WebUI Maintenance Operations

# 7.4.1 Upgrading the Device Firmware Version

#### Context

You can upgrade the software of the SmartLogger, inverter, Smart PCS, Smart String ESS, MBUS module, or PID module on the WebUI.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Choose **Maintenance** > **Software Upgrade**. The **Software Upgrade** page is displayed.
- **Step 2** Upload the software upgrade package and click **Software Upgrade**. Contact the Company's engineers to obtain the software upgrade package.

#### Figure 7-1 Software upgrade

Ensoire						English Y 🛞 🕞
Enspire		Deployment Wizard Over	View Monitoring Que	ery Settings Main	ntenance	iil ( <u>A 12 🛄 3 🔮 9</u> )
Software Upgrade	Software I	Upgrade				
<ul> <li>Product Information</li> </ul>			Select a	n upgrade file:	Upload	
<ul> <li>Security Settings</li> </ul>	~ O	Device	Device status	Curr. ver.	Target ver.	Upgrade Progress
<ul> <li>System Maint.</li> </ul>	~ 0	SmartLogger				
O Device Log	~ 0	ESS(Net.8.132)				
<ul> <li>Onsite Test</li> </ul>	~ 0	PCS/Inverter				
License Management						•
	Software	Upgrade Stop Upgrade				

#### D NOTE

- Before upgrading the PCS and inverter, ensure that the DC side is powered on.
- For SmartLogger V300R024C10 and later versions, the size of the file to be uploaded must be less than 80 MB. Otherwise, the page will be abnormal.
- SmartLogger V300R023C10 and later versions support one-click upgrade of different types of devices after the software package is uploaded.
- The **Stop Upgrade** function applies only to the devices waiting to be upgraded.
- If the active power control mode is set to Grid connection with limited power or Remote communication scheduling, and the reactive power control mode is set to Power factor closed-loop control or Working mode in Battery Settings is not set to No control, you are advised to upgrade the software when inverters and Smart PCSs are disconnected from the grid. Otherwise, power control may be abnormal or the upgrade may fail.
- If the system displays a message indicating that the digital signature verification of the upgrade package fails when you upload the PCS upgrade package, you can restore the SmartLogger to factory settings to clear the fault. Before restoring the SmartLogger to factory settings, export all configuration files by referring to section "Full profile export/ import" in the *SmartLogger V300R024C10 Security Maintenance Manual*. After factory settings are restored, import all configuration files.

----End

# 7.4.2 Setting Security Parameters

Enspire	English v 🔞 🕒	5
shire	Deployment Wizard Overview Monitoring Query Settings Maintenance	D
<ul> <li>Software Upgrade</li> </ul>	Security Settings	^
O Product Information	Change Password	
Security Settings	Password Change	
<ul> <li>System Maint.</li> </ul>	Automatic logout time	
<ul> <li>Device Log</li> </ul>	Automatic logout time 10 minutes 💌	

Parameter	Description
Change Password	Change the password for the current login user to log in to the WebUI.
Automatic logout time	After this parameter is set, a user is automatically logged out if the user does not perform any operation within the period specified by this parameter.
WebUI Security Certificate	You are advised to use the existing network security certificate and key. If the browser displays the "ERR_SSL_SERVER_CERT_BAD_FORMAT" error, use another browser (such as Firefox) or replace the certificate.
Update Key	Specifies the key update interval.
User Lockout	Set <b>Detection period</b> , <b>Maximum login attempts</b> , and <b>Lockout duration</b> .

Figure 7-2 Security settings

Parameter	Description			
Certificate Alarm Time	<ul> <li>Test interval: specifies the interval for checking whether a digital certificate is about to expire.</li> <li>Early-warning time: specifies the time when a warning is generated before a digital certificate expires.</li> </ul>			
Module Security Certificate	Load the network security certificate of the module. If the private key file has a password, select <b>Enable</b> <b>key password</b> and enter the key password obtained from the certificate provider.			
Communication Settings	Specifies whether to enable communication using an expired certificate. If this parameter is set to <b>Enable</b> , the SmartLogger can communicate with the SmartModule. After the certificate expires, set this parameter to <b>Disable</b> to prevent the SmartLogger from communicating with the SmartModule to ensure network security.			
South Equip Security Certificate	Load the security certificate of southbound equipment. If the private key file has a password, select <b>Enable</b> <b>key password</b> and enter the key password obtained from the certificate provider.			
WEB TLS Setting <sup>[1]</sup>	Enables or disables the TLS 1.0 and 1.1 function.			
Intrusion Detection	If this parameter is set to <b>Starting up</b> , when intrusion events such as abnormal user login and key file tampering are detected, you can choose <b>Query</b> > <b>Security Events</b> to query the exception records.			
Service Management	Starts or stops Modbus remote communication networking.			
Anti-rollback	<ul> <li>The default setting is Enable.</li> <li>Enable: Enable the anti-rollback function.</li> <li>Disable: Disable the anti-rollback function.</li> <li>When this parameter is set to Disable, a dialog box Disabling the anti-rollback function does not restrict the rollback of the software version. The rollback may cause historical problems. Are you sure you want to continue? is displayed. If you click Confirm, the submission continues. If you click Cancel, the submission is canceled.</li> </ul>			
Note [1]: This parameter	can be set only for V300R001C00 version.			

# 7.4.3 Sending a System Maintenance Command

Figure 7-3	Figure 7-3 System maintenance					
Enspire	Deployment Wizard Overview Monitoring Query Settings Maintenance	English v (()) [E)				
<ul> <li>Software Upgrade</li> </ul>	System Maintenance					
Product Information	Restart System					
<ul> <li>Security Settings</li> </ul>	Submit					
System Maint.	Restore Factory Settings					
<ul> <li>Device Log</li> </ul>	Submit					
<ul> <li>Onsite Test</li> </ul>	Data Clearance					
<ul> <li>License Management</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>User Management</li> </ul>	Submit					
Device Mgmt.	Full profile export					
Connect Device	Export Save					
SmartModule	Full profile import					
Device List	Import					
Export Param.	Clear Cache					
Clear Alarm						
Data Re-collection	Submit					

Function	Description
Restart System	Resets the SmartLogger, which will automatically shut down and restart.
Restore Factory Settings	<ul> <li>Only accounts with the administrator permission (installer) can restore the factory settings.</li> <li>After the factory settings are restored, all configured parameters (except the current date, time, and communication parameters) are restored to their factory default values. The running information, alarm records, and system logs are not changed. Exercise caution when deciding to perform this operation.</li> </ul>
Data Clearance	Clears all historical data of the SmartLogger.
Full profile export	Before replacing the SmartLogger, export the SmartLogger configuration file to a local PC.
Full profile import	After replacing the SmartLogger, import the local configuration file to the new SmartLogger. After the import is successful, the SmartLogger restarts for the configuration file to take effect. Ensure that the parameters on the <b>Settings</b> tab page and the parameters for the built-in MBUS are correctly set.
Clear Cache	You can clear the temporary files and upgrade package files stored on the SmartLogger through <b>Clear Cache</b> .
Clear User Data	Clears user data and restarts the device. You need to log in again after the restart. CAUTION Clearing user data will delete all data in the system. Exercise caution when performing this operation.

## 7.4.3.1 Exporting Full Configuration Files

#### Procedure

 Choose Maintenance > System Maint. and click Export under Full profile export.

**NOTE** 

During the export of the full configuration files, you need to enter **Password of the** current user and set **Encryption password of the exported file** in the **Re**-authentication dialog box.

Enspire			English - 🗊 🕞
- napri e	Deployment Wizard Over View Monitoring Quer	y Settings Maintenance Maintenance	
<ul> <li>Software Upgrade</li> </ul>	System Maintenance	Widiffeendiree	
<ul> <li>Product Information</li> </ul>	Restart System		
<ul> <li>Security Settings</li> </ul>		Submit	
• System Maint.	Sustan Maint		
O Device Log	System Maint.	Submit	
<ul> <li>Onsite Test</li> </ul>		Subhit	
License Management	Data Clearance		
Device Mgmt.		Submit	
Connect Device	Full profile export	_	
SmartModule	<sup>3</sup> Expor	+ Export Save	
Device List	Full profile import		
Export Param.		Import	
Clear Alarm Data Re-collection			
Adjust total energy yield			
hajase total energy yield			
		Re-authentication	
		Password of current user	1
			1
Whether to	export the full amount of files	Encryption password of the exported file	
		'a~z','A~Z','0~9'(8–20 ch types of characters)	aracters, at least two
Confirm	enfirm Cancel		
		Submit	

Figure 7-4 Exporting full configuration files

2. After the export is successful, click **Confirm**. Click **Save** under **Full profile export** to save the full configuration files.

# 7.4.3.2 Importing Full Configuration Files

#### Procedure

 Choose Maintenance > System Maint. and click Import under Full profile import.

#### **NOTE**

During the import of the full configuration files, you need to enter **Password of the** current user and **Decryption password of the imported file** in the **Re**authentication dialog box.

#### NOTICE

- If Encryption password of the exported file has not been set for the exported full configuration files, deselect Decryption password of the imported file in the Re-authentication dialog box when importing the files.
- If Encryption password of the exported file has been set for the exported full configuration files, you need to set Decryption password of the imported file in the Re-authentication dialog box when importing the files.
- When a faulty SmartLogger3000 is replaced, certificate-related files are not exported. After the full configuration files are imported, you need to reload a third-party certificate if required.



#### Figure 7-5 Importing full configuration files

2. Click Choose File, select all exported files, and click Import.

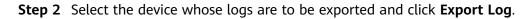
# 7.4.4 Exporting Device Logs

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Access the device log page.

#### Figure 7-6 Exporting logs

Enspire		Deployment Wizard Over	View Monitoring Query Se	ttings Maintenance			English v I	
Software Upgrade	Device Logs							
Product Information	Select	Device	SN	Device status	Progress	Execution Status	Start time	Enc
<ul> <li>Security Settings</li> </ul>	<u>^</u>	SmartLogger						
System Maint.	- ^	ESS(Net.8.132)						
	- ^ ·	PCS/Inverter						
Device Log								
<ul> <li>Onsite Test</li> </ul>	Export Log	Stop Export Log archivi	ng					



#### **NOTE**

- Logs of two or more types of devices cannot be exported at a time. For example, you cannot select both **SUN2000** and **MBUS**.
- ESS log: Select an ESS and click **Export Log**. In the dialog box that is displayed, select **Battery logs**. You can click the plus sign to select batteries.
- If the active power control mode is set to **Grid connection with limited power** or **Remote communication scheduling**, and the reactive power control mode is set to **Power factor closed-loop control** or **Working mode** in **Battery Settings** is not set to **No control**, you are advised to export logs when inverters and Smart PCSs are disconnected from the grid. Otherwise, power control may be abnormal or the log export may fail.
- For an STS connected over RS485, only performance data can be exported, and device logs cannot be exported.
- **Step 3** Observe the progress bar and wait until the log export is complete.
- Step 4 For versions earlier than V300R023C10SPC200, when the export is successful, click Log archiving to save the logs. In V300R023C10SPC200 or later, if the export is successful, the file is automatically saved to the default download location of the browser. You can specify a download location by changing the default one of the browser.

----End

# 7.4.5 Starting an Onsite Test

#### Context

After an inverter and PCS are put into use, you need to periodically check their health to detect potential risks and problems.

#### **NOTE**

Only the PCS whose model is LUNA2000-213KTL-H0 supports the inspection function.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Start an onsite test.

#### Figure 7-7 Onsite test

Ensoire						English	- (0E)
Enspire	Deployment V	Wizard Over View Mo	nitoring Query Settings	Maintenance		7.4	<u> </u>
Software Upgrade	Inspection S	pot-check			1		
• Product Information	Single Inspection	Batch Inspection Ins	pection type: IV scan	✓	Main	tenance	
Security Settings	Inspected devices: 0	Inspection succeeded: 0 Insp	pection failure: 0				
<ul> <li>System Maint.</li> </ul>	2	Device	SN	Device status	Progress	Execution Status	Start t
Device Log	Onsite Tes	t (F(CO M1-1)	INVSUN2000V2R2C00001	•			>
Onsite Test	Start Inspection	Stop Inspection Log archivi	ing				

IL03J00041

Tab	Function	Description
Inspection	Check the health of the inverter and PCS.	<ol> <li>If Single Inspection is selected, select the device to be inspected. If Batch Inspection is selected, you do not need to select a device.</li> </ol>
		2. Set Inspection type.
		3. Click Start Inspection.
		<ol> <li>Observe the progress bar and wait until the inspection is complete.</li> </ol>
		5. After the inspection is successful, click <b>Log archiving</b> to download the inspection log.
Spot-check	Start a spot-check.	1. Select the device to be spot-checked.
	NOTE The spot-check function is available	2. Click Start Spot-Check.
		3. Perform a spot-check test onsite.
	only for an inverter whose grid code is set to the Japanese standard.	4. After the spot-check test is complete, click <b>Stop Spot-Check</b> .
Alarm Test	Simulates an inverter alarm.	<ol> <li>Choose Device model &gt; Device name to select the device for which the alarm test is to be performed.</li> </ol>
	Only the SUN2000-63KTL- JPH0, SUN2000-50KTL/ 63KTL-JPM0, and	<ol> <li>Click an alarm name to deliver an alarm command. The alarm icon is green by default and turns red after the command is delivered.</li> </ol>
	SUN2000-125KTL- JPH0 support the alarm test function.	<ol> <li>Click Clear Alarm to clear all alarms of the SUN2000-63KTL-JPH0, SUN2000-50KTL/63KTL-JPM0, and SUN2000-125KTL-JPH0.</li> </ol>
		NOTE After the alarm is cleared, the SmartLogger collects alarm data again.

----End

# 7.4.6 License Management

#### Context

- The Smart I-V Curve Diagnosis, Smart Tracker Control Algorithm (SDS), smart insulation detection, smart on/off-grid switching, smart microgrid control software, and smart grid forming feature on-grid can be used only after licenses are purchased.
- The license files for Smart I-V Curve Diagnosis and smart string monitoring are stored in the inverter. The license file for smart insulation monitoring is stored in the PID module. The license files for SDS, smart on/off-grid switching, smart microgrid control software, and smart grid forming feature –

on-grid are stored in the SmartLogger. Each license uniquely matches a device SN.

- License management allows you to view the license information and obtain the current license status. Before a device is replaced, the current device license needs to be revoked so that a revocation code can be generated and used for applying for a new device license.
- The size of the license file imported to the SmartLogger must be less than 1 MB. Otherwise, the page will be abnormal.
- For versions earlier than SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC160, you need to purchase a license to use the smart reactive power compensation. The license file is stored in the SmartLogger. For SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC160 or later versions, the smart reactive power compensation can be used directly.
- In SmartLogger V300R023C10 and later versions, the LUNA2000-200KTL-H1 supports the off-grid function. The function can be used only after a license is purchased.
- The smart microgrid control software and smart grid forming feature ongrid are applicable to SmartLogger V300R024C10 and later versions.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Access the **License Management** page.

E « power system		Der	ployment Wizard	verview Monitoring Query	Settings Maintenance				
Software Upgrade	Lice	Deployment Wizard         Overview         Monitoring         Query         Settings         Maintenance         Maintenance							
Product Information	Auth	orized F	unction: All	•	Number of authorized of	devices: Smart I-V Curve Diag	anosi 🗸 Authorized: 0	Unauthorized: 0	😮 Help
Security Settings		No.	Device 🕈	Device status 🗘	Authorized Function 🕀	License Status 🕀	License SN 🗢		License I
System Maint.		1	Logger(Local)	•	Smart tracking algorithm (0kW)	No license			NA
Device Log									
<ul> <li>Onsite Test</li> </ul>									
License Management									

Figure 7-8 License management

Tab	Function	Description
License information	Displays the license information.	<ol> <li>Select the name of the device whose license details are to be exported.</li> <li>Click Export Details.</li> </ol>
License application	Exports the license application file.	<ol> <li>Select the name of the device whose license is to be applied.</li> <li>Click Export License Appli File.</li> </ol>
		3. Purchase a license from Huawei and obtain the license file from Huawei technical support engineers
License loading	Loads the obtained license to the corresponding device.	<ol> <li>Click Upload License.</li> <li>Select the name of the device whose license is to be loaded.</li> <li>Click Load License.</li> </ol>

Tab	Function	Description
License revocation	Revokes a license or exports the revocation code file.	<ol> <li>Select the name of the device whose license is to be revoked.</li> <li>Click <b>Revoke License</b>.</li> <li>Click <b>Export Revo Code File</b>.</li> </ol>

#### **NOTE**

When importing a license file, ensure that the file name extension is .dat or .zip.

----End

# 7.4.7 Managing the SmartModule

#### Context

When replacing the SmartModule, you need to manually remove the device on the WebUI.

#### Procedure

- 1. Choose Maintenance > Device Mgmt. > SmartModule.
- 2. Select the device to be removed and click unit to remove it.

D NOTE

s used to change the secondary authentication password of the SmartModule.

# 7.4.8 Managing Users

#### Context

- After the SmartLogger is upgraded from V300R001C00, **installer** has the administrator permission, and **admin** becomes an advance user.
- You can add, modify, and delete users after logging in as **installer**.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Add a user.

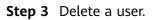
E « power system		Deployment Wizard Over View Monit	toring Query Setting	5 Maintenance		English	× (0 €)
Software Upgrade	User Man		duci y Setting				
Product Information	Select	User Name	Authority		Device status		
<ul> <li>Security Settings</li> </ul>	0	installer	Administr		WEB Online		
<ul> <li>System Maint.</li> </ul>							
-			User Management	6			
<ul> <li>Device Log</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>Onsite Test</li> </ul>			User Name	'a~z','A~Z','0~9','_'(1-20Characters)			
<ul> <li>License Management</li> </ul>			Password	_			
• user management			Password	'a~z','A~Z','0~9'(8–20 characters of at least two			
Device Mgmt.				types. Different from the user name or its reverse).			
	•		Confirm Password				
	,		Authority	Common User 👻			
			Password Validity Period				
			Expiration notification				
			Expiration notification days	1 30(0dy)			
			· ·				
				Confirm			
				Conin			
	Add	Modify Delete					

Figure 7-9 Adding a user



#### Figure 7-10 Modifying a user

Ensoire				Englis	
	Deployment Wizard	d Over View Monitoring Query Settings	Maintenance		
<ul> <li>Software Upgrade</li> </ul>	User Management				
<ul> <li>Product Information</li> </ul>	Select User Name	Authority		Device status	
Security Settings	<ul> <li>installer</li> </ul>	Administra	tor	WEB Online	
<ul> <li>System Maint.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Device Log</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Onsite Test</li> </ul>				3	
License Management		User Management			
• user management		Old Password			
Device Mgmt.			Change Password		
		New Password			
			'a~z','A~Z','0~9'(8-20 characters of at least two types. Different from the user name or its reverse).		
		Confirm Password			
		Password Validity Period	11000 1-11000(Day)		
		Expiration notification	1-90(Day)		
		days			
			Confirm		
	Add Modify Delete				



		xx.xx.xx.xx 显示	
Enspire	Deployment Wizard	Are you sure you want to perform the operation?	English v (1) [2]
Software Upgrade	User Management		
Product Information	Select User Name	Authority	Device status
Security Settings	<ul> <li>installer</li> </ul>	Administrator	WEB Online
System Maint.	<ul> <li>user</li> </ul>	Common User	Offline
Device Log			
Onsite Test			
License Management			
user management			
Device Mgmt.			
	)		
	Add Modify Delete		

#### Figure 7-11 Deleting a user

----End

#### 7.4.9 Collecting Performance Data

#### Context

You can re-collect performance data of the solar inverter, Smart PCS, CMU, and ESU as well as daily, monthly, and yearly energy yields (also referred to as data re-collection).

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Choose **Maintenance** > **Device Mgmt.** > **Data Re-collection**.
- **Step 2** Select the type of the data to be collected and set the collection period.
- **Step 3** Select the name of the device whose data is to be collected and click **Collect Data**.
- **Step 4** Wait until all data is gathered. On the **Monitoring** page, query the collection result.

----End

### 7.4.10 Adjusting the Total Energy Yield

- SmartLoggerV300R001C00:
  - a. Choose Maintenance > Device Mgmt. > Adjust total energy yield.
  - b. Set **Adjust total energy yield(kWh)**, select the name of the device whose total energy yield needs to be adjusted, and click **Submit**.
- Other versions:
  - a. Tap **Monitoring** and select the device whose total energy yield needs to be adjusted.

#### b. Choose **Running Param** > **Electricity Revise**, set **Adjust total energy yield** and **Adjusted total power supply from grid**, and click **Submit**.

#### 7.4.11 Force Start

This section does not apply to V300R001C00.

#### Context

- The force start function is mainly used in the scenario when the ESS needs to be forcibly started and then charged because it has been overdischarged before the initial deployment of the array. Before force start, ensure that the array is shut down.
- During the force start operation, each Smart PCS charges the ESS at 50 kW power. Ensure that the AC power meets the requirement. If the AC power is restricted, you are advised to charge the ESS in batches and disconnect the auxiliary power supply and power circuits of the devices that do not need to be charged.
- To use the force start function, prepare an external power supply for the system and set Working mode to PQ under Monitoring > PCS > Running Param. > Feature Parameters.
- When you force start the ESS, the ESS functions are restricted because no deployment operation is performed. In this case, the ESS supports only battery charging and cannot be scheduled by the upper-layer controller.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Maintenance > Device Mgmt. > Force Start and click Starting up. This operation will interrupt ongoing services in the array. Exercise caution when performing this operation.
- **Step 2** Start the insulation resistance detection procedure. If the detection is successful, force start is initiated. Otherwise, force start fails. The overdischarge insulation resistance function is supported only in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC172 and later versions and applies only to the C&I scenario.

#### **NOTE**

- The array-level force start operation lasts 180 minutes. The SmartLogger needs to maintain the array-level force start state. The default status is idle. After a force start task is started, the DataLogger3K periodically collects the SOC value of each battery rack. If the SOC value is lower than 50%, the DataLogger3K remains in the **Force starting...** state. If the SOC value of each battery rack is greater than or equal to 50% or the protection duration for force start exceeds the upper limit, the SmartLogger restores the force start state to idle.
- You can stop a force start task. In this case, devices in the array stop force start and return to the original status. If the system does not need to be started, shut down the system.
- After an array-level force start task is started, if new devices are connected and cannot be automatically started or some devices restart, the SmartLogger delivers a force start command at an interval of 5 minutes to ensure that the devices can identify the force start state.

# 7.4.12 Device Replacement

#### Context

You can replace, add, or delete devices on the SmartLogger WebUI. After devices are replaced, added, or deleted, the system updates the topology relationship and backup files.

#### **NOTE**

- The device replacement function is available only after the device configuration is automatically backed up once. The automatic backup is performed during the period of 00:00 to 01:00 every day.
- When selecting the SN of the old device during device replacement, ensure that the SN is correct. You are advised to replace only one device at a time.
- If the SN of the old device is incorrect and device replacement has been performed, follow these instructions:
  - If the old device that is incorrectly replaced is within the replacement scope, install the new device in the correct position based on the replacement relationship.
  - If the old device that is incorrectly replaced is not within the replacement scope, you need to perform the device replacement again to restore the original status, and then perform subsequent operations.

#### 7.4.12.1 Device Replacement (V300R023C10)

#### Procedure

- 1. Choose **Maintenance** > **Device Mgmt.** > **Device Replacement**. The device replacement page is displayed.
- 2. After setting the parameters, click **Submit**.

Paramet er	Description	Remarks
Operate Type	Select <b>Add Devices</b> , <b>Replace Device</b> , or <b>Delete</b> <b>Device</b> .	<ul> <li>The ESC and PCS support automatic topology update.</li> <li>When performing <b>Replace</b></li> </ul>
Device Type	Select CMU, ESC, or PCS.	<b>Device</b> and <b>Add Devices</b> , ensure that the entered device SN corresponds to the correct
SN of Old Device	SN of the old device.	device type. Otherwise, the topology information will be
SN of New Device	SN of the new device.	<ul> <li>disordered. In that case, you need to perform commissioning using the deployment wizard again to update the topology.</li> <li>When performing <b>Replace Device</b>, do not delete the offline device to be replaced from the device list or delete the communication networking relationship.</li> <li>When replacing an ESC, ensure that all ESCs and PCSs except the ESC to be replaced are online.</li> <li>After <b>Replace Device</b> is performed, you need to reconfigure IEC 104 parameters for the new device and then delete the old device from the communication network.</li> <li>If <b>Add Devices</b>, <b>Replace Device</b> fails for multiple times, you are advised to perform commissioning using the deployment wizard again to update the topology.</li> </ul>

#### 

The SmartLogger can automatically back up CMU parameters. If the CMU is replaced, the backup CMU parameters are automatically imported to the new CMU. The function of CMU parameter backup is only supported in SmartLogger V300R023C10 and later versions, which shall be matched with the version of the ESS software.

- C&I scenario: LUNA2000B V100R023C00SPC120 and later versions.
- Utility-scale scenario: LUNA2000C V100R023C00SPC110 and later versions.

### 7.4.12.2 Device Replacement (V300R024C00 and Later Versions)

#### Procedure

- 1. Choose **Maintenance** > **Device Mgmt.** > **Device Replacement**. The device replacement page is displayed.
- 2. After setting the parameters, click **Submit**.

Operate Type	Device Type	Description	Remarks
Add Devices	<ul> <li>CMU</li> <li>IBCU</li> <li>ESC</li> <li>PCS</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The DC topology is automatically updated.</li> <li>The AC topology is automatically updated.</li> <li>Parameters are automatically backed up and imported to new devices (supported only by the CMU and IBCU).</li> <li>The replacement relationship is reported to the management system, and the IEC</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Replace Device can be performed only for offline devices.</li> <li>When performing Replace Device and Add Devices , ensure that the entered device SN corresponds to the the correct device type. Otherwise, the topology information will be disordered. In that case, you need to perform commissioning using the deployment wizard again to update the topology.</li> <li>When performing Replace Device, do not</li> </ul>
Add Device	<ul><li>IBCU</li><li>PCS</li></ul>	<ul> <li>104 configuration is automatically adapted.</li> <li>The DC topology is automatically updated.</li> <li>The AC topology is automatically updated.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>delete the offline</li> <li>device to be replaced</li> <li>from the device list or</li> <li>delete the</li> <li>communication</li> <li>networking</li> <li>relationship.</li> <li>When replacing an</li> <li>ESC, ensure that all</li> </ul>
Delete Device	<ul><li>IBCU</li><li>PCS</li></ul>	<ul> <li>The DC topology is automatically updated.</li> <li>The AC topology is automatically updated.</li> <li>The device list is automatically updated.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ESCs and PCSs except the ESC to be replaced are online.</li> <li>If Add Devices, Replace Device, or Delete Device fails for multiple times, you are advised to perform commissioning using the deployment wizard again to update the topology.</li> </ul>

# 7.4.13 Communication Records

The SmartLogger supports the function of exporting communication records.

Set **Choose port**, **Protocol Selection**, and **Record time**. Click **Start** to start the communication records. Click **Export** to stop and export communication records.

Parameter	Description
Choose port	Select the port of the communication records.
Protocol Selection	Select the protocol type of the connected device. IEC104 and ModbusTCP are supported.
	<b>NOTE</b> IEC 104 or Modbus TCP can be selected only when the port is WAN, LAN, SFP1, or SFP2.
Record time	Set the duration of the communication records. The duration range of the communication records is [5, 30] minutes.

### 7.4.14 SOC One-Click Balancing

The SOC one-click balancing function applies only to the LUNA2000-200KWH-2H1, LUNA2000-161KWH-2H1, LUNA2000-126KWH-2H1, and LUNA2000-97KWH-1H1 C&I ESSs.

#### Context

This function can be used to balance the SOCs of multiple battery packs in an ESS.

- In the off-grid scenario, PV power is used to charge the ESS to balance the SOCs of multiple battery packs in the ESS.
- In the on/off-grid scenario, mains power is used to charge the ESS to balance the SOCs of multiple battery packs in the ESS.

Table 7-1	Application	scenarios
-----------	-------------	-----------

Application Scenario	Condition
Initial deployment	Check the SOCs <sup>a</sup> of multiple battery packs in the ESS. If $SOC_{MAX}$ – $SOC_{MIN}$ > 10%, the actual charge and discharge
Replacing a battery pack	energy and backup duration of the ESS will be affected. You are advised to perform SOC balancing.
The ESS has been running properly for three to six months.	

Application Scenario	Condition		
Note a: Methods of checking the SOCs			
Smartl ogger	WebLII: Choose Monitoring > FSS > FSLL > FSP > FSM >		

- SmartLogger WebUI: Choose Monitoring > ESS > ESU > ESR > ESM > Running Info.
- On the FusionSolar Smart PV Management System (SmartPVMS): Choose Monitoring > ESS > Overview.

#### NOTICE

Before using the SOC one-click balancing function, ensure that:

- Choose Settings > Battery Settings and check whether Array end-of-charge SOC is set to 100%. If not, set the value to 100%.
- During SOC balancing, scheduling commands are ineffective. After SOC balancing is complete, the system will respond to scheduling commands properly.
- When this function is enabled, the PV output will be limited, and the PCS corresponding to the unbalanced ESS will shut down. You are advised to enable this function when the ESS SOC is high.
- After SOC balancing is complete, the PCS starts up and the array continues to operate. If the ESS does not need to operate, shut it down manually.
- Off-grid scenario:
  - Ensure that the irradiance is proper and the loads have been disconnected (except the auxiliary load of the ESS) to avoid SOC balancing failure due to interferences from the loads.
  - If an AC power failure occurs during SOC balancing, you do not need to perform any operation. The system will perform a black start to continue SOC balancing.
- On/Off-grid scenario: SOC balancing is supported only in on-grid mode. If the mains is disconnected during SOC balancing, the SOC balancing process ends. The ESS automatically switches to off-grid mode and performs a black start.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Choose **Maintenance** > **Device Mgmt.** > **SOC one-click balancing** and select the target ESS for SOC balancing.
  - 1. Set **Upper limit of subarray energy storage charging power**. This parameter is displayed and set only in the on/off-grid scenario.
  - 2. Select the ESS for which SOC balancing is required.

Parameter	Description
Upper limit of subarray energy storage charging power	Set the upper limit of the ESS charge power in the array. The default value is 2000 kW and the value range is [0, 50000]. It is recommended that the maximum ESS charge power be limited based on the transformer of the power distribution equipment to prevent the transformer from tripping. The recommended value is less than (Transformer capacity of the power distribution equipment – Maximum load capacity).
SOC balancing status	<ul> <li>Indicates the SOC balancing status.</li> <li>Unbalanced: SOC balancing is not performed for battery packs.</li> <li>Balancing: SOC balancing is in process for battery packs.</li> <li>Balanced: SOC balancing is completed for battery packs.</li> </ul>

# **Step 2** Click **Starting up**. For details about the time required for SOC balancing, see **Table 7-2**.

**NOTE** 

- In the on-grid scenario, the **Starting up** and **Stop** buttons are grayed out.
- SOC balancing for one ESS requires a maximum of 48 hours. If SOC balancing is not complete within 48 hours for one ESS, the balancing fails.
- In the off-grid scenario, SOC balancing is performed one by one for multiple ESSs. You are advised to disconnect the loads and use PV power to charge the multiple ESSs until their SOCs reach 90% before starting SOC balancing. If SOC balancing for an ESS fails, SOC balancing for the other ESSs stops.
- In the on/off-grid scenario, SOC balancing is performed all at once for multiple ESSs. If SOC balancing of an ESS fails, SOC balancing for the other ESSs is not affected.

Scena rio	PV-to-ESS Ratio <sup>a</sup>	ESS Model	Initial SOC	Estimated Time
Off- grid <sup>b</sup>	1	LUNA2000-200KW H-2H1	50%	2 hours/cabinet
	1	LUNA2000-97KWH -1H1	50%	1.5 hours/ cabinet
	1	LUNA2000-200KW H-2H1	0%	3 hours/cabinet
	1	LUNA2000-97KWH -1H1	0%	2 hours/cabinet
On/ Off- grid <sup>c</sup>	/	LUNA2000-200KW H-2H1	50%	1.5 hours

#### Table 7-2 Estimated time (examples)

Scena rio	PV-to-ESS Ratio <sup>a</sup>	ESS Model	Initial SOC	Estimated Time
	/	LUNA2000-97KWH -1H1	50%	1.5 hours
	/	LUNA2000-200KW H-2H1	0%	3 hours
	/	LUNA2000-97KWH -1H1	0%	2 hours

Note a: If the irradiance is insufficient, the actual time required for SOC balancing will exceed the estimated time.

Note b: Time for balancing multiple ESSs = Quantity of ESSs x Estimated time for balancing one ESS.

Note c: Time for balancing multiple ESSs = Estimated time for balancing one ESS.

----End

#### 7.4.15 Wire Sequence Detection

This function applies only to the LUNA2000-215-2S10, LUNA2000-215-2S11, LUNA2000-215-2S12, LUNA2000-161-2S11, and LUNA2000-107-1S11 C&I liquid-cooled ESSs, and is displayed in multi-ESS scenarios.

#### **Application Scenarios**

Off-grid scenario, on/off-grid scenario, or zero feed-in scenario with phase-level power control for three-phase imbalance

#### **NOTE**

- In the off-grid scenario, disconnect the loads before starting wire sequence detection.
- Phase-level power control for three-phase imbalance must meet the following conditions:
  - The Limitation mode for Active power control is set to Single phase power. (Choose Settings > Power Adjustment > Active power control > Common Parameters and set Limitation mode.)
  - Three-phase imbalance control is set to Enable. (Choose Settings > Power Adjustment > Active power control > Common Parameters and set Three-phase imbalance control.)
  - The ESS output mode is Three-phase four-wire. (Choose Monitoring > ESS > Running Param. > Grid Parameters, and set Output mode.)

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Choose **Maintenance** > **Device Mgmt.** > **Wire sequence detection**.

Step 2 Tap Starting up to start wire sequence detection.

Parameter	Description	
Wire sequence detection status	<ul> <li>Specifies the status of wire sequence detection.</li> <li>Not detected</li> <li>Testing</li> <li>Detection failed: indicates that the wire sequence detection has failed. In this case, view the Abnormal Cable Sequence alarm and rectify the fault based on the handling suggestions.</li> <li>If the wire sequence is consistent, no action is required.</li> <li>If the wire sequence is inconsistent, rectify the cable connection.</li> <li>View the phase sequence detection result. The phase sequences of multiple ESSs must be Positive. If not, rectify the cable connection.</li> <li>If the phase sequences of multiple ESSs are Positive, check the phases. If the phase difference between ESSs is greater than 60°, rectify the cable</li> </ul>	
Wire sequence detection time	connection. Specifies the end time of wire sequence detection.	
Wire sequence check progress	Specifies the progress of wire sequence detection.	
Phase sequence	Check whether the phase sequence is <b>Positive</b> or <b>Negative</b> .	
Phase	Check the phase detection result. The result ranges from 0° to 360°.	

----End

### 7.4.16 Batch Startup/Shutdown

The SmartLogger can be used to start and shut down PCSs, inverters, and ESSs in batches.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Choose **Maintenance** > **Device Mgmt.** > **Connect Device**.
- **Step 2** Tap the start or shutdown button.
- **Step 3** In the dialog box that is displayed, select the devices to be started or shut down in batches. You can start or shut down arrays, PCS, ESSs, or inverters based on site requirements.

#### D NOTE

- For a PV-only array, there is no dialog box for batch startup or shutdown.
- For an ESS-only array, there are only dialog boxes for PCS and ESS startup and shutdown.
- When a batch startup command is delivered, the PID modules start. When a batch shutdown command is delivered, the PID modules do not shut down.
- After shutting down southbound devices using the SmartLogger, wait for 5 minutes and then black-start the array. Otherwise, the black start may fail.

#### 7.4.17 IEC104 Test

This function is used to simulate data changes of analog signals to map teleindcation and telemetry signals respectively. Before using this function, set the basic IEC104 parameters. For details, see **6.3.3 Setting Parameters for Connecting to the Management System**.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Maintenance > Onsite Test > IEC104 Test > Remote Telesignal Test/ Remote Telemetry Test.
- **Step 2** Set the test mode, automatic interval, and IEC104 connection mode, and click **Submit**.
- **Step 3** Start the test.
  - Manual: Click Submit to send the analog value of a single signal for testing.
  - **Auto**: Click **Starting up** to send the analog values of signals in sequence for testing.
  - ----End

 Table 7-3 Parameter description

Parameter	Description	
Automatic Interval	Specifies the duration of an analog value. After the duration elapses, the real-time value is reported. In auto mode, the system will continue to send the analog value of the next signal.	
IEC104 link	Set this parameter based on the value of <b>Link setting</b> in the <b>Basic parameters</b> area for IEC104.	
	<ul> <li>If Link setting is set to Enable (Limited), set this parameter to IEC104-N<sup>[1]</sup>.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>If Link setting is set to Enable (Unlimited), set this parameter to Common Configuration.</li> </ul>	
Real-time value	Specifies the real-time value in the actual environment.	
Commissioning Value	Specifies the simulated value used for testing.	
[1]: N ranges from 1 to 10.		

**NOTE** 

- The **Commissioning Value** for teleindication is the negation of **Real-time value**. For example, if **Real-time value** is 1, **Commissioning Value** is 0.
- The **Commissioning Value** for telemetry is the serial number of the signal.
- SmartLogger V300R024C10 and later versions support this function.

# 7.5 Device Replacement

#### 

During SmartLogger replacement, if the enclosure is hot and scalds may occur, wait until the SmartLogger cools down before proceeding to the next step.

# 7.5.1 Exporting Configuration Files from the SmartLogger WebUI

- **Step 1** Before replacing the SmartLogger, export its configuration files to a local PC. Perform operations by referring to **7.4.3.1 Exporting Full Configuration Files**.
- **Step 2** Power off the SmartLogger, remove its cables, and label the cables.
- **Step 3** Install a new SmartLogger, reconnect the cables, and power on the SmartLogger.
- **Step 4** Log in to the WebUI and import the exported configuration files from the local PC to the new SmartLogger. Perform operations by referring to **7.4.3.2 Importing Full Configuration Files**.
- **Step 5** After the import is successful, the SmartLogger restarts for the configuration files to take effect. Ensure that the parameters on the settings tab page and the parameters for the built-in MBUS are correctly set.

----End

### 7.5.2 Exporting Configuration Files from the SUN2000 App

#### NOTICE

Do not power off the SmartLogger3000 when exporting all configuration files.

- **Step 1** Before replacing the SmartLogger, export its configuration files to a USB flash drive.
  - 1. Insert the USB flash drive into the USB port at the bottom of the SmartLogger3000.
  - 2. Run the SUN2000 app and select a connection mode. On the operation screen, tap **Manual connection**, and select **WLAN**. The initial name of the

WLAN hotspot is **Logger-SmartLogger SN**. You can view the device SN on the SmartLogger3000 label.

#### **NOTE**

Use the initial password **Changeme** of the WLAN hotspot for the first login and change it immediately after login. To ensure account security, protect the password by changing it periodically, and keep it secure. Your password might be stolen or cracked if it is left unchanged for extended periods. If a password is lost, devices cannot be accessed. In these cases, the Company shall not be liable for any loss caused to the plant.

3. After connecting the WLAN, log in to the device and access the main menu screen.

#### D NOTE

- When you log in to the device for the first time, set the login password. To ensure account security, protect the password by changing it periodically, and keep it secure. Your password might be stolen or cracked if it is left unchanged for extended periods. If a password is lost, devices cannot be accessed. In these cases, the Company shall not be liable for any loss caused to the plant.
- You will be locked out for 10 minutes after five consecutive failed password attempts (the interval between two consecutive entries is less than 2 minutes).
- 4. Choose Maintenance > Export All Files, set Encryption password of the exported file, and tap Confirm to export the configuration files.
- 5. After the export is complete, tap **OK** and remove the USB flash drive.
- **Step 2** Power off the SmartLogger, remove its cables, and label the cables.
- **Step 3** Install a new SmartLogger, reconnect the cables, and power on the SmartLogger.
- **Step 4** Run the SUN2000 app, log in to the new device, and import the configuration files.
  - 1. Insert the USB flash drive into the USB port at the bottom of the new SmartLogger3000.
  - 2. Start the SUN2000 app and log in to the new device. On the operation screen, tap **Manual connection**, and select **WLAN**. The initial name of the WLAN hotspot is **Logger-SmartLogger SN**. You can view the device SN on the SmartLogger3000 label.

#### **NOTE**

Use the initial password **Changeme** of the WLAN hotspot for the first login and change it immediately after login. To ensure account security, protect the password by changing it periodically, and keep it secure. Your password might be stolen or cracked if it is left unchanged for extended periods. If a password is lost, devices cannot be accessed. In these cases, the Company shall not be liable for any loss caused to the plant.

3. After connecting the WLAN, log in to the device and access the main menu screen.

#### 

- When you log in to the device for the first time, set the login password. To ensure account security, protect the password by changing it periodically, and keep it secure. Your password might be stolen or cracked if it is left unchanged for extended periods. If a password is lost, devices cannot be accessed. In these cases, the Company shall not be liable for any loss caused to the plant.
- You will be locked out for 10 minutes after five consecutive failed password attempts (the interval between two consecutive entries is less than 2 minutes).
- 4. Choose **Maintenance** > **Import All Files**, enter **Decryption password of the imported file**, and tap **Confirm** to import the configuration files.
- 5. After the import is complete, tap **OK** and remove the USB flash drive.
- **Step 5** After the import is successful, the SmartLogger restarts for the configuration files to take effect. Ensure that the parameters on the settings tab page and the parameters for the built-in MBUS are correctly set.

----End

# 7.6 Device Disposal

If the service life of the SmartLogger expires, dispose of the SmartLogger according to the local disposal act for waste electric appliances.

# **8** FAQ

# 8.1 How Do I Connect the SmartLogger to the SUN2000 App or FusionSolar App?

#### Prerequisites

- The SmartLogger has been powered on.
- The WLAN function has been enabled on the SmartLogger.

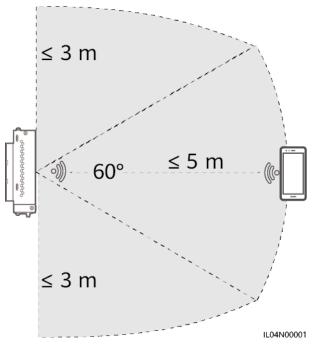
D NOTE

- By default, WLAN is set to OFF in idle state.
- When WLAN is set to OFF in idle state, the WLAN function is available within 4 hours after the SmartLogger is powered on. In other cases, hold down the RST button (for 1s to 3s) to enable the WLAN function.
- If WLAN is set to Always OFF, choose Settings > Wireless Network on the SmartLogger WebUI and set WLAN to Always ON or OFF in idle state.
- The FusionSolar app is recommended when the SmartLogger is connected to the FusionSolar SmartPVMS. The SUN2000 app is recommended when the SmartLogger is connected to other management systems.
- The SUN2000 app or FusionSolar app has been installed on the mobile phone.

#### Context

- The SUN2000 app or FusionSolar app communicates with the SmartLogger through the WLAN to provide functions such as alarm query, parameter settings, and routine maintenance.
- Mobile phone operating system: Android 4.0 or later
- Access Huawei AppGallery, search for **SUN2000** or **FusionSolar**, and download the app.

#### Figure 8-1 WLAN connection range



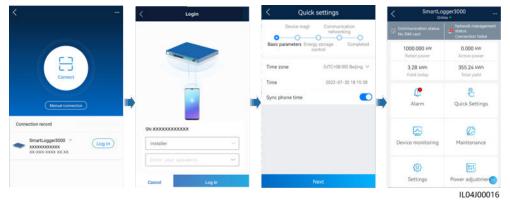
#### Procedure

**Step 1** Log in to the app.

- (Connecting the SmartLogger to the FusionSolar SmartPVMS) Open the FusionSolar app, log in to intl.fusionsolar.huawei.com as installer account, and choose **Me > Device commissioning** to connect to the WLAN hotspot of the SmartLogger.
- 2. (Connecting the SmartLogger to Other Management Systems) Open the SUN2000 app and connect to the WLAN hotspot of the SmartLogger.
- 3. Select **installer** and enter the login password.
- 4. Tap **Log in** and go to the **Quick settings** screen or **SmartLogger** screen.

- The screenshots in this document correspond to the FusionSolar app version 6.22.10.118 (Android) and SUN2000 app version 6.22.10.117 (Android).
- The initial WLAN hotspot name of the SmartLogger is **Logger\_***SN* and the initial password is **Changeme**. The SN can be obtained from the SmartLogger label.
- The initial passwords of **installer** and **user** are both **00000a** for the SUN2000 app and FusionSolar app device commissioning.
- Use the initial password upon first power-on and change it immediately after login. To ensure account security, change the password periodically and keep the new password in mind. Not changing the initial password may cause password disclosure. A password left unchanged for a long period of time may be stolen or cracked. If a password is lost, the device cannot be accessed. In these cases, the user is liable for any loss caused to the PV plant.
- If the SmartLogger is powered on for the first time or the factory defaults are restored and parameter configuration is not performed on the WebUI, the **Quick settings** screen is displayed after you log in to the app. You can set parameters based on site requirements.
- To upgrade the SmartLogger using the app, insert a USB flash drive that contains only one SmartLogger upgrade package into the USB port of the SmartLogger.

Figure 8-2 Logging in to the app



----End

# 8.2 How Do I Set FTP Parameters?

#### Context

- The FTP function is used to access a third-party NMS. The SmartLogger can report the configuration information and running data of the managed PV plant system through FTP. A third-party NMS can access Huawei devices after being configured.
- FTP is a universal standard protocol without any security authentication mechanism. Data transmitted by FTP is not encrypted. To reduce network security risks, the IP address of the connected third-party FTP server is left blank by default. This protocol can transmit the running data of PV plants, which may cause user data breach. Therefore, exercise caution when using this protocol. Users are liable for any loss caused by the enabling of the FTP protocol (non-secure protocol). Users are advised to take measures at the PV

plant level to reduce security risks, or use Huawei management system to mitigate the risks.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Choose **Settings > Comm. Param. > FTP**, set FTP parameters, and click **Submit**.

Parameter	Description	
FTP server	Set this parameter to the domain name or IP address of the FTP server.	
User name	Set this parameter to the user name for logging in to the FTP server.	
Password	Set this parameter to the password for logging in to the FTP server.	
Remote directory	After you set this parameter, a subdirectory of the same name is created in the default data upload directory (specified by the FTP server).	
Data reporting	Specifies whether data can be reported.	
File format	<ul> <li>Format 1, Format 2, Format 3, and Format 4 are supported.</li> <li>NOTE</li> <li>Format 2 has two more information points than Format 1: E-Day (current-day energy yield) and E-Total (total energy yield). Format 3 has more information points than Format 1 and Format 2: power meter, PID module, user-defined device, and SmartLogger data. Format 4 has more information points than Format 3: active and reactive power of power meters.</li> </ul>	
File name	Set this parameter to the format of the file name.	
Time format	Set this parameter to the time format.	
Reporting mode	<ul> <li>The value can be Cyclic or Fixed time.</li> <li>Cyclic: Periodically reports data. Reporting interval specifies the interval for reporting data. File mode specifies whether all data or only the incremental data of a day is reported each time.</li> <li>Fixed time: Reports data at a specified time. Fixed time specifies the time for reporting data.</li> </ul>	

#### **NOTE**

You can click **Start report test** to check whether the SmartLogger can report data to the FTP server.

#### Troubleshooting

#### NOTICE

If the error code is not listed in the following table, provide SmartLogger run logs and contact Huawei technical support.

Error Code	Troubleshooting Suggestion	Error Code	Troubleshooting Suggestion
0x1002	Configure the FTP server address.	0x1003	<ol> <li>Check whether the DNS server address is correctly configured.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>Check whether the domain name of the third-party FTP server is correctly configured.</li> </ol>
0x1004	Configure the user name of the FTP account.	0x1005	Configure the user name of the FTP account.
0x3001	<ol> <li>Check whether the FTP server address is correctly configured.</li> <li>Check whether the third-party FTP server is working properly.</li> </ol>	0x3002	<ol> <li>Check whether the user name of the FTP account is correctly configured.</li> <li>Check whether the password of the FTP account is correctly configured.</li> </ol>
0x3007	Check whether the third- party FTP server allows the client to upload data.	0x3008	Ensure that the SmartLogger data upload directory exists on the third-party FTP server.
Other Codes	Provide SmartLogger run logs and contact Huawei technical support.	-	-

# 8.3 How Do I Set Email Parameters?

#### Context

- The SmartLogger can send emails to inform users of the current energy yield, alarms, and device status of the plant, helping users understand the operating status of the plant in a timely manner.
- When using this function, ensure that the SmartLogger can connect to the configured email server and the Ethernet parameters and email parameters are correctly set for the SmartLogger.

#### Procedure

# Step 1 Choose Settings > Comm. Param. > Email, set Email parameters, and click Submit.

Parameter	Description
SMTP server	Set this parameter to the domain name or IP address of the SMTP server.
Encryption mode	Set this parameter to the email encryption mode.
SMTP port	Set this parameter to the email sending port.
Weak cipher suite	-
User Name	Set this parameter to the user name for logging in to the SMTP server.
Password	Set this parameter to the password for logging in to the SMTP server.
Email language	Set this parameter to the language for sending emails.
Send address	Set this parameter to the email address for sending emails.
Receive address N NOTE N is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.	Set this parameter to the email address for receiving emails.
Energy yield	Specifies whether to send energy yield data by email and the time for sending emails.
Alarms	Specifies whether to send alarms by email and the severity of the alarms to be sent.

#### D NOTE

You can click **Send test mail** to check whether the SmartLogger can successfully send emails to users.

----End

#### Troubleshooting

#### NOTICE

If the error code is not listed in the following table, provide SmartLogger run logs and contact Huawei technical support.

Error Code	Suggestion	Error Code	Suggestion
0x2002	<ol> <li>Check whether the IP address of the DNS server is correct.</li> <li>Check whether the domain name and the IP address of the SMTP server are correct.</li> <li>Check whether the network communication between the management system and the DNS server is normal.</li> </ol>	0x2003	<ol> <li>Try again later.</li> <li>Check whether the domain name and the IP address of the SMTP server are correct.</li> </ol>
0x200b	<ol> <li>Check whether the DNS server address is correct.</li> <li>Check whether the domain name and the IP address of the SMTP server are correct.</li> </ol>	0x4016	<ol> <li>Try again later.</li> <li>Check whether the DNS server address is correctly configured.</li> <li>Check whether the domain name and the IP address of the SMTP server are correct.</li> </ol>
0x406e	Confirm the encryption mode and port supported by the email box, and check whether they are correct.	0x8217	<ol> <li>Check whether the user name and password are correct.</li> <li>Log in to the email box of the email sender and start the SMTP service.</li> <li>Log in to the email box of the email sender and start the third-party client license code function.</li> </ol>
0xa003	Check whether the domain name and the IP address of the SMTP server are correct.	0xa005	Enter the user name correctly.
0xa006	Enter the password correctly.	0xe002	Configure the domain name and the IP address of the SMTP server correctly.

# 8.4 How Do I Change the SSID and Password of the Built-in WLAN?

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Choose **Settings** > **Wireless Network**, set parameters for the built-in WLAN, and click **Submit**.

Parameter	Description	
WLAN	Specifies the status of the built-in WLAN.	
	• Always ON: The WLAN module is powered on.	
	<ul> <li>OFF in idle state: The WLAN module is automatically powered off when idle. You can hold down the RST button for 1s to 3s to power on the WLAN module and wait for connecting to the SUN2000 app. If the SUN2000 app is not connected, the WLAN module is automatically powered off after it is powered on for 4 hours.</li> <li>Always OFF: The WLAN module is not powered on and cannot be powered on by holding down the button.</li> </ul>	
SSID	• Specifies the name of the built-in WLAN.	
	<ul> <li>The default name of the built-in WLAN is Logger_SN.</li> </ul>	
Password	• Specifies the password for accessing the built-in WLAN.	
	<ul> <li>The initial password of the built-in WLAN is Changeme.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Use the initial password upon first power-on and change it immediately after login. To ensure account security, change the password periodically and keep the new password in mind. Not changing the initial password may cause password disclosure. A password left unchanged for a long period of time may be stolen or cracked. If a password is lost, the device needs to be restored to factory settings. In these cases, the user is liable for any loss caused to the PV plant.</li> </ul>	

----End

# 8.5 How Do I Use DI Ports?

- The SmartLogger provides four DI ports, which support DI active scheduling, DI reactive scheduling, DRM, remote shutdown, and input of correlated alarms.
- For details about DI active scheduling, DI reactive scheduling, DRM, and remote shutdown, see **6.8 Power Grid Scheduling**.

#### NOTICE

Before setting the corresponding function, ensure that the DI port is not set for other purposes. Otherwise, the setting will fail.

#### Alarm Input

When a valid level is delivered into a DI port, an alarm is raised. You can set the alarm name and severity.

Parameter	Description	
Activation Status	If this parameter is set to <b>Activated</b> for a DI port, you can set the function of the DI port. Otherwise, you cannot set the function of the DI port.	
Dry Contact Status	Specifies the valid input status of a DI port.	
Alarm Generation	Specifies whether to allow alarm generation.	
Alarm Severity	Specifies the alarm severity.	
Trigger Shutdown	Specifies whether to deliver a solar inverter remote shutdown command.	
Trigger Startup	Specifies whether to deliver a solar inverter remote startup command.	
Alarm Name	Specifies the alarm name.	
Startup Delay	Specifies the delay time for the automatic startup of the solar inverter after <b>Trigger Startup</b> is set to <b>Enable</b> .	

**Step 1** Choose **Settings** > **DI** and associate alarms with DI ports.

# 8.6 How Do I Use DO Ports?

The SmartLogger provides two DO ports, which support the reset of external routers, audible and visual alarming for grounding faults, and output of correlated alarms.

#### NOTICE

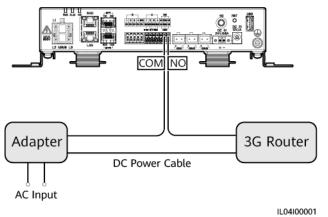
Before setting the corresponding function, ensure that the DO port is not set for other purposes. Otherwise, the setting will fail.

#### **Resetting an External Router**

Connect one DC power cable of the 3G router to a DO port on the SmartLogger, and power on or off the wireless module by connecting or disconnecting the DO dry contact to control the reset of the 3G router.

**Step 1** Cut off a DC power cable of the router, and connect the DC power cable to a DO port on the SmartLogger.

Figure 8-3 Connecting to a DO port



Step 2 Choose Settings > Other parameters and set Reset the external router to the DO port.

----End

#### Audible and Visual Alarm for Grounding Fault

Connect one DC power cable of the audible and visual alarm to a DO port on the SmartLogger, and power on or off the audible and visual alarm by connecting or disconnecting the DO dry contact to implement audible and visual alarming for grounding faults.

**Step 1** Connect one DC power cable of the audible and visual alarm to the DO port (COM/NO) on the SmartLogger.

**Step 2** Choose **Settings** > **Alarm Output** and associate **Low Insulation Resistance** with the DO port.

----End

#### Alarm Output

After a solar inverter alarm is associated with a DO port, the alarm signal is delivered from the DO port when the solar inverter raises the alarm.

**Step 1** Choose **Settings** > **Alarm Output** and associate solar inverter alarms with the DO port.

**NOTE** 

If the SmartLogger is restarted or powered off after the function is enabled, the DO port status may change and the alarm output may be abnormal.

----End

# 8.7 How Do I Use the USB Port?

The SmartLogger has a USB port, which provides 5 V/1 A power supply.

• The USB port can connect to a 3G router to supply power to the router, and the power supply of the USB port is disconnected when communication is disconnected, implementing 3G router reset control.

#### NOTICE

If the maximum operating current of the 3G router is greater than 1 A, it cannot be connected through the USB port.

• The USB port can connect to a USB flash drive for local maintenance, device log export, and device upgrade.

#### **NOTE**

It is recommended that you use a SanDisk, Netac, or Kingston USB flash drive to ensure compatibility.

#### Connecting to a 3G Router

If the DC power cable of the 3G router has a standard USB connector with the maximum operating current of less than 1 A, it can be directly connected to the USB port on the SmartLogger.

- **Step 1** Connect the USB connector of the DC power cable for the 3G router to the USB port on the SmartLogger.
- Step 2 If you need to use the reset function of the external router, choose Settings > Other Parameters and set Reset the external router to USB.

#### Connecting to a USB Flash Drive for Local Maintenance

- **Step 1** Insert the USB flash drive into the USB port at the bottom of the SmartLogger.
- **Step 2** Log in to the app as **installer**, choose **More** > **System Maintenance** on the SmartLogger screen, and perform the local maintenance.

Local Maintenance	Description	Prerequisites
Offline Configuration	After the power plant deployment configuration file is imported through <b>Offline Configuration</b> , the SmartLogger automatically completes the deployment configuration.	The power plant deployment configuration file has been saved in the root directory of the USB flash drive.
Exporting All Files	Before replacing the SmartLogger, export the SmartLogger configuration file to a local PC.	-
Importing All Files	After replacing the SmartLogger, import the local configuration file to the new SmartLogger. After the import is successful, the SmartLogger restarts for the configuration file to take effect. Ensure that the parameters on the Settings tab page and the parameters for the built-in MBUS are correctly set.	All exported files have been saved in the root directory of the USB flash drive.

**Step 3** After the local maintenance is complete, remove the USB flash drive.

#### NOTICE

After files are imported, the SmartLogger automatically restarts.

----End

#### Connecting to a USB Flash Drive to Export Device Logs

**Step 1** Connect the USB flash drive to the USB port on the SmartLogger.

- Step 2 Log in to the app as installer, choose More > Device Logs, select the device whose logs you want to export, and tap Next.
- **Step 3** Select the types of logs to be exported and tap **Confirm** to start exporting device logs.
- Step 4 After the logs are exported, remove the USB flash drive.

----End

#### Connecting to a USB Flash Drive for Device Upgrade

You can upgrade the SmartLogger, solar inverter, MBUS module, or PID module using a USB flash drive.

**Step 1** Save the device upgrade package to the USB flash drive.

**NOTE** 

Do not decompress the upgrade package.

- **Step 2** Connect the USB flash drive to the USB port on the SmartLogger.
- Step 3 Log in to the app as installer, choose More > Upgrade, select a single device or multiple devices of the same type, and tap Next.
- **Step 4** Select the upgrade package and tap **Next**.
- **Step 5** Confirm the upgrade package and the device to be upgraded, and tap **Finish** to start upgrading the device.

D NOTE

After the upgrade is complete, the device automatically restarts.

**Step 6** After the upgrade is complete, remove the USB flash drive.

----End

# 8.8 How Do I Change a Device Name?

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Maintenance > Device Mgmt. > Device List.
- **Step 2** Modify the device name based on the actual situation, select the modified entry, and click **Modify Device Info**.

**NOTE** 

- You can also export device information to a .csv file, modify the file, and import the modified file to update the device information.
- When changing a device name, do not use any of the following characters: -!#?~^<>'&/@`= +",|\*%
- ----End

# 8.9 How Do I Change the Communications Address?

The SmartLogger allows you to change the communications addresses of Huawei devices on the **Connect Device** or **Device List** page.

#### Changing the Communications Address on the Connect Device Page

- **Step 1** Choose **Maintenance** > **Device Mgmt.** > **Connect Device**.
- **Step 2** Click **Auto Assign Address**, set the start address for assignment, and confirm the address assignment.
- **Step 3** Confirm the address adjustment, adjust the device address as required, and click **Address Adjustment**.
- **Step 4** Confirm to search for the device again.
- **Step 5** After the search is complete, click **Close**.

----End

#### Changing the Communications Address on the Device List Page

- Step 1 Choose Maintenance > Device Mgmt. > Device List.
- **Step 2** Change the device communications address and device name based on the site requirements, select the modified entries, and click **Modify Device Info**.
- **Step 3** Choose **Maintenance** > **Device Mgmt.** > **Connect Device** and click **Auto. Search**.
- **Step 4** After the search is complete, click **Close**.

----End

# 8.10 How Do I Export Inverter Parameters?

#### Context

You can export configuration parameters of multiple solar inverters to a .csv file. Site engineers can then check whether the solar inverter configurations are correct in the exported file.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Maintenance > Device Mgmt > Export Param.
- **Step 2** Select the name of the device whose parameters are to be exported, and click **Export**.
- **Step 3** Observe the progress bar and wait until the export is complete.
- **Step 4** After the export is successful, click **Log archiving** to save the file.

# 8.11 How Do I Clear Alarms?

#### Context

You can clear all active and historical alarms for the selected device and re-collect alarm data.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Maintenance > Device Mgmt. > Clear Alarm.
- **Step 2** Select the name of the device whose alarms are to be cleared, click **Submit**, and choose **All**, **Locally synchronized alarms**, or **Alarms stored on devices** to clear alarms.

**NOTE** 

If alarms are cleared for the SmartLogger, you must reset alarms on the management system. Otherwise, the management system cannot obtain the alarm information re-collected by the SmartLogger.

If the SmartLogger is restored to factory settings or user data is cleared, alarms on the management system will not be reset synchronously. You need to manually reset alarms.

----End

# 8.12 How Do I Enable the AI1 Port to Detect SPD Alarms?

#### Context

In the smart array controller application scenario, the AI1 port on the SmartLogger can be connected to the SPD alarm output to raise an alarm when the SPD is faulty.

#### Procedure

Step 1 Choose Settings > Other Parameters and set All SPD detection alarm to Enable.

# 8.13 Which Models of Power Meters and EMIs Are Supported by the SmartLogger?

Vendor	Model	Export Limitation	
ABB	A44	-	
Acrel	PZ96L	Supported	
Algodue	UPM209	Supported NOTE When the power meter connects to the SmartLogger, an external 120-ohm resistor needs to be connected to the RS485 bus of the power meter. For details, see the user manual of the power meter.	
-	BackUp-CT	Supported	
CHNT	DTSU666	-	
-	DTSU666-H	Supported	
-	DTSU666-HW	Supported	
-	DDSU666-H	Supported	
Elster	A1800ALPHA	-	
GAVAZZI	EM210	-	
Janitza	UMG103-CBM	Supported	
Janitza	UMG104	-	
Janitza	UMG604	Supported	
Janitza	UMG96-S2	-	
Lead	LD-C83	-	
MingHua	CRDM-830	-	
Mitsubishi	EMU4-BD1-MB	<ul> <li>Supported</li> <li>NOTE</li> <li>Not applicable to single-phase power scenarios.</li> <li>When the power meter connects to the SmartLogger, an external 120-ohm resistor needs to be connected to the RS485 bus of the power meter. For details, see the user manual of the power meter.</li> </ul>	

Table 8-1	Supported	power meters
-----------	-----------	--------------

Vendor	Model	Export Limitation
Mitsubishi	M8FM-N3LTR	-
Mitsubishi	ME110NSR-MB	-
Mitsubishi	ME110SR-MB	-
Mitsubishi	ME110SSR-MB	-
Mitsubishi	ME110SSR-4APH	-
NARUN	PD510	-
NetBiter	CEWE	-
People	RM858E	-
REAL ENERGY SYSTEM	PRISMA-310A	-
Rishabh	LM1360	Supported
Schneider	PM1200	-
Schneider	PM2xxx	-
Schneider	PM5100	-
Schneider	PM5300	-
SFERE	PD194Z	-
Socomec	COUNTIS E43	<ul> <li>Supported</li> <li>NOTE</li> <li>Not applicable to single-phase power scenarios.</li> <li>When the power meter connects to the SmartLogger, an external 120-ohm resistor needs to be connected to the RS485 bus of the power meter. For details, see the user manual of the power meter.</li> </ul>
Toshiba	S2MS	-
Wave Energy	PWM-72	-
WEG	MMW03-M22CH	Supported
YADA	YDS60-80	Supported NOTE Applicable only to three-phase power scenarios.
YADA	YDS70-C16	Supported NOTE Applicable only to single-phase power scenarios.

Vendor	Model	Export Limitation
YADA	YDS60-C24	Supported NOTE Applicable only to three-phase power scenarios.
Linyang	DDSU71	Supported NOTE Applicable only to single-phase power scenarios.
Linyang	DTSU71	Supported NOTE Applicable only to three-phase power scenarios.
Wisdom	DDSU1079-CT	Supported NOTE Applicable only to single-phase power scenarios.
Wisdom	DHSU1079-CT	Supported NOTE Applicable only to three-phase power scenarios.
Wisdom	DHSU1079-ZT	Supported

Table 8-2 Supported EMIs

Vendor	Model	EMI Information
ABB	VSN800-12	Total irradiance, ambient temperature, and PV module temperature
	VSN800-14	Total irradiance, ambient temperature, PV module temperature, wind direction, and wind speed
Gill MetPak Pro	Gill MetPak Pro	Total irradiance, ambient temperature, PV module temperature, wind direction, and wind speed
Hukseflux SRx	Hukseflux SRx	Total irradiance and ambient temperature

Vendor	Model	EMI Information
Ingenieurbüro Si- RS485TC	Ingenieurbüro Si- RS485TC	Total irradiance, ambient temperature, PV module temperature, and wind speed
Kipp&Zonen	SMPx series	Total irradiance and ambient temperature
Lufft	WSx-UMB	Total irradiance, ambient temperature, wind direction, and wind speed
	WSx-UMB(external sensors)	Total irradiance, ambient temperature, PV module temperature, wind direction, and wind speed
Meier-NT ADL-SR	Meier-NT ADL-SR	Total irradiance, ambient temperature, PV module temperature, and wind speed
MeteoControl	SR20-D2	Total irradiance and ambient temperature
RainWise	PVmet-150	Total irradiance, ambient temperature, and PV module temperature
	PVmet-200	Total irradiance, ambient temperature, PV module temperature, wind direction, and wind speed
Soluzione Solare	SunMeter	Total irradiance and ambient temperature
Jinzhou Licheng Jinzhou Licheng		Total irradiance, ambient temperature, PV module temperature, wind direction, and wind speed
Jinzhou Solargiga	PC-4	Total irradiance, ambient temperature, PV module temperature, wind direction, and wind speed

Vendor	Model	EMI Information
Handan	RYQ-3	Total irradiance, ambient temperature, PV module temperature, wind direction, and wind speed
Sensor ADAM	-	-
NOTE The sensor-type EMI (current-type or voltage- type) communicates with the SmartLogger through the ADAM analog-to- digital converter.		

# 8.14 How Do I Check the SIM Card Status?

Choose **Overview** > **Mobile Data** to check the SIM card status.

Parameter	Status	Description
4G module	Card absent	No SIM card is detected. Insert a SIM card.
status	Failed to register the card.	<ol> <li>Check whether the SIM card account is in arrears. If yes, top up the account.</li> <li>Check whether the network quality is poor. If yes, use a SIM card of another carrier with good signal quality.</li> <li>Check whether the SIM card has been bound to another device. If yes, unbind the SIM card from the device or replace the SIM card.</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>Not connected</li> <li>The card is in position.</li> </ul>	The SmartLogger is trying to set up a dial-up connection. Wait for the connection to be set up.
	Connected	The dial-up connection is set up successfully.
	Enter the PIN.	The SIM card has been set to require a personal identification number (PIN). Contact the carrier of the SIM card for the PIN. Choose <b>Settings</b> > <b>Wireless Network</b> and enter the correct PIN.

Parameter	Status	Description
	Enter the PUK.	If the number of incorrect PIN attempts exceeds the upper limit, you need to enter the PIN unblocking key (PUK). Contact the carrier of the SIM card for the PUK. Choose <b>Settings</b> > <b>Wireless Network</b> and enter the correct PUK.
Traffic status	Normal	The used traffic does not exceed the monthly traffic package, and the remaining traffic is sufficient.
	Warning	The used traffic exceeds 80% of the monthly traffic package, and the remaining traffic is insufficient.
	Used up	The used traffic exceeds the monthly traffic package. Traffic is used up. Top up the SIM card account immediately.
	No package configured	Choose <b>Settings</b> > <b>Wireless Network</b> and configure a monthly traffic package.

# 8.15 How Do I Use Mobile Network Sharing?

#### Remotely Accessing the WebUI over a Mobile Network

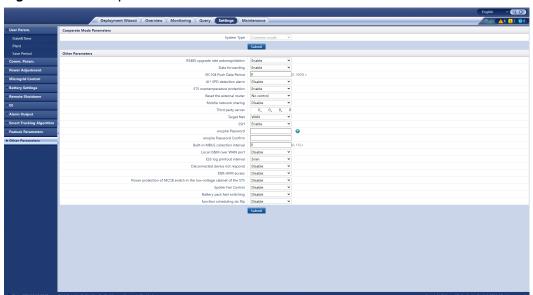
#### **NOTE**

A 4G SmartLogger supports remote access to the SmartLogger WebUI over the built-in 4G wireless communication.

- Step 1 Insert a SIM card with a fixed IP address into the SIM card slot of the SmartLogger. Choose Over View > Mobile Data to check the SIM card status and ensure that the 4G wireless communication is normal.
- Step 2 Choose Settings > Other Parameters and set Mobile network sharing to Enable.

#### NOTICE

- After this function is enabled, the SmartLogger is directly exposed to the public network and is vulnerable to network attacks.
- Data that is actively sent through email and FTP is preferentially transmitted through 4G wireless communication. If the function of actively sending data through email and FTP is used, ensure that the corresponding destination server can be connected through 4G wireless communication.



#### Figure 8-4 Other parameters

**Step 3** Open a web browser, enter **https://***XX.XX.XX* (*XX.XX.XX* is the fixed IP address of the SIM card) in the address box, and press **Enter**. The login page is displayed.

----End

#### Sharing a Mobile Network with Other Devices

#### **NOTE**

A 4G SmartLogger supports the sharing of the built-in 4G network with other devices for Internet access.

- Step 1 Connect the network cable of another device to the WAN port of the SmartLogger.
- Step 2 Choose Settings > Other Parameters and set Mobile network sharing to Enable.

#### NOTICE

- After this function is enabled, the SmartLogger is directly exposed to the public network and is vulnerable to network attacks.
- Data that is actively sent through email and FTP is preferentially transmitted through 4G wireless communication. If the function of actively sending data through email and FTP is used, ensure that the corresponding destination server can be connected through 4G wireless communication.

Date&Time Plant	arameters RS485 upgrade rate autonegotiation	Common mode V	
Date&Time Plant Save Period Comm. Param.	System Type anameters RS485 upgrade rate autoregotiation	Submit	
Plant Save Period Other P Comm. Param.	arameters RS485 upgrade rate autonegotiation	Submit	
Save Period Other P Comm. Param.	arameters RS485 upgrade rate autonegotiation		
Comm. Param.	arameters RS485 upgrade rate autonegotiation		
		factors.	
Power Adjustment		Enable	•
	Data forwarding	Enable 👻	4
Aicrogrid Control	IEC104 Push Data Period		[0, 3600] s
	All SPD detection alarm	Disable 👻	
Battery Settings	STS overtemperature protection	Enable 👻	
Remote Shutdown	Reset the external router	No control 👻	
DI	Mobile network sharing	Disable 👻	
Alarm Output	Third party server Target Net	0. 0. 0. 0 WAN Y	
Smart Tracking Algorithm	larget ivet SSH	Enable ¥	
eature Parameters	enspire Password		- ] •
	enspire Password Confirm		
Other Parameters	Built-In MBUS collection interval	0	(0, 15) s
	Local O&M over WAN port	Disable ¥	
	ESS log printout interval	Smin 👻	
	Disconnected device not respond	Disable 👻	
	DER-AVM access	Disable 👻	
	Power protection of MCCB switch in the low-voltage cabinet of the STS	Disable 👻	
	Spoiler Fan Control	Disable 👻	
	Battery pack fast switching	Disable 👻	
	function scheduling do flip	Disable 👻	3

#### Figure 8-5 Other parameters

- **Step 3** Choose **Settings** > **Comm. Param.** > **Wired Network** and set network parameters for other devices.
  - 1. IP address of the device connected to the shared network: The IP address must be in the same network segment as that of the SmartLogger and does not conflict with other devices.
  - 2. Subnet mask of the device connected to the shared network: Set it to the subnet mask of the SmartLogger.
  - 3. Gateway of the device connected to the shared network: Set it to the IP address of the SmartLogger.
  - 4. Third-party server IP address: IP address of the third-party server that can be accessed through the 4G network. You need to set the IP address of the third-party server so that other devices that share the built-in 4G network can connect to the third-party server.

#### D NOTE

To query the network parameters of the SmartLogger, choose **Settings** > **Comm. Param.** > **Wired Network**.

----End

## 8.16 WebUI Allows Login Only in Chinese or Prompts to Switch to Chinese After Login

If the WebUI uses a language other than Chinese and the SmartLogger detects that an inverter sold only in Chinese Mainland is connected, a message is displayed indicating that the WebUI allows login only in Chinese or prompting to switch to Chinese after login.



Figure 8-7 WebUI prompts to switch to Chinese



## 8.17 How Do I Identify the Meter Wiring Direction on the SmartLogger?

- Correct wiring: When the plant feeds electricity to the grid, the active power of the meter is a negative value. When the plant draws electricity from the grid, the active power of the meter is a positive value.
- Reverse wiring: When the plant feeds electricity to the grid, the active power of the meter is a positive value. When the plant draws electricity from the grid, the active power of the meter is a negative value. Negative wiring may occur.

#### 8.18 Resetting Password

Role	Description
Adminis trator	If you hold down the RST button for 10s to 20s, the SmartLogger enters the safe mode. In this case, the device configuration parameters are retained, but personal privacy and sensitive data, including the login password and email address, are cleared.
Non- adminis trator	The password of a non-administrator account must be reset using the administrator account. The administrator resets the password and enters the initial password. The user logs in to the system using the initial password provided by the administrator. After the login, the user is forced to change the password.

## **9** Technical Specifications

#### 9.1 Technical Specifications of the SmartLogger

#### **Device Management**

Parameter	Specifications	
Number of solar inverters	<ul> <li>SmartLogger3000A: can connect to a maximum of 80 solar inverters.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>SmartLogger3000B: can connect to a maximum of 150 solar inverters.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>SmartLogger3000C: can connect to a maximum of 80 solar inverters.</li> </ul>	
Communications mode	RS485, ETH, MBUS (optional), 4G (optional), and SFP (optional)	
Maximum communication	• RS485: 1000 m	
distance	• ETH: 100 m	
	<ul> <li>MBUS (multi-core cable): 1000 m; MBUS (single-core cable): 400 m (The three-phase cables must be bound at 1 m intervals)</li> </ul>	
	• Optical fiber (single-mode, 1310 nm optical module): 10,000 m (with the 1000M optical module); 12,000 m (with the 100M optical module)	

#### **Common Specifications**

Parameter	Specifications	
Power adapter	• AC input: 100–240 V, 50/60 Hz	
	• DC output: 12 V, 2 A	
DC power supply	24 V, 0.8 A	
Power consumption	• SmartLogger3000A: 8 W (typical)	
	• SmartLogger3000B: 9 W (typical)	
	• SmartLogger3000B +	
	SmartModule1000A: 10 W (typical)	
	• 15 W (maximum)	
Dimensions (W x H x D)	<ul> <li>259 mm x 160 mm x 59 mm (including mounting ears)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>225 mm x 160 mm x 44 mm (excluding mounting ears)</li> </ul>	
Net weight	2 kg	
Operating temperature	-40°C to +60°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C	
Relative humidity	5%–95% RH	
IP rating	IP20	
Installation mode	Installed on a wall or guide rail	
Highest operating altitude	4000 m	
Pollution degree	2	
Corrosion level	Class B	

#### Ports

Parameter	Specifications
Ethernet electrical port (WAN and LAN)	2 PCS; 10M/100M/1000M auto-sensing
Ethernet optical port (SFP)	2 PCS; supports 100M/1000M SFP/eSFP optical modules
MBUS port	1 PCS; supports a maximum AC input voltage of 800 V
RS485 (COM) port	3 PCS; supported baud rates: 1200 bit/s, 2400 bit/s, 4800 bit/s, 9600 bit/s, 19,200 bit/s, and 115,200 bit/s

Parameter	Specifications
USB	USB2.0
Output power port	One port; DC output: 12 V, 0.1 A
Digital input (DI)	Four ports; passive dry contact signal access
Digital output (DO)	Two ports; relay dry contact outputs, with NO or NC contacts; 12 V/0.5 A signal voltage
Analog input (AI)	Four ports; Al1: 0–10 V voltage (passive); Al2–Al4: 4–20 mA or 0–20 mA input current (passive)
4G antenna port (4G)	One port; SMA-K (external screw inner hole) port, used with an antenna that has the SMA-J (internal screw inner pin) port

#### Wireless Communication

Parameter	Specifications
4G/3G/2G	The SmartLogger3000A01CN supports 2G, 3G, and 4G networks of China Mobile and China Unicom as well as 4G networks of China Telecom.
	The following frequency bands are supported:
	• LTE FDD: B1, B3, B8
	• LTE TDD: B38, B39, B40, B41
	• WCDMA: B1, B5, B8, B9
	• TD-SCDMA: B34, B39
	• GSM: 900 MHz/1800 MHz
	The SmartLogger3000A01EU and SmartLogger3000A03EU support the following frequency bands:
	• LTE FDD: B1, B3, B7, B8, B20
	• LTE TDD: B38, B40, B41
	• WCDMA: B1, B5, B8
	• GSM: 900 MHz/1800 MHz

Parameter	Specifications
	SmartLogger3000A01NH: Supports 3G/4G of Docomo and SoftBank.
	The following frequency bands are supported:
	<ul> <li>LTE FDD: B1, B3, B8, B18, B19, B26 (only Tokyo, Nagoya, and Osaka support B3)</li> </ul>
	LTE TDD: B41
	• WCDMA: B1, B6, B8, B19
	The SmartLogger3000A01KR supports networks of SK Telecom.
	The following frequency bands are supported:
	• LTE FDD: B1, B3, B5, B7
	• WCDMA: B1
	The SmartLogger3000A01AU supports the following frequency bands:
	• LTE FDD: B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B7, B8, B28
	LTE TDD: B40
	• WCDMA: B1, B2, B5, B8
	<ul> <li>GSM: 850 MHz/900 MHz/1800 MHz/ 1900 MHz</li> </ul>
WLAN (local maintenance using app)	2.4G

### RF Bands of the 4G Module (SmartLogger3000A01EU and SmartLogger3000A03EU)

Frequency Band	Тх	Rx
WCDMA Band 1	1920–1980 MHz	2110–2170 MHz
WCDMA Band 5	824–849 MHz	869–894 MHz
WCDMA Band 8	880–915 MHz	925–960 MHz
GSM 900	880–915 MHz	925–960 MHz
GSM 1800	1710–1785 MHz	1805–1880 MHz
LTE Band 1	1920–1980 MHz	2110–2170 MHz
LTE Band 3	1710–1785 MHz	1805–1880 MHz
LTE Band 5	824–849 MHz	869–894 MHz

Frequency Band	Тх	Rx
LTE Band 7	2500-2570 MHz	2620–2690 MHz
LTE Band 8	880–915 MHz	925–960 MHz
LTE Band 20	832-862 MHz	791–821 MHz
LTE Band 38	2570–2620 MHz	
LTE Band 40	2300–2400 MHz	
LTE Band 41	2555–2655 MHz	

### Output Power of the 4G Module (SmartLogger3000A01EU and SmartLogger3000A03EU)

Frequency Band		Standard Value (Unit: dBm)	Remarks (Unit: dB)
GSM 900	GMSK (1Tx Slot)	33	±2
	8PSK (1Tx Slot)	27	±3
GSM 1800	GMSK (1Tx Slot)	30	±2
	8PSK (1Tx Slot)	26	±3
WCDMA Band 1		24	+1/-3
WCDMA Band 5		24	+1/-3
WCDMA Band 8		24	+1/-3
LTE Band 1		23	±2
LTE Band 3		23	±2
LTE Band 5		23	±2
LTE Band 7		23	±2
LTE Band 8		23	±2
LTE Band 20		23	±2
LTE Band 38		23	±2
LTE Band 40		23	±2
LTE Band 41		23	±2

#### WLAN

Parameter	Specifications
Frequency band	2.4 GHz: 2.4–2.4835 GHz
Gain	2.4 GHz: 2.85 dBi
Transmit power	2.4 GHz: 1 x 100 mW
Maximum throughput	2.4 GHz: 65 Mbit/s
Single/Dual band mode	Single
МІМО	2.4 GHz frequency band: 1T1R
Maximum number of online users	6
Polarization mode	Linear
Directivity	Multi-dimensional
Protocol standard	802.11b/g/n
Bandwidth	20 MHz
Maximum transmit power	≤ 20 dBm EIRP

#### 9.2 Technical Specifications of the SmartModule

#### **Device Management**

Item	Specifications	
Communications mode	RS485, ETH	
Maximum communication distance	<ul><li>RS485:1000 m</li><li>ETH: 100 m</li></ul>	

#### **Common Specifications**

ltem	Specifications	
DC power supply	<ul> <li>DC 12 V: DC 2.0 power socket male connector</li> <li>DC 24 V: cord end terminal</li> </ul>	
Power consumption	Typical: 4 W; maximum: 5 W	

Item	Specifications	
Dimensions (H x W x D)	<ul> <li>Including mounting ears: 160 mm x 179 mm x 59 mm</li> <li>Without mounting ears: 160 mm x 125 mm x 44 mm</li> </ul>	
Net weight	1 kg	
Operating temperature	-40°C to +60°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C	
Humidity	5%–95% RH	
Ingress protection rating	IP20	
Installation mode	Installed on a wall or guide rail	
Maximum operating altitude	4000 m	
Pollution level	Level 2	
Corrosion level	Class B	

#### Ports

ltem	Specifications	
Ethernet electrical port (GE)	Four 10M/100M/1000M auto-sensing ports	
RS485 port (COM)	Three ports; supported baud rates: 1200 bps, 2400 bps, 4800 bps, 9600 bps, 19,200 bps, 115,200 bps	
Output power port	One port; DC output: 12 V, 0.1 A	
Digital input (DI)	Four ports; passive dry contact signal access	
PT port (PT)	Two ports; support the access of signals from a 3-wire or 2-wire PT100/PT1000 temperature sensor	
Analog input (AI) port	Four ports; Al1: 0–10 V voltage (passive); Al2–Al4: 4–20 mA or 0–20 mA input current (passive)	

# A Product User Lists

#### Table A-1 User list

Login Mode	SmartLogger Version	User Name	Initial Password
Арр		Installer	00000a
	V800R021C10SPC020	User	00000a
	Upgraded to V300R023C00	installer	00000a
	or later	user	
	Factory version	installer	None. You need to set a password upon
	V300R023C00 or later	user	the initial login.
WEB	Factory version earlier than V300R023C00	admin	Changeme
	Upgraded to V300R023C00 or later	installer	None. You need to set a password upon the initial login.
		admin	Changeme
	Factory version V300R023C00 or later	installer	None. You need to set a password upon the initial login.

#### Table A-2 Second challenge authentication

Authentication Mode	User Name	Initial Password
SmartLogger authentication by the management system	emscomm	/EzFp+2%r6@IxSCv

Authentication Mode	User Name	Initial Password
SmartModule authentication by the SmartLogger	SmoduleAdmin	/EzFp+2%r6@lxSCv

Table A-3 Operating system user list

User Name	Initial Password		
enspire	Changeme		
root	Changeme		
prorunacc	No initial password		
bin	No initial password		
daemon	No initial password		
nobody	No initial password		
sshd	No initial password		

## B Domain Name List of Management Systems

#### 

The list is subject to change.

Domain Name	Data Type	Scenario
intl.fusionsolar.huawei.com	Public IP address	FusionSolar SmartPVMS <b>NOTE</b> The domain name is compatible with cn.fusionsolar.huawei.com (Chinese mainland).
neteco.alsoenergy.com	Public IP address	Partner management system
re-ene.kyuden.co.jp	Public IP address	Remote output control server of Kyushu Electric Power Company
re-ene.yonden.co.jp	Public IP address	Remote output control server of Shikoku Electric Power Company

## C Port No. List

Table C-1 Port No.

Type of Connected Access Management	Management System Setting Port No.	Open Port No. of Router (Firewall)	Remarks
NetEco	16100	16100, 2121, 11000– 11500	<ul> <li>16100: used to query and set data between the SmartLogger and the management system.</li> <li>2121 and 11000–11500: used to upload and download data or files between the SmartLogger and the management system using FTPS.</li> </ul>
FusionSolar SmartPVMS	16100	16100, 2121, 2122, 10000–12000	<ul> <li>The device performance data is updated in real time. Each device requires 3 MB traffic per day.</li> <li>16100: used to query and set data between the SmartLogger and the management system.</li> <li>2121, 2122 and 10000–12000: used to upload and download data or files between the SmartLogger and the management system using FTPS.</li> </ul>

Type of Connected Access Management	Management System Setting Port No.	Open Port No. of Router (Firewall)	Remarks
	27250	27250, 27251, 2122, 10000–12000	<ul> <li>Traffic-saving port. This port is recommended when the SmartLogger connects to the management system in wireless mode. The device performance data is updated every 5 minutes.</li> <li>27250 and 27251: used to query and set data between the SmartLogger and the management system.</li> <li>2122 and 10000–12000: used to upload and download data or files between the SmartLogger and the management system using FTPS.</li> </ul>

#### **NOTE**

- If a third-party management system connects to the SmartLogger over Modbus TCP, the SmartLogger port No. is 502, which is used to query and set data between the SmartLogger and the third-party management system.
- If a third-party management system connects to the SmartLogger over IEC104, the SmartLogger port number is 2404, which is used to query and set data between the SmartLogger and the third-party management system.
- If the SmartLogger connects to a third-party FTP server over FTP, the common port number is 21, which is used to periodically upload performance data to the third-party FTP server.
- If the SmartLogger connects to a third-party email server over SMTP, the common port number is 25, 465, or 587, which is used to send emails to the email server.
- If the SmartLogger connects to a third-party NTP server over NTP, the common port number is 123, which is used for time synchronization with the NTP server.
- If the SmartLogger connects to a remote output server of Japan Electric Power Company over HTTPS, the common port number is 443, which is used to synchronize the scheduling table with the electric power company.

## D Certificate Management and Maintenance

#### D.1 Preconfigured Certificate Risk Disclaimer

The Huawei-issued certificates preconfigured on Huawei devices during manufacturing are mandatory identity credentials for Huawei devices. The disclaimer statements for using the certificates are as follows:

1. Preconfigured Huawei-issued certificates are used only in the deployment phase, for establishing initial security channels between devices and the customer's network. Huawei does not promise or guarantee the security of preconfigured certificates.

2. The customer shall bear consequences of all security risks and incidents arising from using preconfigured Huawei-issued certificates as service certificates.

3. A preconfigured Huawei-issued certificate is valid from the manufacturing date until December 2099.

4. Services using a preconfigured Huawei-issued certificate will be interrupted when the certificate expires.

5. It is recommended that customers deploy a PKI system to issue certificates for devices and software on the live network and manage the lifecycle of the certificates. To ensure security, certificates with short validity periods are recommended.

#### **D.2 Application Scenarios of Preconfigured Certificates**

File Path and Name	Application Scenario	Replacement
/mnt/log/smodule_ca.crt /mnt/log/smodule_server.crt	Authenticates the validity of the peer extension module for communication with the TLS extension module.	For details about how to replace a certificate, contact technical support engineers to obtain the corresponding security maintenance manual.
/mnt/home/cert/web/server.crt	Authenticates the validity of the peer web module to be connected.	
/mnt/log/ca_1.crt	Authenticates the validity of the	
/mnt/log/client_1.crt	peer NMS for communication through Modbus-TCP.	
/mnt/log/ca_2.crt		
/mnt/log/client_2.crt		
/mnt/log/client2_ca.crt		
/mnt/log/client2.crt		
/mnt/log/ca_new.crt		
/mnt/log/client_new.crt		
/mnt/log/tcpmb_server_cert/ ca.crt	Authenticates the validity of the peer mobile app for communication through Modbus- TCP.	Certificate replacement is not supported. For details about how to replace a certificate, contact technical support engineers to obtain the corresponding security maintenance manual.
/mnt/log/tcpmb_server_cert/ tomcat_client.crt		
/mnt/app/cert/default/ north_tcp_mb_cert_s/ca.crt		
/mnt/app/cert/default/ north_tcp_mb_cert_s/ tomcat_client.crt		
/mnt/log/cmu_ca.crt	Authenticates the validity of the peer CMU for communication through Modbus-TCP.	For details about how to replace a certificate, contact technical support engineers to obtain the corresponding security maintenance manual.
/mnt/log/cmu_client.crt		
/mnt/log/ca_new.crt	Authenticates the validity of the	
/mnt/log/client_new.crt	peer STS, PCS, or inverter for communication through Modbus- TCP.	
/mnt/log/ppc_client.crt	Authenticates the validity of the	
/mnt/log/ppc_ca.crt	peer end when the SPPC is connected.	

File Path and Name	Application Scenario	Replacement
/mnt/home/cert/web/server.crt	Authenticates the validity of the peer web module to be connected.	
/mnt/app/cert/default/ north_tcp_mb_cert_c/ca.crt	Authenticates the validity of the peer SACU for communication	
/mnt/app/cert/default/ north_tcp_mb_cert_c/ tomcat_client.crt	with the SACU through Modbus- TCP.	
/mnt/app/cert/default/ bin_cert_s/ca.crt	Authenticates the validity of the peer liquid cooling controller	
/mnt/app/cert/default/ bin_cert_s/tomcat_client.crt	(LCC) for communication with the LCC.	



If you have any questions about this product, please contact us.



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Path: About Us > Contact Us > Service Hotlines

To ensure faster and better services, we kindly request your assistance in providing the following information:

- Model
- Serial number (SN)
- Software version
- Alarm ID or name
- Brief description of the fault symptom

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# Digital Power Customer Service



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# **G** Acronyms and Abbreviations

Α	
AC	Alternating Current
AI	Analog Input
AO	Analog Output
АРР	Application
B BMU	Battery Monitoring Unit
с	
СОМ	Communication
СРЕ	Customer Premises Equipment
СМՍ	Central Monitoring Unit
D	
DC	Direct Current
DI	Digital Input

DO	Digital Output
E	
ΕΜΙ	Environmental Monitoring Instrument
ЕТН	Ethernet
ESU	Energy Storage Unit
ESC	Smart Rack Controller
ESR	Battery Rack
ESM	Battery Pack
G	
GE	Gigabit Ethernet
GND	Ground
н	
HVAC	Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
L	
LAN	Local Area Network
LED	Light-emitting Diode
LTE	Long Term Evolution
М	
MBUS	Monitoring bus

Ν	
NC	Normally Closed
NO	Normally Open
D	
Р	
POE	Power over Ethernet
PCS	Smart PCS
R	
RST	Reset
RSTP	Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol
S	
SFP	Small Form-factor Pluggable
STP	Spanning Tree Protocol
SOC	State of Charge
SOH	State of Health
т	
тси	Temperature Control Unit
U	
USB	Universal Serial Bus
w	

WAN	Wide Area Network
WEEE	Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment